OPERATION AND PARTS MANUAL



MAYCO SERIES MODEL C30HDZ BALL VALVE CONCRETE PUMP (DEUTZ F2L1011F DIESEL ENGINE)

Revision #12 (04/03/12)



THIS MANUAL MUST ACCOMPANY THE EQUIPMENT AT ALL TIMES.

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CALIFORNIA — Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.

AWARNING



SILICOSIS WARNING

Grinding/cutting/drilling of masonry, concrete, metal and other materials with silica in their composition may give off dust or mists containing crystalline silica. Silica is a basic component of sand, quartz, brick clay, granite and numerous other minerals and rocks. Repeated and/or substantial inhalation of airborne crystalline silica can cause serious or fatal respiratory diseases, including silicosis. In addition, California and some other authorities have listed respirable crystalline silica as a substance known to cause cancer. When cutting such materials, always follow the respiratory precautions mentioned above.

AWARNING



RESPIRATORY HAZARDS

Grinding/cutting/drilling of masonry, concrete, metal and other materials can generate dust, mists and fumes containing chemicals known to cause serious or fatal injury or illness, such as respiratory disease, cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. If you are unfamiliar with the risks associated with the particular process and/or material being cut or the composition of the tool being used, review the material safety data sheet and/or consult your employer, the material manufacturer/supplier, governmental agencies such as OSHA and NIOSH and other sources on hazardous materials. California and some other authorities, for instance, have published lists of substances known to cause cancer, reproductive toxicity, or other harmful effects.

Control dust, mist and fumes at the source where possible. In this regard use good work practices and follow the recommendations of the manufacturers or suppliers, OSHA/NIOSH, and occupational and trade associations. Water should be used for dust suppression when wet cutting is feasible. When the hazards from inhalation of dust, mists and fumes cannot be eliminated, the operator and any bystanders should always wear a respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for the materials being used.

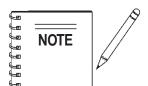
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Specification and part number are subject to change without notice.

Table 1. C-30HDZ Pump Specifications		
Pump Type	Reciprocating Piston	
Pumping Rate	Up to 25 cu. yds. per hour*	
Vertical Pumping Height	Up to 150 ft. (45.73 m)	
Horizontal Pumping Distance	400 - 500 ft. (122 - 152 m)*	
Max. Concrete Piston Face Pressure	500 PSI	
Maximum Aggregate Size	1/2 in. minus (12.7 mm)	
Hopper Capacity	6 cu. ft. etc.	
Material Hose	2" or 2-1/2" (50.8 or 63.5 mm)	
Weight	2,950 lbs. (1,338 Kg)	
Lube oil Box	7 Gallons (26.5 Liters)	
Remote Control	125 ft. cable Standard	
Tire Size	7.35" x 14" (187 x 356 mm)	
* Volume output will vary depending on mix design, slump, line size used and job site conditions.		

TABLE 2. ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS	
Model	DEUTZ F2L1011F ENGINE
Туре	Air/Oil-Cooled, Direct Injected, 4 Cycle Diesel w/ Integrated Cooling System
Bore X Stroke	3.6 x 4.1 in. (91 x 104 mm)
Compression Ratio	19.0 : 1
Cylinders	2
Displacement	41.7 cu. in. (0.68 L)
Intermittent Output	27 H.P. @ 2750 R.P.M.
Maximum Torque	59 lbs. per ft. @ 2550 R.P.M.
Fuel Tank Capacity	Approx. 11 U.S. Gallons (43 L)
Fuel Type	No. 2 Diesel
Fuel Consumption at Max. Rating	1.7 gal. per hour (6.5 L per hour)
Fuel Consumption at Max. Torque	1.1 gal. per hour (4.2 L per hour)
Lube Oil Capacity	6.34 qt. (6.5 L)
Minimum Idle Speed	900 RPMs
Air Cleaner	Dry Type
Starting Method	Electric Start
Dimensions (LxWxH)	19.0 x 18.0 x 27.0 in. (483 x 457 x 686 mm)
Weight	367.4 lbs. (167 kg)

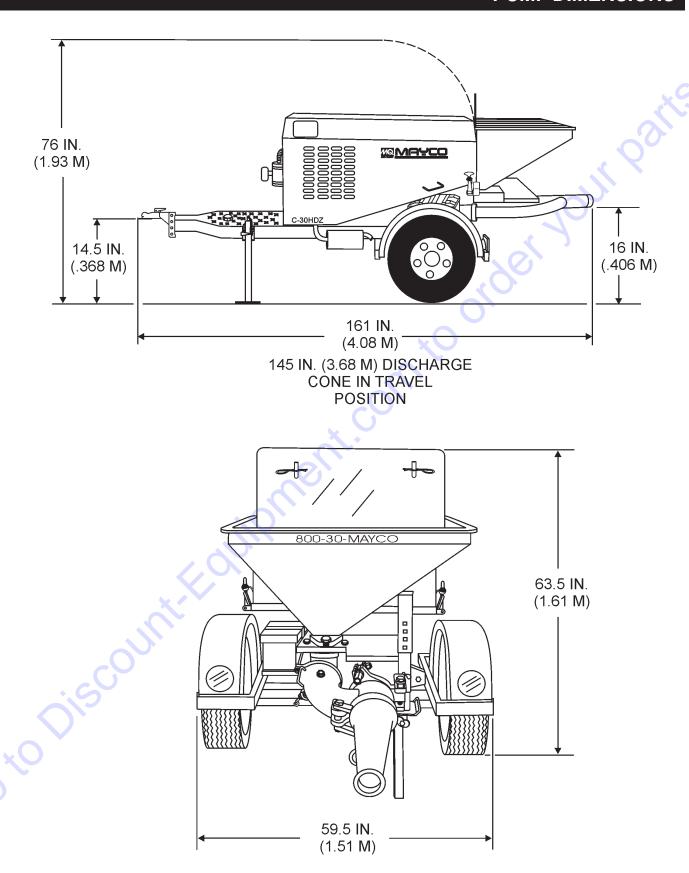


Figure 1. C30HDZ Concrete Pump Dimensions

SAFETY MESSAGE ALERT SYMBOLS

FOR YOUR SAFETY AND THE SAFETY OF OTHERS!

Safety precautions should be followed at all times when operating this equipment. Failure to read and understand the Safety Messages and Operating Instructions could result in injury to yourself and others.



This Owner's Manual has been developed to provide complete instructions for the safe and efficient operation of the Mayco Model C30HDZ Concrete Pump.

Refer to the engine manufacturers instructions for data relative to its safe operation.

Before using this pump, ensure that the operating individual has read and understands all instructions in this manual.

SAFETY MESSAGE ALERT SYMBOLS

The three (3) Safety Messages shown below will inform you about potential hazards that could injure you or others. The Safety Messages specifically address the level of exposure to the operator, and are preceded by one of three words: **DANGER**, **WARNING**, or **CAUTION**.



DANGER

You **WILL** be **KILLED** or **SERIOUSLY** injured if you do not follow directions.



WARNING

You **COULD** be **KILLED** or **SERIOUSLY** injured if you do not follow directions.



CAUTION

You CAN be injured if you do not follow directions

HAZARD SYMBOLS

Potential hazards associated with operation of the pump will be referenced with Hazard Symbols which appear throughout this manual, and will be referenced in conjunction with Safety Message Alert Symbols. Some examples are listed below:

A

WARNING - LETHAL EXHAUST GASES



Gasoline engine exhaust gases contain poisonous carbon monoxide. This gas is colorless and odorless, and can cause death if inhaled. **NEVER** operate this equipment in a confined area or enclosed

structure that does not provide ample free flow air.

Λ

WARNING - EXPLOSIVE FUEL



Gasoline is extremely flammable, and its vapors can cause an explosion if ignited. **DO NOT** start the engine near spilled fuel or combustible fluids. **DO NOT** fill the fuel tank while the engine is running or hot.

DO NOT overfill tank, since spilled fuel could ignite if it comes into contact with hot engine parts or sparks from the ignition system. Store fuel in approved containers, in well-ventilated areas and away from sparks and flames. **NEVER** use fuel as a cleaning agent.

A

WARNING - BURN HAZARDS



Engine components can generate extreme heat. To prevent burns, **DO NOT** touch these areas while the engine is running or immediately after operations. **NEVER** operate the engine with heat shields or heat guards removed.

SAFETY MESSAGE ALERT SYMBOLS



WARNING - ROTATING PARTS



NEVER operate equipment with covers, or guards removed. Keep *fingers*, *hands*, *hair* and clothing away from all moving parts to prevent injury.

A

CAUTION - RESPIRATORY HAZARDS



ALWAYS wear approved *respiratory* protection.



CAUTION - ACCIDENTAL STARTING



ALWAYS place the **Engine ON/OFF** switch in the **OFF** position and remove the ignition key when the pump is not in use.



CAUTION - SIGHT AND HEARING HAZARDS



ALWAYS wear approved *eye* and *hearing* protection.



CAUTION - OVER-SPEED CONDITIONS



NEVER tamper with the factory settings of the engine governor or settings. Personal injury and damage to the engine or equipment can result if operating in speed ranges above maximum allowable.



CAUTION - EQUIPMENT DAMAGE MESSAGES

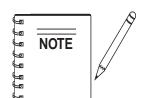
Other important messages are provided throughout this manual to help prevent damage to your concrete pump, other property, or the surrounding environment.



WARNING

DO NOT operate at pressures exceeding the rating of the entire material delivery system.

Use snap pins on all snap couplings.



This *pump*, other property, or the surrounding environment could be damaged if you do not follow instructions.

RULES FOR SAFE OPERATION



DANGER - Read This Manual!

Failure to follow instructions in this manual may lead to serious injury or even death! This equipment is to be operated by trained and qualified personnel only! This equipment is for industrial use only.

The following safety guidelines should always be used when operating the Mayco C30HDZ Concrete Pump:

General Safety

- **DO NOT** operate or service this equipment before reading this entire manual.
- ALWAYS read, understand, and follow procedures in Operator's Manual before attempting to operate equipment.



- ALWAYS be sure the operator is familiar with proper safety precautions and operations techniques before using pump
- This equipment should not be operated by persons under 18 years of age.
- ALWAYS read, understand and follow procedures in Operator's Manual before attempting to operate equipment.
- ALWAYS be sure the operator is familiar with proper safety precautions and operations techniques before using pump
- NEVER operate this equipment without proper protective clothing, shatterproof glasses, steel-toed boots and other protective devices required by the job.











■ **NEVER** operate this equipment when not feeling well due to fatigue, llness or taking medicine.



■ **NEVER** operate this equipment under the influence of *drugs* or *alcohol*.







ALWAYS wear proper respiratory (mask), a hearing and eye protection equipment when operating the concrete pump.



- Whenever necessary, replace nameplate, operation and safety decals when they become difficult read.
- Manufacture does not assume responsibility for any accident due to equipment modifications.
- **NEVER** use accessories or attachments, which are not recommended by Multiquip for this equipment. Damage to the equipment and/or injury to user may result.
- **NEVER** touch the hot exhaust manifold, muffler or cylinder. Allow these parts to cool before servicing engine or concrete pump.
- **High Temperatures** Allow the engine to cool before adding fuel or performing service and maintenance functions. Contact with *hot!* components can cause serious burns.
- The engine section of this concrete pump requires an adequate free flow of cooling air. NEVER operate the concrete pump in any enclosed or narrow area where free flow of the

air is restricted. If the air flow is restricted it will cause serious damage to the concrete pump or engine and may cause injury to people. Remember the concrete pump's engine gives off **DEADLY** carbon monoxide gas.



MUFFLER

- ALWAYS refuel in a well-ventilated area, away from sparks and open flames.
- ALWAYS use extreme caution when working with flammable liquids. When refueling, stop the engine and allow it to cool. DO NOT <u>smoke</u> around or near the machine. Fire or explosion could result from fuel vapors, or if fuel is spilled on a hot engine.
- NEVER operate the concrete pump in an explosive atmosphere or near combustible materials. An explosion or fire could result causing severe bodily harm or even death.
- Topping-off to filler port is dangerous, as it tends to spill fuel.
- Stop the engine when leaving the concrete pump unattended.
- **DO NOT** leave the pump unattended. Use chock blocks if parking pump on a grade.
- Maintain this equipment in a safe operating condition at all times.

RULES FOR SAFE OPERATION

- **CAUTION** must always be observed while servicing this pump. Rotating parts can cause injury if contacted.
- ALWAYS stored the pump in a clean, dry location out of the reach of children.
- ALWAYS use extreme care when operating near obstructions, on slippery surfaces, grades and side slopes.
- Unauthorized equipment modifications will void all warranties.
- Refer to the *Engine Owner's Manual* for engine technical questions or information.
- Before start-up, check the hopper and remove all obstructions.
- Keep all hands out of the hopper when the engine is running.
- **DO NOT** operate the pump with the hood open.
- Replace any worn or damaged pump components immediately.
- ALWAYS turn the engine *OFF* before performing must be before performing maintenance.
- ALWAYS make sure pump is correctly secured to the trailer. Check all supports attaching the pump to the trailer and make sure they are tight.
- ALWAYS make sure that the pump's trailer is placed on solid level ground so that it cannot slide or shift around, endangering workers. Place blocks under the trailer's bumper to make it level (prevents tipping), and use a chocked block underneath the wheels to prevent rolling. Also keep the immediate area free of bystanders.
- Before towing, check the hitch and secure the safety chain to the towing vehicle. Also check for proper tire pressure.
- Tow only with a vehicle and hitch rated to tow a 2,950 lbs. (1,338 Kg) load.
- If pump is equipped with ball hitch coupler, use only a 2" all steel ball rated for a minimum of 5000 lbs. Use a 1" hardened steel pull pin, if the pump is equipped with a pin hitch.
- ALWAYS check the machine for loosened threads or bolts before starting.

- A copy of this manual shall accompany the pump at all times.
- DO NOT use worn out hoses or couplings; inspect daily.
- **DO NO**T disconnect the hose couplings or nozzle while they are under pressure. Relieve the pressure by manually swinging the clamp arm latch handle to the first open position at the exhaust cone outlet.
- The pump should NEVER be towed in excess of 45 MPH (or less depending on road conditions).
- If hose lines are *blocked* for any reason, or if the lines are *kinked* when starting up or during pumping cycle, the pump pressure could straighten out the kink or force out the blockage. This rapid surge of material could cause the lines to *move or whip* in a manner that could cause injury to personnel.
- Inspect the hose lines at all times
- **DO NOT** tow the pump with the hopper full of material.
- DO NOT tow the pump with the hoses attached.
- NEVER disconnect any *emergency or safety devices*. These devices are intended for operator safety. Disconnection of these devices can cause severe injury, bodily harm or even death! Disconnection of any of these devices will void all warranties.
- ALWAYS make sure the delivery system used, pipe hose, clamps etc., exceed teh rated pressure of teh pump. In addition, the pumping system should be checked for worn components prior to start up. Use snap pins on all snap couplings.

RULES FOR SAFE OPERATION

Maintenance Safety

- **NEVER** lubricate components or attempt service on a running machine.
- ALWAYS allow the machine a proper amount of time to cool before servicing.
- Keep the machinery in proper running condition.
- Fix damage to the machine immediately and always replace broken parts.
- Dispose of hazardous waste properly. Examples of potentially hazardous waste are used motor oil, fuel and fuel filters.
- **DO NOT** use food or plastic containers to dispose of hazardous waste.
- **DO NOT** pour waste, oil or fuel directly onto the ground, down a drain or into any water source.

Lifting

The pump has an operating weight of approximately 2,950 lbs. (1,338 Kg). Use lifting equipment capable of lifting this weight.

Emergencies

ALWAYS know the location of the nearest fire extinguisher and first aid kit. Know the location of the nearest telephone. Also know the phone numbers of the nearest ambulance, doctor and fire department. This information will be invaluable in the case of an emergency.













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TOWING GUIDELINES

Towing Safety Precautions

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CAUTION - Local Towing Regulations

Check with your county or state safety towing regulations department before towing your concrete pump.

To reduce the possibility of an accident while transporting the pump on public roads, always make sure that the trailer and the towing vehicle are in good operating condition and both units are mechanically sound.

The following list of suggestions should be used when towing the pump:

- Make sure that the hitch and coupling of the towing vehicle are rated equal to, or greater than the trailer "gross vehicle weight rating" (GVWR).
- ALWAYS inspect the hitch and coupling for wear. NEVER tow the light tower's trailer with defective hitches, couplings, chains etc.
- CHECK the tire air pressure on both the towing vehicle and the trailer. Also check the tire tread wear on both vehicles.
- ALWAYS make sure the trailer section of the pump is equipped with a "Safety Chain".
- ALWAYS attach trailer's safety chain to frame of towing vehicle.
- **ALWAYS** make sure that the vehicle and trailer directional, backup, brake, and trailer lights are connected properly and are working properly.
- Remember in most cases the maximum speed unless otherwise posted for highway towing is 45 MPH, however before towing your pump, check your local state, and county vehicle towing requirements. Recommended off-road towing is not to exceed 10 MPH or less depending on type of terrain.
- Place chocked blocks underneath wheel to prevent rolling, while parked.
- Depending on soil conditions and location it may be necessary to place support blocks underneath the trailer's bumper to prevent tipping, while parked.
- Inflate tires to correct pressure, inspect tires for cuts, and excessive wear. See Table 3 (Tire Wear Troubleshooting).

- Check wheel mounting lug nuts with a **torque wrench**. Torque wheel lug nuts as described in the "*Lug Nut Torque Requirements*", Table 5.
- Make sure brakes are synchronized and functioning properly.
- Check tightness of suspension hardware (nuts and bolts).
- Avoid sudden stops and starts. This can cause skidding, or jackknifing. Smooth, gradual starts and stops will improve gas milage.
- Avoid sharp turns to prevent rolling.
- Retract wheel stand when transporting.
- **DO NOT** transport pump with fuel in the fuel tank.



CAUTION - Never Use Defective Couplers

If the trailer coupler is deformed replace entire coupler. **NEVER** tow the pump with a defective trailer coupler. There exist the possibility of the trailer separating from the towing vehicle.

Pump Trailer Vehicle Connection

- Check the vehicle hitch ball, and trailer coupler for signs of wear or damage. Replace any parts that are worn or damaged before towing.
- Use only the 2-inch ball diameter with a towing capability of 5,000 lbs. (2,268 kg) as indicated on the trailer's coupler. Use of any other ball diameter will create an extremely dangerous condition which can result in separation of the coupler and ball or ball failure.
- 3. Be sure the coupler is secured to the hitch ball and the lock lever is down (locked).
- Attach safety chains as shown in Figure 2. Remember to cross the safety chains.
- 5. After towing for about 50 miles recheck the entire towing system for tightness.

Recommended Maintenance

- Smear ball socket and clamp face with chassis grease. Periodically oil pivot points and were surfaces of coupler with SAE 30 W motor oil.
- When parking or storing the concrete pump, keep the coupler off the ground so dirt and other debris will not build up in the ball socket.

Figure 2 shown below illustrates the typical towing application that should be used when towing the pump.

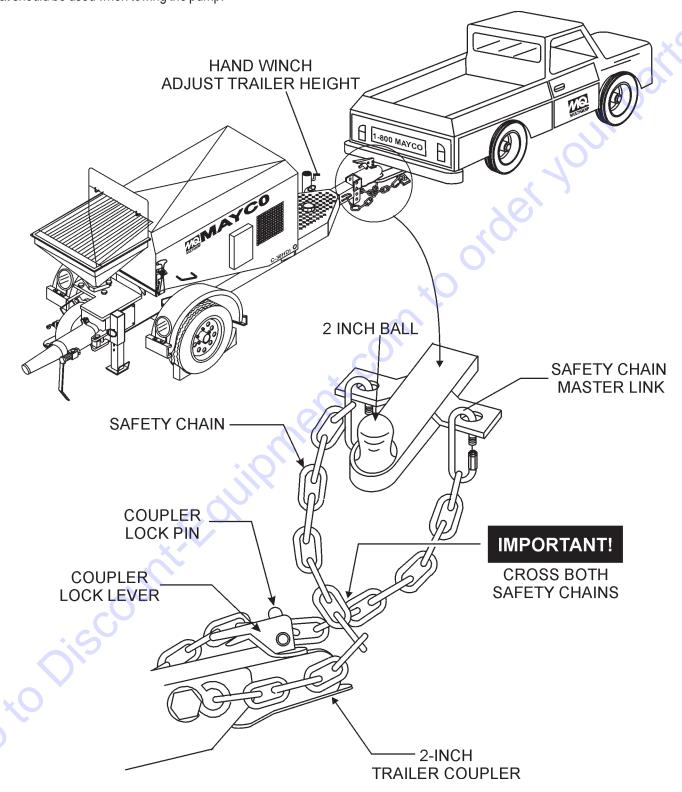


Figure 2. Towing Applications

TRAILER SAFETY GUIDELINES

Trailer Safety Precautions



CAUTION - General Trailer Safety

ALWAYS make sure that the trailer is in good operating condition. Check the tires for proper inflation and wear. Also check the wheel lug nuts for proper tightness.

This section is intended to provide the user with trailer service and maintenance information. Remember periodic inspection of the trailer will ensure safe towing of the equipment and will prevent damage to the equipment and personal injury.

It is the purpose of this section to cover the major maintenance components of the trailer. The following trailer components will be discussed in this section:

- Tires
- Lug Nut Torquing
- Suspension
- Electrical

The following list defines the major trailer components:

- Fuel Cell Provides an adequate amount of fuel for the equipment in use. Fuel cells must be empty when transporting equipment.
- Frame Length This measurement is from the ball hitch to the rear bumper (reflector).
- Frame Width This measurement is from fender to fender.
- 4. **Jack Stand** Trailer support device with maximum pound requirement from the tongue of the trailer.
- 5. **Coupler** Type of hitch used on the trailer for towing. This unit employes a 2 in. ball.
- Tires Size Indicates the diameter of the tire in inches (10, 12, 13, 14, etc.), and the width in millimeters (175, 185, 205 etc.). The tire diameter must match the diameter of the tire rim. This unit employes 7.35 x 14 in. tires.
- 7. **Tires Ply** The tire ply (layers) number is rated in letters: 2-ply, 4-ply, 6-ply, 8-ply, 10-ply etc. This unit employes 4-ply tires.
- 8. Wheel Hub The wheel hub is connected to the trailer's axle.
- Tire Rim Tires are mounted on a tire rim. The tire rim must match the size of the tire.
- 10. Lug Nuts Used to secure the wheel to the wheel hub. Always use a torque wrench to tighten down the lug nuts. See Table 5 and Figure 4 for lug nut tightening and sequence. This unit employes 5 lug nuts to secure the wheel to the hub.
- 11. **Axle** This trailer employs a torsion bar type suspension, which can support 3,500 lbs.
- Electrical Electrical connectors (looms) are provided with the trailer so that brake lights and turn signal lights can be connected to the towing vehicle. See *Trailer Wiring Diagram* for proper wiring connections.

TRAILER SAFETY GUIDELINES

Tires/Wheels/Lug Nuts

Tires and wheels are a very important and critical components of the trailer. When specifying or replacing the trailer wheels it is important the wheels, tires, and axle are properly matched.



CAUTION - General Trailer Safety

DO NOT attempt to repair or modify a wheel. **DO NOT** install an inter-tube to correct a leak through the rim. If the rim is cracked, the air pressure in the inter-tube may cause pieces of the rim to explode (break-off) with great force and can cause serious eye or bodily injury.

Tires Wear/Inflation

Tire inflation pressure is the most important factor in tire life. Pressure should be checked cold before operation. DO NOT bleed air from tires when they are hot. Check inflation pressure weekly during use to insure the maximum tire life and tread wear.

Table 3 (Tire Wear Troubleshooting) will help pinpoint the causes and solutions of tire wear problems.



ALWAYS wear safety glasses when removing or installing force fitted parts. Failure to comply may result in serious injury.

TABLE 4 TIRE WEAR TROUBLESHOOTING			
WEAR PATTERN		CAUSE	SOLUTION
	Center Wear	Over Inflation	Adjust pressure to particular load per tire manufacturer.
	Edge Wear	Under Inflation	Adjust pressure to particular load per tire manufacturer.
	Side Wear	Loss of chamber or overloading.	Make sure load does not exceed axle rating. Align wheels.
	Toe Wear	Incorrect toe-in	Align wheels.
	Cupping	Out-of balance	Check bearing adjust- ment and balance tires.
	Flat Spots	Wheel lockup & tire skidding.	Avoid sudden stops when possible and adjust brakes.

Torsion Bar Suspension

The torsion bar suspension and associated hardware (Figure 3) should be visually inspected every 6,000 miles for signs of excessive wear, elongation of bolt holes, and loosening of fasteners. Replace all damaged parts (suspension) immediately.

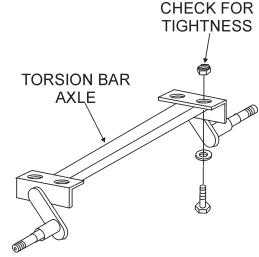


Figure 3. Major Suspension Components

TRAILER SAFETY GUIDELINES

Lug Nut Torque Requirements

It is extremely important to apply and maintain proper wheel mounting torque on the trailer. Be sure to use only the fasteners matched to the cone angle of the wheel. Proper procedure for attachment of the wheels is as follows:

- 1. Start all wheel lug nuts by hand.
- 2. Torque all lug nuts in sequence (Figure 4). **DO NOT** torque the wheel lug nuts all the way down. Tighten each lug nut in 3 separate passes as defined by Table 4.
- 3. After first road use, retorque all lug nuts in sequence. Check all wheel lug nuts periodically.

Table 5. Tire Torque Requirements			
Wheel Size	First Pass FT-LBS	Second Pass FT-LBS	Third Pass FT-LBS
12"	20-25	35-40	50-65
13"	20-25	35-40	50-65
14"	20-25	50-60	90-120
15"	20-25	50-60	90-120
16"	20-25	50-60	90-120
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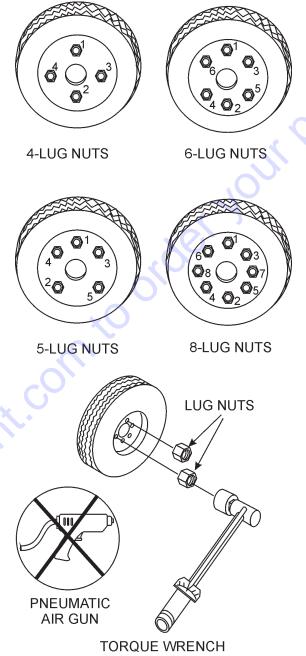


Figure 4. Wheel Lug Nuts Tightening Sequence



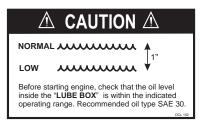
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OPERATION AND SAFETY DECALS

Figure 5 display's the operation and safety decals as they appear on the concrete pump, should any of these decals become damaged or unreadable, contact Discount-Equipment for a replacement set.



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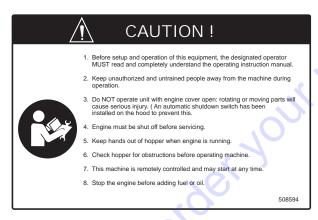


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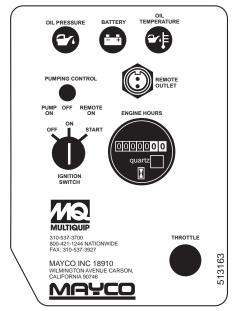
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P/N 513163

Figure 5. Operation and Safety Decals

Figure 6 display's the basic hand signals commonly used in concrete pumping operations.

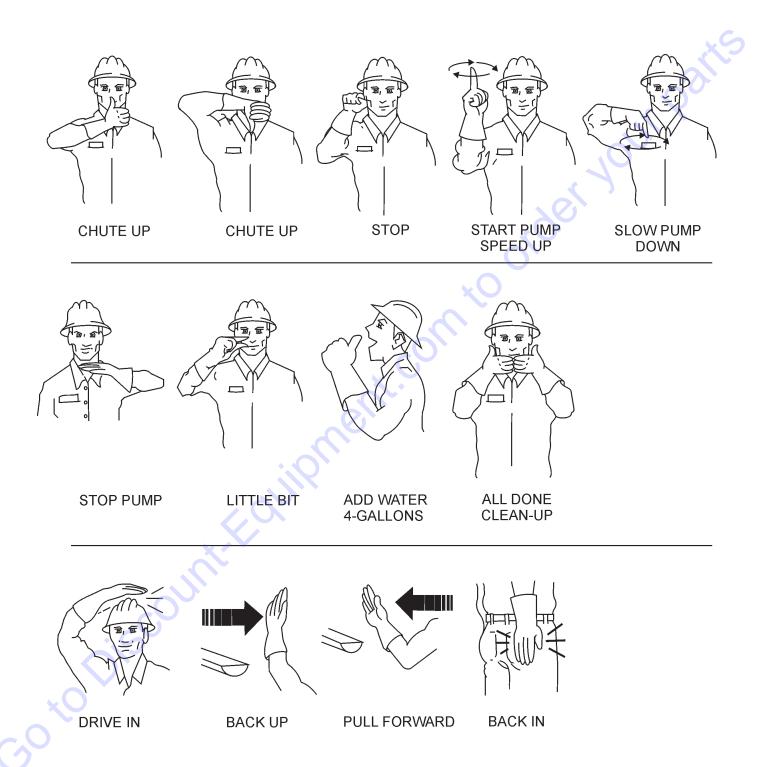


Figure 6. Operation Hand Signals

PUMP COMPONENTS

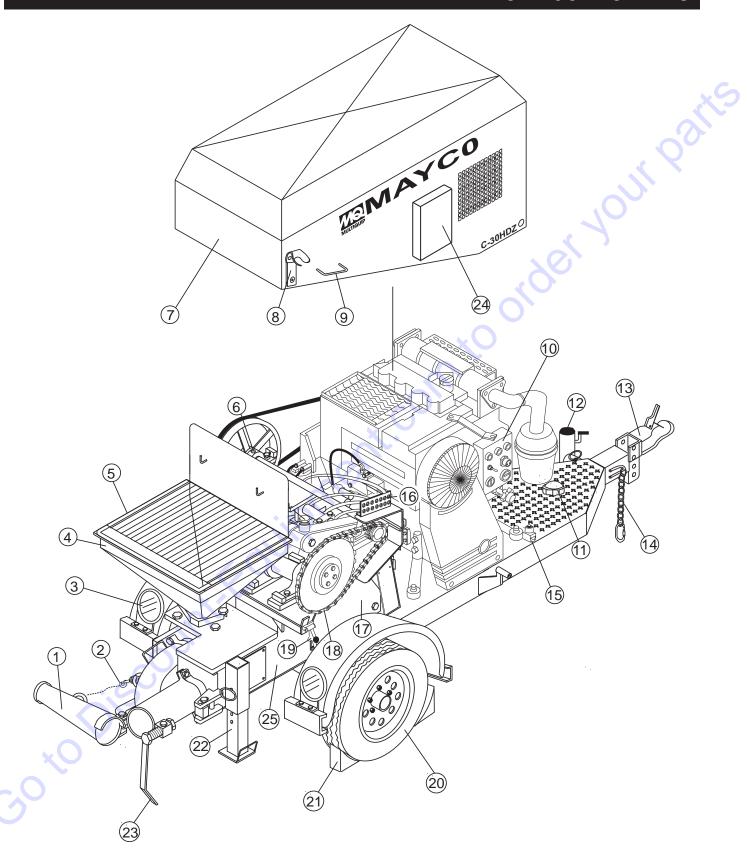


Figure 7. Major Pump Components

PUMP COMPONENTS

Figure 4 illustrates the location of the major components for the C30HDZ Concrete Pump. The function of each component is described below:

- 1. **Discharge Cone** Connect 3" elbow to this discharge port, then connect 3" x 2" reducer to elbow.
- Discharge Cone Safety Latch When towing of the pump is required, ALWAYS secure the discharge cone to latch located on the manifold.
- 3. Rear Running Lights ALWAYS check and make sure both the right and left running lights are functioning correctly before towing the pump.
- Hopper Concrete from a Redi-Mix truck is poured into this hopper. The hopper can hold 6.0 cu. ft of concrete. NEVER put hands or any other parts of you body into the hopper.
- Safety Grill The safety grill should be locked at all times when the pump is being towed. Under normal working conditions, raise and place the safety grill on the support hooks which are located on splash guard.
- Shaft Pulley V-Belt ALWAYS inspect the drive shaft V-belt for wear and alignment. A defective or misaligned Vbelt can wear prematurely and adversely affect the performance of the pump. Replace with only manufactures recommended type V-belt.
- 7. **Compartment Hood NEVER** operate the pump with the hood removed. Installed on the pump frame is a safety interlock device which prevents the engine from starting if the hood is removed or in the up position (open).
- 8. **Hood Fastener** When the hood is in the down position, secure the rubber latch to this fastener.
- 9. **Hood Lift Handle** Grip this handle, pull upward then back to raise the compartment hood.
- Control Box Contains the mechanical and electrical components required to run the pump. Below is a list of those components:
 - Throttle Control
 - Choke Control
 - Low Oil Pressure Indicator
 - Battery Charge Indicator
 - Water Temperature Indicator
 - Ignition Switch
 - Remote Connector

- Fuel Tank/Cap Fill with unleaded fuel. Fuel tank (cell) holds approximately 11 gallons (41 liters). DO NOT top off fuel. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately
- Tow End Jack Stand Use this jack stand to level and support the pump.
- 13. **Tow Hitch Coupler** Requires a 2-inch ball hitch or a 3-inch pintle. Capable of towing 5,000 lbs.
- Safety Chain ALWAYS attach safety chain to the towing vehicle. NEVER! tow the pump with the safety chain unattached.
- 15. **Engine Stop Device** This device will prevent the starting of the engine when the compartment hood is in the *up* position. The compartment hood must be in the *down* position in order for the engine to start.
- 16. **Grease Port Console** This console allows for the remote lubrication of components on the pump.
- 17. Access Door There are four access doors on the pump. Remove these door to gain access to drive and piston assemblies when maintenance is required.
- 18. **Drive Chain** Keep this chain properly lubricated and aligned at all times. Lubricate this chain as specified in the maintenance section of this maintenance.
- 19. **Rubber Latch** Secure this rubber latch to the hood fastener whenever the pump is in use or being towed.
- 20. **Tires Ply** The tire ply (layers) number is rated in letters; This trailer uses 4-ply tires.
- Chock Blocks Place these blocks (not included as part of your concrete pump package) under each trailer wheel to prevent rolling.
- 22. **Pump End Jack Stand** Use this jack stand to level and support the pump.
- 23. **Discharge Cone Release Lever** secures the discharge cone to the "Y" manifold; also relieves manifold pressure.
- 24. **Documentation Box** Contains engine and pump operation, parts and maintenance information.
- 25. Lubrication Box This box is empty when shipped from the factory. Please fill with 7 gallons (26.5 liters) of SAE motor oil for first time use. Also check the dual clean-out point on bottom of lubrication box for a secure tight fit.

CONTROL BOX COMPONENTS

Jer your Parts

Figure 8 illustrates the location of the major components for the C30HDZ Control Box. The function of each component is described below:

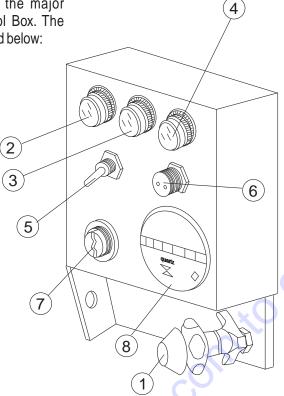


Figure 8. Pump Control Box Components

 Throttle Control Knob – This is a variable speed type control. Turning the throttle lock left (CCW) unlocks the throttle allowing the throttle control cable to be pulled out to the desired position. Once the desired engine speed has been achieved, turning the throttle lock to the right (CW) locks it in place. Use the fine tune adjustment knob to fine tune the engine rpm's.

To place the engine in idle, press the top button inward all the way.



ALWAYS unlock the throttle control before it is pushed in because if this is not done first, possible damage could result to the locking mechanism.

 Oil Pressure Indicator Lamp – In the event of low oil in the engine crankcase or low oil pressure, the indicator lamp will illuminate. STOP the engine immediately if this occurs. NEVER run the engine when this lamp is lit.

- Battery Charge Indicator Lamp Indicates if the electrical system is charging properly. If the Battery Charge Indicator Lamp is lit, this is an indication that the charging system is malfunctioning. STOP the engine and remedy the electrical charging problem.
- 4. Water Temperature Lamp Indicates high engine water temperature (220 degrees Fahrenheit) this lamp will be lit. STOP the engine immediately if this lamp comes on. NEVER run the engine when this lamp is on.
- 5. Pumping Control Switch This 3-position switch controls the pumping of the pump. The *left most* position is for use with the remote control unit, the *center* position is for normal pumping operation, and the *right most* position (OFF) prevents pumping.
- 6. **Remote Control Input Connector** Insert the remote control input cable into this connector.
- Ignition Switch Insert the ignition key here to start the
 engine. Turn the key clockwise to the ON position, then
 continue turning clockwise to the START position and
 release. To stop the engine turn the key fully counterclockwise to the STOP position.
- 8. **Hourmeter** Display's the number of hours the pump has been in use.

ENGINE COMPONENTS

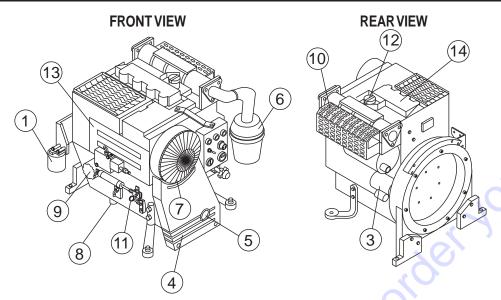


Figure 9. Deutz Model F2L01011F Basic Engine Components

Figure 9 illustrates the location of the basic components for the Deutz Model F2L01011F Engine. The function of each component is described below:

- Oil Filter Replace this filter as recommended in the maintenance section of this manual
- 2. **Oil Pressure Switch** In the event of low oil level, this switch will shutdown the engine.
- Starter Motor/Solenoid NEVER allow concrete or any foreign debris to come in contact with the starter motor/ solenoid.
- 4. Fan V-Belt ALWAYS make sure that V-belt is properly tensioned. A loose or defective V-belt can adversely affect the performance of the pump.
- Alternator (not shown) Provides power to the electrical system. Replace with only manufactures recommended type alternator.
- 6. Air Cleaner Prevents dirt and other debris from entering the fuel system. Remove wing-nut on top of air filter cannister to gain access to filter element. Replace with only manufactures recommended type air cleaner.
- NOTE

Operating the engine without an air filter, with a damaged air filter, or a filter in need of replacement will allow dirt to enter the engine, causing rapid engine wear.

- 7. Cooling Fan Blades Make sure that the blades of the cooling fan are not *bent or broken*. A damaged fan blade can cause the engine to run hot and overheat.
- Crankcase Drain Plug Remove this plug to drain engine oil from the crankcase. Replace with recommended engine oil as specified in the maintenance section of this manual.
- 9. **Fuel Pump/Fuel Filter** Replace or clean the fuel pump or fuel filter as specified in the maintenance section of this manual.
- Muffler/Guard DO NOT touch the muffler when engine is running. The muffler can become extremely hot, causing severe burns. NEVER run the pump with the muffler guard removed.
- 11. **Dipstick** Remove this dipstick to determine if engine oil is low. Maintain oil level at the "H "marking on the dipstick. **NEVER** run engine with low oil.
- 12. Oil Filler Port Cap Remove this cap to add engine oil to the crankcase. Fill with recommended type oil as specified in the maintenance section of this manual.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The following operating principles and operating suggestions should prove helpful in the successful operation of your concrete pump. Your new "small line" concrete pump has been designed to give you many years of service when operated properly. A study of the following paragraphs is important to the successful operation of your new Direct-flow Concrete Placer.

All concrete pumps require a high level of operator skill and more frequent service than most of the other construction equipment. The highly abrasive nature of concrete under pressure makes it extremely important that expendable wear components be inspected at regular intervals between jobs to prevent having to replace these items during a pour.

Experience has proved that inconsistency of batched concrete mixes and frequent moving of the line requires the operator to be readily available at all times during pumping to stop the pump and prevent abuse to the unit which may occur if unexpected blockages develop.

Pump Mix Guidelines

When ordering concrete, be certain to advise the concrete supplier that you require a "*pump mix*". The Direct-flow manifold will pump a wide variety of materials, but certain basic principles must be followed to assure successful pumping, as follows:

Generally speaking, the washed concrete sand and #4 aggregate (pea gravel) should conform to A.S.T.M. standards in regard to sieve analysis. Sands in some areas are washed clean of the #100 and #200 mesh fines, which results in separation and jamming in the manifold while pumping under pressure.

If this condition develops, check with your concrete suppliers engineers and get their recommendations for supplementing the lack of the fines. The use of locally accepted ad-mixes may be required. (For example, Pozzolith, Bentonite Clay, Plastiments, etc.) When properly prescribed, additives form the plastic paste sometimes necessary to hold the cement and aggregate together.

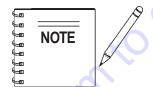


If jamming conditions in the pump or hose occur for any reason at all, do not attempt to use more power to correct the condition.

Determine the cause of jamming, correct it and resume pumping. Trying to force material through under jammed conditions may result in damage to the drive system, thus voiding any warranty services. As a general rule, the use of approximately six sacks of cement, 70% washed concrete sand and 30% #4 pea gravel per yard of concrete will result in a pumpable mix. The ideal nature of sand and rock in certain areas may permit you to increase the percentage of rock or adjust the mix considerably to meet the job requirements. When possible, you may experiment with various mixes in your area to determine the degree of versatility of the Direct-flow Pump.

Uniform gradation of the washed concrete sand and the 1/2" minus aggregate along with sufficient cement content and water are important to a successful pump operation.

A recommended pumpable mix design would be 70% sand and 30% aggregate-cement content to be a minimum of 6 sacks. (564 lbs.)



Your local sand and rock engineers will give you the S.S.D. weights of sand and rock required in your local area which will yield one cubic yard per the above recommendation.

Sample Design Mix - 3000 Psi 3/8 in. Slump 4-5 in.

Type II Cement	6.49 sack/cu. yd	611 lbs.
Sand	Sat. Surf. Dry	2000 lbs.
#4 Gravel	Sat. Surf. Dry	864 lbs.
#3 Gravel	Sat. Surf. Dry	0 lbs.
Water	48 Gallons	400 lbs.
	Total Weight	3,906 lbs
Admixture WRDA-79		26 oz.

Water 7.40 gal/sack

Test laboratory data has proven in many areas that the above mix guidelines have produced concrete rated at 3000 psi (28 day test) and upwards of 5000 psi with an increase in cement.

In some areas where the gradation of sand and rock is ideal and sufficient cement is used along with admixtures, the Mayco small line concrete pump will handle up to a 50-50 ratio of sand and rock.

When the mix is designed for wet gunning applications, it is normal to increase the cement (up to 7.5 or 8 sacks) and change the sand to rock ratio to 85% sand and 15% rock.

The Mayco concrete pump will valve efficiently when using cellular-foam concrete mixes upwards of 70 lbs. per cubic foot wet density. (Below 70 lbs. materials (roof decks) the valving becomes inefficient.)

HOW IT WORKS

The C30HDZ concrete pump has one main pumping piston which is valved by means of two ball checks. (**A** inlet, and **B** outlet.)

The secondary piston is used as a compensator piston to smooth out the pulsations of a single piston action. Note: The compensator will not start operating until material is pumped into the line and back pressure develops.

The *compensator spring*, which is installed on the compensator piston rod, deflects with each piston stroke. This "*spring cushion*", in conjunction with the cam profile, produces and uninterrupted smooth flow of material under average pumping conditions.

The pumping cylinder (Figure 10) retracts drawing the material past the ball (A) and filling the cylinder. The compensator piston is pumping the material out to the nozzle and causing ball (B) to seat preventing the material from returning to the pumping cylinder intake.

An automatic, centrifugal clutch is installed to engage and disengage the pumping action without stopping or starting the engine. The *centrifugal clutch* is set at 1100 R.P.M. The engine idle speed is approximately 875 R.P.M.; therefore, the clutch is completely disengaged at idle. The throttle settings while pumping should always maintain an engine R.P.M. high enough to prevent the clutch from slipping and burning the clutch lining.

The return spring which is installed on the rocker arm, is installed to eliminate shock and stress between the cam roller and the cam weldment when the pump is in operation. If the return spring is removed or replaced for any reason, maintain the backing plate dimension of 3" as shown on Figure 3, to produce the proper pre-loading of the spring for a smooth performance.

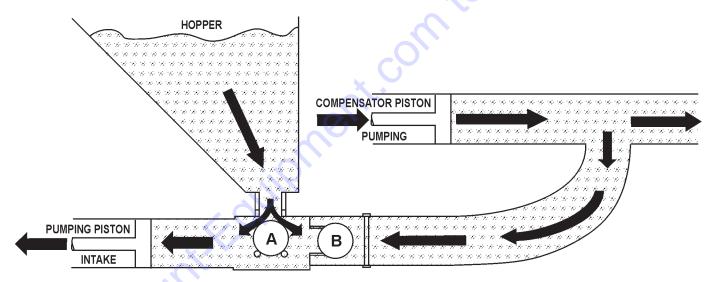


Figure 10. Pumping Cylinder

The pumping piston (Figure 11) is forcing the material past ball (B) and out to the nozzle, also seating ball A so that the material will not flow back to the hopper. This action also fills the compensating piston for the next stroke.

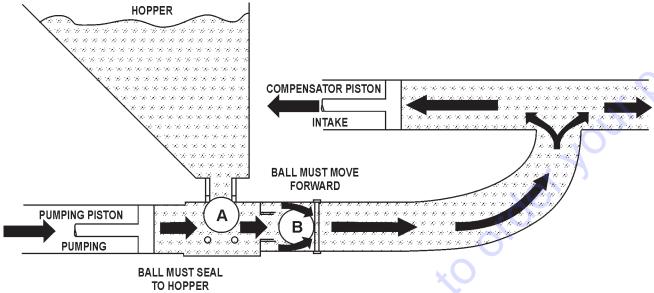


Figure 11. Pumping Pistons

Figure 12 shows the relationship between the return spring, the compensator spring and the rocker arm to maintain a smooth performance. **DO NOT** tighten the bolt (Item 1) completely, the rod end must be able to move.

The return spring is installed to eliminate shock and stress between the cam roller and the cam weldment when the pump is in operation. If the *return spring* is removed or replaced for any reason, maintain the backing plate dimension (3-inches) as shown to produce proper pre-loading of the spring for a smooth performance.

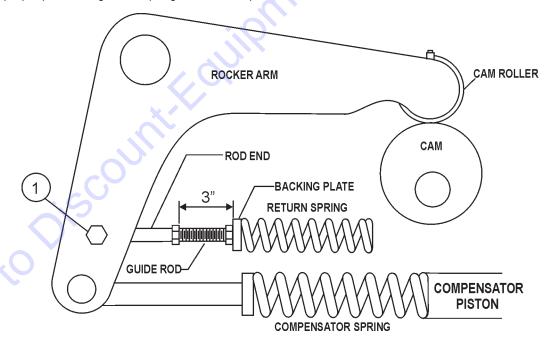
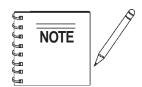


Figure 12. Return Spring, Compensator Spring and Rocker Arm Interaction

OPERATING SUGGESTIONS

- A well-planned location of the pump and routing of the hose before starting a pour may save subsequent moves throughout the job.
- 2. Before concrete is discharged into the hopper, it is suggested that 3 to 4 gallons of water be sprayed into the hopper, followed by approximately 5 gallons of a creamy cement and water slurry (1/2 bag of cement to 5 gallons of water). This procedure lubricates the hose and prevents separation and blockages in the hose.



Getting the concrete to flow through the hose at the start of the pumping cycle can be one of the most critical operations of the pour. (*Manually* operate the throttle when starting, **NOT** remotely)

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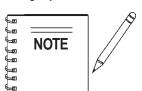
WARNING - Hose Blockage Hazard

If hoses or lines are **blocked** for any reason, or if the lines are **kinked** when starting up or during the pumping cycle, the pump pressure could straighten out the kink or force out the blockage. This rapid surge of material could cause the lines to **whip** or **move** in a manner that could cause injury to personnel.

Inspect the lines at all times to prevent the above conditions

- It is important that once the slurry procedure is completed, and you have started concrete flowing through the hose, do not stop the pour until all the slurry is pumped out and the concrete has reached the end of the hose. The only time to stop the pump at the start is if a blockage occurs.
- 4. When the pump is stopped for any reason during a pour; e.g., moving hose, waiting for redi-mix truck, the following suggestions are offered:
 - A. Leave the hopper full of concrete at the time of shutdown. It is important not to let the *redi-mix* driver wash too much water into the hopper, as this could cause separation of the concrete in the hopper.
 - B. If the **shutdown** period exceeds 2 to 3 minutes, turn off the engine so the vibration does not separate the mix in the hopper which can cause a blockage in the manifold when the pump is started.

- C. If it is necessary to wait 10 minutes or more for another load of concrete, it is wise to start the pump and pump 6 or 8 strokes every 5 minutes to prevent setting of the mix in the system. If waiting time is excessive, it would be wise to wash out the pump and hoses and start over when the new truck arrives.
- D. When pumping stiff mixes and there is waiting time between redi-mix trucks, it is advisable to add some water to the last hopper of material and "hand mix" to ensure an easier start with the following load.
- E. When the pumping job requires a stiffer mix, the following method is suggested for starting: Take a water hose with a nozzle on it and apply water with a fine spray to the concrete as it comes down the redi-mix chute into the pump hopper after the slurry procedure is completed and you are ready to start pumping.
 - Using this procedure will make it easier to pump through the clean hose. Note: Once the concrete has reached the end of the hose, do not apply any more water in this manner as this procedure is used on the start only.
- F. Hose sizing is very important: We strongly recommend on harsh mixes, vertical pushes, stiff concrete, shotcrete, long pushes, that a 2-1/2" line be used as far as possible. The advantages of using the 2-1/2" line are improved pumpability, less pumping pressure and less wear on the pump.
- 5. Following the pump operation, proper wash out of all materials or "build-up" within the pump manifold and hoses will prevent problems when starting the next job.
- A thorough inspection of the drive components and greasing
 of all bearings after each job will ensure adequate lubrication
 and service to the pump which is normally operating in wet,
 gritty conditions.



Over-greasing any *bearing* on your Mayco pump will not damage the bearing.

$\overline{\mathbf{\Lambda}}$

WARNING - Hose Blockage Hazard

If you repeatedly pull the throttle all the way out and try to force your pump to push through *blockages* due to separation of material in the hose or manifold, you will soon have breakdowns and costly repairs which are not covered under warranty.

If a blockage occurs, find where it is and clear it before further pumping. **DO NOT** increase the engine speed to clear the blockage. Increasing the engine speed will only compound the problem.

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WARNING - Moving The Pump On The Job Site

It will be necessary at times to move your pump from one job site location to another. Before moving the pump, make sure to pump the remaining concrete out of the hopper. Moving the pump with a *full hopper* of concrete can cause severe damage or breakage of the axle and axle springs, excess strain and pressure on the hub and bearing assembly.

New Pumps

All new pumps are "water pressure tested" at the factory before shipment. This procedure permits a thorough inspection of the entire drive system and valving under simulated full load conditions.

The pump owner can do the same by attaching an adaptor couple to the end of the discharge cone; e.g., the use of a standard 2 in. pipe cap with a 3/8 in. hole drilled in the center, screwed on to the end of the hinged cone or reducer at the pump.

Fill the hopper with water after making sure that all sand and rock have been removed from the manifold. Operate the pump at full throttle and the 3/8 in. diameter hole restriction will create sufficient back-pressure to make a thorough inspection of all moving parts.

Pumping Tips

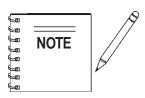
The effects of heat and excessive time on concrete: Hot
concrete, commonly referred to as a hot load, is concrete that
has been in the redi-mix truck in excess of 2 to 3 hours. On a
hot day, this amount of time is even less. A brief explanation
of why heat and time affect concrete:

Concrete starts setting by drying up through a chemical reaction. The catalyst to this reaction is heat. When pumping a hot load, it is important to remember that when you have to stop pumping for any reason, add water to the concrete in the hopper and hand mix and move concrete in the hose every 5 minutes. If the shut down time becomes too long, wash out immediately.

2. ADMIXTURES

Remixtures that are designed into the concrete mix by the redi-mix company or an architectural engineering company. This section lists common admixtures and a brief explanation of their functions:

- A. Pozzolith 300 or the equivalent acts as a water retarder and a lubricant. On a lean mix, long pushes, stiff mixes, and vertical pushes, Pozzolith 300R helps pumpability.
- B. MBVR air entraining, acts as a lubricant.
- C. Calcium Chloride commonly referred to as C.C., is used as an accelerator. When pumping a load with calcium chloride, it is recommended that you wash out if the waiting time between delivery trucks becomes too long.
- D. Super Plasticizers acts as an accelerator. The concrete will look very wet after the super plasticizer is added, but will begin to set up very fast. Wash out immediately if you do not have a truck waiting. Super plasticizers are used mainly on commercial jobs.
- E. Red Label acts as a water retarder and an accelerator. Red label will be used mainly on commercial jobs.
- F. Fly Ash is used to help increase the strength of the concrete and decrease the cement content per yard. This is one of the most common admixtures used.



All admixtures will be shown on the redi-mix concrete ticket. Before starting the pumping job, ask the driver of the redi-mix truck to see the concrete ticket and note the admixtures that exist and take the proper action.

- When pumping long distance or pumping stiff mixes, you can expect a drop in volume compared to shorter lines and wetter mixes due to the change in valve efficiency or cavitation.
- Leaking manifold seals or hose coupling gaskets which leak water can cause separation and subsequent jamming at that point.
- Damaged hoses with internal restrictions can cause blockages.

6. If a blockage occurs in a hose, "walk the hose" until you find the point of trouble. The hose will be soft immediately past the blockage. If this happens at the start, disconnect the hose at the first coupling past the blockage.

Elevate the hose at that point with the blockage area hanging down.

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CAUTION - Hose Pressure Hazard

When disconnecting hoses, use *extreme* **CAUTION!** The hose is under pressure!

Using a hammer, you can pound the down-stream edge of the packed area until it is free to flow. Shake all of the sand and gravel out to the end of the hose. Before reconnecting the hose, start the pump and run a small amount of concrete out to the end of the hose. This will assure that all of the separation is out of the hose.

7. Clearing a Plugged Manifold

The manifold is plugged if the volume at the discharge end of the hose stops, and the hose is soft. The drive belts will start to slip and the engine will lugdown.

Follow steps 7A through 7J to un-plug a clogged manifold.

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DANGER - Clearing A Plugged Manifold

Due to pressure build-up inside the manifold, great care must be taken when clearing a plugged manifold.

- A. STOP the pump. Switch OFF the engine.
- B. **DO NOT** open any of the delivery system joint clamps.
- C. The **senior** operator must warn all others to stand at least 20 feet away from the pump and turn their heads away from the manifold.
- D. The operator must position himself/herself away from the hinged side of the manifold.
- E. Wearing safety glasses, grasp the clamp arm weldment and carefully pull it open to the primary (safety) position. **STOP** count to 20. This will allow the pressure to release.
- F. After the pressure has been released, open the clamp arm weldment and swing the hinged discharge cone open.
- G. Remove blockage with a round 2-foot length of reinforcing steel rod. Flush the manifolds with water. Make sure the (3" x 2") reducer is clear of any blockage before closing the discharge cone.

- H. After the blockage has been cleared and the pump manifold has been thoroughly flushed with water, close the hinged discharged cone and lock into place.
- Before reconnecting hose to the reducer, start the engine and pump two or three shovels of concrete through the reducer. This will insure that all the blockage has been cleared.
- J. Shake out around 2 feet of concrete before reconnecting hose to pump. After this is done, connect hose to pump and resume the pumping operation.

8. Avoiding Setting of the Mix in the System

To avoid setting of the concrete mix in the system when waiting more than 30 minutes between concrete loads, flush the system depending on job factors (such as presence of accelerators and job site temperature) and your particular mix design.

Clearing a Mix from the System

If, for any reason, the mix should set up in the system, the following procedure is suggested:



CAUTION - Hose Pressure Hazard

When disconnecting hoses, use **EXTREME CAUTION!** The hose is under pressure!

- Disconnect the hoses from the pump and wash the pump out immediately. For example: If you had 200 ft. of system out, you would disconnect each hose.
- Reconnect the first hose and fill the hopper with water. DO NOT try to push all the concrete out of all of the hose lines at one time.
- 3. Clean it out by pushing water through the first hose off the pump, then continue progressing through all the hoses, until all the system is clean.
- 4. If waiting time is excessive, it would be wise to wash out the pump and hoses and start over when the new truck arrives. This can be avoided by being observant to the pump and system, also taking into consideration the above factors affecting the mix.

Down-Hill Pumping

Downhill pumping can be difficult on some jobs. It is suggested that a sponge 2"x 4"x 6" be placed in the hose before the start of pumping. Wet the sponge before placing it in the hose. Reference the Operating Suggestions at the start of this section for slurry procedures.

The reason for using the wet sponge is to keep the slurry from running too far ahead of the concrete and so reducing the possibility of separation. When the pump is stopped, the material can flow slowly down, due to gravity, and cause the hose to collapse.

When pumping is resumed, you can expect a blockage at the point of hose collapse. To prevent this from happening, the hose can be "kinked off" at the discharge end when the pump is stopped to prevent the gravity flow of the material in the hose.

The use of stiffer mixes when pumping down-hill will decrease gravity flow of the material in the hose and will assure a smoother operation between the cam roller bearing and cam plate. As with any job, make sure that the hose and the couplings are in good workable shape.

Vertical Pumping

When pumping vertically up the side of a building, above 40 feet, we would recommend the installation of **steel pipe** securely fastened at intervals as necessary to support the pipe. Ninety degree, long radius pipe sweeps should be installed at the top and bottom of the steel line.

Use a 25 ft. hose, or short section, off the pump; and for the balance of the horizontal distance to the vertical line, use steel pipe. This type of installation has been satisfactory on many jobs being pumped in excess of 100 feet high. Line pressures are always less using steel pipe as compared to hose.

When pumping vertically using **all hose**, it is recommended not to go higher than 50 feet with hose. The hose should be tied off at intervals of 10 feet, if possible. Special attention should be given when tieing the hose off at the top as the hose will have a tendency to stretch when filled with concrete. This will increase the possibility of a blockage at the point where the hose is tied off. To avoid this, a long radius of 90 degree elbow is recommended. The suggested place to tie off is on the hose, under the clamp.



It is strongly recommended that steel pipe be used on **ALL** vertical pumping for safety and convenience.

Valve Seats

If the volume at the end of hose starts to decrease gradually and eventually almost stops, it is quite likely that the *valve seats* have had excessive wear and need replacement. Once they have reached a certain wear point, they may "channel out" rapidly and material will reciprocate past the ball on each stroke.

The hollow *steel ball* should be replaced when it starts to show dents or appears to be badly worn. Sand and aggregate materials in some areas are extremely sharp and hard and therefore highly abrasive. Under these conditions when pumping stiff mixes, or to high elevations which cause line pressures, it will be noted that valve components may have short wear life.

If this condition exists, it is advisable to remove the manifold only, and inspect the lower seat at the end of each day. If it appears that the seat is beginning to "channel out", replace before starting the next day's pour.

The upper valve seat can be inspected after each washout by running your finger around lower edge of seat where the ball makes contact. You can reach this from the inside of the hopper. Be sure that the engine is turned off.

Pulsation

A slight pulsation of the hose will always be noticeable near the pump. Excessive pulsation of the hose near the pump is normally due to higher than average line pressures caused by stiff, harsh mixes, or extremely long pumping distances.

The use of 2 -1/2" I.D. hose in these extreme cases reduces line pressures or the addition of slight amounts of water to the mix, if permissible, will permit easier pumping. The use of certain pumping admixtures may help.

If excessive pulsation exists in the hose, it is advisable to use burlap or some means of wear protection under the hose at points where the hose may wear through the outer cover; e.g. over forms, steel or sharp curbs.

Cam Roller

If the cam roller does not ride on the cam profile smoothly, it may

Go to Discount. Equipment. com to Order your parts

A

CAUTION - General Saftey Guidelines

NEVER operate the pump in a confined area or enclosed area structure that does not provide ample *free flow of air*.





ALWAYS wear approved *eye* and *hearing* protection before operating the pump.

NEVER operate the pumps's engine with the engine hood removed. The possibility exists of *hands*, *long hair*, and *clothing* becoming entangled with the V-belt, causing injury and bodily harm.



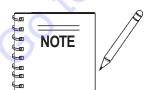
NEVER place hands or feet inside the *hopper*. **ALWAYS** make while the engine is running. **ALWAYS** shut-down the engine before performing any kind of maintenance service on the pump.

Before Starting

 Read safety instructions at the beginning of this manual.



- Removing any dirt and dust that might have accumulated around the engine cooling air inlet, fuel injection system.
- 3. Check the air filter for dirt and dust. If air filter is dirty, replace air filter with a new one as required.
- 4. Check fuel injection system for external dirt and dust. Clean with dry compressed air.
- 5. Check fastening nuts and bolts for tightness.
- Connect Battery
- 7. Make sure hopper is free of dirt and foreign debris (large objects over 2-inches)
- 8. Make sure radiator is filled with proper amount of anti-freeze water solution (50/50).
- Make sure all hose lines are in good condition and are working properly.



Reference manufacturer engine manual for specific servicing instructions.

Engine Oil Check

- 1. To check the engine oil level, place the pump on secure level ground with the engine stopped.
- Remove the dipstick from its holder (Figure 13) and wipe it clean.

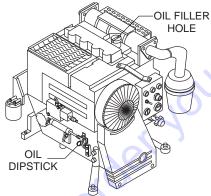


Figure 13. Engine Oil Dipstick (Removal)

3. Check the engine oil level as shown on the dipstick (Figure 14).

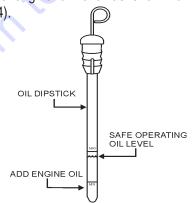


Figure 14. Engine Oil Dipstick

4. If the engine oil level is low, add oil through the engine oil filler hole (Figure 15) with the recommended oil type (Table 3). Maximum oil capacity is 3-3/8 quarts (3.2 liters).

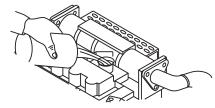


Figure 15. Engine Oil Filler Hole

TABLE 5. OIL TYPE			
Season Temperature		Oil Type	
Summer	25°C and greater	SAE 10W-30	
Spring/Fall	10°C to 25°C	SAE 10W-30/20	
Winter	0°C or Lower	SAE 10W-10	

Gasoline Check

- 1. Remove the gasoline cap located on top of fuel tank.
- 2. Handle Fuel in a safety container. If the container does not have a spout use a funnel.
- Visually inspect to see if fuel level is low. If fuel is low, replenish with unleaded fuel. When refueling, be sure to use a strainer for filtration. DO NOT top-off fuel. Wipe up any spilled fuel.
- 4. Pay attention to the fuel tank capacity when replenishing fuel. Refer to the fuel tank capacity listed in Table 5.

A

WARNING - Explosive Fuel



Gasoline is extremely flammable, and its vapors can cause an explosion if ignited. **DO NOT** start the engine near spilled fuel or combustible fluids. **DO NOT** fill the fuel tank while the engine is running or hot.

DO NOT overfill tank, since spilled fuel could ignite if it comes into contact with hot engine parts or sparks from the ignition system. Store fuel in approved containers, in well-ventilated areas and away from sparks and flames. **NEVER** use fuel as a cleaning agent.

DO NOT smoke while refueling, motor fuels are highly flammable and can be dangerous if mishandled.

V-Belt Deflection

- 1. Visually inspect the V-belt for cracks, fraying, wear or oiliness.
- 2. Make sure V-belt does not the bottom the pulley groove.
- 3. Check the V-belt tension (Figure 19) by pushing midway through the two pulleys. The V-belt deflection should be between .300 to .472 inches (8 to 12 mm).

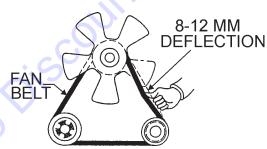


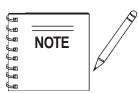
Figure 19. V-Belt Deflection

Lubrication Box

The C30HDZ model features a fully enclosed *lubrication box*, which utilizes the "*splash*" method of lubrication.

Before using your new pump, 7 gallons of SAE 30 motor oil must be added directly into the lubrication box. Visually inspect the oil in the lubrication box by making sure the oil is at the correct operating level as indicated by the dip stick (Figure 16).

Also reference the oil level decal (Figure 17) adjacent to the lubrication box.



Make sure the pump is on a secure level surface when checking the oil level inside the lubrication box.

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CAUTION - Checking Lubrication Oil Levels

The oil level <u>must</u> be *checked daily* to ensure adequate oil level and oil cleaniness.

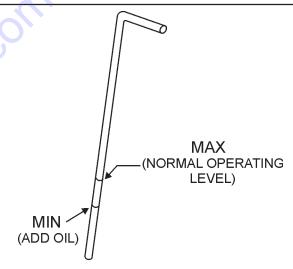


Figure 16. Lubrication Box Dipstick

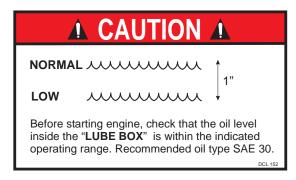


Figure 17. Lubrication Box Oil Caution Decal

STARTUP/SHUTDOWN PROCEDURES

Starting

A

CAUTION - General Saftey



DO NOT attempt to operate this concrete pump until the Safety, General Information and Inspection sections have been read and understood.

 Turn the throttle control knob fully counter-clockwise to set the engine speed to IDLE. (Figure 17.)

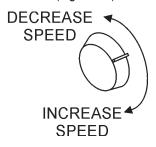


Figure 20. Throttle Control Switch



During *pumping operations*, the engine speed cannot be reduced below **1300 RPM's**.

This built in feature protects the clutch from disengaging (slipping) during operation.

Place the pumping control switch (Figure 21) in the OFF position.

PUMPING CONTROL

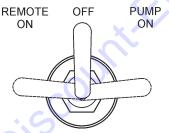
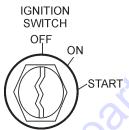


Figure 21. Pumping Control Switch (OFF)

Insert the ignition key into the ignition switch (Figure 22), turn the key to the ON position, then to the START position, release the key when the engine starts.

when the engine starts.

Figure 22. Ignition Switch



Verify that the *oil pressure*, *battery* and *water temperature* status lamps (Figure 23) are all OFF. If any of these lamps are ON, stop the engine and correct the problem.

OIL WATER PRESSURE BATTERY TEMPERATURE







Figure 23. Control Box Status Lamps

- 7. Let the engine run for 3-5 minutes before putting pump into operational use. Push the choke knob in all the way.
- 8. Listen for any abnormal sounds. If any mechanical or electrical problems exists, **STOP** the engine and correct the problem.
- To begin pumping concrete. Place the pumping control switch (Figure 24) in the **ON** position

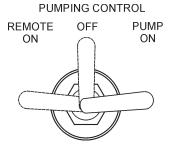


Figure 24. Pumping Control Switch (ON)

System Shut-Down

- 1. Place the pumping control switch in the **OFF** position (Figure 21).
- 2. Turn the throttle control knob fully counter-clockwise. Let the engine run at idle speed for 3-5 minutes.
- 3. Turn the ignition key (Figure 22) to the **OFF** position.
- 4. Clean pump as referenced in the maintenance section of this manual.

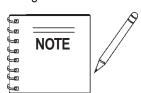
Preventive Maintenance

It is extremely important to maintain this pump due to the highly abrasive nature of concrete material.

- 1. Inspect all drive components for loose or worn bolts.
- 2. Drive belt/chain should be checked to remove all slack. Refer to adjustment procedure.
- 3. ALWAYS carry extra "O" rings.
- 4. Keep entire pump clean of concrete to prevent build-up.

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5. **ALWAYS** grease every fitting daily. Use only premium grade grease.



Over greasing will not damage pump.

General Clean-up Procedure

- Ensure that there is no blockage in the hose and line (Pumping Tips, step 8) or in the manifold (Pumping Tips, step 7). If a blockage exists, clear it to ensure proper operation the next time it is used. At the end of every pour, or during long delays during a pour, the pump and delivery system must be thoroughly cleaned by removing all concrete material.
- Proper wash out of all materials or build up within the pump manifold and hoses following the pumping operation will prevent problems when starting the next job. After completion of the pour, pump the remaining concrete in the hopper through the discharge line.



To avoid the possibility of separation during clean-up, do not pump the concrete below the inlet ball in the hopper. It is best to leave approximately 3 to 4 inches of concrete above the inlet ball.

- 3. Turn the pump engine off before filling the hopper with water. Engine vibration at idle may "separate" material in the hopper, causing jamming in manifold when pumping is resumed.
- 4. Fill hopper with water and resume pumping. The water will push the concrete through the line. When the water runs clear at the end of the hose, disconnect lines and shake out all the sand and sediment so the lines will be clean for the next pour.
- 5. It is important that the hinged discharge cone on the pump manifold be opened and all remaining concrete (rock and sand) be thoroughly washed out. This must be done after each job to prevent concrete build up in the discharge manifolds and 3" discharge elbow.

Sponge Clean-out Procedure

This section will explain the recommended procedure for using a *sponge* to clean out the *hose lines*.



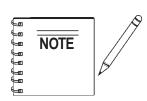
CAUTION - Clearing The Pump

NEVER use *muriatic acid* to clear the pump. Acid will dissolve the chrome finish on the pumping cylinder.

NEVER use compressed air to clean out the lines.

When using a clean-out hook to clean out the rear of the redimix truck, use a *safety chain* to secure the clean-out hook to some solid part of the redi-mix truck to prevent the hook from jumping off the redi-mix truck's hopper. Run the pump at half throttle.

 After completion of the pour, pump the remaining concrete in the hopper through the discharge line. Using a shovel, clean the sides of the hopper.



The pump engine should be turned **OFF**, as explained in General Clean Up Procedure.

After the sides of the hopper have been cleaned, add a small amount of water to the remaining concrete in the hopper and hand mix.

- Start the pump engine and pump the hopper all the way down.
- 3. Disconnect the hose from the pump. Fill the hopper with water and pump the remaining concrete out of the pump.
- 4. Open the hinged discharge cone and thoroughly wash out all remaining concrete (sand-sediment) from the cone and pump manifolds. Close the discharge cone and lock in place.
- Take a sponge (2"x 4"x 6") and soak it with water. Take the hose that is disconnected from the pump and shake out the concrete so that about 2 feet of it is clear. Insert the sponge into the hose.
- 6. Reconnect the hose to the pump. Fill the hopper with water and resume pumping. Run the pump approximately half throttle. The sponge will be discharged at the end of the line followed by clear water. At this point, the pump and lines will be completely clean and ready for the next job.

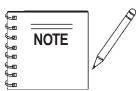


Repeat steps 1 through 6 a few times to ensure that the hose lines are thoroughly cleaned.

Lubrication Box

The C30HDZ model features a fully enclosed *lubrication box*, which utilizes the "*SPLASH*" method of lubrication.

Visually inspect the oil in the lubrication box (Figure 16) by making sure the oil is at the correct operating level as indicated by the dip stick. Also reference the oil level decal (Figure 17) adjacent to the lubrication box.



Make sure the pump is on a secure level surface when checking the oil level inside the lubrication box.

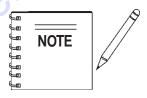
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CAUTION - Checking Lubrication Oil Levels

The oil level <u>must</u> be *checked daily* to ensure adequate oil level and oil cleaniness.

Piston Cup Wear

The *rubber piston cups* are a <u>natural wear</u> component and *will require* periodic replacement. The life of the rubber cups depends on many factors, proper oil level, oil cleanliness, abrasiveness of aggregrate being pumped and material slump etc.



IMPORTANT! To ensure maximum cup life, the oil level in the lubrication box *must be* maintained at the proper level. In addition the lubrication box must be cleaned periodically.

As the rubber piston cups wear, fine cement particles will accumulate in the bottom of the lubrication box. Once this cement paste reaches 1-inch in height, it is recommended that the lubrication box be drained (flushed) and cleaned and the oil replaced with new SAE 30 motor oil.

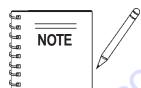


There are two clean-out ports located at the bottom of the lubrication box.

Any questions regarding the lubrication box clean-out procedure, contact the MAYCO Service Department.

Crankshaft and Cam Assembly Procedure

- Set bearing block (P/N EM14303) into hydraulic press. Place bearing cup into bearing block and press in evenly. Bearing cup should be aligned equally on both sides of bearing block.
- Set *crankshaft* into hydraulic press with the long end towards the top. Install spacer (P/N EM14322), O-ring (P/N EM14326) and bearing cone (P/N EM14325) onto crankshaft. Place bearing block on crankshaft until the bearing cone is riding in the bearing cup.
- 3. Insert bearing cone spacer (P/N EM14323) onto crankshaft and inside bearing block. Install second bearing cone until it is seated inside bearing cup.
- 4. Place O-ring and spacer (P/N EM14302) on crankshaft. Set cam weldment on top of spacer. Install crankshaft key and cam key on cam bushing (P/N EM14301).
- Slide cam bushing down crankshaft and align the bushing, cam and crankshaft. Install sleeve over crankshaft and align with hydraulic press. Install cam bushing bolts loosely. Press bushing down onto bearing assembly. Leaving pressure on the bushing, tighten cam bolts evenly to 40-50 foot pounds.
- 6. Release pressure on the bushing, reapply pressure to bushing and tighten bolts evenly to 40-50 foot pounds. Repeat procedure 3 to 4 times.
- After bushing has been fitted tightly into cam, remove from hydraulic press. Remove one bolt at a time, using Loctite, install bolts and torque to 65-70 foot pounds. Counter sink set screw hole and install dog point set screw and second set screw both with LoctiteTM.
- 8. Place cam bearing onto crankshaft keeping bearing loose.



Make sure the eccentric lock is facing toward the outside of the pumping unit.

- 9. Set crankshaft assembly into the pump box and align both bearing assemblies with the pump box mountings.
- After crankshaft assembly is securely fastened to the pump box, place sprocket (P/N EM14307) onto the cam side of the crankshaft assembly. Install bushing (P/N EM14309) into sprocket. Align sprocket with sprocket on countershafts and tighten bolts.
- Install chain P/N EM14308. To adjust, loosen locknuts on pusher bolts and tighten chain to approximately 1/2 in. slack in the chain. Once chain is adjusted properly, tighten down locknuts.

Ball and Seat Replacement Procedure

- Remove 3"x 2" reducer and 3" elbow from the pump outlet. Remove exhaust gate and Y-manifold (secondary manifold). Check ball seat and ball stop pin for wear. If any wear is detected, the part should be replaced. Remove T-manifold (primary manifold). Check all parts for wear. Remove hopper and hopper seat and inspect.
- 2. Loosen the piston nuts and remove the piston cup assembly and cylinders. Inspect all parts for wear and replace parts with excessive wear. Check oiler pump for proper operation.
- 3. Clean all parts thoroughly, removing all foreign material and concrete slurry. Once parts are clean, install concrete cylinders. Place oiler plate O-ring in place and coat with oil. Install small O-ring on piston rod. Run oiler line through the cylinders and connect in the oiler fitting on the oiler plate.
- 4. Push oiler plate into cylinder. Install ring and felt holder, soak felt ring in oil, then install around felt holder in cylinder. Make sure the bronze ring is flat, then push it up flush with the ring and felt holder.
- Coat piston cup with oil and push it into the cylinder. Install
 bushing into center of piston cup. Put small O-ring on rod,
 place face plate on rod and tighten down securely. Repeat
 these procedure on the opposite cylinder.
- Thoroughly check T-manifold, ball stoppings and both steel balls for wear. Insert an O-ring in the top flange and in the leading edge of the manifold. Put the manifold onto the primary side of the pump and install bolts leaving them loose.
- CheckY-manifold for wear, install all O-rings, ball stop pin, ball and seat. Align and install Y-manifold to T-manifold and cylinder assembly. Tighten Y-manifold bolts first before tightening T-manifold bolts. After manifolds are tight, check O-rings for slippage.
- 8. Insert seat into frame hole directly above the T-manifold. The seat orifice should fit inside the frame itself, then the seat sits on top of the orifice. On the dura-seat, set the big end of the seat in the frame. The seat, or the small part of the dura-seat, fits into the bottom of the hopper.
- 9. After tightening the manifold bolts and inserting the seats in place, set the hopper over the seat and align the bolt holes. Tighten bolts, check O-ring and seat for alignment.
- Check exhaust gate for wear, install and align gate onto Y-manifold. Insert O-ring into exhaust gate flange and close gate. Lock down lever and adjust clamp arm.
- 11. Install 3 in. elbow and 3x 2 in. reducer. Fill hopper half full and check for leaks.

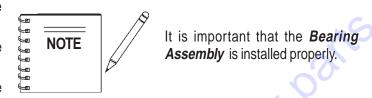
Clutch Lining Replacement (For P/N EM14320 Clutch Assembly Only)

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Bearing Installation

- Install the bearing components on the crankshaft making full contact with the back side of the crank disc as indicated the symbol #. See Figure 25 below.
- 2. Install the bushing in the cam weldment and slide it onto the crankshaft until contact is made with the bearing spacer.
- 3. Tighten the 3 *allen head bolts* "A" while exerting pressure on the bushing towards the bearing spacer.



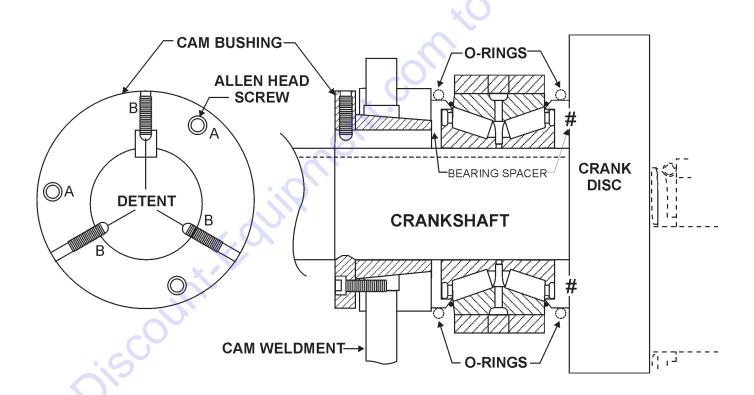


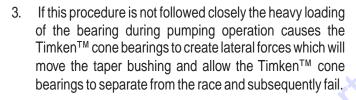
Figure 25. Bearing/Cam Bushing Installation

Detent Hole (3) Installation

 After the bearing assembly has been is installed, remove the three "dog type" allen head set screws (B) to allow detents to be drilled. See Figure 26 below.



The detent holes will prevent the bushing from sliding away from the bearing spacer when the pump is under load.





Position the 'O' ring on the O.D. of the bearing spacer during assembly to assure proper bearing adjustment.

- 2. Use a 9/32" drill to "detent" half (minimum 1/8" deep). Then "chase" the threads with a 3/8-16 bottom tap and blow out the chips after drilling, to be certain that the "dog type" allen set screws bottom in the detents to prevent the taper bushing from sliding laterally.
- Drill (detent) the shaft under the allen set screws "B" to prevent the bushing from the sliding away from the bearing spacer when the pump is under a load.

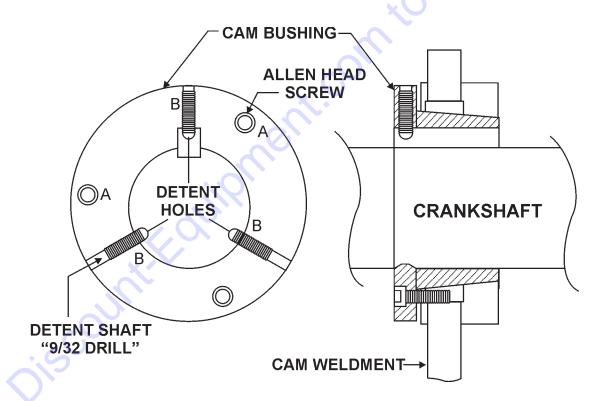


Figure 26. Detent Holes

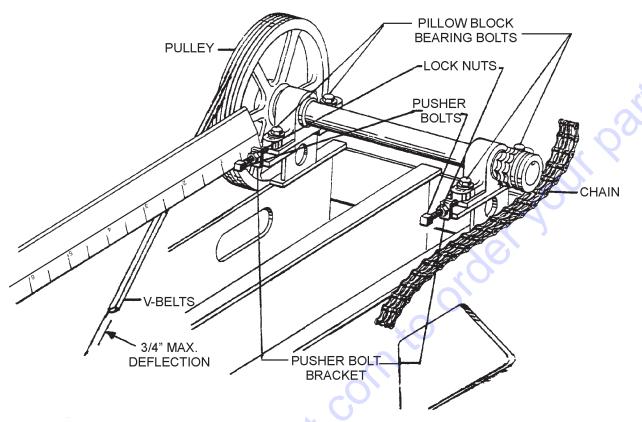


Figure 27. V-Belt and Drive Chain Adjustment

V-Belt And Drive Chain Adjustment

- 1. Loosen the pillow bearing bolts (Figure 27) only to the point where the bolts will remain snug.
- 2 Unlock the two pusher bolt lock nuts.
- 3. Turn each pusher bolt clockwise an equal amount until the chain is to proper adjustment of approximately 3/8 to 1/2 in. slack in the chain. It is very important that the pulley side and the chain side (pillow block bearings) are within 1/16" of an equal distance.
- This distance can be checked by using a tape measure or a straight edge ruler, measuring from the inside of the pusher bolt bracket to the face of the pillow block bearing.
- 5. The drive chain should be adjusted regularly to remove all slack. Once all slack is removed, **DO NOT** over-adjust, as this will overload the shaft bearings. A slack chain on the crank drive creates backlash and shock loads on the shafts and bearings which results in shorter wear/life of the drive components.
- Lubricate the chain regularly. Note-it is advisable to carry a spare chain and master links for replacement in the field if necessary.

- 7. Drive belts should be regularly adjusted to prevent slippage. To adjust the belts, loosen the engine mounting bolts and move the engine until there is a maximum 3/4 in. deflection in the belts, retighten the engine mounting bolts.
- 8. Frequent inspections should be made on all drive components to make certain that all bolts and nuts remain tight.



Prior to adjusting the chain, place the lobe of the cam in the down position. The chain should have 83 rivets, Including one each, half-link and full link.

Roller Chain Application

A properly selected, installed and maintained *drive chain* (Figure 28) is an extremely versatile means of power transmission. It is possible, however, to greatly reduce a chain's life and even induce failure if the chain is abused through improper installation, operating or maintenance procedures. In certain applications, failure can lead to personal injury or property damage.

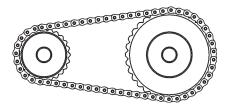


Figure 28. Drive Chain

Recommendations and comments on how to get the most from your roller chain drive are given in this section. The drive chain used in the MAYCO C30HDZ pump is manufactured by the "DIAMOND CHAIN COMPANYTM"

Working Loads

UTS-Ultimate Tensile Strength-is the one time pull required to break the chain. For single strand chain, the load (pull) applied to the chain in service should never exceed 1/6th of the UTS for the chain being used except as noted below.

It is possible to exceed the allowable working loads for a limited number of cycles, but you should contact Diamond Chain Company before this is considered. A roller chain should never be loaded above 50% of UTS for even one cycle. To do so will damage the chain structure and reduce its capacity.

The UTS or one time breaking load of multiple strand chain is the UTS of a single strand chain times the number of strands; i.e., two strand chain is twice as strong as single.

When allowable working loads are considered, however, the capacity of each strand in a multiple strand chain is only 65% of the single strand rating; thus, three-strand chain would rate not three times single but only 1.95 times. This is because the chain load cannot be exactly distributed across all three strands of the three-strand chain.

Installation and Drive Alignment

Chain and sprockets (Figure 29) must be installed correctly. Sprockets must be properly aligned and sprocket shafts must be parallel so the drive will run in a plane perpendicular to them. Axial alignment should be checked with a straight edge which will extend across the finished sides of the sprockets. They should be true-running with minimum wobble and eccentricity. The higher the drive speed, the more important these details become.

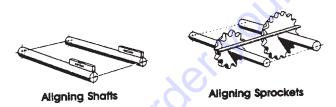


Figure 29. Shaft and Drive Sprocket Alignment

The chain should be installed so the slack span is properly tensioned. To check chain tension (Figure 30), turn one sprocket to tighten the upper span of the chain while holding the other sprocket fixed. The lack span should have 4-6% of span length in the mid-span movement for horizontal drives and 2-3% for vertical drives.

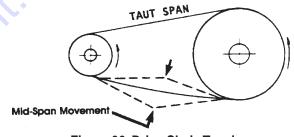


Figure 30. Drive Chain Tension

A roller chain's capacity can be significantly reduced if it is twisted or bent sideways in the direction of the pin axis. Exercise particular care in alignment of hoist or other applications where loads are suspended near personnel.

Drive Chain Lubrication

As a chain articulates in entering and leaving a sprocket, there is relative movement between pin and bushing surfaces. These surfaces wear causing chain elongation. If a lubricant film can be maintained between the pin and bushing, the wear rate is very slow and the chain wear life very long. Maintaining the oil film is relatively simple at low speeds but becomes increasingly difficult as the speed increases.

It is recognized that good lubrication is not possible in many applications, so shorter wear life must be accepted in these situations.

In general, chain wear leads to rough or unsatisfactory service prior to actual chain breakage. Good lubrication can help to prevent chain failure by providing protection against rust or corrosion. Rusting can allow pits to form in the surfaces of the chain parts causing stress concentration points. This can lead to chain failure at relatively low loads.

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The clearance between pin and bushings is very small (Figure 31), on the order of .003 to .005 inches. A lubricant must be thin enough to flow into the chain. SAE 30 weight oil is about right for room temperature. Lighter oil should be used for lower ambients and heavier for higher operating temperatures. Grease should not be used as it cannot penetrate chain clearances.

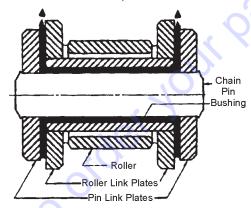


Figure 31. Chain-Link Cross Section

Assembling and Disassembling Drive Chain



CAUTION - DRIVE CHAIN SAFETY

You may be **seriously injured** if you attempt to install the drive chain while the pump is running. Turn **OFF** the engine and lock out gears and sprockets before attempting installation.

Once installed, the drive chain must be guarded to prevent personal injury or properly damage in the event the chain separates during operation. **NEVER** run pump with drive chain guard removed.

A

CAUTION - Eyesight Hazard

The components of the drive chain are hardened parts. Striking these parts may cause metal chips to break off from the chain or the tools used resulting in personal injury.

During all stages of chain disassembly and assembly, wear *safety glasses* to prevent metal parts or chips from entering your eyes and have personnel in the immediate area do likewise.

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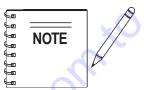
Chain-Link Pin Removal

- 1. If chain is of cotter pin-type construction, remove cotters.
- 2. If chain is riveted type construction, grind pin heads off so pin ends are flush with the linkplate.
- Drive pins out of linkplate using a Diamond pin extractor Model P/N 113 or 135. Some multiple strand chains or large pitch models will require a hammer and punch or a press to remove the pins.

Installation Of Coversides

Diamond Chain coversides are manufactured three different ways:

- Slip Fit
- Modified Press Fit
- Full Press Fit



Modified and **Full Press Fits** require some patience and tools to assemble and/or disassemble. Use vice grips, plumbers pliers or a small hammer to drive coversides onto pins.

Installation of Spring Locks and Cotter-Pins

After coversides have been installed, install spring locks or cotters (depending on chain design). Avoid using bent or worn cotters or spring locks. After spring locks (or cotters) are installed, lightly tap pin ends to position these parts snug against the coverside for additional support.

Tips To Remember

- Chian will break if mused or abused
- Serious injury or property damage can result if chain is installed incorrectly.
- Select, install, guard and maintain chain in accordance with equipment manufacturer and "Diamond Chain Company's recommendations.
- Read chain assembly instructions before attempting to install chain on pump sprocket wheel.
- Knowing more about how the chain is constructed may help in assembly and disassembly. Further information may be obtained by calling or writing Diamond Chain Company™.

ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING

Practically all breakdowns can be prevented by proper handling and maintenance inspections, but in the event of a breakdown, please take a remedial action following the diagnosis based on the Engine Troubleshooting (Table 6) information shown below and on the proceeding page. If the problem cannot be remedied, please leave the unit just as it is and consult our company's business office or service plant.

	TABLE 6. ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING					
SYMPTON	POSSIBLE PROBLEM	SOLUTION				
	Speed control lever is in "STOP" position?	Set speed control lever to "START" position.				
	Defective fuel pump?	Replace fuel pump.				
	Fuel filter clogged?	Replace fuel filter and clean tank.				
Engine will not start or start is	Faulty fuel supply line?	Replace or repair fuel line.				
delayed, although engine can be turned over.	Compression too low?	Check piston, cylinder and valves. Adjust or repair per engine repair manual.				
	Oil pressure too low?	Check engine oil pressure.				
	Low starting temperature limit exceeded	Comply with cold starting instructions and proper oil viscosity.				
	Defective battery?	Charge or replace battery.				
At low temperatures engine will	Engine oil too thick?	Refill engine crankcase with correct type of oil for winter environment.				
not start.	Defective battery?	Replace battery.				
	Throttle lever in STOP position?	Reposition throttle lever to RUN position.				
Engine fires but stops soon as	Fuel filter blocked?	Replace fuel filter.				
starter is switched off.	Fuel supply blocked?	Check the entire fuel system.				
N.	Electrical problem at fuel solenoid?	Repair using #7 wire.				
	Fuel tank empty?	Add fuel.				
Engine stops by itself during	Fuel filter blocked?	Replace fuel filter.				
normal operation.	Defective fuel pump?	Replace fuel pump.				
OIS .	Mechanical oil pressure shutdown sensor stops the engine due to low oil?	Add oil. Replace low oil shutdown sensor if necessary.				



For more detail troubleshooting methods, refer to **NISSAN** Operation and Maintenance manual supplied with your pump.

ENGINETROUBLESHOOTING

	TABLE 6. ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING (CO	ONTINUED)	
SYMPTON	POSSIBLE PROBLEM	SOLUTION	
	Fuel tank empty?	Replace fuel filter.	
Low engine power, output and speed.	Fuel filter clogged?	Replace fuel filter.	
	Fuel tank venting is inadequate?	Ensure that tank is adequately vented.	
	Leaks at pipe unions?	Check threaded pipe unions tape and tighten unions a required.	
	Engine oil level too full?	Correct engine oil level?	
Low engine power output and	Air filter blocked?	Clean or replace air filter.	
low speed, black exhaust smoke.	Incorrect valve clearances?	Adjust valves per engine specification.	
	Insufficient coolant?	Replenish.	
	Loose fan belt?	Adjust fan belt.	
	Worn or oiled belt?	Replace belt.	
	Inoperative thermostat?	Replace thermostat.	
Overheating	Worn water pump?	Replace water pump.	
Overheating	Clogged or leaky radiator?	Flush, repair or replace radiator.	
	Faulty radiator filler cap?	Replace radiator cap.	
	Air in cooling system?	Retighten each part of cooling system.	
	Incorrect engine timing?	Adjust timing.	
	Improper governor adjustment?	Adjust governor to the specified conditions.	



For more detail troubleshooting methods, refer to **NISSAN** Operation and Maintenance manual supplied with your pump.

N	OIE9
	50
10	
400	
No.	
10	

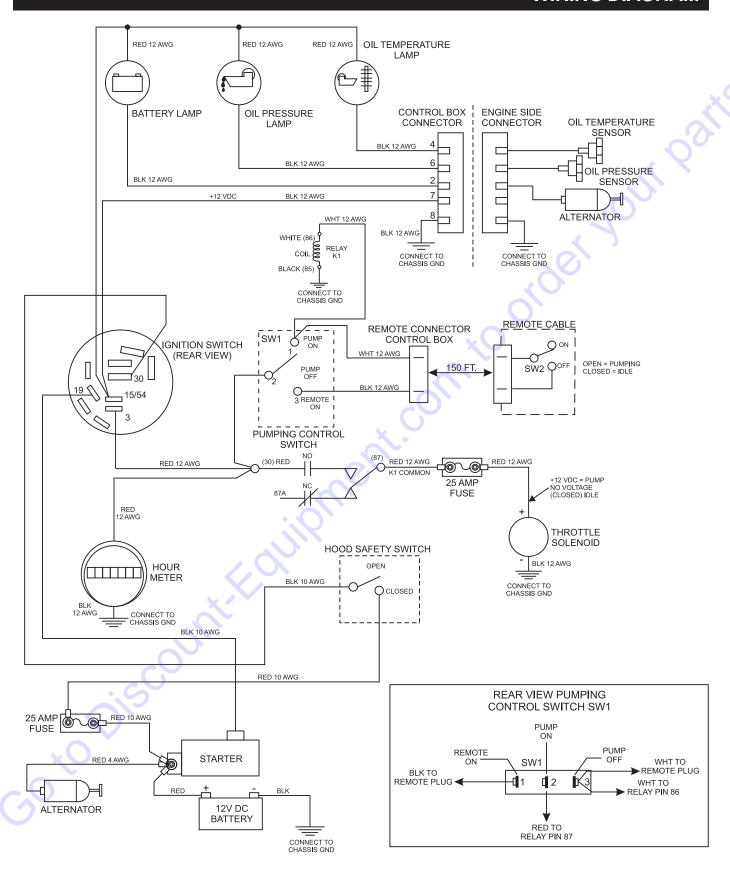


Figure 32. Wiring Diagram

PARTS FINDER Search Website Search Website Search Website Search Website







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We sell worldwide for the brands: Genie, Terex, JLG, MultiQuip, Mikasa, Essick, Whiteman, Mayco, Toro Stone, Diamond Products, Generac Magnum, Airman, Haulotte, Barreto, Power Blanket, Nifty Lift, Atlas Copco, Chicago Pneumatic, Allmand, Miller Curber, Skyjack, Lull, Skytrak, Tsurumi, Husquvarna Target, Stow, Wacker, Sakai, Mi-T-M, Sullair, Basic, Dynapac, MBW, Weber, Bartell, Bennar Newman, Haulotte, Ditch Runner, Menegotti, Morrison, Contec, Buddy, Crown, Edco, Wyco, Bomag, Laymor, EZ Trench, Bil-Jax, F.S. Curtis, Gehl Pavers, Heli, Honda, ICS/PowerGrit, IHI, Partner, Imer, Clipper, MMD, Koshin, Rice, CH&E, General Equipment, Amida, Coleman, NAC, Gradall, Square Shooter, Kent, Stanley, Tamco, Toku, Hatz, Kohler, Robin, Wisconsin, Northrock, Oztec, Toker TK, Rol-Air, APT, Wylie, Ingersoll Rand / Doosan, Innovatech, Con X, Ammann, Mecalac, Makinex, Smith Surface Prep,Small Line, Wanco, Yanmar

WIRING DIAGRAM (TAIL LIGHTS)

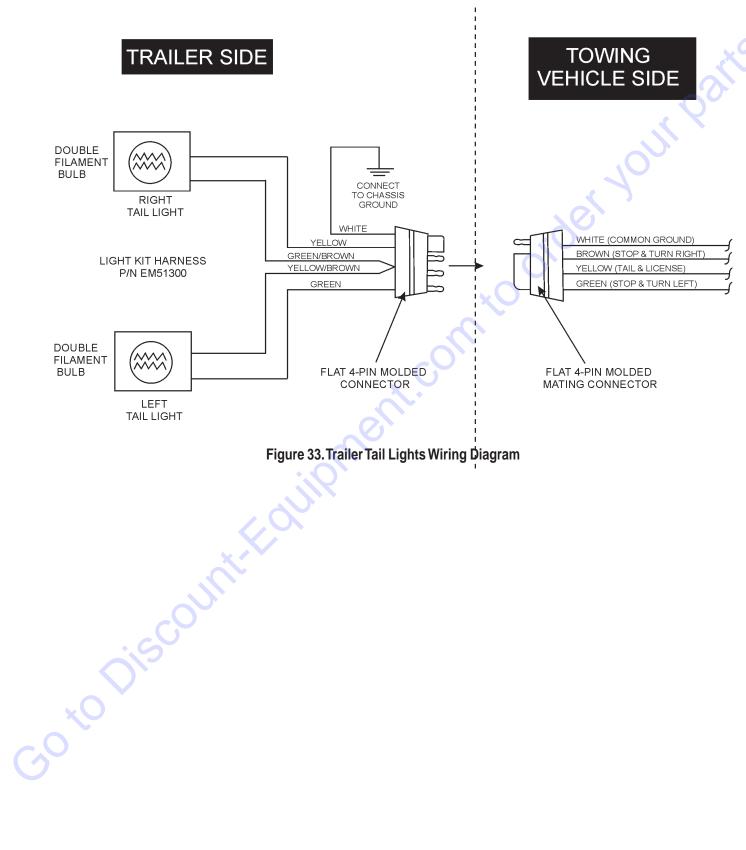


Figure 33. Trailer Tail Lights Wiring Diagram

APPENDIX — SLUMPTEST PROCEDURE

- To obtain a representative sample (concrete), take several samples at three or more regular intervals throughout the discharge of the mixer or truck. **DO NOT** take samples at the beginning or end of the discharge.
- Dampen the inside of the cone and place it on a smooth, moist, nonabsorbent, level surface large enough to accommodate both the slumped concrete and the slump cone. Stand on the "foot pieces" throughout the test procedure to hold the cone firmly in place.
- 3. Fill the cone 1/3 full by volume (Figure 34-A) and rod 25 times with a 1/2" dia x 24" lg. bullet-pointed steel rod. (This is a specific requirement which will produce non-standard results unless followed exactly.) Distribute rodding evenly over the entire cross section of the sample.
- 4. Fill cone another 1/3 (Figure 34-B) which will make the cone 2/3 full by volume. Rod this second layer 25 times with the rod penetrating into, but not through, the first layer. Distribute rodding evenly over the entire cross section of the layer.
- Fill cone to overflowing (Figure 34-C). Rod this layer 25 times with rod penetrating into but not through, the second layer. Distribute rodding evenly over the entire cross section of this layer.
- Remove the excess concrete (Figure 34-D) from the top of the cone, using the tamping rod as a screed.
- Lift the cone vertically (Figure 34-E) with a slow even motion.
 DO NOT jar the concrete or tilt the cone during this process.
 (Invert the withdrawn cone, and place it next to, but not touching the slumped concrete.
- 8. Lay a straight edge (Figure 34-F) across the top of the slumped cone. Measure the amount of slump in inches from the bottom of the straight edge to the top of the slumped concrete at a point over the original center of the base. The slump operation must be complete in a maximum elapsed time of 1-1/2 minutes. Discard the concrete. **DO NOT** use it in any other tests.

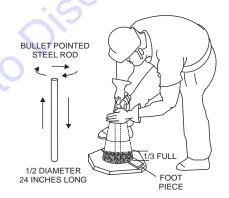


Figure 34-A. Slump Test (1/3 Full)



Figure 34-B. Slump Test (2/3 Full)



Figure 34-C. Slump Test (Full-Overflow)



Figure 34-D. Slump Test (Removing Excess Concrete)

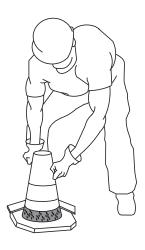


Figure 34-E. Slump Test (Cone Invert)



Figure 34-F. Slump Test (Measurement)

APPENDIX — CONCRETE MIX INFORMATION

The following information has been extracted from actual testing laboratory reports. The purpose of this printing is only to help create a better understanding of the importance of uniform gradation and proportioning of materials which affect pumpability of concrete mixes. These weights and proportions illustrate that when the sieve analysis is ideal, the sand/rock ratio can be adjusted (65% sand 35% rock) and pumpability should be excellent.

Sieve analysis-percent passing

(65% sand 35% rock) and pump	65% sand 35% rock) and pumpability should be excellent.									
EXAMPLE #1 (A California Test L	XAMPLE #1 (A California Test Lab. Report)									
JOB: Building Foundations (Water Project)										
Sacks per cu./yd.	6.5 des	signed fo	r 2,500 ll	os. in 28	days					0
Gallons per sack	7.1									
Washed Sand-#200 wash	1.3									
Organic matter-OK									10	
Specific gravity (SSD) Sand-2.58; Pea Grav				2.60				1		
								(O)		
							16)		
Sieve analysis-percent passin	g						Ο,			
Material 1.5"	1"	3/4"	3/8"	#4	#8	#16	#30	#50	#100	#200
W.C. Sand			100	99.7	79.1	60.4	36.5	14.3	4.0	1.1
Pea Gravel			100	3.0						
i ca Glavei										

DESIGN FOR ONE YARD OF CONCRETE (SATURATED & SURFACE DRY):

Absolute volume of aggregate in one cu. yard: 17.78 cu. ft.

Specific gravity of aggregates in one cu. yard: 2.58 2850 lbs. Weight of aggregates in one cu. yard batch:

	<u>%</u>	<u>BATCH</u>	SPEC. GRAVITY	ABS.VOL.
W.C. Sand	65	1800	2.58	11.56
PEA GRAVEL	35	1000	2.60	6.22
WATER 46 gal.		1		
CEMENT 6.5 sk.		611		
TOTAL				27.00
4 D 4 4 1 4 T 1 D T				

ADMIXTURE: None 4" SLUMP

REMARKS This mix designed for pumping

NOTE: Due to the availability of well-graded sand as shown in the above sieve analysis,

this mix pumped very successfully.

APPENDIX — CONCRETE MIX INFORMATION

A.S.T.M. STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR GRADING AGGREGATE

SCREEN TYP	E U.S.	METRIC	PERCENTAGE PASSING BY WEIGHT
FINE AGGR	EGATE: Referred to as	washed concrete sa	nd.
3/8"	3/8"	9.50 mm	100%
#4	4,760 microns	4.76 mm	95 to 100%
#8	2,380 microns	2.38 mm	80 to 100%
#16	1,190 microns	1.19 mm	50 to 85%
#30	590 microns	.59 mm	50 to 85 %
#50	297 microns	297μm	10 to 30%
#100	149 microns	149μm	2 to 10%
3/8 (9.51 mn or Gravel or	n) PEA GRAVEL AGGRE 1/2" minus (12.7 mm) si	EGATE: Referenced ze	I to as #4 Rock
1/2"	1/2"	12.70 mm	100%
3/8"	3/8"	9.51 mm	85 to 100%
#4	4,760 microns	4.76 mm	10 to 30%
#8	2,380 micron	2.38 mm	0 to 10%
#16	1,190 microns	1.19 mm	0 to 5%

APPENDIX — CONCRETE MIX INFORMATION

Consolidated Rock Products Co., Division of Tests

3/8" Pea Gravel STANDARD PUMP MIXES (one-half inch minus)

NOTE: All weights shown are one cubic yard with S.S.D. aggregates.

CRP Mix Number	6004	6005	6006	60	07
Design Slump (in.)	6"	(15 cm) 6"	(15 cm)6"	(15 cm) 6"	(15 cm)
Cement, SACK.	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	
Cement, Lbs.	658	(298 kg) 658	(298 kg)658	(298 kg) 65	8 (298 kg)
w/Con Sand (1 lb.)	2031	(920 kg) 2982	(943 kg)1879	(851 kg) 19	43 (880 kg)
Gravel #4(9.51 mm)	677	(307 kg) 693	(314 kg)806	(365 kg) 83	2 (377 kg)
TOTAL AGGREGATE	2708	(1227 kg) 2775	(1257 kg)2685	(1216 kg) 27	75 (1257 kg)
ADMIXTURE					
Pozzolight 311-1 lb.	1.4	(.63 kg) 1.4	(.63 kg)1.4	(.63 kg) —	
Water, Design (gals.)	50.0	(189 liters) 53.0	(200 liters)50.0	(189 liters) 53.	.9 (200 liters)
Mater, Max. (gals.)	50.0	(189 liters) 53.0	(200 liters)53.0	(200 liters) 53.	.0 (200 liters)

NOTE: Multiply above kilograms and liters by 1.308 to obtain the proportions for one cubic meter of concrete.

Consolidated Rock Products Co., Division of Tests

3/8" Pea Gravel STANDARD PUMP MIXES (one-half inch minus)

NOTE: All weights shown are one cubic yard with S.S.D. aggregates.

CRP Mix Number	6000	6001	6002	6003	
Design Slump (in.)	6"	(15 cm) 6"	(15 cm)6"	(15 cm) 6"	(15 cm)
Cement, SACK.	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	
Cement. Lbs.	611	(276 kg) 611	(276 kg)611	(276 kg) 611	(276 kg)
w/Con Sand (1.1 lb.)	2062	(934 kg) 2112	(957 kg)1924	(872 kg) 1971	(893 kg)
Gravel #4 (9.51mm)	687	(311 kg) 704	(319 kg)825	(374 kg) 845	(383 kg)
TOTAL AGGREGATE	2749	(1245 kg) 2816	(1276 kg)2749	(1245 kg) 2816	(1276 kg)
ADMIXTURE	J				
Pozzolight 311-1.3lb.	1.3	(.59 kg) 1.3	(.59)		
Water, Design (gals.)	50.0	(189 liters) 53.0	(200 liters)50.0	(189 liters) 53.9	(200 liters)
Mater, Max. (gals.)	50.0	(189 liters) 53.0	(200 liters)53.0	(200 liters) 53.0	(200 liters)

NOTE: Multiply above kilograms and liters by 1.308 to obtain the proportions for one cubic meter of concrete.

APPENDIX — RECOMMENDED SHOTCRETE SYSTEM

RECOMMENDED SHOTCRETE SYSTEM

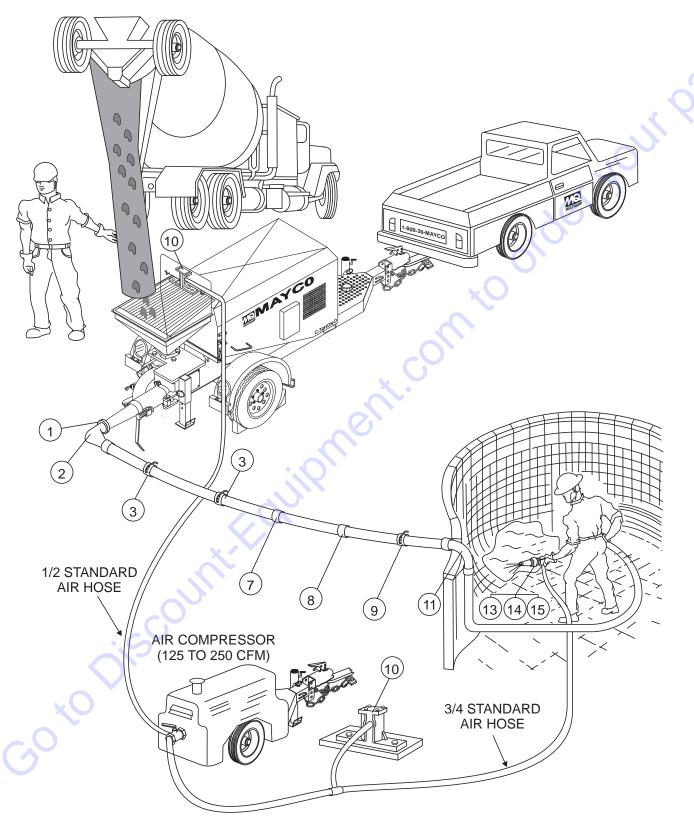


Figure 35. Shotcrete System

APPENDIX — RECOMMENDED SHOTCRETE SYSTEM

RECOMMENDED SHOTCRETE SYSTEM

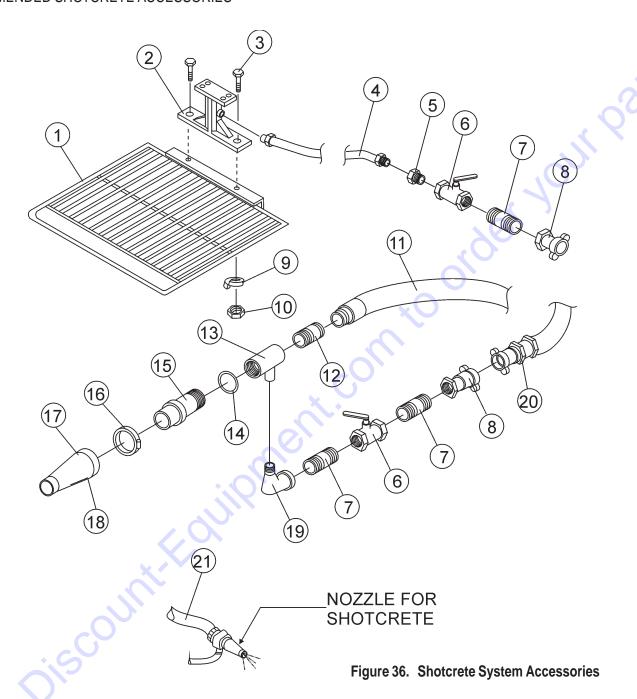
<u>NO.</u> 1	PART NO. PART NAME EM28904 3" "B" COUPLING	QTY.	REMARKS
2	EM239463"-90° ELBOW		×5
3	EM289032 1/2" S/J COUPLING		
4	EM28005DD 3"X 2 1/2 REDUCER		.00
5	EM28061 2 1/2"X 10FT. PIPE		. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6	EM24849 2 1/2"X 50FT. HOSE		
7	EM28001DD 2 1/2"X 2" REDUCER		10
8	EM23815D 2 1/2"X 2" REDUCER		
	W/AIR VIBRATOR		
9	EM289022" S/J COUPLING		40
10	EM23101 AIR VIBRATOR		
11	EM281312"X 2 ELBOW		
12	EM248412"X 25 FT. HOSE		
13	EM23808D NOZZLE ASSEMBLY		
14	EM23806 1 3/8" NOZZLE TIP		
15	EM23807 1 1/4" NOZZLE TIP		

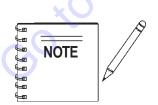
General recommendations

- If the site will permit, use steel pipe from the pump to the pool perimeter. It will reduce line pressures which is highly recommended.
- The vibrator on the reducer by the pool improves pumpability.
- Turn both air vibrators off whenever the pump is stopped to prevent separation of mix.
- The air vibrators are low consumption (4.2 scfm).
- Leave the air on at the nozzle when the pump is stopped to prevent clogging of air the hoses in the air insert.
- Use item #11 (steel elbow) at the edge of the pool to prevent collapse of the rubber hose, which can cause blockage.

APPENDIX — RECOMMENDED SHOTCRETE ACCESSORIES

RECOMMENDED SHOTCRETE ACCESSORIES





Use a 1-3/8" rubber nozzle tip for a wide spray pattern. Use a 1-1/4" rubber nozzle tip for a narrow spray pattern. **DO NOT INSTALLTHE NOZZLE ATTHE END OF THE HOSE UNTIL THE FIRST MATERIAL HAS PASSED THROUGH THE ENTIRE HOSE LENGTH.**

Disassemble and clean the nozzle assembly thoroughly after each job. Grease all threads before reassembly. **DO NOT** close the air valve when pumping is stopped as a continued air flow keeps the air passages clean.

APPENDIX — RECOMMENDED SHOTCRETE ACCESSORIES

RECOMMENDED SHOTCRETE ACCESSORIES

NO. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12* 13* 14* 15* 16* 17* 18* 19* 20 21	PART NO. EM26107 EM26107 EM231011 EM132 EM23407 EM23408 EM23411 EM912073 EM23409 EM923346 EM406 EM23818 EM24841 EM23845 EM23802 EM23803 EM20816 EM23804 EM23805 EM23807 EM911076 EM23808	PART NAME HOPPER SCREEN AIR VIBRATOR BOLT, 1/2-13X2 AIR HOSE BUSHING VALVE NIPPLE COUPLING WASHER, 1/2 LOCK NUT, HEX 1/2-13 2"X25' GROOVED HOSE 2"X25' RAISED HOSE 2"X25' GROOVED HOSE ADAPTER GUN BODY "O" RING AIR INSERT NOZZLE CLAMP NOZZLE TIP, 1-3/8" NOZZLE TIP, 1-1/4" STREET ELBOW AIR HOSE NOZZLE ASSEMBLY		NOT SUPPLIED BY N INCLUDES. ITEMS W	
GOX		30HDZ PUMP — OPERATION A	ND PARTS MAN	UAL — REV. #12 (04/03/	12) — PAC

EXPLANATION OF CODE IN REMARKS COLUMN

The following section explains the different symbols and remarks used in the Parts section of this manual. Use the help numbers found on the back page of the manual if there are any questions.

NOTICE

The contents and part numbers listed in the parts section are subject to change **without notice**. Multiquip does not guarantee the availability of the parts listed.

SAMPLE PARTS LIST

<u>NO.</u>	<u>PART NO.</u>	PART NAME	<u>QTY.</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
1	12345	BOLT	1	.INCLUDES ITEMS W/%
2%		WASHER, 1/4	IN	.NOT SOLD SEPARATELY
2%	12347	WASHER, 3/8	IN1	.MQ-45T ONLY
3	12348	HOSE	A/R	.MAKE LOCALLY
4	12349	BEARING	1	.S/N 2345B AND ABOVE

NO. Column

Unique Symbols — All items with same unique symbol

(@, #, +, %, or >) in the number column belong to the same assembly or kit, which is indicated by a note in the "Remarks" column.

Duplicate Item Numbers — Duplicate numbers indicate multiple part numbers, which are in effect for the same general item, such as different size saw blade guards in use or a part that has been updated on newer versions of the same machine.

NOTICE

When ordering a part that has more than one item number listed, check the remarks column for help in determining the proper part to order.

PART NO. Column

Numbers Used — Part numbers can be indicated by a number, a blank entry, or TBD.

TBD (To Be Determined) is generally used to show a part that has not been assigned a formal part number at the time of publication.

A blank entry generally indicates that the item is not sold separately or is not sold by Multiquip. Other entries will be clarified in the "Remarks" Column.

QTY. Column

Numbers Used — Item quantity can be indicated by a number, a blank entry, or A/R.

A/R (As Required) is generally used for hoses or other parts that are sold in bulk and cut to length.

A blank entry generally indicates that the item is not sold separately. Other entries will be clarified in the "Remarks" Column.

REMARKS Column

Some of the most common notes found in the "Remarks" Column are listed below. Other additional notes needed to describe the item can also be shown.

Assembly/Kit — All items on the parts list with the same unique symbol will be included when this item is purchased.

Indicated by:

"INCLUDES ITEMS W/(unique symbol)"

Serial Number Break — Used to list an effective serial number range where a particular part is used.

Indicated by:

"S/N XXXXX AND BELOW"

"S/N XXXX AND ABOVE"

"S/N XXXX TO S/N XXX"

Specific Model Number Use — Indicates that the part is used only with the specific model number or model number variant listed. It can also be used to show a part is NOT used on a specific model or model number variant.

Indicated by:

"XXXXX ONLY"

"NOT USED ON XXXX"

"Make/Obtain Locally" — Indicates that the part can be purchased at any hardware shop or made out of available items. Examples include battery cables, shims, and certain washers and nuts.

"Not Sold Separately" — Indicates that an item cannot be purchased as a separate item and is either part of an assembly/kit that can be purchased, or is not available for sale through Multiquip.

SUGGESTED SPARE PARTS

C30HDZ CONCRETE PUMP W/ SYSTEM 1 Units C30HDZ CONCRETE PUMP W/ SYSTEM 3 Units

<u>P/N</u>	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	P/N	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
EM14904	PISTON CUP KITS	6	EM14904	PISTON CUP KITS	10
EM18804	4 1/2" STEEL BALL	4	EM18804	4 1/2" STEEL	10
EM14818	4" STEEL BALL	4	EM14818	4" STEEL BALL	10
EM14903	BALL STOP PIN KIT	6	EM14903	BALL STOP PIN KITS	12
EM18801	0-RING MANIFOLD	10	EM18801	MANIFOLD O-RINGS	25
EM14308	CHAIN	1	EM14308	CHAINS	3
EM26313	HALF LINK	2	EM26313	HALF LINK	10
EM26314	MASTER LINK	2	EM26314	MASTER LINK	10
EM14334	COMPENSATOR SPRING	1	EM14334	COMPENSATOR SPRING	2
EM14408	BRONZE RING	2	EM14408	BRONZE RING	4
EM903092	CAM ROLLER BEARING	2	EM903092	CAM ROLLER BEARING	2
EM14315	V-BELT	2	EM14315	V-BELT	6
EM14842	LOWER SEAT	2	EM14842	LOWER SEAT	6
EM14843	UPPER SEAT	2	EM14843	UPPER SEAT	6
EM26310	CLUTCH LINING	2	EM26310	CLUTCH LINING	3
EM18409	O-RING	10	EM18409	O-RING	20
EM20763	FUEL FILTER	2	EM20763	FUEL FILTER	6
EM20328TKIT	BEARING KIT	2	EM20328TKIT	BEARING KIT	2
EM28004DD	REDUCER 3" X 2"	1	EM28004DD	REDUCER 3" x 2"	2
EM23946	3" ELBOW	1	EM23946	3" ELBOW	2
EM28904	3" CLAMP	2	EM28904	3" CLAMP	4
EM289041	3" GASKETS	4	EM289041	3" GASKET	10
EM14159	HOPPER SCREEN	1	EM14159	HOPPER SCREEN	2
			EM14300	CAM	1
			EM14801	T-MANIFOLD	1
		.	EM14819	Y-MANIFOLD	1
	/ .O		EM14335	PISTON ROD	2
			EM26788	REMOTE SWITCH	1
	X/V		EM903176	CONN. ROD BEARING	1



Part number on this Suggested Spare Parts List may super cede/ replace the P/N shown in the text pages of this book. EM14807

EM18800

EM14320

PUMP CYLINDER

CLUTCH

COMPENSATOR CYLINDER

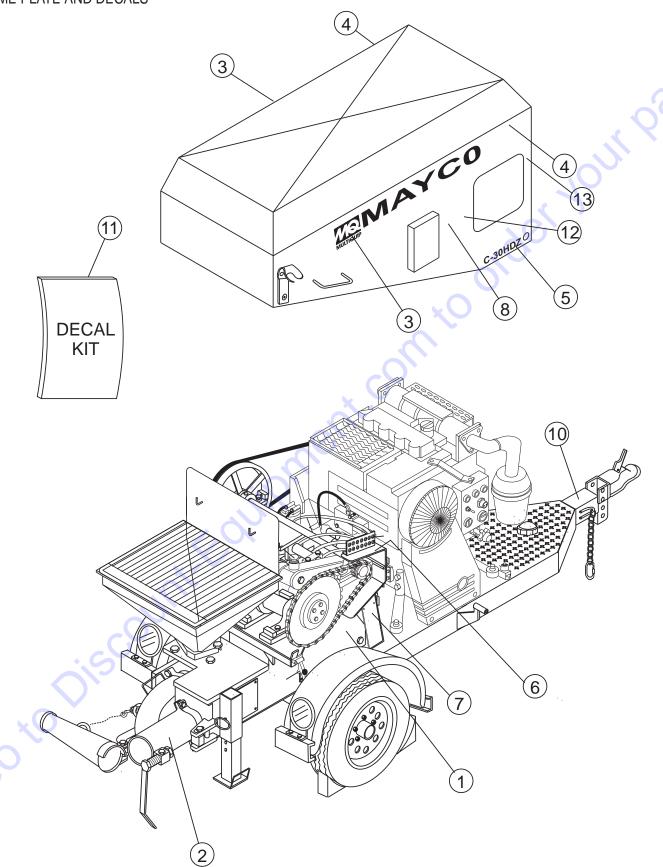
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NAMEPLATE AND DECALS

NAME PLATE AND DECALS

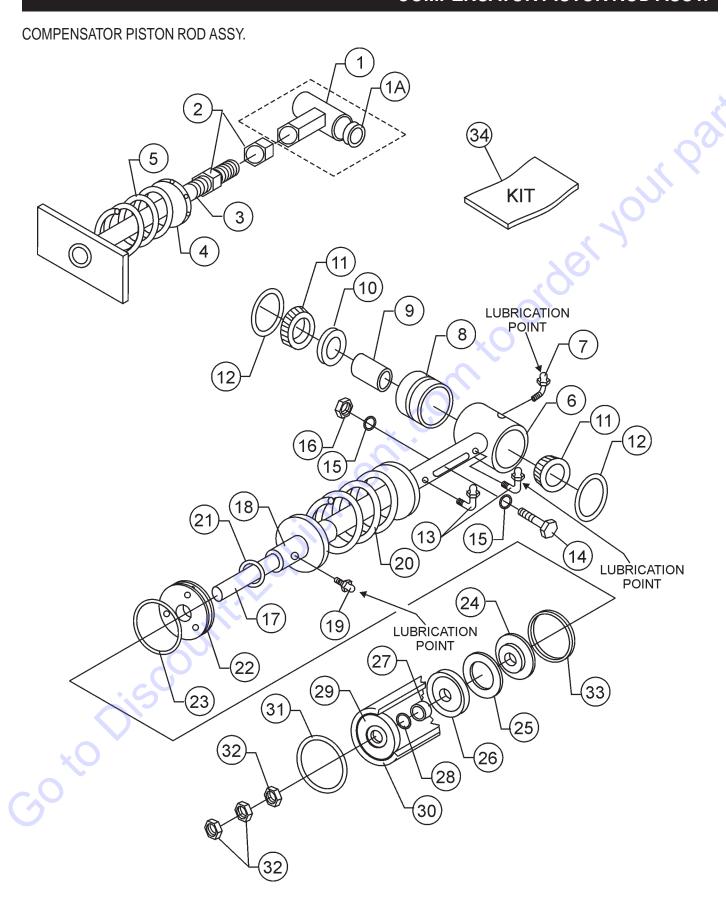


NAMEPLATE AND DECALS

NAME PLATE AND DECALS

NC 1* 2* 3* 4* 5 6* 7 8* 9* 10 11 12	: : : : *	PART NO DCL152 EM932 EM1028 508594 EM513119 EM513165 513163 34536 TBD DCLC30HDNIKIT EM514187 35137	PART NAME DECAL, CAUTION OIL LEVEL DECAL, CAUTION, MANIFOLD DECAL, MULTIQUIP MAYCO DECAL, CAUTION READ MANUAL DECAL, C30HDZ DECAL, MAINTENANCE DECAL, NAME PLATE DECAL, CONTROL PANEL DECAL, OWNER'S MANUAL DECAL, DIESEL FUEL ONLY KIT, DECAL DECAL, REFER TO MANUAL DECAL, READ MANUAL	1 1 1	REMARKS CONTACT PARTS DEPT INCLUDES ITEMS W/*
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COMPENSATOR PISTON ROD ASSY.



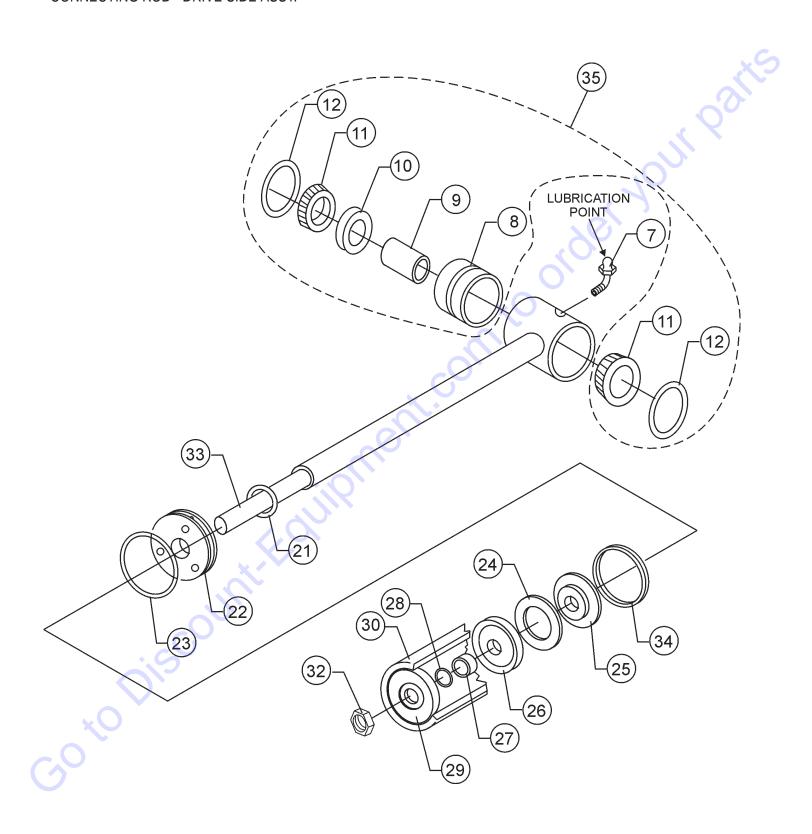
COMPENSATOR PISTON ROD ASSY.

COMPENSATOR PISTON ROD ASSY.

NO.	PART NO.	PART NAME	QTY.	<u>REMARKS</u>
1	EM14805		1	INCLUDES ITEMS W/+
1A+	EM148053	BUSHING	1	
2	EM968446	NUT HEX, 3/4"-10 GR5	2	
3	EM14332	ROD SPRING GUIDE 3/4"	1	
4	EM14331	SPRING BACKING PLATE	1	
5	EM14333	SPRING RETURN	1	
6	EM14806	PISTON GUIDE ASSY.	1	
7	EM505490	FITTING	1	. (
8*	EM903163	BEARING CUP	1	
9*	EM20814	BEARING BUSHING	1	4
10*	EM20813	SPACER	1	
11*	EM903162	BEARING CONE	2	
12*	EM20816	O-RING	2	(0,
13	EM916001	FITTING	2	0,
14	EM510266	SCREW, HHC 1/2-13X3	1	
15	EM621	WASHER	2	XO
16	492584	NUT LOCK 1/2" DIA.	1	
17	EM14335	PISTON ROD	1 🕥	
18	EM14336	PISTON GUIDE	1	
19	EM505489	FITTING		
20	EM14334	COMPENSATOR SPRING X	. 1	
21	EM18409	O-RING	1	
22	EM98032	PLATE, OILER	1	
23	EM14407	O-RING, OILER PLATE	1	
24	EM14410	RING & FELT HOLDER	1	
25	EM14408	BRONZE RING	1	
26	EM14411	PISTON CUP-BLACK	1	
26	EM98051	PISTON CUP-ORANGE	1	
27	EM14412	BUSHING 1 1/4 CRS	1	
28	EM18409	O-RING 1"	2	
29	EM14413	FACE PLATE	1	
30	EM18800HD	PUMPING CYLINDER	1	2-1/2" LIP SLEEVE
31	EM26525	O-RING, CYLINDER BOX	1	
32	EM968446	NUT HEX, 3/4-10	3	
33	EM16493	FELT RING	1	
34	EM148053	BUSHING	1	
35	EM20328TKIT	BEARING KIT	1	INCLUDES ITEMS W/*

C-30HDN PUMP — CONNECTING ROD - DRIVE SIDE ASSY.

CONNECTING ROD - DRIVE SIDE ASSY.

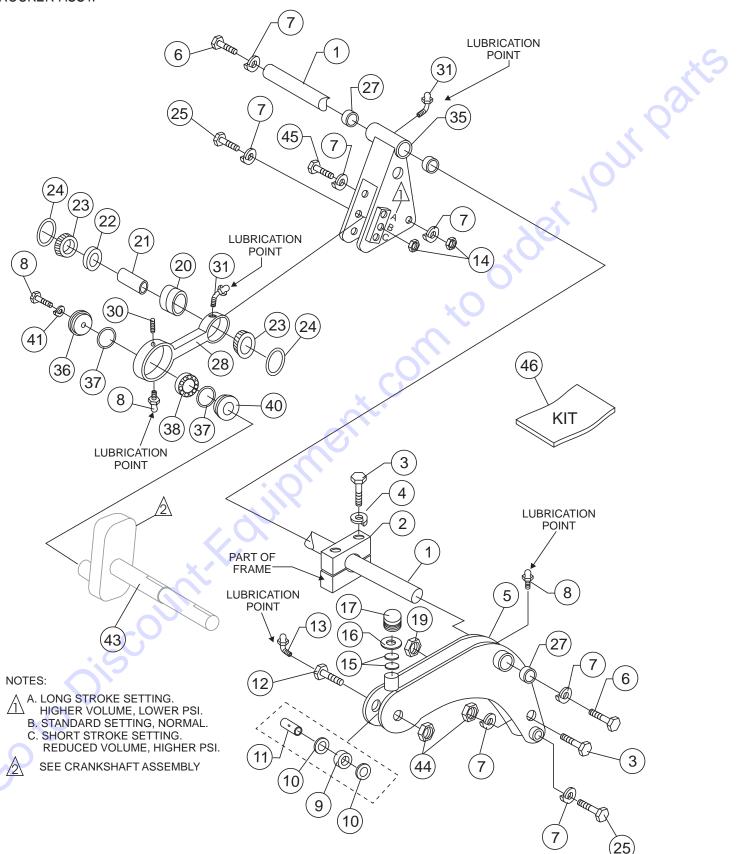


C-30HDN PUMP — CONNECTING ROD - DRIVE SIDE ASSY.

CONNECTING ROD - DRIVE SIDE ASSY.

NO. 7 8* 9* 10* 11* 12* 21 22 23 24 25 26 26 27 28 29 30 32 33 34 35	PART NO. EM505490 EM903163 EM20814 EM20813 EM903162 EM20816 EM18409 EM98032 EM14407 EM14408 EM14410 EM14411 EM98051 EM14412 EM18409 EM14413 EM14807HD EM968446 EM14808 EM16493 EM20328TKIT	PART NAME FITTING BEARING CUP BEARING BUSHING SPACER BEARING CONE O-RING O-RING PLATE, OILER O-RING, OILER PLATE BRONZE RING RING AND FELT HOLDER PISTON CUP-BLACK PISTON CUP-ORANGE BUSHING 1 1/4 CRS O-RING 1" FACE PLATE CONCRETE CYLINDER NUT HEX, 3/4-10 PISTON ROD ASSY. FELT RING BEARING KIT	QTY. 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3-3/4 IN. LIP SLEEVE INCLUDES ITEMS W/*
Co				
	MAYCO C30HDZ F	PUMP — OPERATION AND PAR	TS MANUAL	— REV. #12 (04/03/12) — P/

ROCKER ASSY.

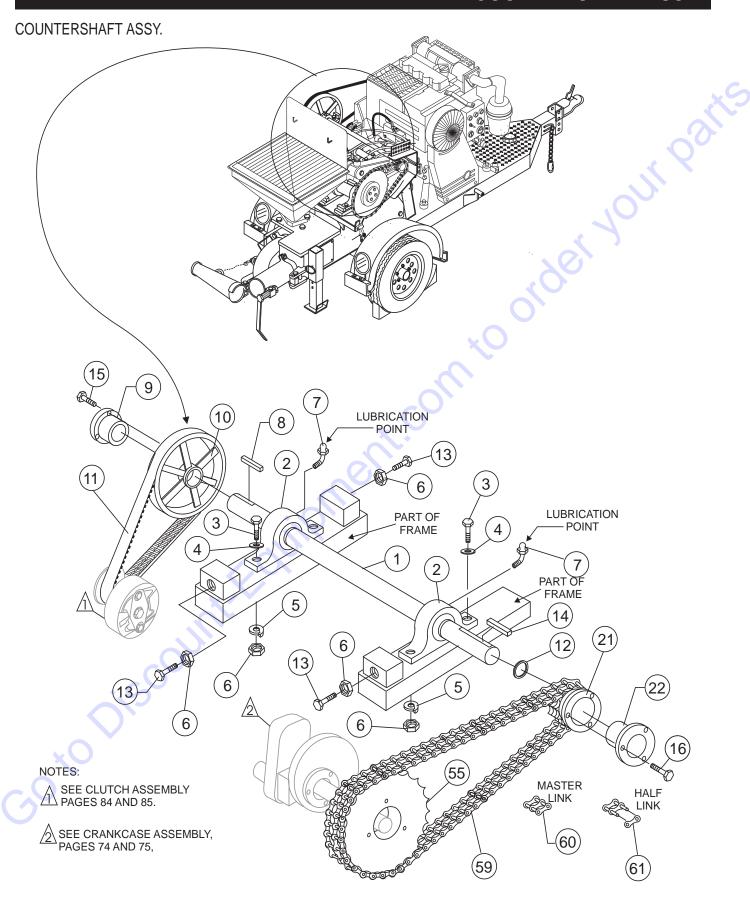


ROCKER ASSY.

ROCKER ASSY.

NO.	PART NO.	PART NAME	QTY.	REMARKS
1	EM14329	SHAFT ROCKER ARM	1	
2	EM14116	JOURNAL BLOCK	1	
3	EM963180	SCREW, HHC 3/4"-10X5	2	
4	EM923350	WASHER LOCK 3/4" SPRING STEEL	2	
5	EM14846	CAM ROCKER ARM	1	INCLUDES ITEMS W/+
6	EM133	BOLT 1"-14X2" HEX HEAD	1	
7	EM603	WASHER 1"LOCK	1	
8	EM916001	ZERK FITTING	1	
9	EM903092	BEARING ASSY.	1	
10	EM20347	BEARING SPACER	2	
11	EM402434	BEARING BUSHING	1	
12	EM20344	SPECIAL BOLT	1	
13	EM916001	ZERK FITTING	1	()
14	EM417	NUT FLEX LOCK	1 (
15	EM402456	OILER FELT	2	
16	EM923157	WASHER, FLAT 5/8"	x1)	
17	EM20349	OILER PLUG, PLASTIC	1	
19	EM969038	NUT STOP REG. 3/4"-10	1	
20%	EM903163	BEARING CUP	1	
21%	EM20814	BEARING BUSHING	1	
22%	EM20813	SPACER	1	
23%	EM903162	BEARING CONE	2	
24%	EM20816	O-RING	2	
25	EM105	BOLT 1"-14X6" HEX HEAD	1	
27#+	EM203262	BRONZE BUSHING	4	
28	EM20364	CONNECTING ROD	1	
30	EM702	SCREW ALLEN HEAD 3/8"-16X3/4"	1	
31	EM505490	ZERK FITTING	1	
35	EM14328	ROCKER ARM ASSY	1	INCLUDES ITEM W/#
36	EM402996	SEAL PLATE	1	
37	EM20336	O-RING	1	
38	EM903176	BEARING	1	
40	EM20338	SPACER	1	
41	EM923348	WASHER LOCK 5/8	1	
42	EM503982	BOLT 1/2-13X5	1	
43	EM98043	FORGED CRANKSHAFT	1	INCLUDES ITEM W/*
44	EM417	NUT, LOCK 3/4"-10	2	
45	EM202	BOLT, HEX 1-8 X 6 LG.	1	
46	EM20328TKIT	BEARING KIT	1	INCLUDES ITEMS W/%

COUNTER-SHAFT ASSY.

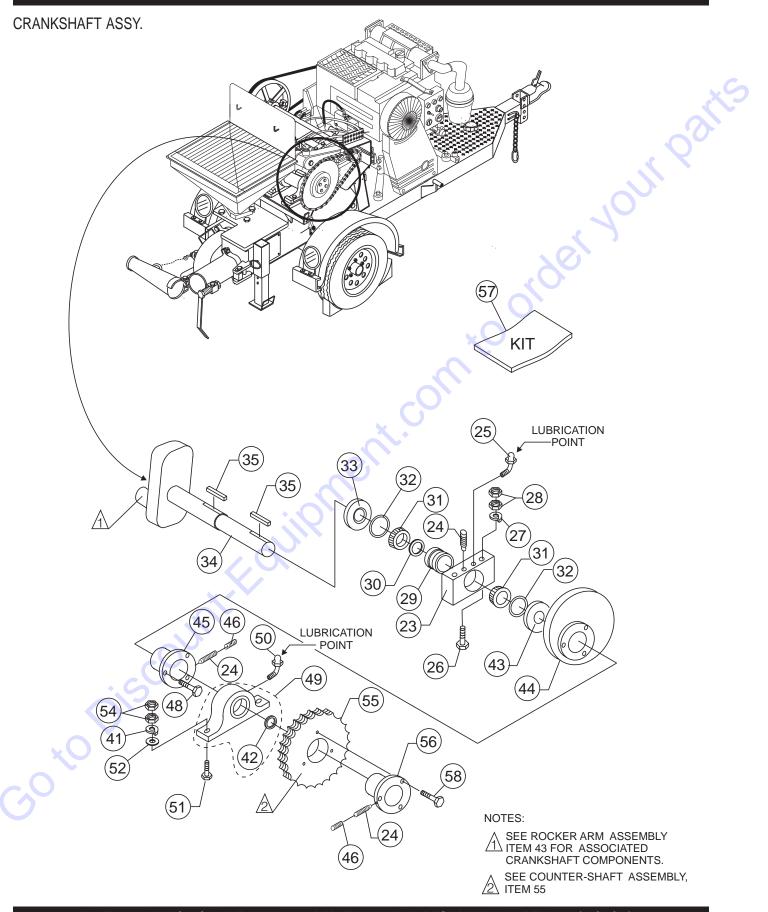


COUNTER-SHAFT ASSY.

COUNTER-SHAFT ASSY.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 21 22 55 59 60 61	EM513073 EM14311 EM124 EM621 EM923346 EM968011 EM916001 EM14316 EM14313 EM14315 EM14317 EM123 EM14317 EM123 EM161 EM14318 EM14319 EM14307 EM14307 EM14308 EM26314 EM26313	COUNTER SHAFT CAM BEARING BOLT HEX 1/2 X 13 X 4" WASHER WILLIAMS 1/2" WASHER, LOCK1/2" NUT HEX, 1/2-13 FITTING, GREASE KEY 3/8"X2.5" BUSHING, PULLEY PULLEY BELT, DOUBLE 90 INCHES SET COLLAR BOLT, SQUARE 1/2" - 13 X 2-1/2" KEY, 3/8" BOLT, HEX 3/8"- 16 X 1-1/4" BOLT, HEX 3/8" - 16 X 1" SPROCKET, 13 TOOTH BUSHING SPROCKET 60 TEETH CHAIN W/MASTER LINK LINK MASTER HALF LINK	1 2 4 4 7 2 1 1 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1	order
COX	MAYCO C30HDZ	PUMP — OPERATION AND PARTS MANUA	AL — REV. #	12 (04/03/12) —

CRANKSHAFT ASSY.

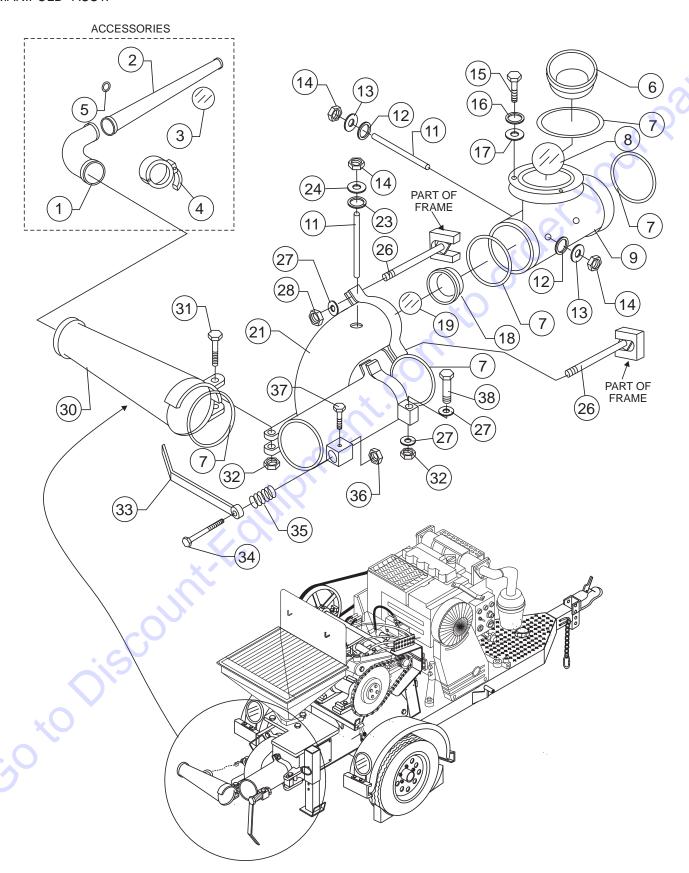


CRANKSHAFT ASSY.

CRANKSHAFT ASSY.

NO.	PART NO.	PART NAME	QTY.	REMARKS
23*	EM14303	BEARING BLOCK	1	
24*	EM702	SCREW, ALLEN HEAD 3/8-16X3/4	6	
25	EM505490	ZERK FITTING	1	
26	EM129	SCREW, HHC 3/4-10X8-1/2	2	
27	EM492628	LOCK WASHER 3/4	2	
28	EM968446	NUT HEX, 3/4-10 GR5	4	
29*	EM14324	CUP BEARING	1	
30*	EM14323	SPACER BEARING CONE	1	
31*	EM14325	CONE BEARING	2	
32*	EM14326	O-RING	2	
33*	EM14322	SPACER	1	
34*	EM98043	CRANKSHAFT, FORGED	1	ZO
35*	EM14306	KEY CRANKSHAFT	2	(()
38	EM903176	BEARING	1 (
40	EM402996	SEAL PLATE	1	
41	EM923348	WASHER, LOCK 5/8"	2	
42#	EM30139	SET COLLAR	1	
43*	EM14302	SPACER, CAM BUSHING	1	
44*	EM14300	CAM ASSY.	1	
45*	EM14301	BUSHING, CAM	1	
46*	EM703	SCREW ALLEN HEAD 3/8-16X3/8	6	
48*	EM175	BOLT 3/8-16X1-1/4	6	
49*	EM14304	BEARING-CAM COMPLETE	1	INCLUDES ITEM W/#
50*	EM916001	ZERK FITTING	1	
51	EM128	BOLT 5/8-11X4" HEX HEAD	2	
52	EM620	WASHER, SPECIAL 5/8"	2	
54	EM968013	NUT HEX 5/8-11	4	
55*	EM14307	SPROCKET 60 TEETH	1	
56*	EM14309	BUSHING	1	
57	EM98043K	CRANKSHAFT FORGE ASSEMBLY		INCLUDES ITEM W/*
58	492378	BOLT, HEX 3/8"-16 X 1-3/4"	3	

MANIFOLD ASSY.

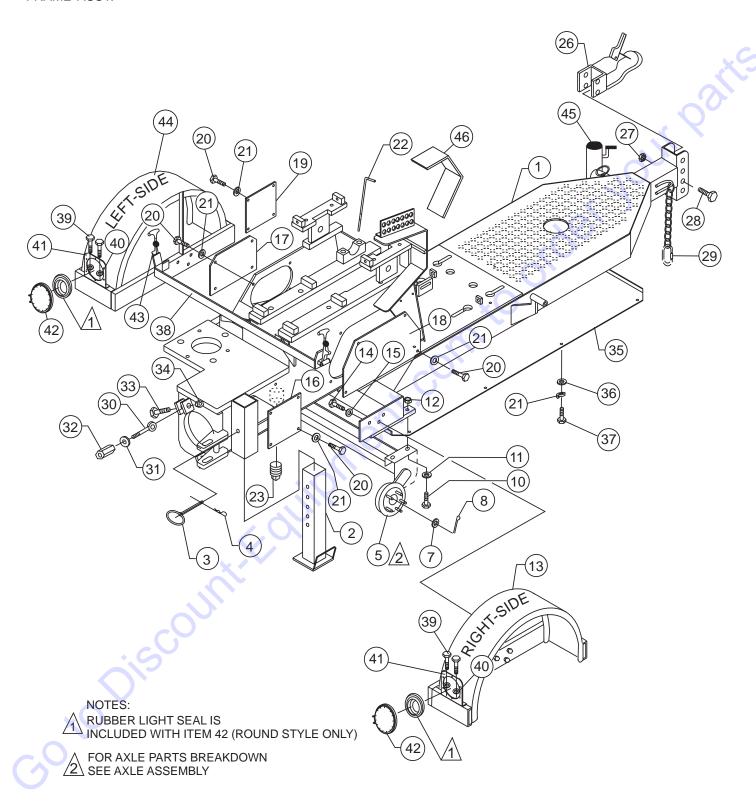


MANIFOLD ASSY.

MANIFOLD ASSY.

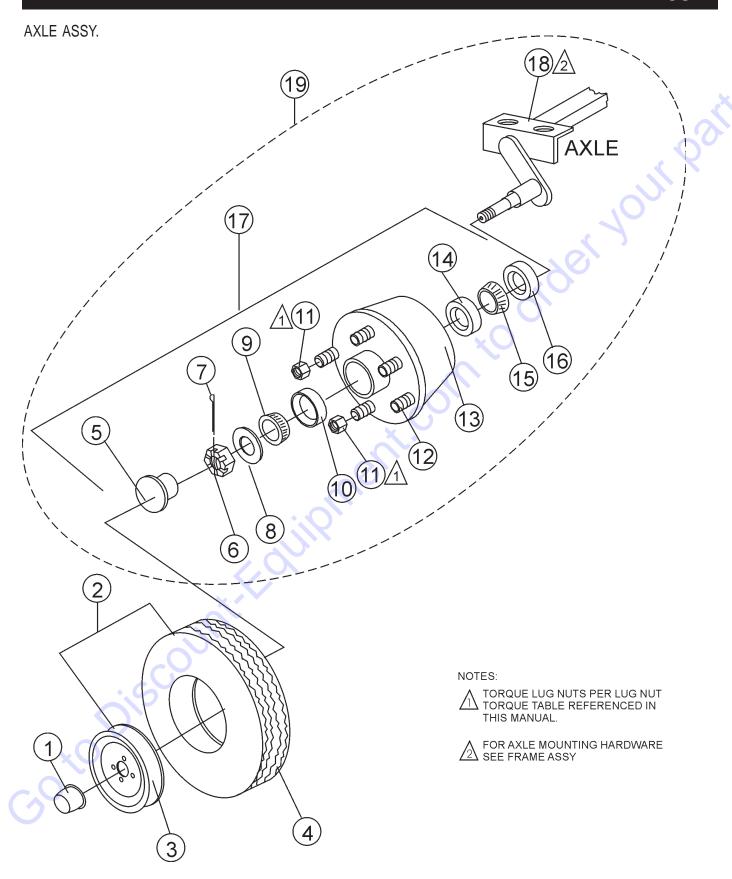
NO.	PART NO.	PART NAME	QTY.	REMARKS
1	EM23946	ELBOW 3"X90 DEG.HD	1	
2	EM28004DD	REDUCER 3X2X36 HD	1	
3	EM2C0B	BALL 2" SPONGE	2	
4	EM28904	COUPLING 3" HD *CF*	2	
5	EM18409	O-RING 1"	4	
6	EM14843	UPPER DURASEAT	1	
7	EM18801	O-RING	6	
8	EM18804	BALL 4-1/2"	1	
9	EM14801	MANIFOLD T ASSY.	1	
11	EM136	PIN BALL STOP 3/4-16 x 8	3	1
12	EM18409	O-RING	4	
13	EM618	WASHER SPECIAL	4	70
14	EM968266	NUT JAM HEX 3/4-16	4	(O)
15	EM104	BOLT 5/8-11X2" HEX HEAD	3	
16	EM923348	WASHER LOCK 5/8 SPRING	3	
17	EM505882	WASHER, 5/8	3	
18	EM14842	SEAT DURA LOWER	1	
19	EM14818	BALL 4"	1	
21	EM14819A	MANIFOLD ASSY. EASY OPEN	1	
23	EM18409	O-RING	2	
24	EM618	WASHER SPECIAL	2	
26	EM137	TEE-BOLT 3/4-10X14"	2	
27	EM619	WASHER 3/4"	2	
28	EM968446	NUT HEX 3/4"-10 GR5	2	
30	EM14850	EXHAUST GATE "H/D"	1	
31	EM963180	CAPSCREW 3/4-10X5 HEX HD G8	1	
32	EM969038	NUT STOP REG.3/4-10	2	
33	EM14845	ARM CLAMP	1	
34	EM135	BOLT 1-1/4" -12X7" HEX HD.	1	
35	EM14810	SPRING	1	
36	EM451	NUT 1-1/4" -12 LOCK	1	
37	EM160	BOLT 3/8-16X3/4"	1	
38	EM509329	SCREW HHC 3/4-10X6	1	

FRAME ASSY.



FRAME ASSY.

1 1 (/ (1/1)	L 71001.			
NO. 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 38 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	PART NO. EM513085 EM70186 EM744 EM745 EM14600A 501299 491689 EM492396 EM621 EM406 EM511418 981635 6109180 EM512251 EM512252 EM512253 EM512250 EM492309 0166 A EM512263 EM507895 29228 EM969023 EM507658 EM507658 EM509947 EM14165 EM619 EM968002 EM505121 EM969038 EM50788	PART NAME FRAME ASSEMBLY JACK STAND, REAR CLEVIS PIN 1/2" X 4" HAIR PIN C 5/8- 3/4" AXLE, ASSEMBLY WASHER THICK 1" KEY COTTER 1/8 X 2 SCREW HHC 1/2- 13 X 2 WASHER .5" NUT LOCK 1/2" DIA. FENDER RIGHT-SIDE BOLT, HHC 1/2- 13 X 3/4 WASHER LOCK 1/2" COVER COVER COVER COVER COVER COVER SCREW, HHC WASHER, LOCK 3/8" ROD PLUG, 2 1/2 NPT HITCH, TONGUE 2" NUT, HEX 5/8" NC SCREW, HHC 5/8" NC 4-1/2 G5 LINK, QUICK BOLT EYE WASHER 3/4" WILLIAM NUT COUPLING 3/4- 10 SCREW 3/4"- 10 X 3 GR.5 NUT STOP REG. 3/4- 10 COVER, CHASSIS BOTTOM	QTY. 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 4 4 4 1 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	REMARKS
33	EM505121	SCREW 3/4"- 10 X 3 GR.5	2	
37	EM492264	HHCS. 3/8" NC X 1"	8	
38 39	EM929028 492363	HOOD REST, STEEL SCREW HHC 5/16- 18 X 3/4"	2 4	
40	EM923343	WASHER LOCK 5/16"	4	
41	EM265361	BRACKET LIGHT, ROUND	2	BEFORE MARCH 2009
41 42	518570 EM26526	BRACKET LIGHT, SQUARE TAIL LIGHT, ROUND TAIL LIGHT, SQUARE	2	FROM MARCH 2009
42	EM26536 29242	TAIL LIGHT, ROUND		FROM MARCH 2009
43	491010	HOOD FASTENER, RUBBER	2	
44	EM513087	FENDER LEFT-SIDE	<u>-</u> 1	
45	25610	JACK STAND, FRONT	1	
46	EM513199	BRACKET, CLUTCH SAFETY	1	

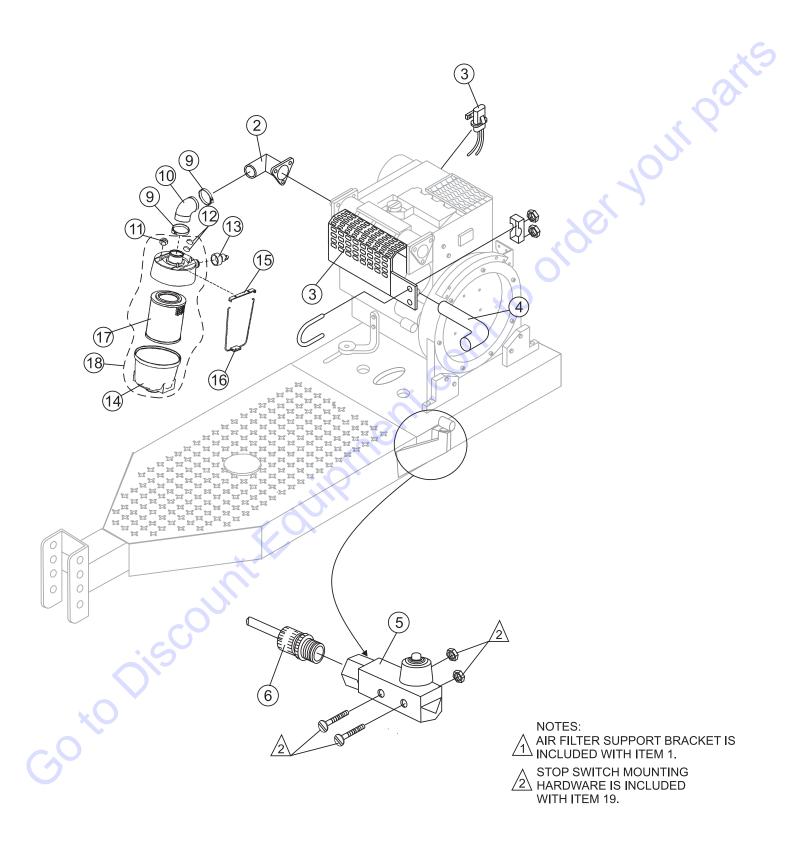


AXLE ASSY.

NO. 1 2 3* 4* 5# 6# 7 8# 9# 10# 11# 12# 13# 14# 15# 16# 17% 18% 19	EM26306 EM26615A EM26615A EM26615A EM26306 EM968481 EM705 EM26329 EM903113 EM903012 EM26519 EM20612 EM26300 EM903169 EM903168 EM26305 EM26305 EM26601 EM14600 EM14600A	PART NAME CAP 14" CHROME TIRE ASSY WHEEL TIRE 14" DUST COVER CASTLE NUT PIN, COTTER 3/16X1 1/2 WASHER OUTER BEARING OUTER CUP NUT STUD HUB INNER CUP INNER BEARING GREASE SEAL HUB ASSEMBLY AXLE AXLE WITH HUBS INSTALLED	2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2	CANNOT BE PURCHASED SEPARATELY CANNOT BE PURCHASED SEPARATELY INCLUDES ITEMS W/#
	MAYCO C30HDZ F		TS MANUAL	. — REV. #12 (04/03/12) — PAGE 79

MUFFLER, AIR FILTER, AND STOP SWITCH ASSY.

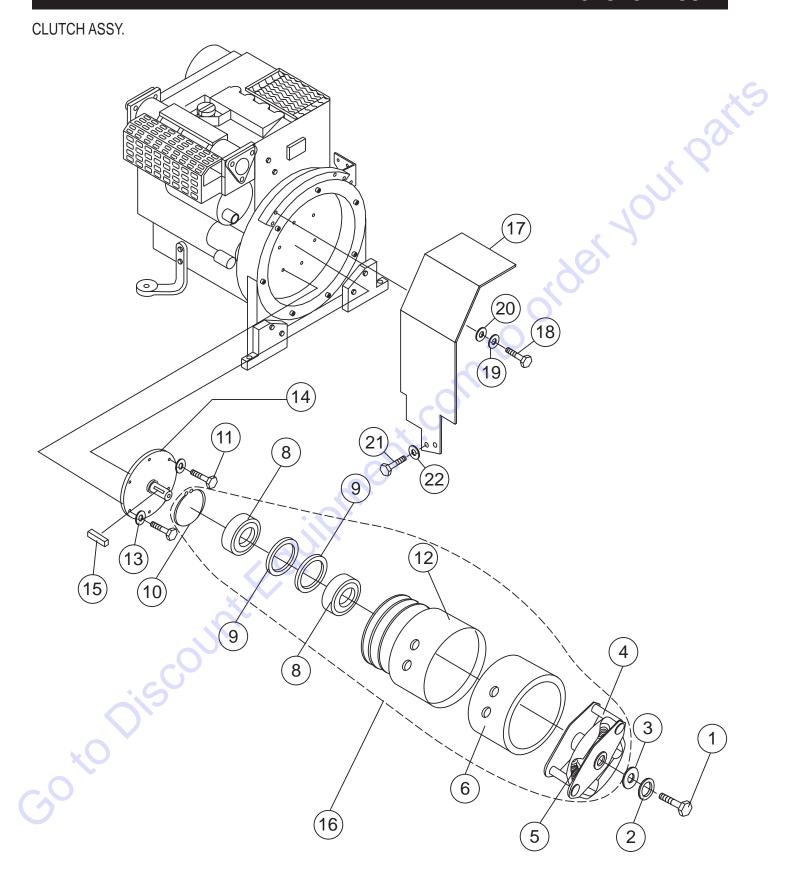
MUFFLER, AIR FILTER AND STOP SWITCH ASSY.



MUFFLER, AIR FILTER, AND STOP SWITCH ASSY.

MUFFLER, AIR FILTER AND STOP SWITCH ASSY.

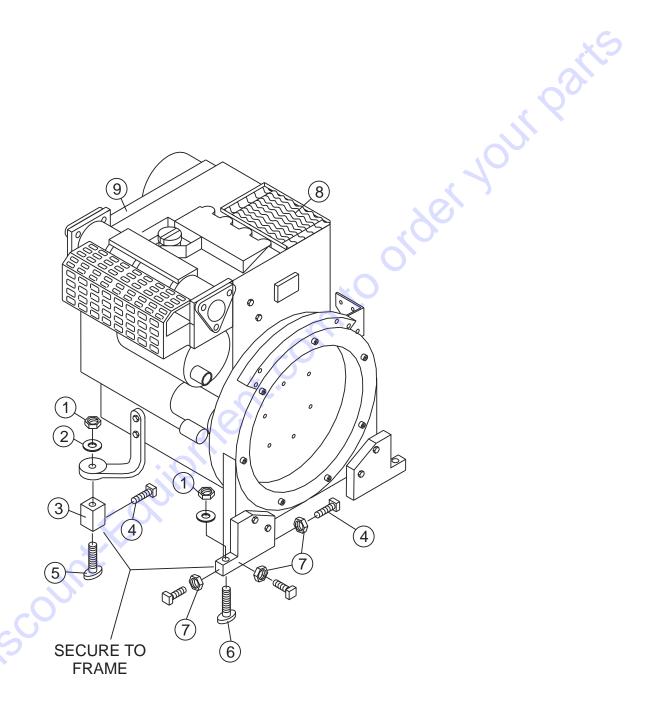
	NO. 1 1A 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11* 12* 15 16 17* 18	PART NO. EM98076 EM98168 513390 514772 513196 EM14217 EM491873 506257 EM98066 01173940 04172501 01112824 03363577 02165357 02240281 02240285 02240283 02339813 02169927	PART NAME FILTER, AIR PRECLEANER, AIR FILTER BRACKET, AIR CLEANER (PIPE) MUFFLER COVER MUFFLER PIPE	QTY. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	INCLUDED W/ ENGINE
G	×	MAYCO C30HDZ PU	UMP — OPERATION AND PARTS MANUA	AL — REV. #12	(04/03/12) — PAGE 81



CLUTCH ASSY.

NO. 1* 2* 3* 4* 5* 6* 8* 9* 10* 11* 12* 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	PART NO. 492395 EM923346 EM621 EM26321 EM918050 EM26310 EM902204 EM926066 EM926053 EM508342 EM26322 0166A EM512707 EM26348 EM14320 513199 509252 492625 3019092 492357 2101402	PART NAME SCREW, HHC 1/2- 13X1-3/4" WASHER, LOCK 1/2" WASHER, FLAT 1/2" SPECIAL ROTOR ASSEMBLY CLUTCH SPRING CLUTCH LINING CLUTCH BEARING RETAINING RING RETAINING RING SCREW, HHC M8X25 PI.25 CLUTCH HOUSING W/LINING WASHER, LOCK 3/8" SHAFT STUB (FLANGE), ENGINE KEY CLUTCH COMPLETE ASSEMBLY GUARD, CLUTCH SCREW, M10 X 20 P-1-1.58.8 WASHER, LOCK 7/16" WASHER, FLAT 3/8 BOLT, 1/4" NC X 1 GR 5 WASHER, LOCK 1/4"	QTY. 1 1 1 2 1 6 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	INCLUDES ITEMS W/*
Co				
	MAYCO C30HDZ P	UMP — OPERATION AND PARTS MANUA	AL — REV. #12	(04/03/12) — PAGE 83

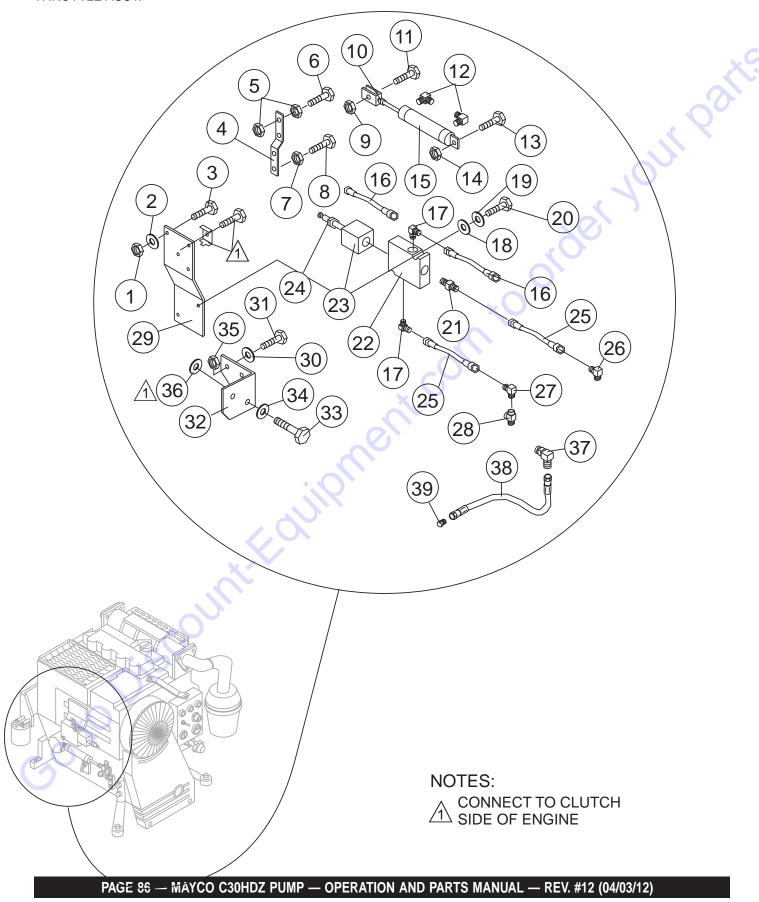
ENGINE MOUNTING ASSY.



ENGINE MOUNTING ASSY.

NO. PART NAME 492556 NUT, HEX 1/2 IN. 8 2 492626 WASHER, LOCK 1/2 IN. 4 3 513195 ENGINE SUPPORT BLOCK (SIDE) 5 513204 BOLT 1/2 NC X 5 IN. 2 6 513095 BOLT, CT 1/2 NC X 2 IN. 2 7 513194 ENGINE SUPPORT BLOCK (REAR) 8 4280937 OIL COOLER 1 9 EM98190 DEUTZ ENGINE 1		MOUNTING ASSY.			
	1 49. 2 49. 3 51. 4 EN. 5 51. 6 51. 7 51. 8 42	2556 12626 3195 M130 3204 3095 3194 180937	T	_	
	9 EN	198190	DEU1Z ENGINE	1	significant de
*O Discount: Edilipmen			W.COIL	X	
*O Discounting			dilbush		
*O Diso		COUL			

THROTTLE ASSY.

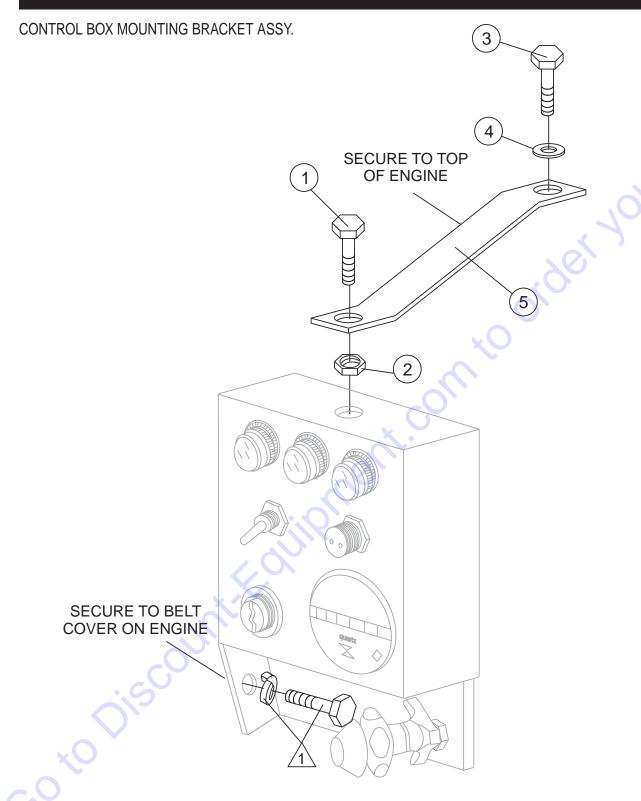


THROTTLE ASSY.

THROTTLE ASSY.

<u>NO.</u>	PART NO.	PART NAME	QTY.	<u>REMARKS</u>
1	492582	NYLON LOCK NUT	1	
2	505679	FLAT WASHER 5/16"	1	
3	492363	SCREW 5/16" x 3/4"	1	
4	512728	THROTTLE LEVER	1	
5	492582	NUT 5/16" NC	2	
6	492366	SCREW 5/16" x 1 1/2"	1	
7	492622	LOCK WASHER 1/4"	1	
8	506599	SCREW M6 x 15	1	
9	492581	NYLON LOCK NUT 1/4" INS	1	1
10	EM400	NYLON LOCK NUT 1/4" HEX	1	
11	492357	SCREW 1/4"x 1"	1	
12	EM50449	FITTING	2	70.
13	492358	SCREW 1/4" x 1 1/4"	1	4O.
14	492561	NYLON LOCK NUT 1/4" HEX	1	
15	CC700	OIL CYLINDER	1	
16	508443	HOSE .381-4 15" LONG	2	
17	EM25429	FITTING	2 2	
18	492596	FLAT WASHER 1/4"	1	
19	492622	LOCK WASHER 1/4"	1	
20	492359	SCREW 1/4" x 1 1/2"	1	
21	EM25511	FITTING	1	
22	EM25571	BODY 118206-01	1	
23	EM98228	COIL WA 704107-12	1	
24	EM98232	SPOOL 12 C51SM-10	1	
25	EM25576	HOSE 3RLA-4F JX-20	2	
26	EM25504	ELBOW 90 DEGREE	1	
27	EM50449	FITTING ELBOW	1	
28	EM25577	FITTING	1	
29	521730	SUPPORT, PISTON	1	
30	505679	FLAT WASHER 5/16"	1	
31	492369	SCREW 5/16" x 2 1/4"	1	
32	512729	SUPPORT, OIL FILTER	1	
33	509252	SCREW M10 x 20	1	
34	492624	LOCK WASHER 3/8"	1	
35	492582	NYLON LOCK NUT 5/16" INS	1	
36	492598	WASHER, LOCK 3/4" ESP	1	
37	513222	FITTING	1	
38	513219	HOSE	1	
39	513218	FITTING	1	

CONTROL BOX MOUNTING BRACKET ASSY.



NOTES:

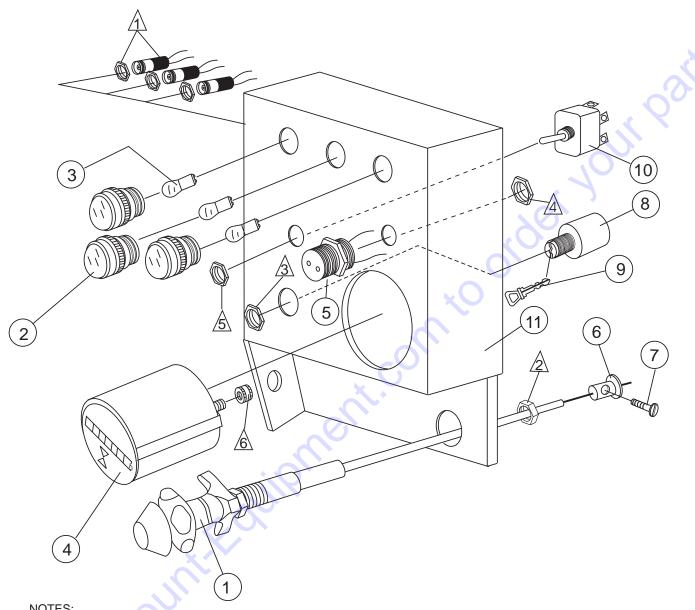
1 COMES WITH ENGINE

CONTROL BOX MOUNTING BRACKET ASSY.

CONTROL BOX MOUNTING BRACKET ASSY.

NO. 1 2 3 4 5	PART NO. 492363 492582 506559 492596 513380	PART NAME SCREW, HHC 5/16- 18 X 3/4" NUT, NYLOC 5/16- 18 SCREW, HHC M6 X 20 P-1 WASHER, FLAT 1/4" SUPPORT, CONTROL PANEL	QTY. 1 1 1 1	REMARKS STORY STORY
				Jer Joull
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		Ment. C),	
		. Folile!		
	o Disco			
COX	O V			
		DZ PUMP — OPERATION AND PARTS MAN	IUAL — REV. #1	2 (04/03/12) — PAGE 89

CONTROL BOX ASSY.



NOTES:

LAMP HOLDER INCLUDED WITH ITEMS 13, 14, & 15

INCLUDED WITH ITEM 1, THROTTLE CABLE P/N 510229

INCLUDED WITH ITEM 8, IGNITION SWITCH P/N 10958

INCLUDED WITH ITEM 5, REMOTE OUTLET PLUG P/N Em26789

INCLUDED WITH ITEM 10, 5 PUMPING CONTROL SWITCH P/N 40711

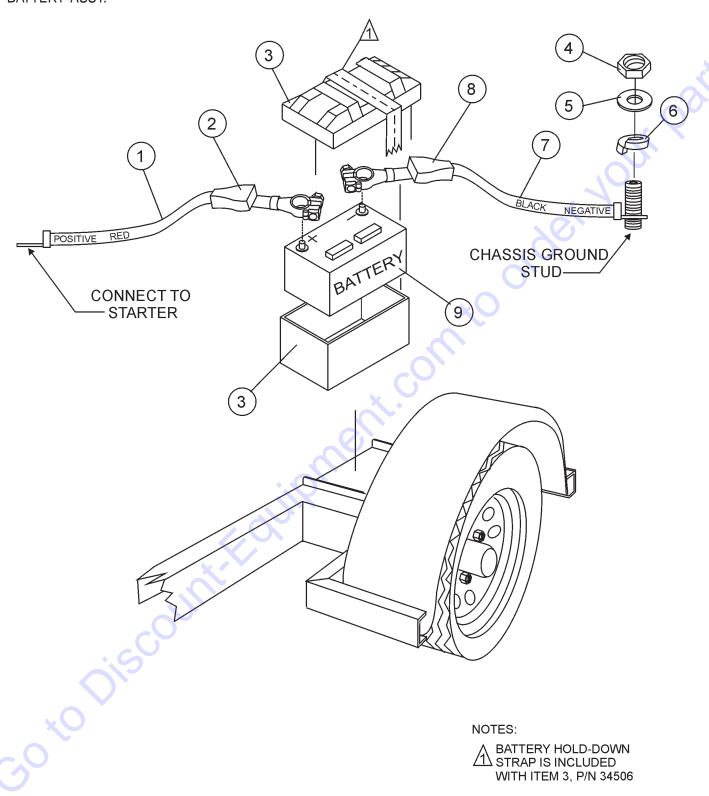
INCLUDED WITH ITEM 4, HOUR METER P/N 506222

CONTROL BOX ASSY.

CONTROL BOX ASSY.

NO. 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 13 14 15	PART NO. 510229 01180677 506222 EM26789 EM501102 EM491089 0302735 0302736 EM40711 EM513076 01180383 01180384 01180382	PART NAME THROTTLE CABLE ASSY. 12 VDC BULB HOURMETER RECEPTACLE (REMOTE) LOCK, ACCELERATOR COUPLING SCREW, 1/4" IGNITION SWITCH IGNITION SWITCH KEY SWITCH, PUMPING CONTROL CONTROL BOX RED PILOT LENS (OIL PRESSURE) RED PILOT LENS (OIL TEMPERATURE)	QTY. 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	REMARKS
	o is col			
	MAYCO C30HE	OZ PUMP — OPERATION AND PARTS MANUAL	— REV. #12 (04/03/12) — PAGE

BATTERY ASSY.

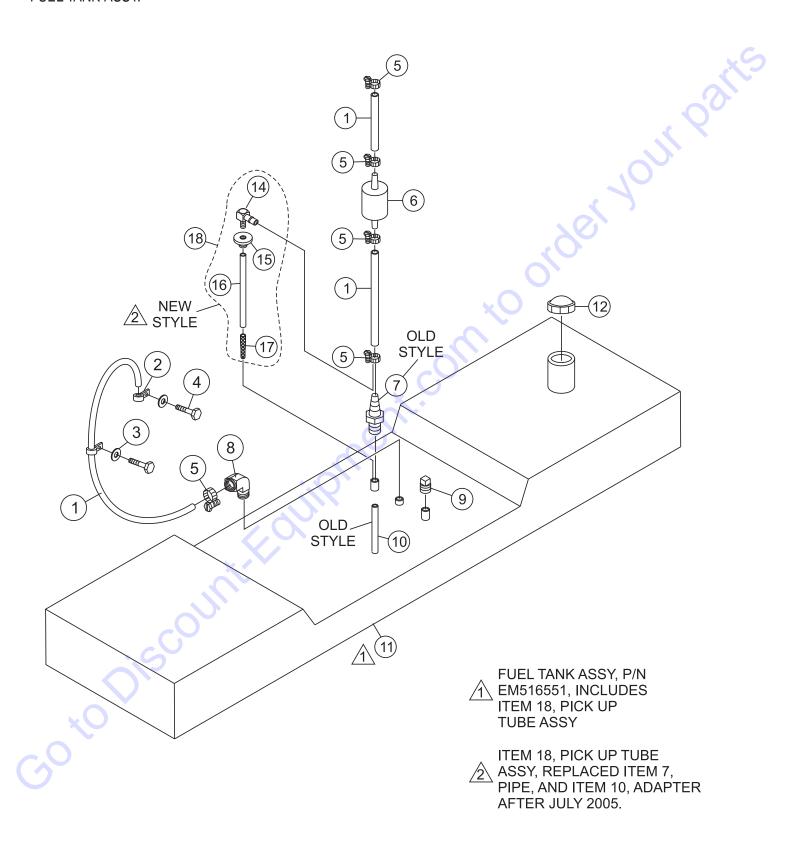


BATTERY ASSY.

BATTERY ASSY.

NO. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	PART NO. EM14705 EM506266 34506 EM492541 EM923023 EM923343 EM20720 EM505624 EM491344	PART NAME CABLE, POSITIVE BATTERY COVER, POSITIVE TERMINAL BOX, BATTERY NUT, HEX 5/16- 18 WASHER, FLAT 5/16 WASHER, LOCK 5/16 CABLE, NEGATIVE BATTERY COVER, NEGATIVE TERMINAL BATTERY, 12 VOLT	QTY. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	REMARKS
		ii Pinerit. con	XO C	
C.O.	Ojiscour	KOD.		
		UMP — OPERATION AND PARTS MANUAL	.— REV. #12	(04/03/12) — PAGE 93

FUEL TANK ASSY.

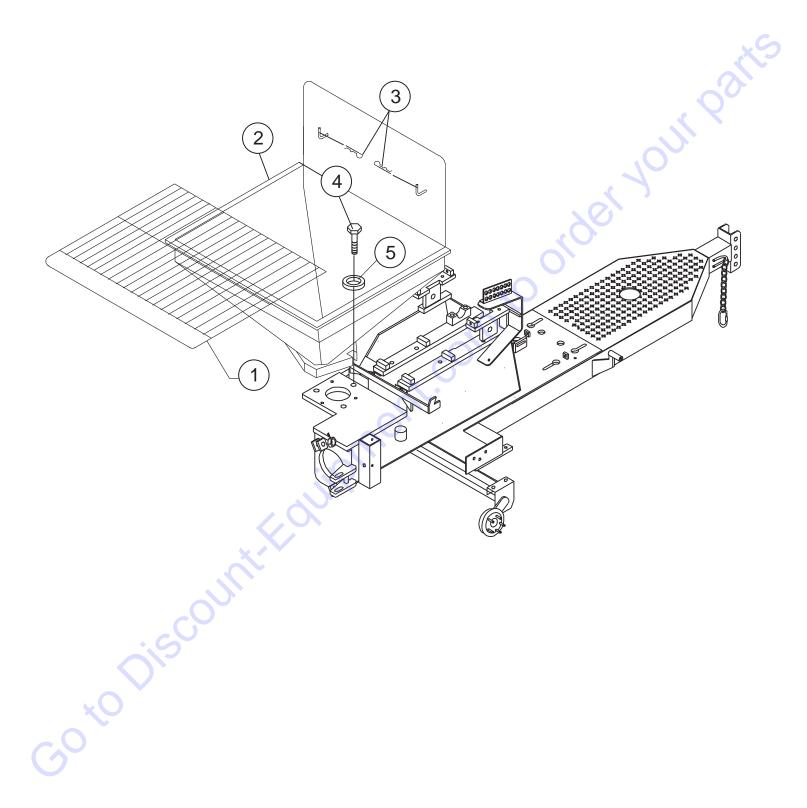


FUELTANK ASSY.

FUEL TANK ASSY.

NO. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11	PART NO. 6636A TBD TBD TBD 6109152 EM20763 EM513115 EM20426 EM491210 EM505594 EM514722 EM516551	PART NAME HOSE, FUEL LINE 5/16" CLAMP, HOSE WASHER, FLAT BOLT CLAMP, HOSE FILTER, FUEL ADAPTER NLA	1 1 11	INCLUDES ITEM 18
12 14# 15# 16# 17# 18	2108 516568 19633 60058 12009 EM516533	r.E. Children		AFTER JULY 2005 AFTER JULY 2005 AFTER JULY 2005 AFTER JULY 2005 INCLUDES ITEMS W/# AFTER JULY 2005
	MAYCO C30HD2 P	UMP — OPERATION AND PART	3 MANUAL — REV. #12	(04/03/12) — PAGE 95

HOPPER ASSY.

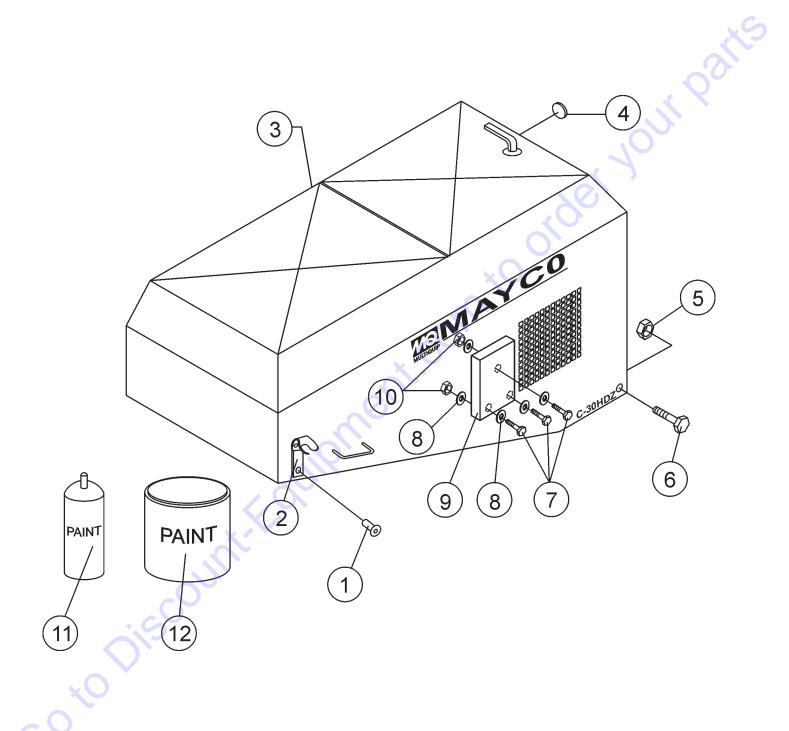


HOPPER ASSY.

HOPPER ASSY.

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HOPPER ASSY.			
NO. PART NO. 1 EM14159 2 EM14141 3 EM925191 4 EM104 5 EM507599	PART NAME HOPPER SCREEN HOPPER PIN, HAIR BOLT, 5/8"-11X2" HEX HEAD WASHER 5/8" FLAT	QTY. REMARKS 1 1 2 3 3	, 6
5 EM507599	WASHER 5/8" FLAI		76
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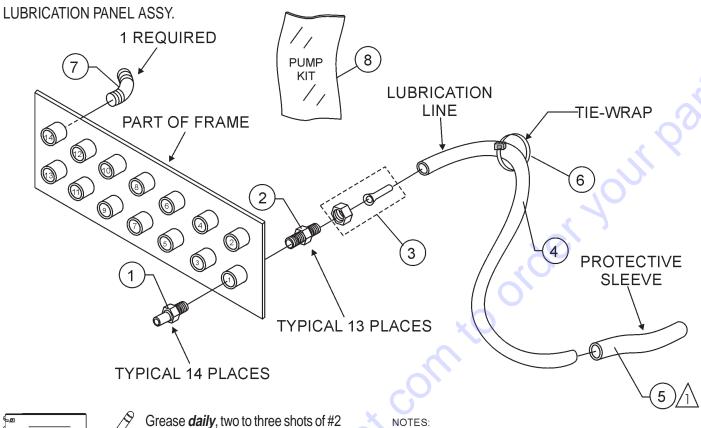
HOOD ASSY.



HOOD ASSY.

No. 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	O 1 2	PART NO. 503723 491010 EM14140 490937 EM406 EM124 EM963003 EM923057 29057 EM969079 RAL1003S RAL1003G RAL1003Q	PART NAME RIVET LATCH KIT HOOD ASSY. BUMPER, RUBBER NUT 1/2"-13 HEAVY HEX BOLT 1/2" DIA-NC X4" G5 SCREW, HHC 1/4-20 X 3/4 WASHER MANUAL HOLDER NUT LOC NYLON 1/4 PAINT, SPRAY CAN 12 OZ. (YELLOW) PAINT, GALLON (YELLOW) PAINT, QUART (YELLOW)	QTY. 4 2 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 3 AR AR AR	REMARKS
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GC	*()	MAYCO C30HE	OZ PUMP — OPERATION AND PARTS MANUA	NL — REV. #1	2 (04/03/12) — I

LUBRICATION PANEL ASSY.



NOTE

Grease *daily*, two to three shots of #2 multi-purpose automotive grease. Over-greasing any bearing will not damage the machine.

△ PLACE PROTECTIVE SLEEVE OVER LUBRICATION LINES 1 THROUGH 6.

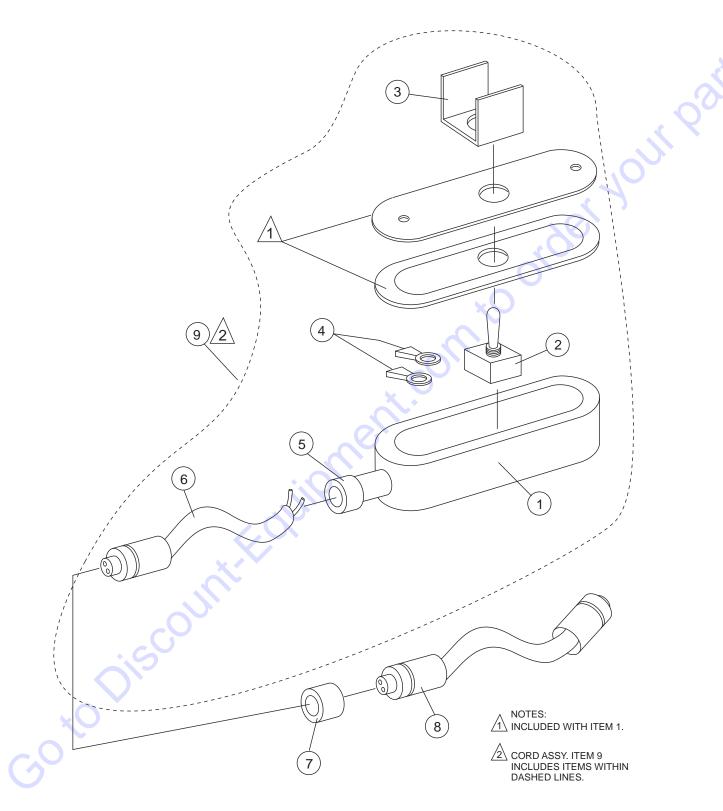
<u>POSITION</u>	LOCATION	LENGTH OF LINES
1	COMPENSATOR ROD	28"
2	COMPENSATOR ROD	31"
3	COMPENSATOR ROD	28"
4	LOWER ROCKER ARM COMPENSATOR ROD	34"
5	LOWER CONNECTING ROD- DRIVE SIDE	10"
6	LOWER ROCKER ARM - DRIVE SIDE	15"
7	UPPER ROCKER ARM - COMPENSATOR SIDE	28"
8	UPPER ROCKER ARM - DRIVE SIDE	26"
9	COUNTER SHAFT BEARING - SPROCKET SIDE	20"
10	COUNTER SHAFT - PULLEY SIDE	20"
11	UPPER CONNECTING ROD - DRIVE SIDE	40"
12	CRANKSHAFT BEARING BLOCK	42"
13	CAM BEARING	42"
14	CRANKSHAFT BEARING FLANGE	20"
	TOTAL LENGTH OF LINES REQUIRED	384"

LUBRICATION PANEL ASSY.

LUBRICATION PANEL ASSY.

NO. 1* 2* 3* 4* 5* 6* 7*	PART NO. EM916001 EM505489 505534 EM505516 EM490531 EM491028 EM505490 EM512659	PART NAME FITTING, GREASE 1/8" NPT STRAIGHT FITTING 1/8" NPT COUPLING W/NUT 1/8' NPT PLASTIC HOSE LINE 1/4" DIA PROTECTIVE SLEEVE 3/8" (HOSE) TIE-WRAP 2.5 x 95 MM ADAPTER, 90 DEGREE ELBOW KIT, LUBRICATION	AR AR 1	
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REMOTE CONTROL CABLE ASSY.



REMOTE CONTROL CABLE ASSY.

REMOTE CONTROL CABLE ASSY.

NO. 1* 2* 3* 4* 5* 6* 7	PART NO. EM16753 EM16754 EM16756 EM491897 EM26791 EM26790 EM26793 EM26792	PART NAME JUNCTION BOX SWITCH, MICRO GUARD SWITCH - ALUMINUM CONNECTOR, 3/16 RING GRIP CORD SEAL CORD 25' MX P/E ADAPTER CORD GRIP 1/2" ADAPTER CORD 100 FT.	QTY. 1 1 2 1 1 1	REMARKS
9	EM26788	REMOTE W/ 25' CORD ONLY		INCLUDES ITEMS W/*
-	MAYCO C30HDZ PU	JMP — OPERATION AND PARTS MANUAL -	— REV. #12	2 (04/03/12) — PAGE 103

MAYCO PUMP WARRANTY

MECHANICAL DRIVE MODELS

MAYCO PUMP, hereinafter referred to as "Manufacturer', warrants each new Mayco Pump sold by the manufacturer to be free from defects in material and workmanship, under normal use and service, for a period of one year after the date of delivery to the original retail purchaser. Manufacturer will, at its option, replace or repair at a point designated by the Manufacturer any part or parts which shall appear to the satisfaction of the Manufacturer upon inspection at such point to have been defective in material or workmanship. This warranty does not obligate the Manufacturer to bear any transportation charges or labor charges in connection with the replacement or repair the of the defective parts.

This warranty does not apply to any pump if attempts have been made to pump concrete materials which have separated, to any pump which has been repaired with other than Genuine Mayco Parts, nor to any pump which has been altered, repaired or used in such manner as to adversely affect its performance, nor to normal service or maintenance or where blockages have developed within the pump manifold or placing line or which has been operated in any other manner not recommended by the Manufacturer. Due to the abrasive nature of concrete, Mayco does not cover natural component wear.

THIS WARRANTY AND MANUFACTURER'S OBLIGATION HEREUNDER, IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY AND ALL OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR LIABILITIES INCLUDING SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR CONTINGENT LIABILITIES ARISING OUT OF THE FAILURE OF ANY PUMP OR PART TO OPERATE PROPERLY, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

HYDRAULIC DRIVE MODELS

MAYCO PUMP, hereinafter referred to as "Manufacturer", warrants each new Mayco Pump sold by the manufacturer to be free from defects in material and workmanship, under normal use and service, for a period of one year or 2000 hours after the date of delivery to the original retail purchaser. The Manufacturer will, at its option, replace or repair at a point designated by Manufacturer any part or parts which shall appear to the satisfaction of Manufacturer upon inspection at such point to have been defective in material or workmanship. This warranty does not obligate Manufacturer to bear any transportation charges or labor charges in connection with the replacement or repair of the defective parts.

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