

Operating Instruction Maintenance Instruction

Original Operating Instructions

BVP 18/45



S/N 861 834 12 1001> / S/N 861 834 18 1001> / S/N 861 834 28 1001>

Single direction vibratory plate



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Table of contents

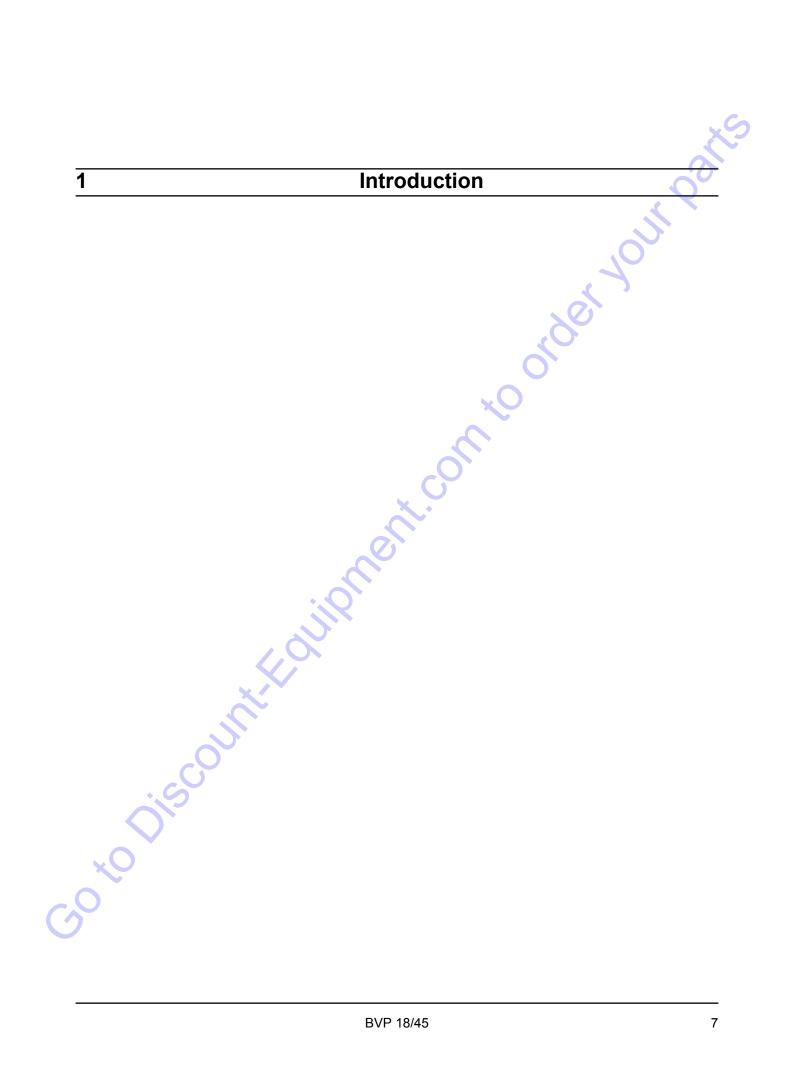
1	Introduction	7
	1.1 Foreword	8
	1.2 Machine type plate and engine type plate	. 10
2	Technical data	
-	2.1 Noise and vibration data	
	2.1.1 Noise data	
	2.1.2 Vibration data	
3	Concerning your safety	
·	3.1 Basic prerequisites	
	3.1.1 General	
	3.1.2 Explanation of signal words used:	
	3.1.3 Personal protective equipment.	17
	3.1.4 Intended use	. 18
	3.1.5 Improper use	
	3.2 Definition of responsible persons	
	3.2.1 Operating company	20
	3.2.2 Expert / qualified person	
	3.2.3 Driver / operator	
	3.3 Basic safety regulations for safe operation	
	3.3.1 Remaining dangers, remaining risks	
	3.3.2 Regular safety inspections	
	3.3.3 Modifications and alterations to the machine.	
	3.3.4 Damage, defects, misuse of safety devices	
	3.4 Handling fuels and lubricants	
	3.4.1 Preliminary remarks	
	3.4.2 Safety regulations and environmental protection regulations for handling oil	. 24
	3.4.3 Safety regulations and environmental protection regulations for handling gasoline	. 25
	3.4.4 Safety regulations and environmental protection regulations for handling fuel stabiliser	26
	3.5 Loading/transporting the machine	. 27
	3.6 Start-up procedure	28
	3.6.1 Prior to starting up	28
	3.6.2 Spark protection	. 28
	3.6.3 Starting the engine	. 28
	3.6.4 Operation in trenches	29
	3.7 Operation	. 30
	3.7.1 Persons in the danger area	30
	3.7.2 Operation	. 30
	3.7.3 Parking the machine	. 30
	3.8 Refuelling	31
	3.9 Maintenance work	. 32
	3.9.1 Preliminary remarks	. 32
	3.9.2 Working on the engine	. 32
J	3.9.3 Cleaning work	
	3.9.4 After maintenance work	. 32

Table of contents

	3.10 Repair	33
	3.11 Signage	. 34
4	Indicators and control elements	39
	4.1 Engine	. 40
	4.1.1 Overview	40
	4.1.2 Starter switch	40
	4.1.3 Throttle lever	41
	4.1.4 Choke lever	41
	4.1.5 Recoil starter	41
	4.1.6 Fuel valve	
	4.2 Water spraying system	
	4.2.1 Shut-off valve	
	4.3 Transport wheels	
5	Checks prior to start up	45
	5.1 Notes on safety	
	5.2 Visual inspections and function tests	47
	5.3 Checking the engine oil level	
	5.4 Checking the fuel level, topping up fuel	
	5.5 Checking the rubber buffers.	
	5.6 Checking the water level, topping up	
6	Operation	
	6.1 Mounting the guide handle	54
	6.2 Starting the engine	55
	6.3 Operation	
	6.4 Switching the water spraying system on/off	
	6.5 Parking the machine in secured condition	
7	Loading/transporting the machine	
	7.1 Loading the machine	
	7.2 Lashing the machine to the transport vehicle	
	7.3 Transport wheels	68
8	Maintenance	. 69
	8.1 Preliminary remarks and safety notes	70
	8.2 Fuels and lubricants	
	8.2.1 Engine oil	
	8.2.2 Fuel	
	8.2.3 Oil for exciter shaft housing	
	8.3 List of fuels and lubricants	
	8.4 Running-in instructions	
	8.4.1 General	
1	8.4.2 After 25 operating hours	
	8.5 Maintenance Table	
	8.6 Weekly	
5	 8.6.1 Checking, cleaning the air filter 8.7 Semi-annually 	
	8.7.1 Changing the engine oil	
		13

Table of contents

	8.8 Annually 8.8.1 Replace the spark plug	
	8.8.2 Checking, adjusting the valve clearance	
	8.8.4 Cleaning the slurry filter and fuel strainer	
	8.8.5 Replacing the air filter	
	8.8.6 Replacing the starter rope	
	8.8.7 Changing the oil in the exciter housing	
	8.9 As required.	
	8.9.1 Cleaning the cooling fins and the cooling air intake openings	
	8.9.2 Cleaning the machine.	
	8.9.3 Cleaning the water spraying system.	
	8.9.4 Measures if there is a risk of frost.	
	8.9.5 Measures for longer shut-down periods	
9	Troubleshooting	9
	9.1 Preliminary remarks	
	9.2 Engine malfunctions	9
	9.3 What to do if the engine has flooded	
10	Disposal	10
-	10.1 Final shut-down of machine	10
11	List of special tools	
	oisount.	
0		



1.1 Foreword

BOMAG manufactures machines for earth, asphalt and refuse compaction, stabilizers/recyclers as well as planers and pavers.

BOMAG's vast experience in connection with state-of-the-art production and testing methods, such as lifetime tests of all important components and highest quality demands guarantee maximum reliability of your machine.

These operating and maintenance instructions are part of your machine.

They provide necessary information to operate your machine safely and properly.

They also contain information on required operating, maintenance and repair measures.

Carefully read the operating and maintenance instructions before taking your machine into operation.

Please observe the safety regulations strictly and follow all instructions to ensure safe operation.

If you are not yet acquainted with the controls and indicating elements on this machine, you should thoroughly read the corresponding chapter & *Chapter 4 "Indicators and control elements" on page 39.*

The description of the individual operating steps including the notes on safety to be followed can be found in chapter "Operation" *Chapter 6 "Operation" on page 53.*

Before every start up, carry out all required visual inspections and function tests & *Chapter 5 "Checks prior to start up" on page 45.*

Ensure the compliance with the specified operating, maintenance and repair measures to maintain the functional safety of your machine.

A description of all necessary maintenance work, maintenance intervals as well as information on fuels and lubricants can be found in the chapter "Maintenance" \Leftrightarrow *Chapter 8 "Maintenance" on page 69.*

Do not service or repair your machine by yourself to avoid harming persons or damaging material or environment.

The machine must only be serviced and repaired by qualified and authorized personnel.

Contact our Customer Service to carry out the required maintenance work or necessary repairs.

In case of operating errors, inadequate maintenance or the use of unapproved fuels and lubricants all warranty claims will become null and void.

For your own personal safety you should only use original parts from BOMAG.

For your machine we offer service kits to make maintenance easier.

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In the course of technical development we reserve the right for technical modifications without prior notification.

These operating and maintenance instructions are also available in other languages.

Apart from that, you can also order the spare parts catalogue against the serial number of your machine.

The above notes do not constitute an extension of the warranty and liability conditions specified in the general sales and delivery u your BO. conditions of BOMAG GmbH.

We wish you successful work with your BOMAG machine.

1.2 Machine type plate and en

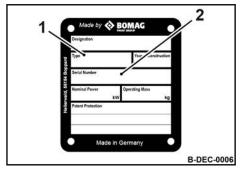
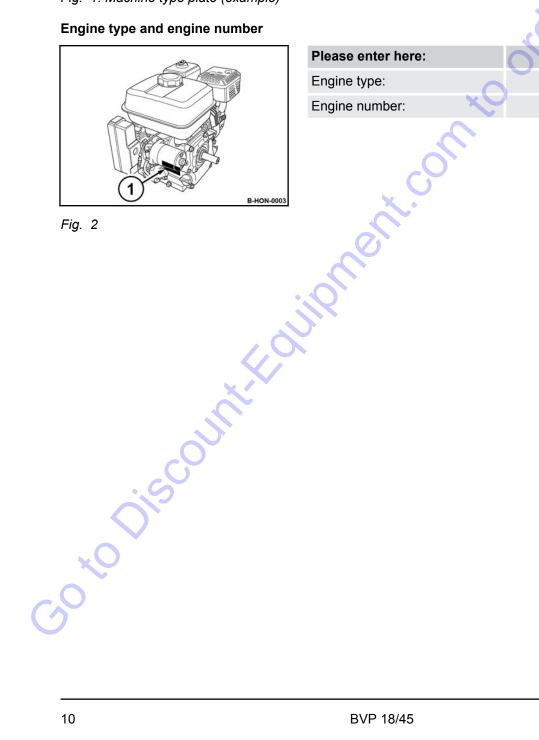
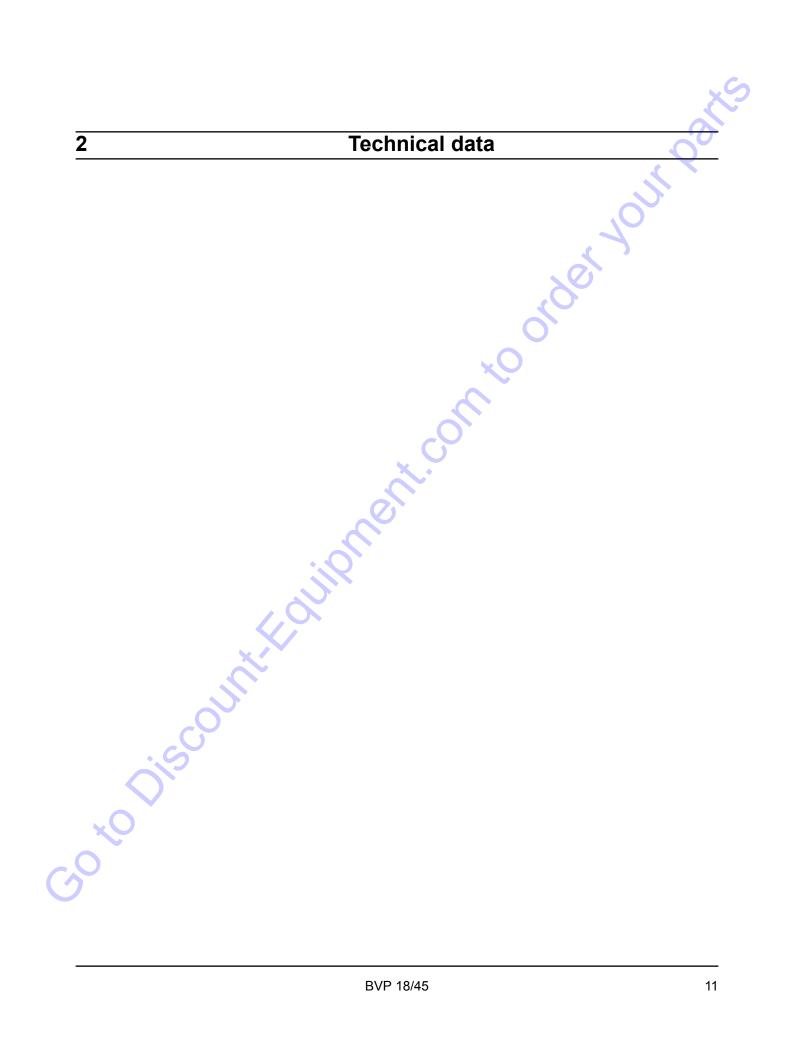


Fig. 1: Machine type plate (example)

Engine type and engine number



ngine type plate	6
Please enter here:	No.
Machine type (1):	
Serial number (2):	O
	Jer your t



Technical data

Dimensions

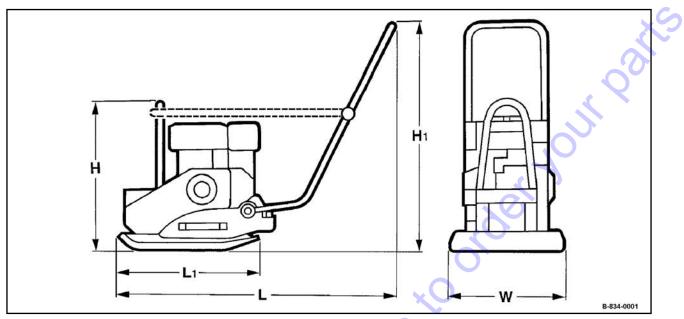


Fig. 3

н	H ₁	LUC	L ₁	W
535	915	1115	558	450
(21.1)	(36.0)	(43.9)	(22.0)	(17.7)
Dimensions in millimetre		~		
(Dimensions in inch)				

(Dimensions in inch)

Weights		
Operating weight (CECE)	91	kç
	(201)	(lbs)
Basic weight	90	kg
	(198)	(lbs)
Water sprinkling system (optional equipment)	+ 10	kg
. 6	(+ 22)	(lbs)
Transport wheels (optional equipment)	+ 4	kg
	(+ 9)	(lbs)
\bigcirc		

Technical data

Travel characteristics		
Max. working speed	25	m/min
	(82)	(ft/min)
Max. gradability (depending on soil)	30	%
		\mathbf{X}
Drive		5
Engine manufacturer	Honda	
Туре	GX 160	
Cooling	Air	
Number of cylinders	1	
Rated power SAE J 1349	3.6	kW
	(4.8)	(hp)
Rated speed	3600	min⁻¹
Drive system	mechanical	
Exciter system		
Frequency	90	Hz
	(5400)	(vpm)
Centrifugal force	18	kN
	(4050)	(lbf)
amplitude	1.63	mm
	(0.064)	(in)
Water sprinkling system (optional equipment)		
Type of sprinkling	Gravity feed	
Filling capacities		
Fuel (gasoline)	3.1	1
	(0.8 each)	(gal us)
Sprinkling system (water)	7.0	1
×O	(1.9 each)	(gal us)

2.1 Noise and vibration data

The following noise and vibration data were determined in accordance with the following guidelines under equipment specific conditions and by using harmonized standards:

- EU Machine Directive edition 2006/42/EU
- Noise Emission Directive 2000/14/EU, Noise Protection Directive 2003/10/EU
- Vibration Protection Directive 2002/44/EU

During operation these values may vary because of the prevailing operating conditions.

2.1.1 Noise data

Sound pressure level at the operator's stand L_{pA} = 96 dB(A), determined acc. to ISO 11201 and EN 500.



WARNING! Loss of hearing caused by too high noise burdens!

Wear your personal protective equipment (ear protection).

Guaranteed sound power level

2.1.2 Vibration data

Hand-arm vibration

 L_{WA} = 108 dB(A), determined acc. to ISO 3744 and EN 500.

Vector total of the weighted effective acceleration in three orthogonal directions:

Total vibration value a_{hv} = 7.9 m/s² on crushed rock determined acc. to EN 500/ISO 5349.

Associated uncertainty K = 1.9 m/s², determined acc. to EN 12096.

Observe the daily vibration load (work safety acc. to 2002/44/EC).

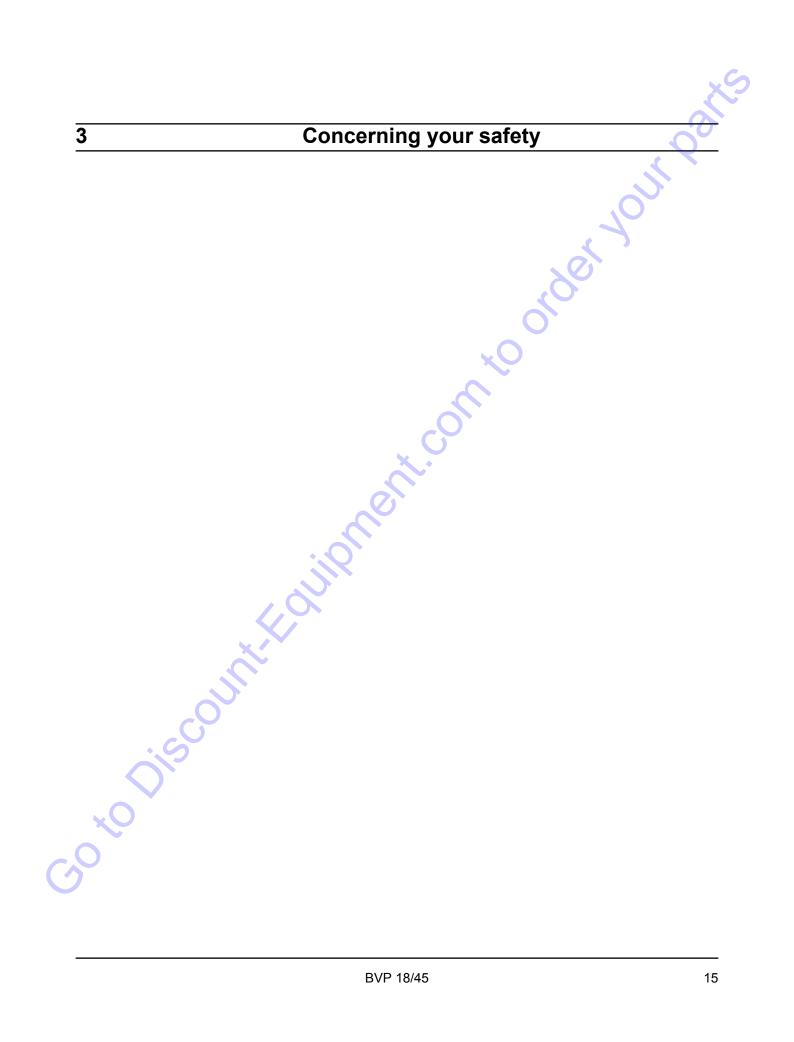
Vector total of the weighted effective acceleration in three orthogonal directions:

Total vibration value $a_{hv} \leq 2.5 \mbox{ m/s}^2$ on crushed rock determined acc. to ISO 5349 and EN 500.

Associated uncertainty K = 0.3 m/s^2 , determined acc. to EN 12096.

Observe the daily vibration load (work safety acc. to 2002/44/EC).

Hand-arm vibration with comfort guide handle (optional equipment)



3.1 Basic prerequisites

3.1.1 General

This BOMAG machine has been built in compliance with the latest technical standard and complies with the applicable regulations and technical rules.

However, dangers for persons and property may arise from this machine, if:

- it is used for purposes other than the ones it is intended for,
- it is operated by untrained personnel,
- it is changed or converted in an unprofessional way,
- the safety instructions are not observed.

Each person involved in the operation, maintenance and repair of the machine must therefore read and comply with these safety regulations. If necessary, the operating company must obtain the relevant signatures as confirmation.

Furthermore, the following obviously also applies:

- applicable accident prevention instructions,
- generally accepted safety and road traffic regulations,
- country specific safety regulations.

It is the duty of the operator to be acquainted with the safety regulations and to apply these accordingly. This also applies for local regulations and regulations concerning different types of handling activities. Should the recommendations in these instructions be different from the regulations valid in your country, you must comply with the safety regulations valid in your country.

3.1.2 Explanation of signal words used:

, to bis out it



DANGER!

Danger to life if failing to comply!

Sections marked accordingly indicate an extremely dangerous situation that could lead to fatal or severe injuries, if this warning is disregarded.



WARNING!

Danger to life or danger of severe injuries if failing to comply!

Sections marked accordingly indicate a dangerous situation that could lead to fatal or severe injuries, if this warning is disregarded.

Concerning your safety – Basic prerequisites



3.1.3 Personal protective equipment

Depending on the work to be carried out, personal protective equipment is required (to be provided by the operating company):

Working clothes	Tight fitting working clothes with low tear resistance, tight sleeves and without any projecting parts protect against being caught by moving components.
Safety shoes	To protect against heavy falling parts and slipping on slippery ground.
Protective gloves	To protect the hands against excoriation, punctures or deep injuries, against irritating and caustic substances as well as against burns.

Concerning your safety – Basic prerequisites

	Safety goggles	To protect the eyes against airborne particles and squirting fluids.
	Face protection	To protect the face against airborne particles and squirting fluids.
\bigcirc	Hard hat	To protect the head against falling parts and to protect against injuries.
	Hearing protection	To protect hearing against excessive noise.
	Respiratory protection	To protect respiratory tracts against substances or particles.

3.1.4 Intended use

This machine must only be used for:

- Compaction of all types of soils
- Repair work on all types of soil
- Paving of walkways
- Work in trenches
- Underfilling and compaction of hard shoulders

Intended use also includes compliance with the specified operating, maintenance and repair measures.

3.1.5 Improper use

Dangers may arise from the machine when it is used for purposes other than the one it is intended for.

Any danger caused by improper use is the sole responsibility of the operating company or driver/operator, the manufacturer cannot be made liable.

Concerning your safety – Basic prerequisites

Examples for improper use are:

- dragging the machine along as a measure of transportation
- throwing the machine off the transport vehicle
- attaching an additional weight to the machine

It is not permitted to stand on the machine while working.

Lifting tackle must be removed before starting work.

Starting and operating the machine in explosive environments and in underground mining is prohibited.

effed in other lifting The lifting and lashing points specified in these instructions must be used. It is prohibited to use other lifting and lashing points (e.g.

3.2 Definition of responsible persons

3.2.1 Operating company

The operating company is the natural or juridical person who uses the machine or in who's name the machine is used.

The operating company must make sure that the machine is only used for the purpose it is intended for and in strict compliance with the safety regulations mentioned in these operating and maintenance instructions.

The operating company must determine and assess the danger in its company. It must then take appropriate action to ensure health and safety at work for its employees and point out any remaining dangers.

The operating company must determine whether there are special operational hazards such as a toxic atmosphere or limiting soil conditions. Such conditions require special, additional measures to remove or reduce the hazard.

The operating company must make sure that all users read and understand the information concerning safety.

The operating company is responsible for the planning and professional execution of regular safety inspections.

3.2.2 Expert / qualified person

An expert / qualified person is a person who, based on his/her professional education and experience, has profound knowledge in the field of construction equipment and the machine in question in particular.

This person is acquainted with the applicable governmental industrial safety regulations, accident prevention instructions, guidelines and generally acknowledged technical rules and regulations (standards, directives, technical rules of other member states of the European Union or other contractual states concerning the agreement about the European Economic Area) in as far as is necessary to be able to judge the safe condition of this machine.

3.2.3 Driver / operator

This machine must only be operated by trained, instructed persons entrusted by the operating company aged 18 or more.

Observe your local laws and regulations.

Rights, obligations and rules of conduct for driver or operator:

The driver or operator must:

- be instructed about his rights and obligations,
- wear protective equipment as appropriate for the application,
- have read and understood the operating instructions,

Concerning your safety – Definition of responsible persons

- have made himself familiar with the operation of the machine,
- be physically and psychologically able to drive and operate the machine.

Persons under the influence of alcohol, medication or drugs are not allowed to operate, service or repair the machine.

ne de specier de speci Maintenance and repair work requires specific knowledge and

Concerning your safety – Basic safety regulations for safe operation

3.3 Basic safety regulations for safe operation

3.3.1 Remaining dangers, remaining risks

Despite careful work and compliance with standards and regulations it cannot be ruled out that further dangers may arise when working with and handling the machine.

Both the machine as well as all other system components comply with the currently valid safety regulations. Nevertheless, remaining risks cannot be ruled out completely, even when using the machine for the purpose it is intended for and following all information given in the operating instructions.

A remaining risk can also not be excluded beyond the actual danger zone of the machine. Persons remaining in this area must pay particular attention to the machine, so that they can react immediately in case of a possible malfunction, an incident or failure etc.

All persons remaining in the area of the machine must be informed about the dangers that arise from the operation of the machine.

3.3.2 Regular safety inspections

Have the machine inspected by an expert / qualified person as required for the conditions the machine is working under, but at least once every year.

3.3.3 Modifications and alterations to the machine

Unauthorized changes to the machine are prohibited for safety reasons.

Original parts and accessories have been specially designed for this machine.

We wish to make explicitly clear that we have not tested or approved any parts or accessories not supplied by us.

The installation and/or use of such products may have an adverse effect on the active and/or passive safety.

3.3.4 Damage, defects, misuse of safety devices

Machines which are not safe to operate or in traffic must be immediately taken out of service and shall not be used, until these deficiencies have been properly rectified.

Safety installations and switches must neither be removed nor must they be made ineffective.

3.4 Handling fuels and lubricants

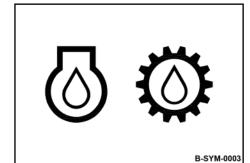
3.4.1 Preliminary remarks

The operating company must ensure that all professional users have read and follow the corresponding safety data sheets for the individual fuels and lubricants.

Safety data sheets provide valuable information about the following characteristics:

- name of substance
- possible dangers
- composition / information on constituents
- first-aid measures
- fire fighting measures
- measures in case of accidental release
- handling and storage
- limitation and monitoring of exposure / personal protective equipment
- physical and chemical properties
- stability and reactivity
- toxicological data
- environmental data
- notes on waste disposal
- information on transport
- legislation
- e other data

3.4.2 Safety regulations and environmental protection regulations for handling oil



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Fig. 4



WARNING!

Danger of burning by ignited oil!

- Do not allow oil to come into contact with hot components.
- Smoking and open fire is prohibited!
- Wear your personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective clothing).



CAUTION!

Health hazard caused by contact with oil!

- Wear your personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective clothing).
- Do not inhale any oil vapours.
- Avoid contact.

CAUTION! Danger of s

Danger of slipping on spilled oil!

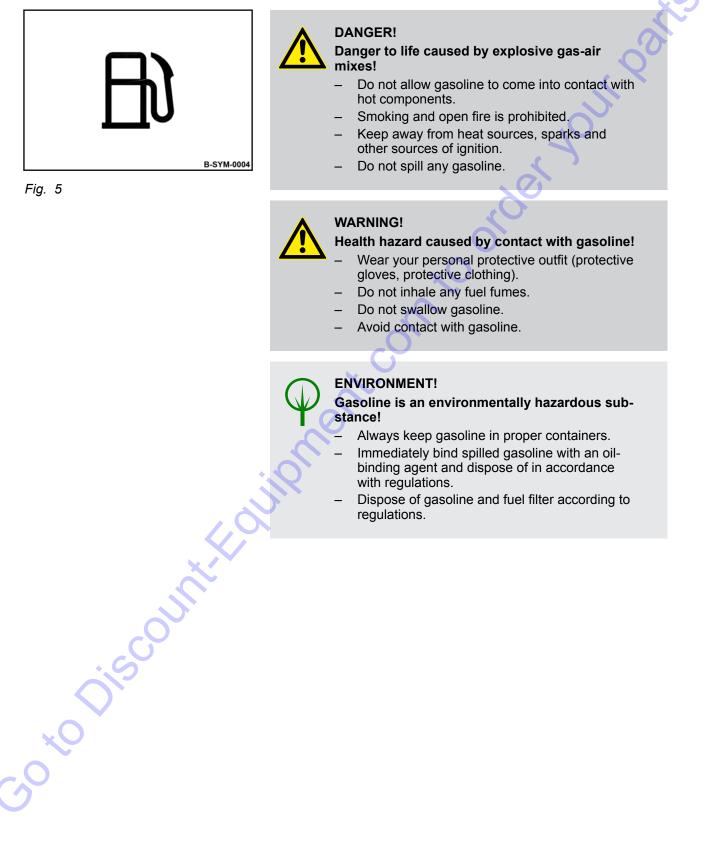
Immediately bind spilled oil with an oil-binding agent.

ENVIRONMENT!

Oil is an environmentally hazardous substance!

- Always keep oil in proper containers.
- Immediately bind spilled oil with an oil-binding agent.
- Dispose of oil and oil filter according to regulations.

3.4.3 Safety regulations and environmental protection regulations for handling gasoline



Concerning your safety – Handling fuels and lubricants

3.4.4 Safety regulations and environmental protection regulations for handling fuel stabiliser



WARNING!

Danger of burning by ignited fuel stabilizer!

- Do not allow fuel stabilizer to come into contact with hot components.
- Smoking and open fire is prohibited.



WARNING!

Health hazard caused by contact with fuel stabilizer!

- Wear your personal protective outfit (protective gloves, protective clothing).
- Do not inhale any fuel stabilizer fumes.
- Do not swallow fuel stabilizer.
- Avoid contact with fuel stabilizer.

ENVIRONMENT!

Fuel stabilizer is an environmentally hazardous substance!

Immediately bind spilled fuel stabilizer with an oil-binding agent and dispose of according to regulations.

Dispose of fuel stabilizer according to regulations.

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Concerning your safety - Loading/transporting the machine

3.5 Loading/transporting the machine

Make sure that persons are not endangered by the machine tipping or sliding off.

Do not use damaged or in any other way impaired lashing points.

Always use appropriate lifting and lashing means on the lifting and lashing points.

Use lifting and lashing gear only in the prescribed direction of load application.

Lifting tackle must not be damaged by machine components.

Secure the machine on the transport vehicle against rolling, slipping and turning over.

Loads must only be attached and hoisted by an expert / capable person.

Use only lifting gear and lifting tackle with sufficient load bearing capacity for the weight to be loaded.

Fasten the lifting gear only at the specified lifting points.

Danger to the life of persons if they step or stand under a suspended load.

When lifting the machine avoid uncontrolled movements of the load. If necessary hold the load with guide ropes.

3.6 Start-up procedure

3.6.1 Prior to starting up

Use only machines which are serviced at regular intervals.

Become acquainted with the equipment, the indicators and control elements, the working principle of the machine and the working area.

Use your personal protective equipment (hard hat, safety boots, if necessary also goggles and ear protection).

Do not take any loose objects with you or fasten them to the machine.

Before start up, check whether:

- persons or obstructions are beside or in front of the machine,
- the machine is free of oily and combustible materials,
- all safety elements are in place,
- all grips are free of grease, oils, fuel, dirt, snow and ice.

Before start up, carry out all required visual inspections and function tests.

If the following tests reveal damages or other faults, the machine must not be operated, until these deficiencies have been corrected.

Do not operate the machine with defective indicators and control elements.

3.6.2 Spark protection

The spark protection is optional.

- In some areas of use operation of an engine without spark protection is not permitted.
 - Check the locally valid legislation and regulations.

3.6.3 Starting the engine

, to Dis

Do not use any starting aids like start pilot or ether.

The machine must not be operated with damaged, missing or nonfunctional safety installations.

Before starting and moving the machine make sure that there are no persons inside the danger zone.

Operate the machine only with the steering bow mounted and lowered.

Always keep an eye on the machine when the engine is running and hold it by the steering bow.

Do not inhale exhaust fumes, because they contain toxic substances, which could cause damage to health, unconsciousness or even death. Avoid operation in closed or partly closed rooms, or ensure adequate ventilation when working in trenches.

3.6.4 Operation in trenches



Applies only to Germany.

The vibratory tamper or the vibratory plate were tested outdoors by BG Bau (Germany) regarding CO emissions. The tests were carried out in a trench with a width of 1.5 metres, a depth of 3 metres and a length of 10 metres.

These test showed CO emissions below the occupational exposure limit (OEL) according to TRGS 900 when operating a maximum of 4 times 15 minutes per shift (8 hours).

For this reason, take care to ensure sufficient ventilation when operating the vibratory tamper or vibratory plate in more than shoulder-deep trenches which have a width of less than , s, a fless 1.5 metres, a maximum depth of less than 3 metres or a maximum length of less than 10 metres.

3.7 Operation

3.7.1 Persons in the danger area

Before taking up work, also after breaks, you should always convince yourself that the danger zone is free of persons or obstructions.

Give warning signals, if necessary. Stop work immediately if persons remain in the danger zone, despite the warning.

3.7.2 Operation

Guide the machine only by the guide handle.

Guide the machine so that your hands do not hit against solid objects.

Watch out for unusual noises and development of smoke. Perform trouble shooting and have the fault corrected.

Always keep a safe distance to excavation pit borders, embankments and edges.

Refrain from any work that could adversely affect the stability of the machine.

3.7.3 Parking the machine

e o is counti

Park the machine on horizontal, level, firm ground.

Before leaving the machine:

- Shut down the engine,
- Secure the machine against accidental tipping over,
- Secure the machine against unauthorized use.
- Mark machines, which could be in the way, with a clearly visible sign.

3.8 Refuelling

Do not inhale any fuel fumes.

Refuel only with the engine shut down.

Do not refuel in closed rooms.

No open fire, do not smoke.

Keep away from ignition and heat sources.

Apply measures against electrostatic charging.

Do not spill any fuel. Catch running out fuel, do not let it seep into the ground.

Wipe off spilled fuel. Keep dirt and water away from the fuel.

in the second A leaking fuel tank can cause an explosion. Ensure tight fit of the fuel tank cover, if necessary replace immediately.

3.9 Maintenance work

3.9.1 Preliminary remarks

Adhere to the specified operating, maintenance and repair measures.

The machine must only be serviced by qualified personnel authorised by the operating company.

Keep unauthorised persons away from the machine.

Perform maintenance work only with the engine shut down and the spark plug connector disconnected.

Do not touch hot components.

Do not leave any tools or other objects, that could cause damage, in or on the machine.

3.9.2 Working on the engine

Drain the engine oil at operating temperature – danger of scalding! Wipe off spilled oil, catch running out oil and dispose of environmentally.

When working on the air filter no dirt should fall into the air duct.

Do not work on the hot exhaust - danger of burning!

Store used filters and other oil contaminated materials in a separate, specially marked container and dispose of environmentally.

3.9.3 Cleaning work

Do not perform cleaning work while the motor is running.

Allow the engine to cool down before starting cleaning work.

Do not use gasoline or other easily inflammable substances for cleaning.

3.9.4 After maintenance work

Reassemble all guards and protections.

Concerning your safety - Repair

3.10 Repair

Identify a defect machine with a warning sign.

Only operate the machine after it has been repaired.

When replacing safety relevant components, only original spare parts must be used.

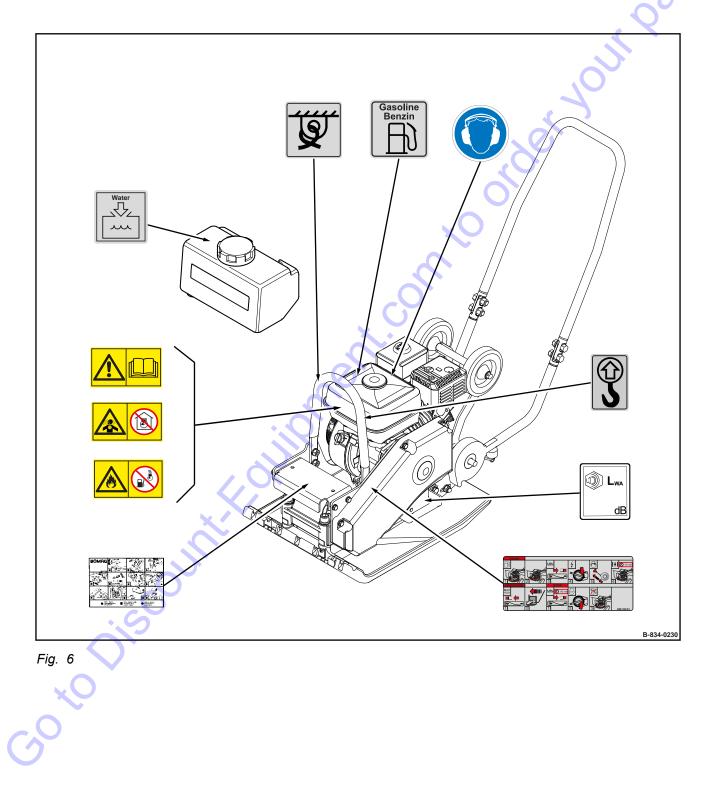
Repairs must only be performed by an expert/qualified person.

When performing welding work on the machine you should cover

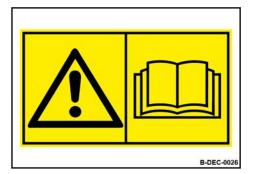
3.11 Signage

Keep stickers and signage in good and legible condition and comply with their meaning.

Replace damaged and illegible stickers or signage immediately.



Concerning your safety – Signage



Warning sticker - Follow operating instructions

Fig. 7



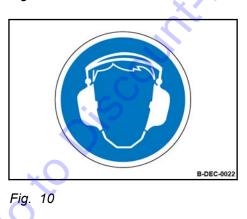
out Patts Warning sign - Fire hazard Fill up with fuel only when engine is stopped and has cooled down.

Fig. 8



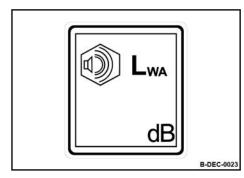
Warning sticker - Do not inhale exhaust gases Do not operate inside closed areas.

Fig. 9



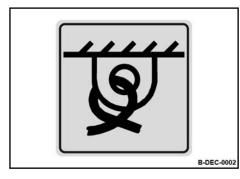
Instruction sticker - Wear ear defenders

Concerning your safety – Signage



sint of the second seco Information sticker - Guaranteed sound capacity level

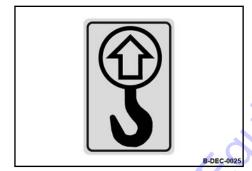
Fig. 11



Information sticker - Lashing point

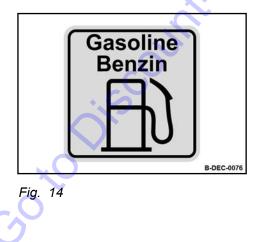
Fig. 12

Fig. 13



Information sticker - Lifting point

Information sticker - Gasoline



Concerning your safety – Signage

mto order your parts Information sticker - Filler opening for water

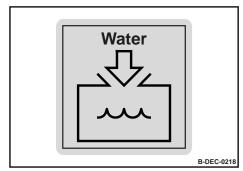
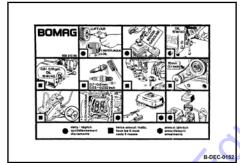


Fig. 15

HIR B-DEC-0121

Fig. 16



50 to Discourt Fig. 17

Brief operating instructions

Maintenance sticker

4	Indic	cators and	control eler	nents	0
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. C	South				

4.1 Engine

4.1.1 Overview

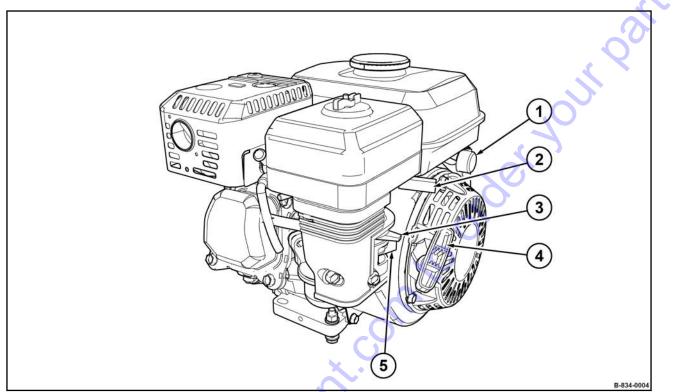
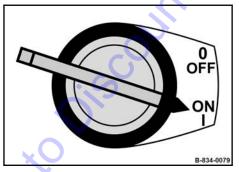


Fig. 18

- 1
- Start switch Throttle lever 2
- 3 Choke lever
- Recoil starter 4
- 5 Fuel valve

4.1.2 Starter switch

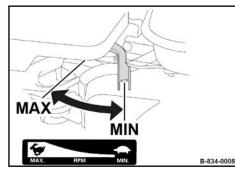


Falilly

Position "OFF"	Ignition off
Position "ON"	Ignition on

Fig. 19

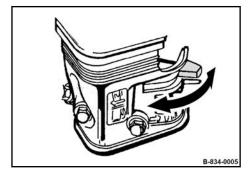
4.1.3 Throttle lever



Position "MIN"	Idle speed	×9
Position "MAX"	Maximum speed	a
		YOUT PO

Fig. 20

4.1.4 Choke lever

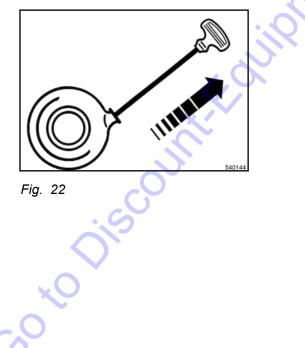


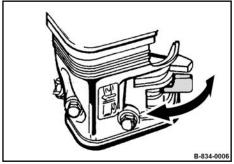
 Position "Left"
 Choke closed

 Position "Right"
 Choke open

Fig. 21

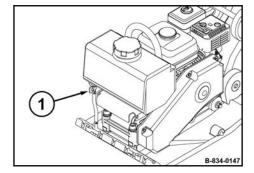
4.1.5 Recoil starter

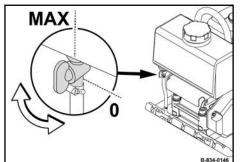




a to the second second

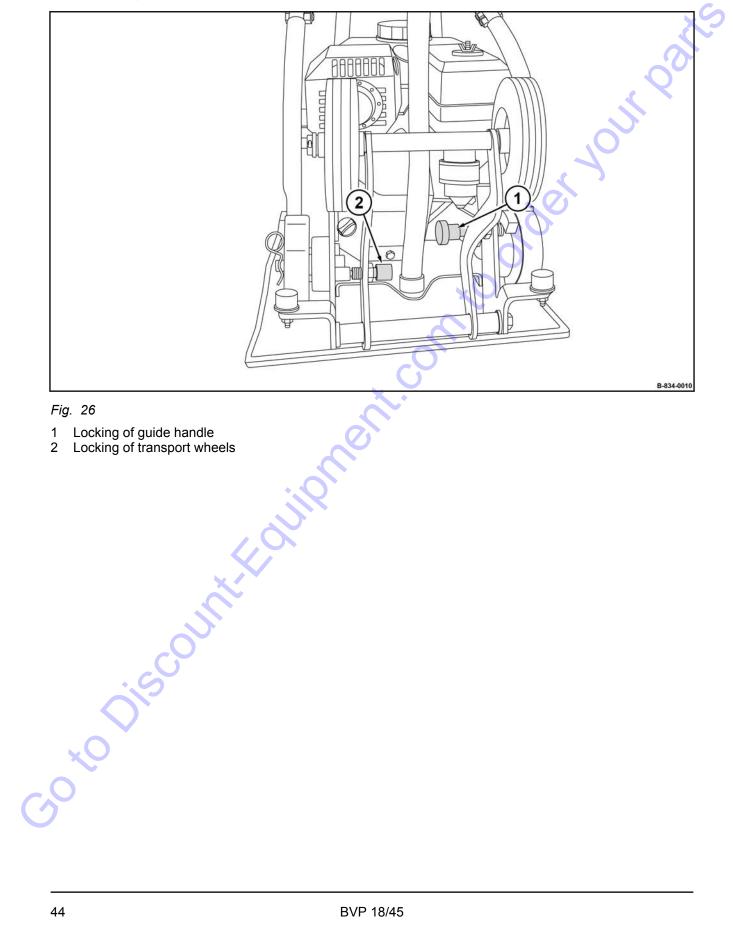
4.2 Water spraying system





4.2 Water spraying system Image: All the spraying system	1 Shut-off valve for wa	ater spraying system
MAX	Position "0"	Water spraying system off
	turn anticlockwise	Water spraying system on
		infinite adjustment of the spraying quan- tity up to "MAX" position
•	JIPMent.	
50 to Discountry		

4.3 Transport wheels





5.1 Notes on safety

If the following tests reveal damages or other defects, the machine must not be operated, until these deficiencies have been corrected.

Do not operate the machine with defective indicators and control elements.

Safety installations and switches must neither be removed nor must they be made ineffective.

Do not change any fixed settings.

WARNING!



Health hazard caused by fuels and lubricants!

Safety regulations and environmental protection regulations must be followed when handling fuels and lubricants & Chapter 3.4 "Handling fuels and lubricants" on page 23.



WARNING!

Danger of injury caused by rotating parts!

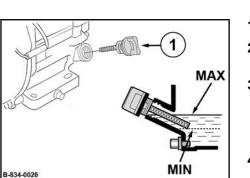
- Before starting work on the machine make sure that the engine can not be started.
- 1. Park the machine in secured condition [⊕] Chapter 6.5 *"Parking the machine in secured condition" on page* 62.

to to the second

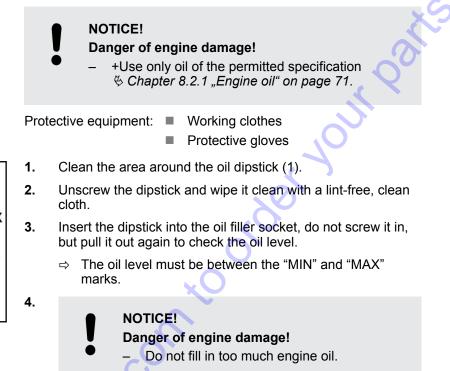
Checks prior to start up – Visual inspections and function tests

Checks prior to start up – Checking the engine oil level

5.3 Checking the engine oil level





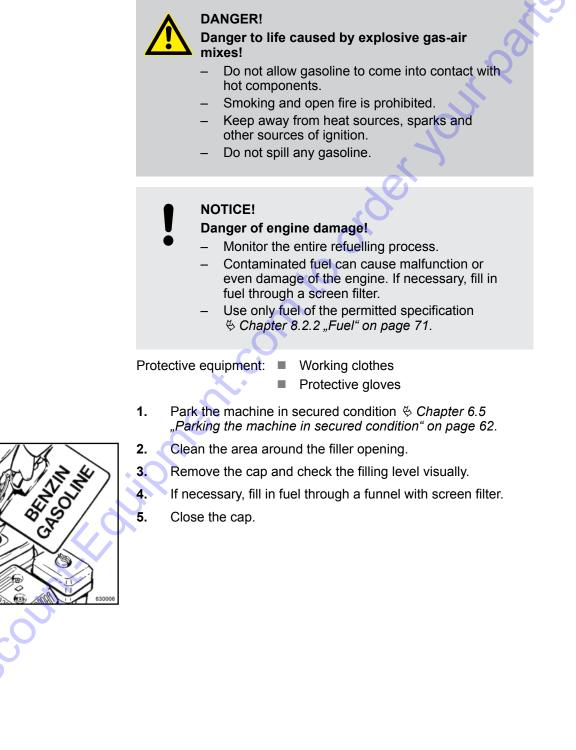


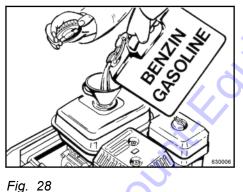
If the oil level is too low, top up oil to the "MAX" mark.

5. Screw the oil dipstick in.

Checks prior to start up - Checking the fuel level, topping up fuel

5.4 Checking the fuel level, topping up fuel





BVP 18/45

Checks prior to start up – Checking the rubber buffers

1.

5.5 Checking the rubber buffers

Protective equipment: Working clothes

cracks and tear-offs.

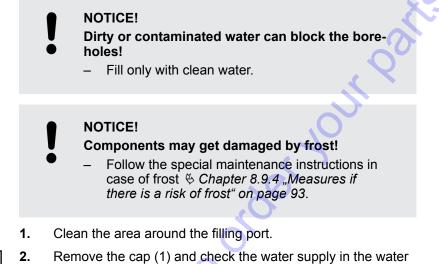
Protective gloves

Check the rubber buffer pairs, left and right, for tight fit,

- , or.

Checks prior to start up - Checking the water level, topping up

5.6 Checking the water level, topping up



- tank.
 - 3. If necessary, fill in clean water.
 - 4. Close the cap.

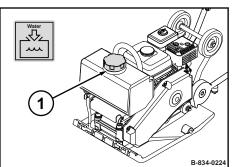
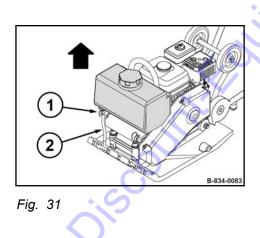
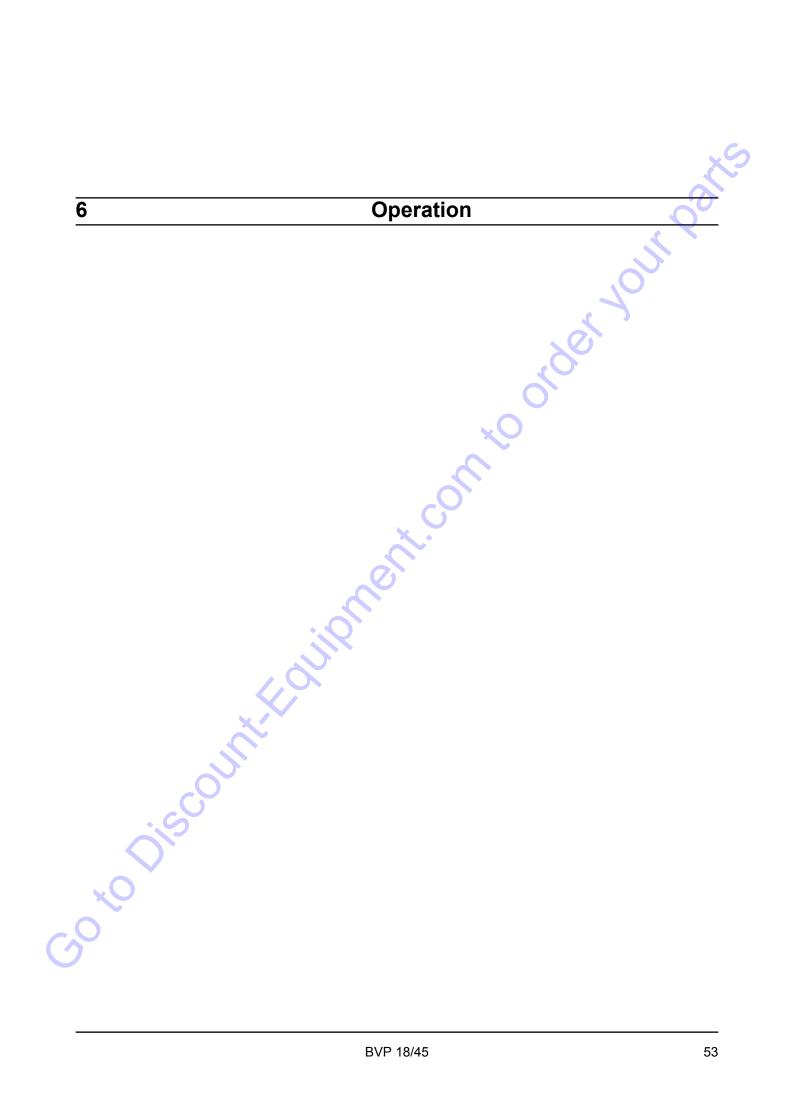


Fig. 30

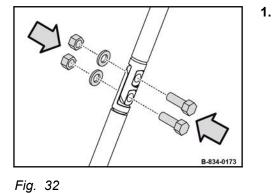


Alternatively, the water tank can also be removed and transported for filling.

- 1. Close the shut-off valve (1).
- 2. Loosen the hose clamp and pull the hose (2) off the shut-off valve.
- 3. Lift off the water tank upwards.



6.1 Mounting the guide handle



Assemble both parts of the guide handle and mount it with the fastening screws.



Insert the fastening screws from the inside, so that the guide handle can be folded down completely.

- 2. Force the guide handle apart and plug it onto the holding fixtures.
- **3.** Lock and secure the guide handle on both sides with split pins.

oto discountier of the second

Operation – Starting the engine

6.2 Starting the engine

Exhaust fumes contain toxic substances and can damage your health, cause unconsciousness or even death.



WARNING!

Danger of poisoning by exhaust gases!

- Do not inhale exhaust gases.
- Avoid operation in closed or partly closed rooms, or ensure adequate ventilation when working in trenches.

Components can be very hot during or immediately after operation.



WARNING!

Danger of burning on hot components!

- Wear your personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective clothing).
- Avoid touching hot components.



Loss of hearing caused by too high noise burdens!

Wear your personal protective equipment (ear protection).

Operate the machine only with the guide handle mounted and lowered.

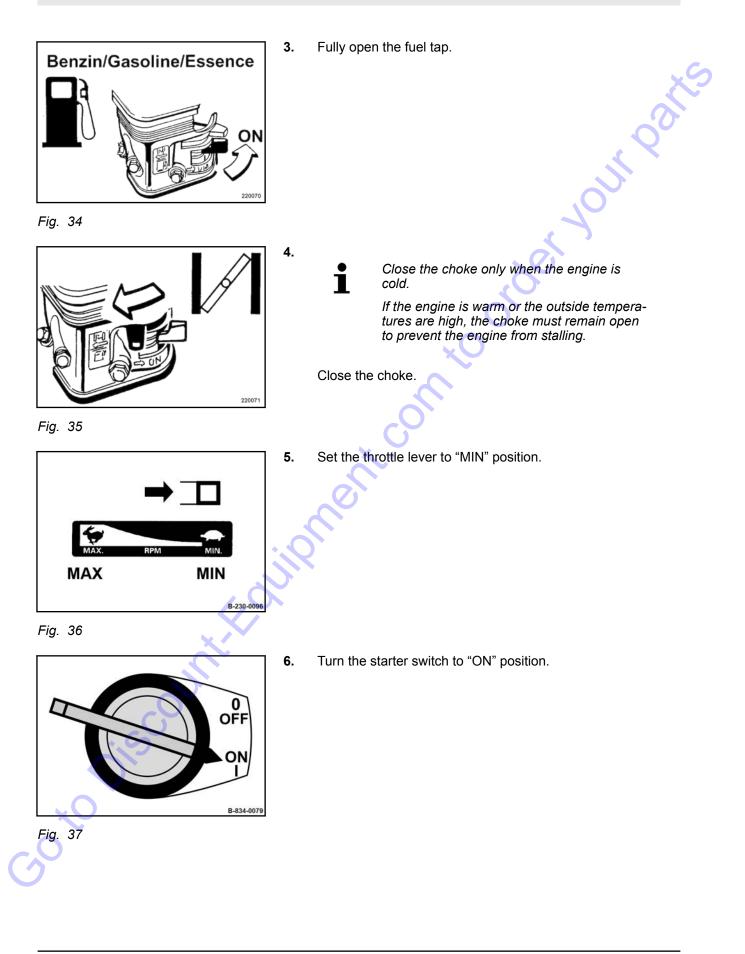
Protective equipment: Hearing protection

- Working clothes
- Protective gloves
- Safety shoes

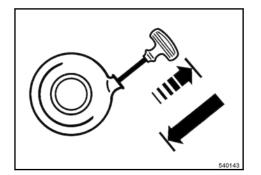
The engine does not start if the oil level is too low.

- o to be and the second 1. Fold down the guide handle into working position.
 - 2. Make sure that no persons are in the danger zone.

Operation – Starting the engine



Operation – Starting the engine



- 7. Pull the rope by the starter handle, until resistance can be felt. JI Pat
- Guide the starter handle back to initial position. 8.

Fig. 38

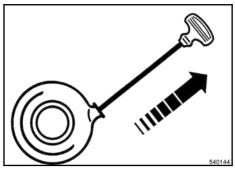


Fig. 39

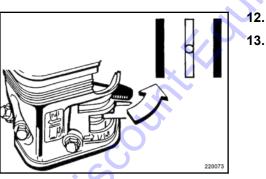


Fig. 40



9.

Danger of injury caused by uncontrolled machine movement!

- Always hold on to a running machine.
- Always keep an eye on a running machine.

NOTICE!

The starter rope may tear off!

Do not pull the starter rope all the way against the end stop.

Pull the starter handle quickly and with power.

- Manually guide the starter handle back to initial position. 10.
- 11. If the engine does not start during the first attempt, repeat the starting process.
 - Open the choke bit by bit when the engine is running.
 - Run the engine warm for approx. 1 to 2 minutes in idle speed.

NOTICE!

Danger of engine damage!

- Warm up engine for a short while before starting work. Do not operate the engine immediately under full load.
- 14. If the engine stops again after approx. 3 to 5 seconds:
 - Close the choke again.
 - Repeat the starting procedure.

Operation – Operation

6.3 Operation

Guide the machine only by the guide handle.

Guide the machine so that your hands do not hit against solid objects.

Keep feet clear of the vibrating base plate.



CAUTION! Danger of injury caused by uncontrolled machine movement!

Always hold on to a running machine.

Always keep an eye on a running machine.

Components can be very hot during or immediately after operation.



1.

Danger of burning on hot components!

- Wear your personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective clothing).
- Avoid touching hot components.

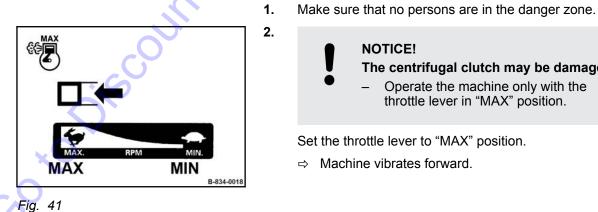
WARNING!

Loss of hearing caused by too high noise burdens!

Wear your personal protective equipment (ear protection).

Protective equipment: Hearing protection

- Working clothes
- Protective gloves
- Safety shoes





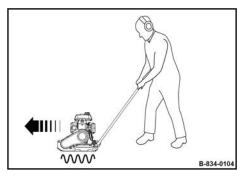
The centrifugal clutch may be damaged!

Operate the machine only with the throttle lever in "MAX" position.

Set the throttle lever to "MAX" position.

⇒ Machine vibrates forward.

Operation – Operation



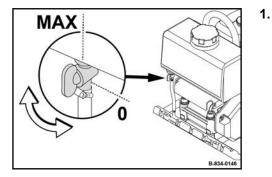
3. Guide the machine by means of the guide handle. NI Parts

Fig. 42



- For short work interruptions you should always return the throttle lever to "MIN" position (idle speed). 4.
 - \Rightarrow Vibration is switched off.

6.4 Switching the water spraying system on/off

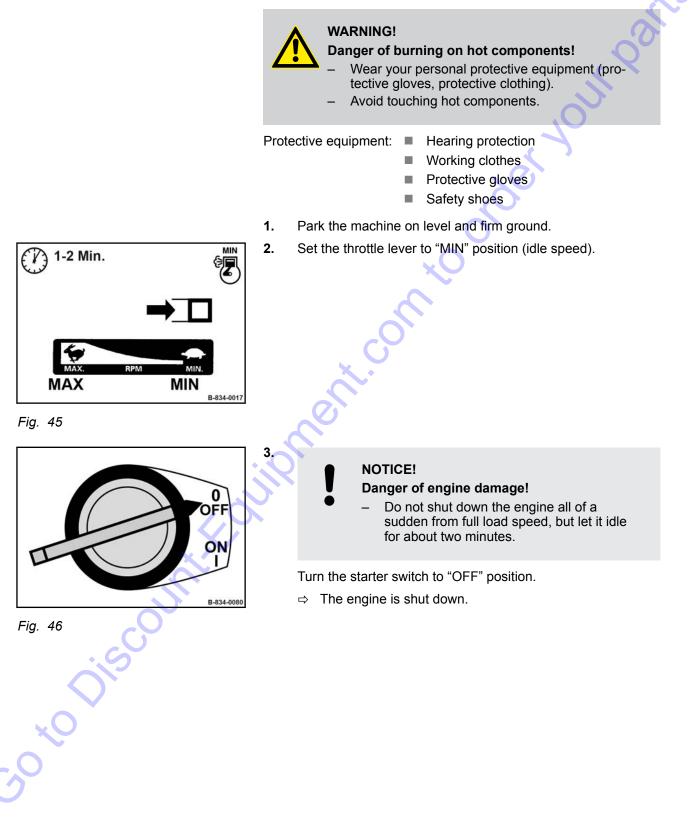


The water spraying system must be switched on and off by		4
the shut-off valve:	Ć	

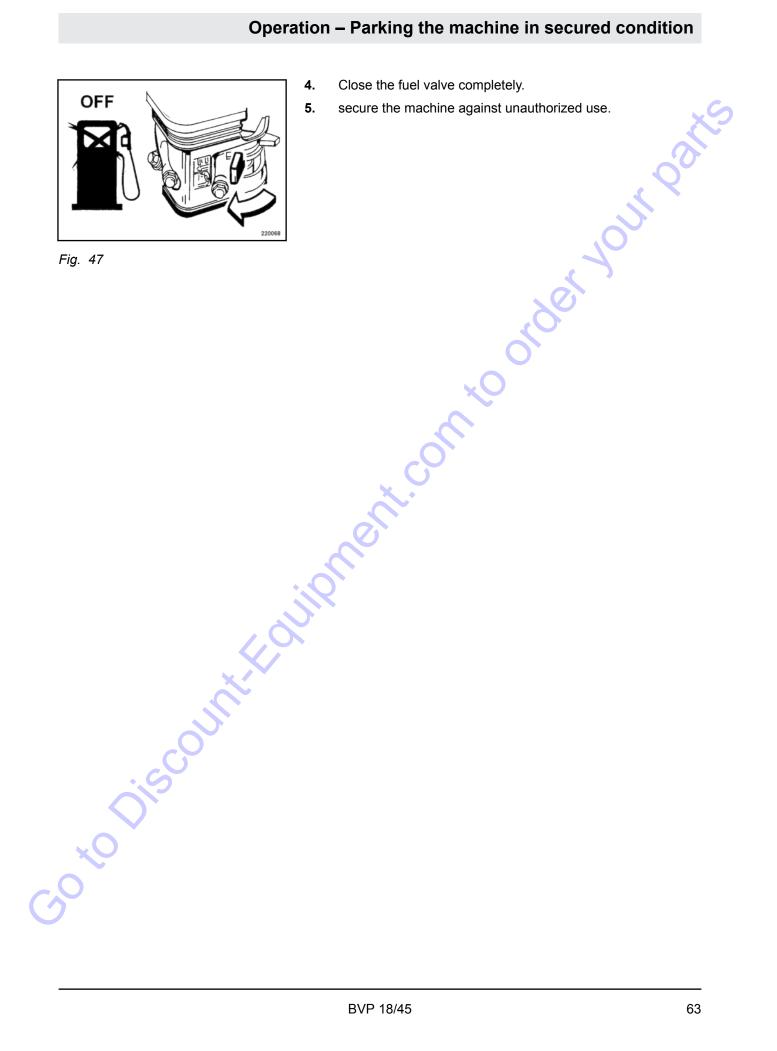
	Position "0"	Water spraying system off
	turn anticlockwise	Water spraying system on infinite adjustment of the spraying
		quantity up to "MAX" position
B834-0146 Fig. 44		
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6.5 Parking the machine in secured condition

Components can be very hot during or immediately after operation.



Operation – Parking the machine in secured condition



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7.1 Loading the machine

Loads must only be attached and hoisted by an expert / qualified person.

Do not use damaged or in any other way impaired lifting points.

Use only lifting and lashing tackle with sufficient load bearing capacity for the weight to be loaded. Minimum load bearing capacity of lifting tackle: see operating weight *Chapter 2 "Technical data" on page 11*.

Always use appropriate lifting and lashing tackle on the lifting and lashing points.

Use lifting tackle only in the prescribed direction of load application.

Lifting tackle must not be damaged by machine components.

When lifting the machine, avoid uncontrolled movements of the load. If necessary, hold the load with guide ropes.

Protective equipment: Working clothes

Protective gloves

- 1. Park the machine in secured condition & Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine in secured condition" on page 62.
- 2. Allow the engine to cool down.
- 3. Fold the guide handle forwards.
- 4. Attach the lifting tackle to the designated lifting eye (1).



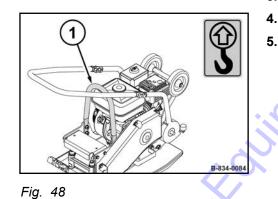
DANGER!

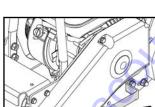
Danger to life caused by suspended loads!

Do not step or stand under suspended loads.

Lift the machine carefully and lower it again at the intended location.

6. If necessary, pull the machine by the handles on an even surface.





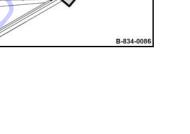


Fig. 49

Loading/transporting the machine - Lashing the machine to the transport vehicle

7.2 Lashing the machine to the transport vehicle

Do not use damaged or in any other way impaired lifting points.

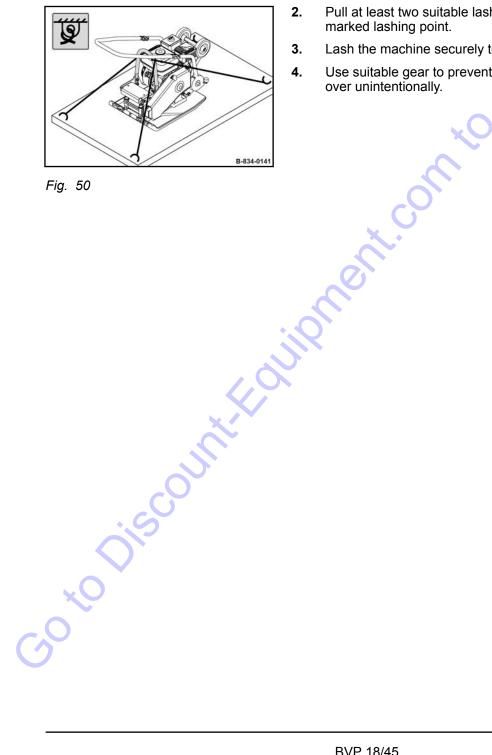
Always use appropriate lifting and lashing tackle on the lifting and lashing points.

Use lifting tackle only in the prescribed direction of load application.

Lifting tackle must not be damaged by machine components.

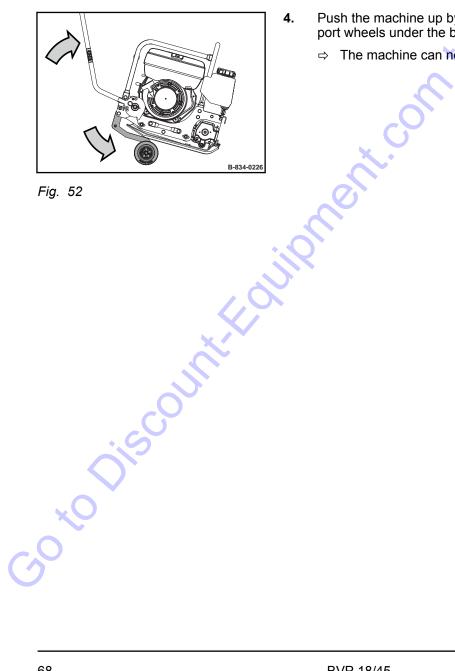
Protective equipment: Protective gloves

- 1. Fold down the guide handle.
- 2. Pull at least two suitable lashing belts crosswise across the marked lashing point.
- Lash the machine securely to the transport vehicle as shown. 3.
- 4. Use suitable gear to prevent the guide handle from swinging over unintentionally.



7.3 Transport wheels

- 1 2
- Fig. 51



- Park the machine safely & Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine 1. in secured condition" on page 62.
- 2. Lock the guide handle with the locking bolts (1).
- 3. Unlock the locking bolt (2) and fold down the transport wheels.

- 4. Push the machine up by the guide handle and fold the transport wheels under the base plate.
 - The machine can now be moved. ⇒



8.1 Preliminary remarks and safety notes



DANGER!

Danger to life caused by an operationally unsafe machine!

- The machine must only be serviced by qualified and authorized personnel.
- Follow the safety regulations for maintenance work ^{this} Chapter 3.9 "Maintenance work" on page 32.



WARNING!

Health hazard caused by fuels and lubricants!

Safety regulations and environmental protection regulations must be followed when handling fuels and lubricants & Chapter 3.4 "Handling fuels and lubricants" on page 23.

Wear your personal protective equipment.

Do not touch hot components.

Park the machine on horizontal, level, firm ground.

Perform maintenance work only with the engine shut down and the spark plug connector disconnected.

Make sure that the engine cannot be accidentally started during maintenance work.

Thoroughly clean machine and engine before starting maintenance work.

Do not leave any tools or other objects, that could cause damage, in or on the machine.

After maintenance work has been completed, dispose of fuels and lubricants, filters, sealing elements and cleaning cloths in an environmentally friendly way.

After all maintenance work is completed reinstall all guards and safety installations.

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8.2 Fuels and lubricants

8.2.1 Engine oil

8.2.1.1 Oil quality

The following engine oil specifications are permitted:

 Engine oils for four-stroke engines acc. to API-classification SJ or higher

Avoid mixing of engine oils.

8.2.1.2 Oil viscosity

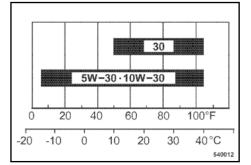


Fig. 53

8.2.1.3 Oil change intervals

, Discould

Since engine oil changes its viscosity with the temperature, the ambient temperature at the operating location of the engine is of utmost importance when choosing the viscosity class (SAE-class).

The temperature data of the SAE-class always refers to fresh oils. In travel operation engine oil ages because of soot and fuel residues. This adversely affects the properties of the engine oil, especially under low ambient temperatures.

SAE 10W-30 is recommended for general use.

You may alternatively use 15W-40 (except under low temperatures).

Oil change interval: semi-annually or every 100 operating hours.

8.2.2 Fuel

8.2.2.1 Fuel quality

Use unleaded gasoline with a research octane number of 91 or higher (or octane number 86 or higher).

Use unleaded standard grade gasoline with maximum 10 percent by volume of ethanol (E10) or maximum 5 percent by volume of methanol.

Methanol must also contain co-solvents and corrosion inhibitors.

Do not use any fuel with a higher ethanol or methanol content.

The use of fuels with a higher ethanol or methanol content will cause starting and/or power problems or even cause damage in the fuel system.

8.2.2.2 Fuel stabilizer

If the machine is only occasionally used (if it is out of use for longer than four weeks), mix in the correct amount of fuel stabilizer directly after you have purchased fresh fuel.

The fuel stabilizer has a limited shelf life.

Please follow the instructions of the manufacturer concerning the correct mixing ratio and shelf life.

Mixing in fuel stabilizer does not regenerate old fuel

8.2.3 Oil for exciter shaft housing

Use only engine oils according to the following specifications:

API CI-4 or higher quality

Avoid mixing engine oils.

NOTICE!

- Components may get damaged!
- Do not use low-ash engine oils for the exciter shaft housing.

Assembly group	Fuel or lubricant		Spare parts	Filling quantity
	Summer	Winter	number	Observe the level mark!
Engine oil	SAE 1	0W-30		0.61
	Specification: & Ch oil" on p			(0.16 gal us)
	SAE 30			0
Fuel	Gasoline (unleaded)	\$	3.11
	Specification: <i>"Fuel" on</i>		NON NON	(0.8 gal us)
	Fuel sta	abilizer	009 940 20	as required
	Specification: <i>Chapt izer" on</i>		O.	
Exciter shaft housing	SAE 1	0W-40	,	0.25 I
	Specification: & Chapt shaft housing	er 8.2.3 "Oil for exciter " on page 72		(0.07 gal us)
	Components may get low-ash engine oils hous	for the exciter shaft		
	SAE 1	5W-40		
	SAE 1	0W-30		
Water tank	Water	Anti-freeze mixture		7.0 I (1.8 gal us)
	Introvin			
Э ँ				

8.3 List of fuels and lubricants

8.4 Running-in instructions

8.4.1 General

The following maintenance work must be performed when running in new machines or overhauled engines.

8.4.2 After 25 operating hours

- 1. Change the engine oil & Chapter 8.7.1 "Changing the engine oil" on page 79.
- 2. Check engine and machine for leaks.
- **3.** Retighten the fastening screws on air filter, exhaust and other attachments.
- **4.** Retighten the bolted connections on the machine.
- 5. Checking the V-belt & Chapter 8.8.3 "Servicing the Vbelt" on page 82.
- e di Check the oil level in the vibrator housing. 6.

8.5 Maintenance Table

No.	Maintenance works	Page
	Weekly	C
8.6.1	Checking, cleaning the air filter	76
	Semi-annually	× 2
8.7.1	Changing the engine oil	79
	Annually	0
8.8.1	Replace the spark plug	80
8.8.2	Checking, adjusting the valve clearance	80
8.8.3	Servicing the V-belt	82
8.8.4	Cleaning the slurry filter and fuel strainer	84
8.8.5	Replacing the air filter	86
8.8.6	Replacing the starter rope	88
8.8.7	Changing the oil in the exciter housing	89
	As required	
8.9.1	Cleaning the cooling fins and the cooling air intake openings	91
8.9.2	Cleaning the machine	92
8.9.3	Cleaning the water spraying system	93
8.9.4	Measures if there is a risk of frost	93
8.9.5	Measures for longer shut-down periods	93
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, V		

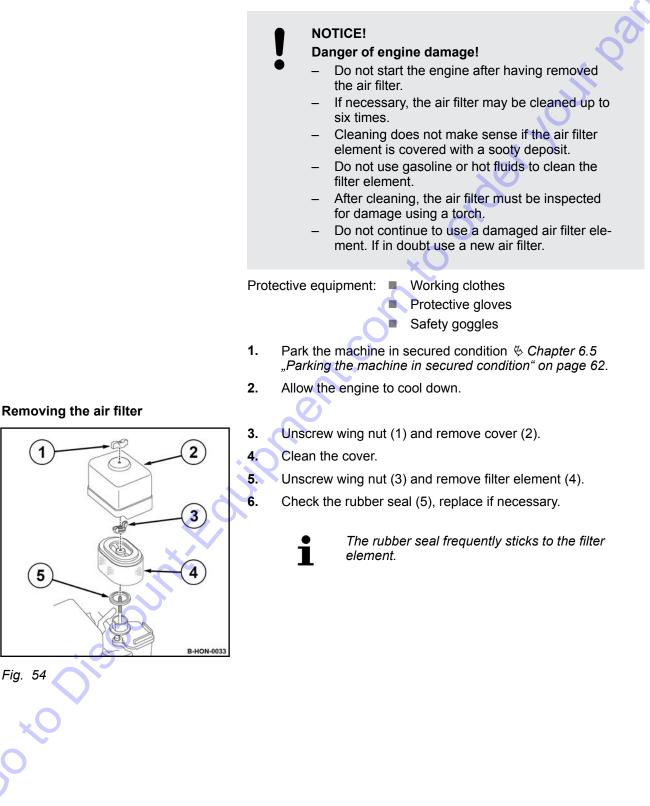
8.6 Weekly

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Fig. 54

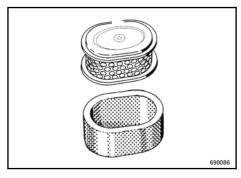
8.6.1 Checking, cleaning the air filter



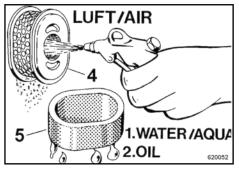
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Checking, cleaning the air filter







-30 to 150 mil

Fig. 56



7.

8.

CAUTION! Danger of eye injuries caused by particles flying around!

 Wear your personal protective equipment (safety gloves, protective working clothes, goggles).

Blow the paper element (4) out with dry compressed air (max. 2 bar (29 psi)) from inside to outside by moving the gun up and down inside the element, until it is free of dust.

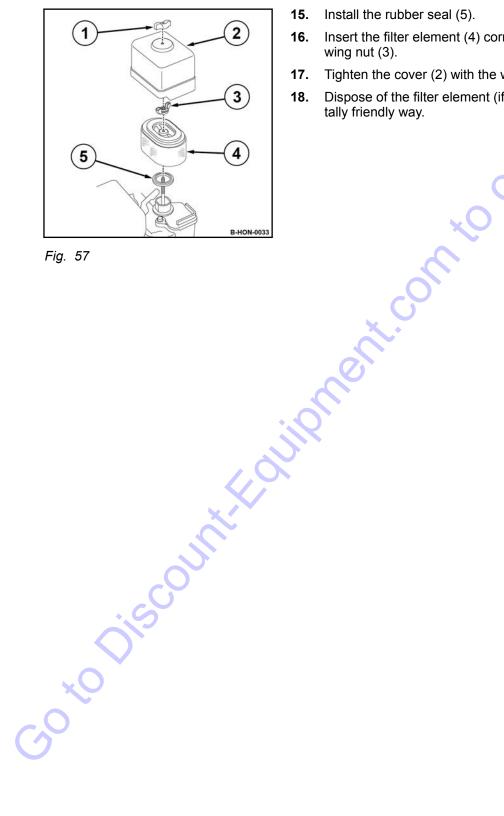
9. In case of excessive dirt, replace the paper element.

Separate paper element and foam element.

- **10.** Clean the foam element (5) in warm soapy water, rinse it and let it dry thoroughly.
- **11.** Soak the foam element in clean engine oil and press excessive oil out.
- 12. Check both elements thoroughly for holes and cracks.
- 13. Replace if damaged.
- 14. Pull the foam rubber element over the paper element.

Maintenance - Weekly

Assembling the air filter



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NOTICE! Danger of engine damage!

Insert the filter element correctly.

- 15. Install the rubber seal (5).
- Insert the filter element (4) correctly and tighten it with the 16. wing nut (3).
- Tighten the cover (2) with the wing nut (1). 17.
- Dispose of the filter element (if replaced) in an environmen-18. tally friendly way. to orde

Maintenance - Semi-annually

8.7 Semi-annually

8.7.1 Changing the engine oil

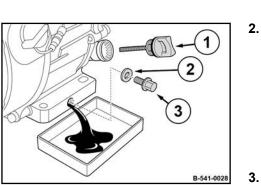


Fig. 58

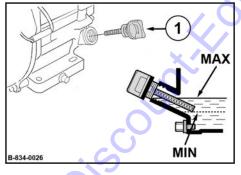


Fig. 59

NOTICE!

Danger of engine damage!

- Change the oil only with the engine at operating temperature.
- Use only oil of the permitted specification
 ♦ Chapter 8.2.1 "Engine oil" on page 71.
- Filling quantity:
 Chapter 8.3 "List of fuels and lubricants" on page 73

Protective equipment: Working clothes

- Protective gloves
- 1. Park the machine in secured condition ^t ⇔ *Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine in secured condition" on page 62.*

WARNING!

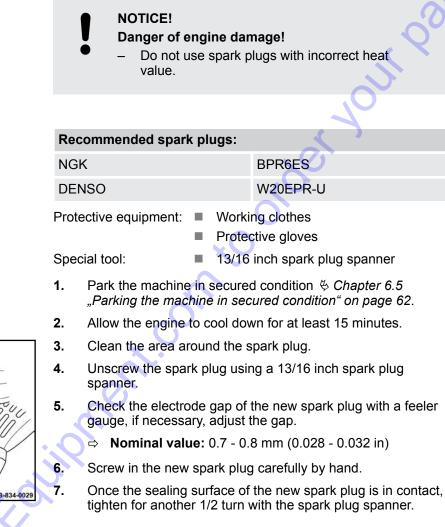
 Danger of burning on hot components!
 Wear your personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective clothing).
 Avoid touching hot components.

Clean the area around oil dipstick (1) and drain plug (3).

- **3.** Unscrew the oil dipstick.
- 4. Unscrew the drain plug and collect any oil running out.
- 5. Clean the oil drain plug and screw it back in with a new seal ring (2).
- 6. Fill in fresh oil up to the bottom edge of the filler bore.
- 7. Push the oil dipstick (1) back in.
- 8. Check for leaks after a short test run.
- 9. Check the oil level on the dipstick, correct if necessary.
- **10.** Dispose of oil in an environmentally friendly way.

8.8 Annually

8.8.1 Replace the spark plug





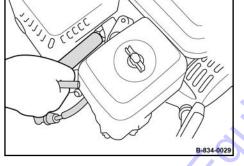
Perform this maintenance work at the latest after 250 operating hours

NOTICE!

Danger of engine damage!

We recommend to have this work carried out by trained personnel or our after sales service.

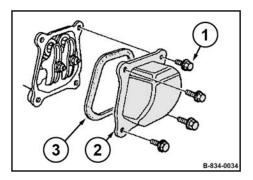
- Before checking the valve clearance let the engine cool down.



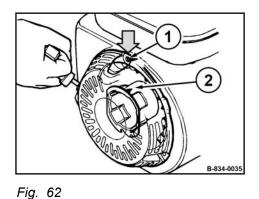


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Preparations







Checking the valve clearance

5. Set the piston to the top dead centre position of the compression stroke.

Working clothes

Park the machine in secured condition \bigcirc Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine in secured condition" on page 62.

Protective gloves

Let the engine cool down to 20 °C (68 °F).

For this purpose align the alignment mark (2) on the starter disc to the top bore (1).

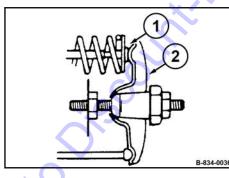
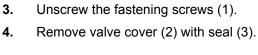


Fig. 63

\mathcal{A}	2		

	Valve clearance:	
X	Intake valve (IN)	0.08 mm (0.003 in)
	Exhaust valve (EX)	0.10 mm (0.004 in)

1. Check the valve clearance with a feeler gauge between rocker arm (2) and valve shaft (1) on both valves, adjust if necessary.

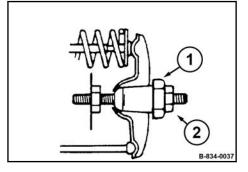


1.

2.

Protective equipment:

Adjusting the valve clearance



1.

1.

2.

3.

1.

Hold the hexagon nut (1) on the rocker arm and loosen counter nut (2).

Install the valve cover (2) with a new seal (3).

After a short test run, check the engine for leaks.

Tighten the fastening screws (1) evenly.

2. Adjust the hexagon nut, until the feeler gauge can be inserted and pulled out with little resistance after retightening the counter nut.

Fig. 64

Final work

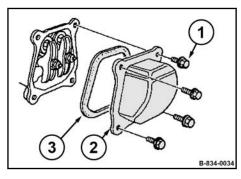
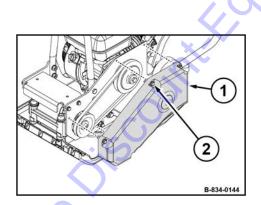


Fig. 65

8.8.3 Servicing the V-belt

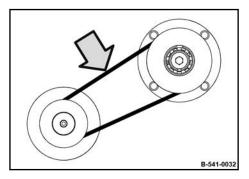
Preparations

- Protective equipment: Working clothes
 - Protective gloves
 - Park the machine in secured condition & Chapter 6.5 *"Parking the machine in secured condition" on page* 62.
- **2.** Allow the engine to cool down.
- **3.** Loosen the fastening screws (2) and remove the V-belt guard (1).





Checking the V-belt



- Check condition and tension of the V-belt, tighten if necessary.
 - ⇒ Compression measurement: approx. 5 mm (0.2 in).

Slightly loosen the fastening screws (2) on both sides.

Install the new V-belt and tighten it.

Pull the engine carrier forward and take the V-belt (1) off.

2. Replace a damaged V-belt.

1.

1. 2.

3.

Fig. 67

Replacing the V-belt

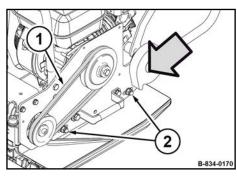
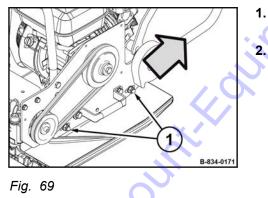


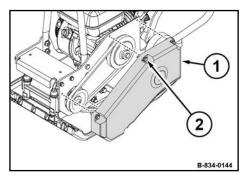
Fig. 68

Tightening the V-belt



- 1. Pull the engine carrier back, until the correct V-belt tension is reached.
 - Tighten the fastening screws (1) on both sides.

Final work

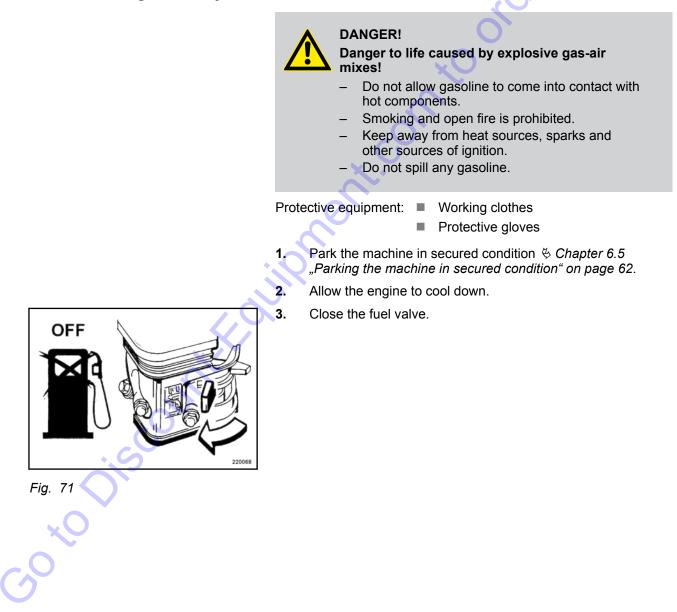


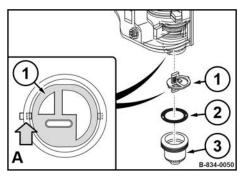
- Assemble the V-belt guard (1) with fastening screws (2).
- 2. Check the V-belt tension again after 25 operating hours, tighten if necessary.

Fig. 70

8.8.4 Cleaning the slurry filter and fuel strainer

1.





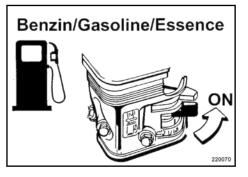
4. Disassemble filter bowl (3), O-ring (2) and filter (1).

Open the fuel valve and collect running out fuel.

 Clean filter bowl and filter in a non-inflammable solvent, dry them thoroughly afterwards.

Fig. 72

A View from below: Alignment of filter during installation



Close the fuel valve.

6.

7.

Fig. 73

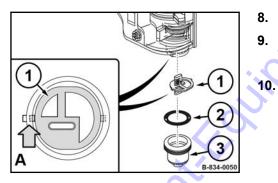


Fig. 74

A View from below: Alignment of filter during installation

Check the O-ring (2) for damage, replace if necessary. Install the filter (1).

Observe the alignment (A) of the filter on the housing. Assemble the filter bowl (3) with the O-ring.

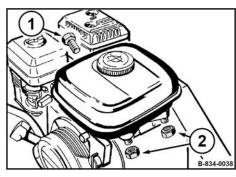


Fig. 75

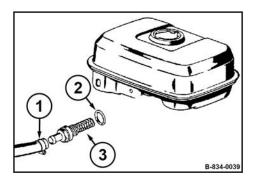


Fig. 76

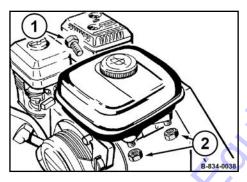


Fig. 77

8.8.5 Replacing the air filter

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- 11. Unscrew the hexagon nuts (2) and the hexagon screw (1) and take off the fuel tank.
- 12. Loosen the hose clamp (1) and pull off the fuel hose.
- 13. Unscrew the fuel strainer (3) with the seal (2).
- **14.** Clean the fuel strainer, check the condition of the screen, replace if necessary.
- 15. Turn the fuel strainer tightly in with the new seal.
- 16. Assemble the fuel hose with the hose clamp.
- **17.** Assemble the fuel tank with hexagon nuts (2) and hexagon screw (1).
- **18.** Check the fuel system for leaks.
- **19.** Dispose of fuel and replaced components in an environmentally friendly way.

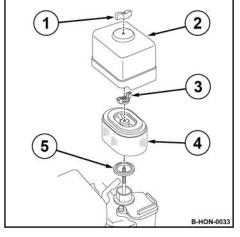


Danger of engine damage!

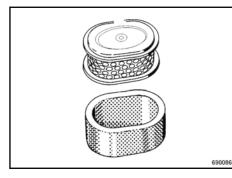
Do not start the engine after having removed the air filter.

Protective equipment:
Working clothes

- Safety shoes
- Protective gloves
- 1. Park the machine safely & Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine in secured condition" on page 62.
- 2. Allow the engine to cool down.







- Unscrew wing nut (1) and remove cover (2).
- 4. Clean the cover.

3.

7.

insert.

- 5. Unscrew wing nut (3) and remove filter element (4).
- 6. Check the rubber seal (5), replace if necessary.



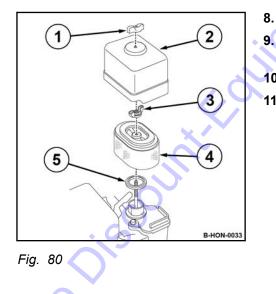
The rubber seal frequently sticks to the filter element.

NOTICE! Danger of engine damage!

Replace the filter element consisting of paper and foam

- Insert the filter element correct
- Insert the filter element correctly.



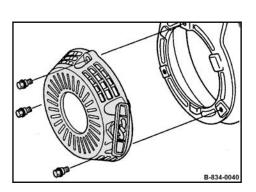


- 8. (Install the rubber seal (5).
 - Insert the filter element (4) correctly and tighten it with the wing nut (3).
- **10.** Tighten the cover (2) with the wing nut (1).
- **11.** Dispose of the old filter element in an environmentally friendly way.

8.8.6 Replacing the starter rope

Protective equipment:
Working clothes

- Protective gloves
- 1. Park the machine in secured condition & Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine in secured condition" on page 62.
- 2. Allow the engine to cool down.
- **3.** Disassembling the recoil starter.





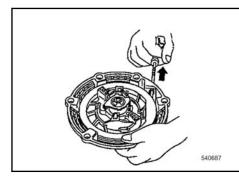


Fig. 82

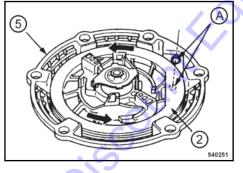


Fig. 83

4. Pull the starter rope with the starter handle out completely.

- If the starter rope has been torn or the coil has recoiled completely:
- Before assembling the rope, turn the coil (2) 5 revolutions in anti-clockwise direction and align the rope openings in coil and housing (5) to one another (A).

5.

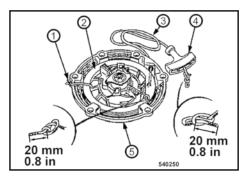


Fig. 84

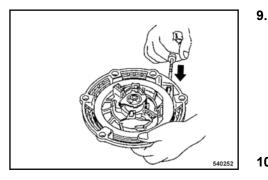


Fig. 85

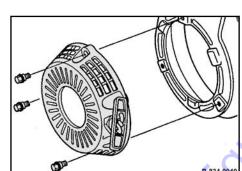


Fig. 86

8.8.7 Changing the oil in the exciter housing

- 6. Secure the coil against winding up. For this purpose tie the coil (2) to the housing (5) with a cable strap (1).
- 7. Untie the knots of the starter rope at both ends and remove the old starter rope.
- 8. Thread in the new starter rope (3) and fix it with knots on both ends.



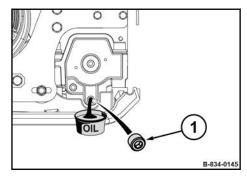
Do not let the starter handle hit back.

Remove the fixing of the coil and run the starter handle slowly back to initial position.

- 10. Pull the starter handle to check the function and light movement of the recoil starter.
- Assemble the recoil starter. 11.

- NOTICE! Components may get damaged! Use only oil of the permitted specification & Chapter 8.3 "List of fuels and lubricants" on page 73. Protective equipment: Working clothes Protective gloves Park the machine on level ground.
- 2. Park the machine in secured condition & Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine in secured condition" on page 62.

1.



3. Tilt the machine slightly towards the oil drain side and support it safely. Unscrew the oil drain plug (1) and collect running out oil. 4. 10UT POR

5. Stand the machine upright.

Fig. 87

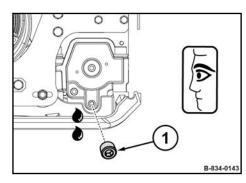


Fig. 88

NOTICE!

Components may get damaged!

Do not use low-ash engine oils for the exciter shaft housing.

- 6. Fill in oil up to the bottom edge of the bore.
- 7. Screw in the oil drain plug (1).
- Dispose of oil in an environmentally friendly way. 8.

8.9 As required

8.9.1 Cleaning the cooling fins and the cooling air intake openings

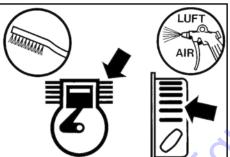
How dirty the cooling fins and cooling air intake openings are depends very much on the daily operating conditions; clean daily if necessary. NOTICE! Danger of engine damage caused by reduced cooling! For this reason you should always seal any oil or fuel leaks in the vicinity of the cooling fan or the coolers and clean the cooling fins after. Protective equipment: Working clothes Protective gloves Safety goggles 1. Park the machine in secured condition & Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine in secured condition" on page 62. 2. Allow the engine to cool down. Remove dried dirt with a suitable brush from all cooling fins 3. LUF and cooling air intake openings. 4. ΔJF CAUTION! Danger of eye injuries caused by particles flying around! Wear your personal protective equipment (safety gloves, protective working clothes, goggles).

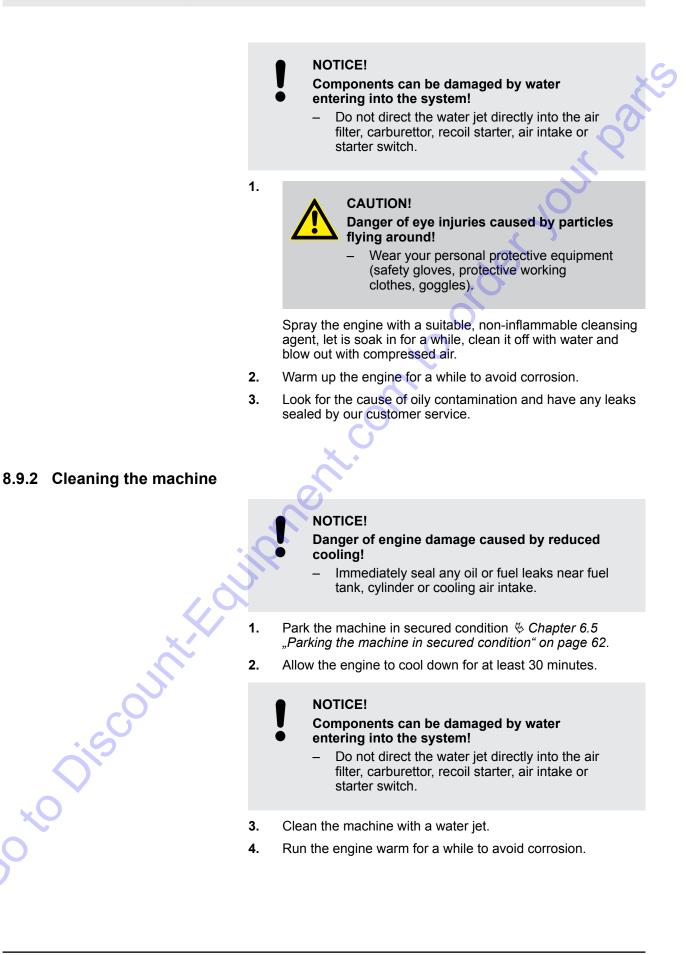
> Blow out the cooling fins and cooling air intake openings with compressed air.

Cleaning with cold cleansing agent

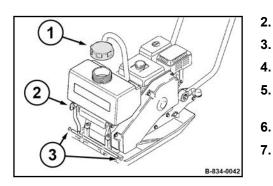
Fig. 89

If the engine is oily, use a cold cleansing agent for cleaning.





8.9.3 Cleaning the water spraying system

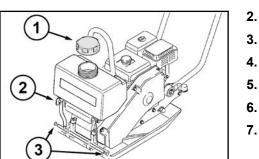


1. Park the machine in secured condition \clubsuit Chapter 6.5 *"Parking the machine in secured condition" on page* 62.

- Remove the cap (1) from the water tank.
- **3.** Remove the rubber caps (3) from the spray tube.
- 4. Open shut-off valve (2) and drain off all water.
- 5. Flush the water tank with a strong water jet, until all dirt has run out.
- 6. Plug the rubber caps back on the spray tube.
- 7. Fill the water tank with clean water and close the cap.

Fig. 90

8.9.4 Measures if there is a risk of frost



- 1. Park the machine safely & Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine in secured condition" on page 62.
- . Remove the cap (1) from the water tank.
- **3.** Remove the rubber caps (3) from the spray tube.
- 4. Open shut-off valve (2) and drain off all water.
- 5. Insert the rubber caps.
- 6. Close the shut-off valve.
- Close the cap.

Fig. 91

8.9.5 Measures for longer shut-down periods

B-834-004

8.9.5.1 Measures before shutting down

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DANGER!

Danger to life caused by explosive gas-air mixes!

- Do not allow gasoline to come into contact with hot components.
- Smoking and open fire is prohibited.
- Keep away from heat sources, sparks and other sources of ignition.
- Do not spill any gasoline.

If the machine is shut down for a longer period of time, e.g. winter season, the following work must be carried out.

Depending on weather conditions these conservation measures will protect the machine for approx. 6 to 12 months.

- 1. Park the machine in secured condition \Leftrightarrow Chapter 6.5 "Parking the machine in secured condition" on page 62.
- 2. Allow the engine to cool down for at least 30 minutes.
- **3.** Clean the machine thoroughly.
- **4.** Change the engine oil ♦ Chapter 8.7.1 "Changing the engine oil" on page 79.
- 5. Use fuel stabilizer or drain off fuel completely.
- 1. Mix fresh fuel with fuel stabilizer (follow the instructions of the manufacturer).
- 2. Empty the fuel tank and fill it with the prepared fuel mix.
- **3.** Start the engine and run the machine for approx. 10 minutes in the open.
- 4. Park the machine in secured condition.

Emptying the fuel tank.

Using fuel stabilizer



1. Close the fuel valve.

Disassemble the drain plug (3) and the seal (4) from the carburettor and catch running out fuel.

- Disassemble filter bowl (2) and O-ring (1).
- 4. Open the fuel valve and catch running out fuel.
- 5. Close the fuel valve.

2

7.

- 6. Install the drain plug with the seal on the carburettor.
 - Assemble the filter bowl with the O-ring.
- 8. Dispose of fuel environmentally.

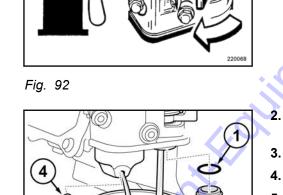


Fig. 93

3

Protecting the cylinder

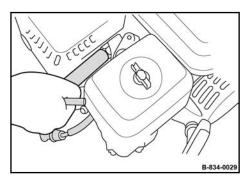


Fig. 94

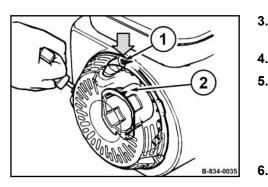


Fig. 95

Parking the machine

Special tool:

- 13/16 inch spark plug spanner
- 1. Unscrew the spark plug using a 13/16 inch spark plug spanner.
- 2. Fill in several drops of fresh engine oil through the ignition plug opening.

- **3.** Crank the engine several times with the recoil starter to distribute the oil in the cylinder.
- 4. Screw the spark plug back in.
- 5. Slowly pull the starter rope until resistance can be felt and the alignment mark (2) on the starter disc is in line with the upper bore (1).
 - ⇒ Valves will be closed so that no moisture can enter into the cylinder.
 - Slowly guide the starter rope back.
- 1. After shutting down store the machine under cover in a dry and well ventilated room.
- 2. Cover the engine to protect it against dust and moisture.
- 3. A machine with conserved engine must be clearly marked by attaching an information sign.

8.9.5.2 Measures before restarting

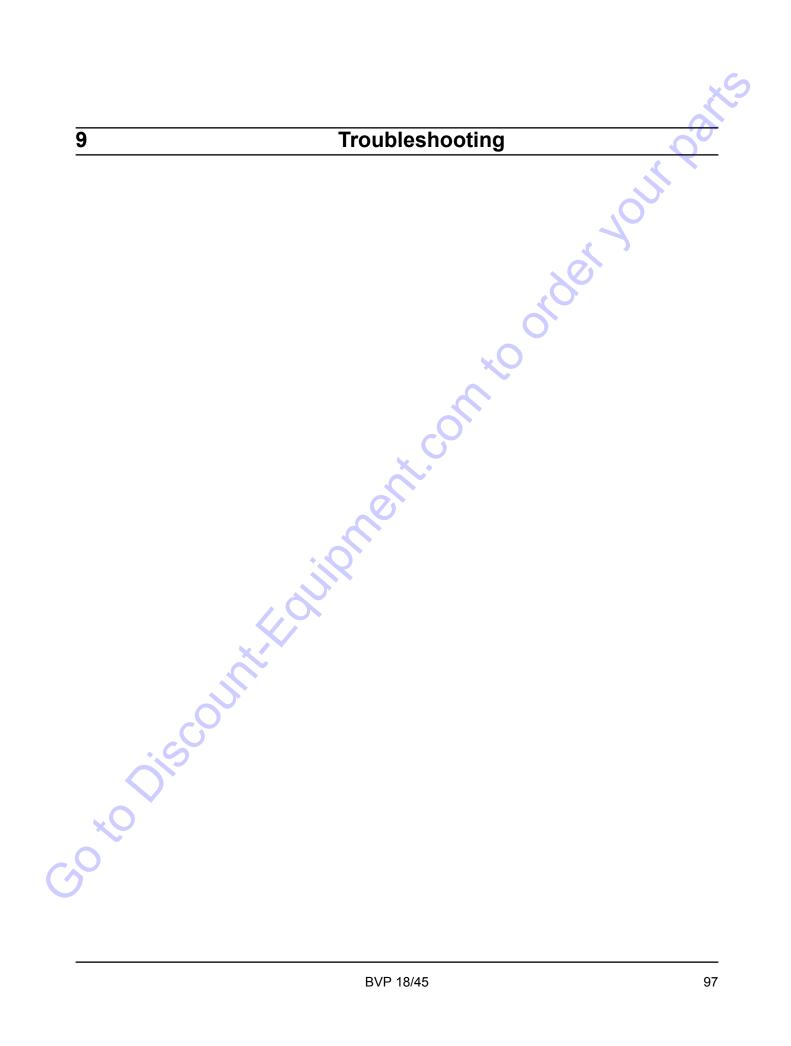


DANGER!

Danger to life caused by explosive gas-air mixes!

- Do not allow gasoline to come into contact with hot components.
- Smoking and open fire is prohibited.
- Keep away from heat sources, sparks and other sources of ignition.
- Do not spill any gasoline.
- 1. Check the oil levels.
- 2. If the fuel was drained off before shutting down, you must now fill in fuel.
- 3. Check hoses and lines for cracks and leaks.

- <text>



9.1 Preliminary remarks

Malfunctions are frequently caused by incorrect operation of the machine or insufficient maintenance. Whenever a fault occurs you should therefore thoroughly read these instructions on correct operation and maintenance.

uiton: If you cannot locate the cause of a fault or rectify it yourself by following the trouble shooting chart, you should contact our customer

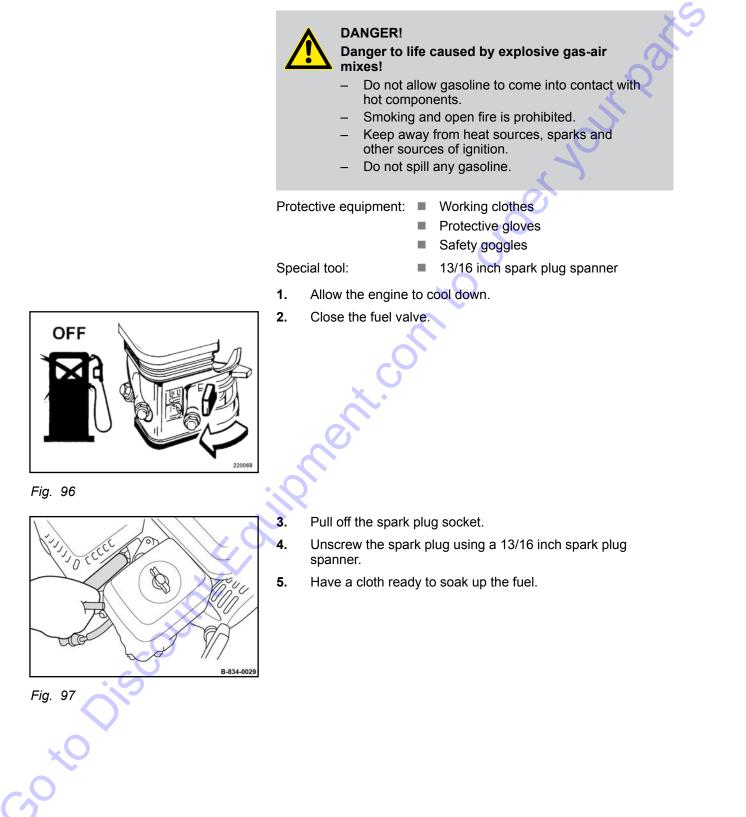
9.2 Engine malfunctions

Malfunction	Possible cause	Remedy
Engine does not	Fuel tank empty	Check, fill up if necessary
start	Fuel valve closed	Open the fuel valve
	Fuel system clogged	Clean the fuel screen
		Check the fuel screen in the carburettor
		Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel
	Set the starter switch to "OFF" position	Set the starter switch to "ON" position
	Engine oil level too low	Check the engine oil level, correct if nec- essary
	No ignition spark	Clean the spark plug, replace if neces- sary
	Starter switch defective	Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel
	No fuel in carburettor	Check the fuel supply
	e c	Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel
Engine does not crank when oper-	Recoil starter defective	Replace the recoil starter
ating the recoil starter	Spring broken	Replace the recoil starter
Starter rope of	Recoil starter dirty	Clean the recoil starter
recoil starter does not return to initial position	Insufficient pre-tension of the spring	Check the pre-tension of the spring, adjust if necessary
	Spring broken	Replace the recoil starter
Low engine power	Air filter clogged	Clean the air filter, replace if necessary
	Throttle cable defective	Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel
	Engine defective	Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel
C	Carburettor defective	Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel
Engine overheats	Lack of cooling air	Clean the air filter, replace if necessary
		Cleaning the cooling fins and the cooling air intake openings
Engine stops	Fuel system clogged	Clean the fuel screen
		Check the fuel screen in the carburettor
		Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel
	Fuel tank empty	Check, fill up if necessary

Troubleshooting – Engine malfunctions

Mailunction Possible cause Remedy Poor fuel quality Check the fuel quality, if necessary change the fuel Check the engine oil level, correct if nec- essary Engine runs with high speed, but no vibration Centrifugal clutch defective Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel V-belt broken Replacing the V-belt How checked by qualified expert per- sonnel		Possible cause	Remedy
Engine runs with high speed, but no vibration Centrifugal clutch defective Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel V-belt broken Replacing the V-belt			
Engine runs with ny vibration V-belt broken Replacing the V-belt V-belt broken Replacing the V-belt			change the fuel
high speed, but no vibration V-belt broken Replacing the V-belt Control of the transformer of the transforme		Engine oil level too low	
V-beit broken	high speed, but no	Centrifugal clutch defective	Have checked by qualified expert per- sonnel
oto	VIDration	V-belt broken	Replacing the V-belt
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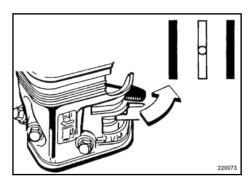
9.3 What to do if the engine has flooded



Troubleshooting – What to do if the engine has flooded

6.

7.



Open the choke.



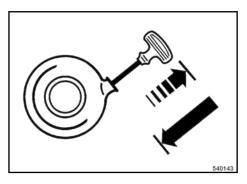
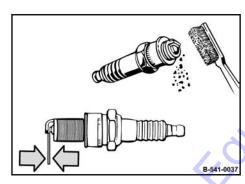


Fig. 99



O'SC'

Fig. 100



CAUTION! Danger of eye injuries caused by particles flying around!

 Wear your personal protective equipment (safety gloves, protective working clothes, goggles).

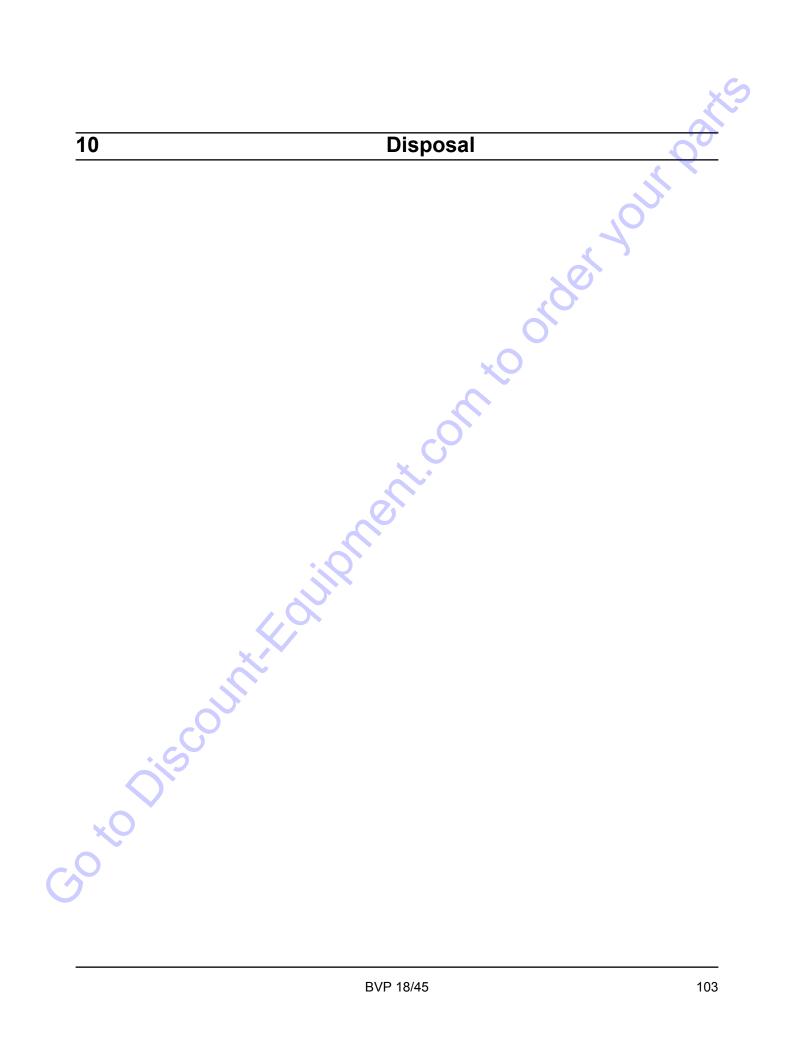
Crank the engine several times with the recoil starter to remove excessive fuel from the combustion chamber.

- 8. Dry the spark plug with a clean cloth or blow it dry with compressed air.
- 9. If necessary, clean the spark plug with a wire brush.
- **10.** In case of excessive combustion residues or burned off electrodes, replace the spark plug.
- **11.** Check the electrode gap of the spark plug with a feeler gauge, if necessary, adjust the gap.
 - ⇒ **Nominal value:** 0.7 0.8 mm (0.028 0.032 in)
- **12.** Screw the used spark plug carefully in by hand and once the sealing surface of the used spark plug is in contact, tighten it for another 1/8 to 1/4 turn with the spark plug spanner.
- **13.** Once the sealing surface of the new spark plug is in contact, tighten for another 1/2 turn with the spark plug spanner.

NOTICE!

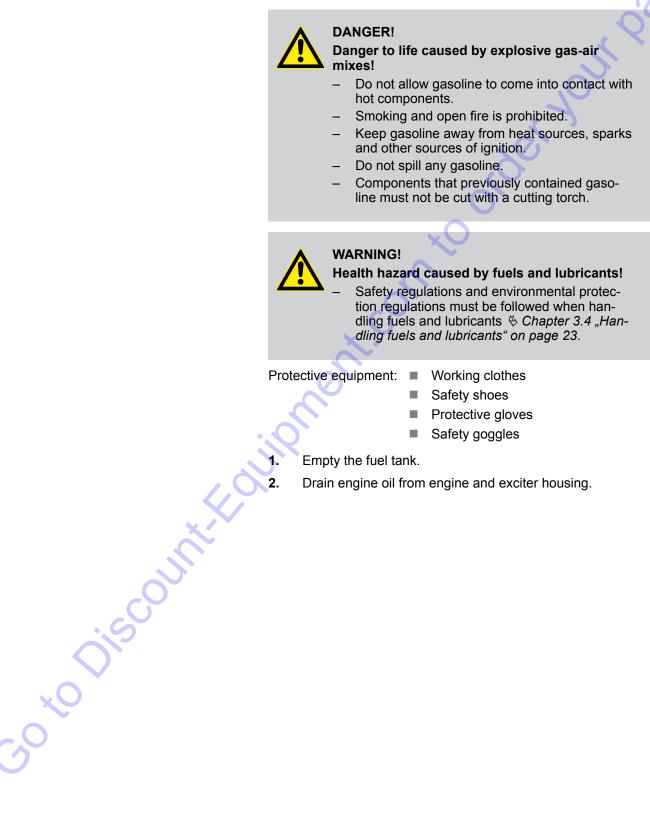
Danger of engine damage caused by a loose spark plug!

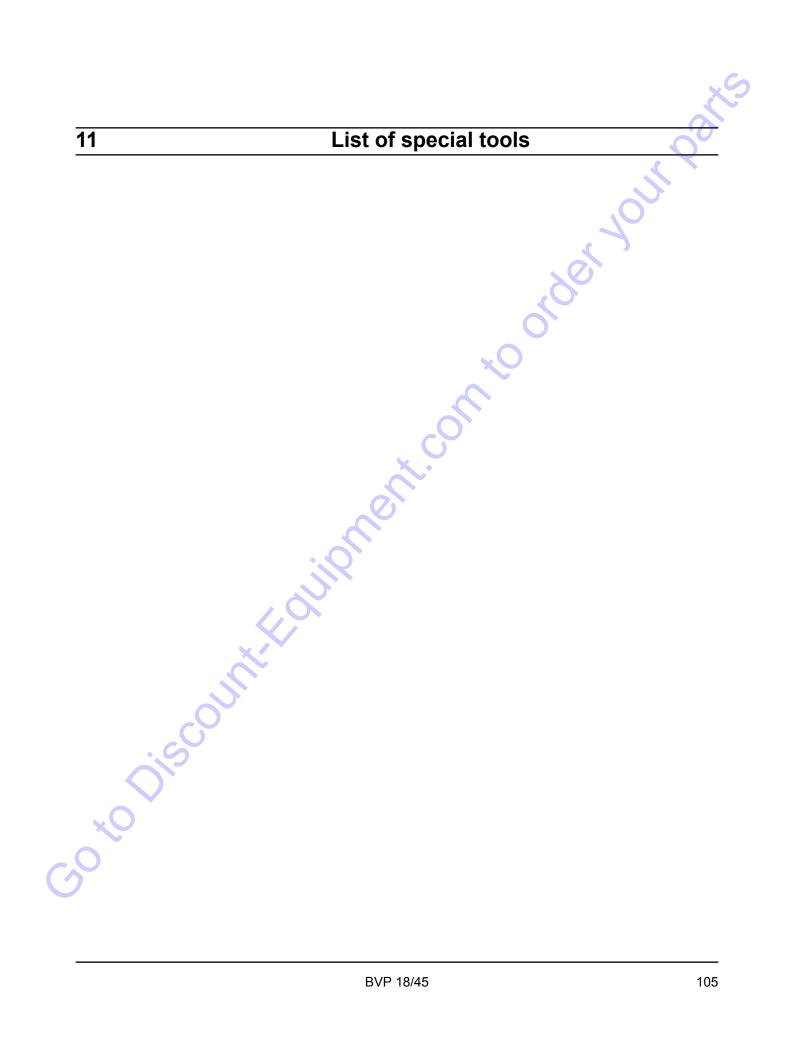
- Always screw the spark plug in correctly.
- **14.** Plug the spark plug socket back on.
- **15.** Start the engine ^𝔅 Chapter 6.2 "Starting the engine" on page 55.
- **16.** Dispose of the cloth soaked with the leaked fuel in an environmentally friendly way.



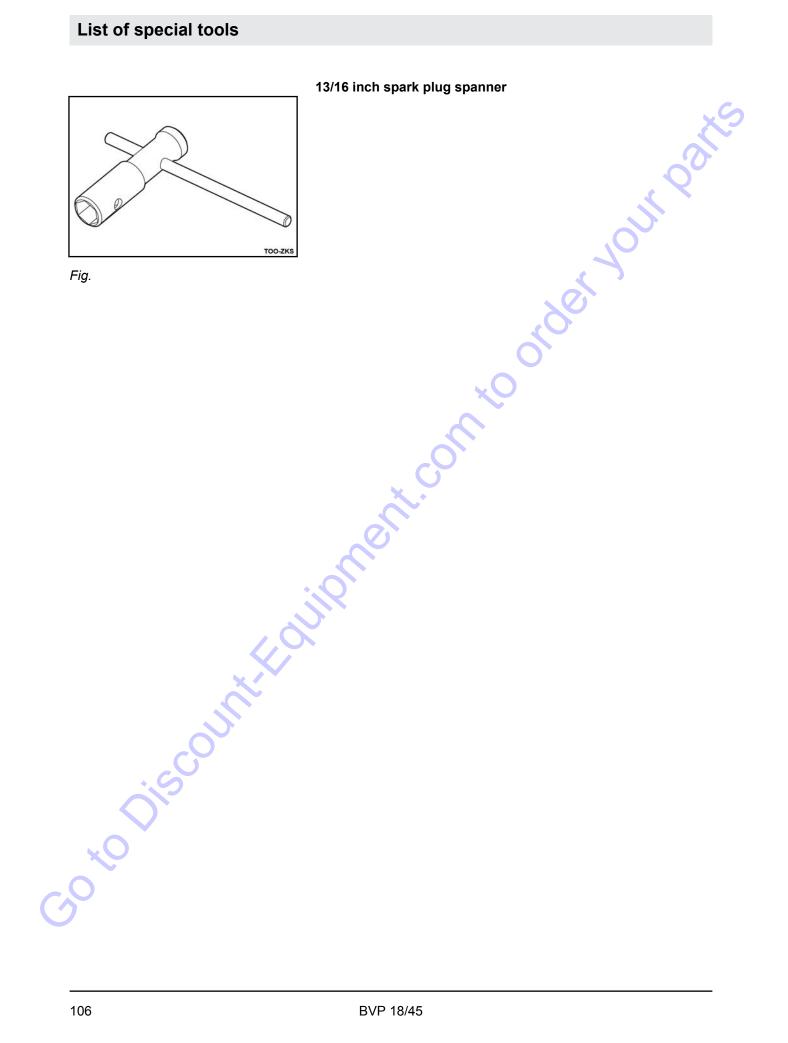
10.1 Final shut-down of machine

If the machine can no longer be used and needs to be finally shut down you must carry out the following work and have the machine disassembled by an officially recognized specialist workshop.





List of special tools



Search Website by Part Number Discount	Search Manual Library For Parts Manual & Lookup Part Numbers – Purchase or Request Quote	Can't Find Part or Manual? Request Help by Manufacturer, Model & Description
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Curtis, Gehl Pavers, Heli, Honda, ICS/PowerGrit, IHI, Partner, Imer, Clipper, MMD, Koshin, Rice, CH&E, General Equipment, Amida, Coleman, NAC, Gradall, Square Shooter, Kent, Stanley, Tamco, Toku, Hatz, Kohler, Robin, Wisconsin, Northrock, Oztec, Toker TK, Rol-Air, APT, Wylie, Ingersoll Rand / Doosan, Innovatech, Con X, Ammann, Mecalac, Makinex, Smith Surface Prep,Small Line, Wanco, Yanmar