

Service Manual

Serial Number Range

AL4 AL4000 from AL406-25121 to AL416J-4399 from AL4J-4400

> Part No. 218567 Rev B

August 2016

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Introduction August 2016

Introduction

Important

Read, understand and obey the safety rules and operating instructions in the appropriate operator's manual on your machine before attempting any maintenance or repair procedure.

This manual provides detailed scheduled maintenance information for the machine owner and user. It also provides troubleshooting fault codes and repair procedures for qualified service professionals.

Basic mechanical, hydraulic and electrical skills are required to perform most procedures. However, several procedures require specialized skills, tools, lifting equipment and a suitable workshop. In these instances, we strongly recommend that maintenance and repair be performed at an authorized Terex dealer service center.

Technical Publications

Terex has endeavored to deliver the highest degree of accuracy possible. However, continuous improvement of our products is a Terex policy. Therefore, product specifications are subject to change without notice.

Readers are encouraged to notify Terex of errors and send in suggestions for improvement. All communications will be carefully considered for future printings of this and all other manuals.



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Revision History

Revision Date Section Procedure / Schematic Page / Description A 8/2012 New release B 8/2016 Section 1 Updated revision history and serial number legend Date Section 1 Updated revision history and serial number legend
EEEDENICE EYAMDI ES:

REFERENCE EXAMPLES:

Kubota Engine_Section 2_Specifications.
A-6,B-3,C-7_Section 3_Maintenance Procedure.
3-2, 6-4, 9-1_Section 4_Repair Procedure.
Fault Codes_Section 5.

6-35, 6-56, 6-104_Section 6_Schematic Page #.

Electronic Version

Click on any procedure or page number highlighted in blue to view the update.

REVISION HISTORY

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3-2, 6-4, 9-1_Section 4_Repair Procedure.
Fault Codes_Section 5.
6-35, 6-56, 6-104_Section 6_Schematic Page #.

Electronic Version

Click on any procedure or page number highlighted in blue to view the update.

INTRODUCTION

Serial Number Legend

To August 31, 2016



Model year: 2016

Model:

Serial number: AL416J-1234

Manufacture date: 1/2/16

Electrical schematic number:

Machine unladen weight:

Axle weight:

Tongue weight: Tire pressure:

Maximum tow speed:

- 1 Model
- 2 Model year
- 3 Facility code

- 4 Sequence number
- 5 Serial label
- 6 Serial number (stamped on chassis

From September 1, 2016



Model:

Serial number: AL4J-1234

Year of Manufacture: 201

Electrical schematic number:

Machine unladen weight:

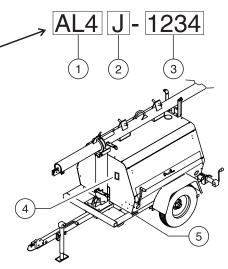
Axle weight:

Tongue weight:

Tire pressure:

Maximum tow speed:

- 1 Model
- 2 Facility code
- 3 Sequence number



- 4 Serial label
- 5 Serial number (stamped on chassis

Safety Rules



Danger

Failure to obey the instructions and safety rules in this manual, and the appropriate operator's manual on your machine will result in death or serious injury.

Many of the hazards identified in the operator's manual are also safety hazards when maintenance and repair procedures are performed.

Do Not Perform Maintenance Unless:

- You are trained and qualified to perform maintenance on this machine.
- You read, understand and obey:
 - manufacturer's instructions and safety rules
 - employer's safety rules and worksite regulations
 - applicable governmental regulations
- You have the appropriate tools, lifting equipment and a suitable workshop.

Personal Safety

Any person working on or around a machine must be aware of all known safety hazards. Personal safety and the continued safe operation of the machine should be your top priority.



Read each procedure thoroughly. This manual and the decals on the machine, use signal words to identify the following:



Safety alert symbol—used to alert personnel to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may cause minor or moderate injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.



Be sure to wear protective eye wear and other protective clothing if the situation warrants it.



Be aware of potential crushing hazards such as moving parts, free swinging or unsecured components when lifting or

placing loads. Always wear approved steel-toed shoes.

SAFETY RULES

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Workplace Safety



Be sure to keep sparks, flames and lighted tobacco away from flammable and combustible materials like battery gases and engine fuels. Always have an approved fire extinguisher within easy reach.



Be sure that all tools and working areas are properly maintained and ready for use. Keep work surfaces clean and free of debris that could get into machine

components and cause damage.



Be sure any forklift, overhead crane or other lifting or supporting device is fully capable of supporting and stabilizing the weight to be lifted. Use only chains

or straps that are in good condition and of ample capacity.



Be sure that fasteners intended for one time use (i.e., cotter pins and self-locking nuts) are not reused. These components may fail if they are used a second time.



Be sure to properly dispose of old oil or other fluids. Use an approved container. Please be environmentally safe.



Be sure that your workshop or work area is properly ventilated and well lit.

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Specifications

Machine Specifications

Total lighting wattage	4 x 1000 watts
Fuel capacities	
Single tank	30 gallons
	114 liters
Dual tanks (option)	60 gallons
	227 liters
Tires and wheels	
Tire size	ST205/75D15
Load range	С
Lug nut torque, dry	90 ft-lbs
	122 Nm
Lug nut torque, lubricated	67.5 ft-lbs
	91.5 Nm
Tire pressure, maximum (cold)	50 psi
. ,	3.4 bar

Performance Specifications

Tongue weight, maxim	um		
With fuel (single tank)		1	50 lbs
			68 kg
(dual tank)		1	30 lbs
	X		59 kg
Run time		*	
Single tank		50	hours

For operational specifications, refer to the Operator's Manual.

Continuous improvement of our products is a Genie policy. Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

SPECIFICATIONS

Generator Options 6 kw and 8 kw

Generator speed @ full load	60 Hz	1800 rpm
Temperature, ambient maximum		104°F
		40°C
Capacitor (disconnected)		25 µF

7 kw

Generator speed @ full load	50 Hz	1500 rpm
Temperature, ambient maximum		104°F 40°C
Capacitor (disconnected)		25 μF

Perkins 403D	<u>-11 Engine</u>
D' 1	3

PEIKINS 400D-11 EII	unie
Displacement	68.9 cu in
	1.1 liters
Number of cylinders	3
Bore and stroke	3.03 x 3.19 inches 77 x 81 mm
Horsepower, net intermittent	25 @ 3000 rpm 18.6 kW
Firing order	1 - 2 - 3
Compression ratio	23:1
Compression pressure	425 psi 29 bar
Pressure of the lowest cylinder m 50 psi / 3.5 bar of the highest cyli at no time less than 360 psi / 25 b	nder, though
Idle speed @ no load (with 7kw generator)	1500 rpm
Frequency	50 hz
Idle speed @ no load (with 6kw or 8kw generator)	1800 rpm
Frequency	60 hz
Governor	centrifugal mechanical
Valve clearance, cold	0.0078 in
	0.2 mm
Engine coolant capacity	2.0 quarts
	1.9 liters

Engine coolant should be clean soft water with 50% anti freeze concentration ethylene glycol to BS 6580:1992 or ASTMD 3306-89 or AS 2108-1977

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Fuel requirement

Standard battery

Cold cranking ampere

Reserve capacity @ 25A rate

Type Group

Quantity
Ampere hour

SPECIFICATIONS

Lubrication system	
Oil pressure (hot @ 2000 rpm)	40 to 60 psi 3 to 4 bar
Oil capacity (including filter)	4.6 quarts 4.4 liters
Oil viscosity requirements	
Units ship with 15W-40. Extreme operating temperatural alternative engine oils. For oil Engine Operator Handbook of	requirements, refer to the
Injection system	
Injection pump make	Bosch
Injection timing	23° BTDC @ 3000 rpm
Injection pump pressure	2133 psi 150 bar

diesel number 2-D

12V DC

24

75 A

500

65 minutes

Heavy duty battery	
Туре	12V DC
Group	24
Quantity	1
Ampere hour	75 A
Cold cranking ampere	→ 700
Reserve capacity @ 25A rate	125 minutes
Alternator	
Output	40A, 12V DC
Fan belt deflection	³/ ₁₆ inch
	5 mm

Continuous improvement of our products is a Genie policy. Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

SPECIFICATIONS

Kubota I	<u> </u>	05-D:	BG	Engine
----------	----------	-------	----	---------------

KUDOLA DI 105-D3B	G Engine
Displacement	68.53 cu in
•	1.123 liters
Number of cylinders	3
Bore and stroke	3.07 x 3.09 inches
	78 x 78.4 mm
Horsepower, gross intermittent	13.6 @ 1800 rpm
	10.1 kW
Firing order	1 - 2 - 3
Compression ratio	24:1
Compression pressure	412 to 469 psi
	28.4 to 32.3 bar
Idle speed @ no load	1500 rpm
(with 7kw generator)	
Frequency	50 hz
Idle speed @ no load	1800 rpm
(with 6kw or 8kw generator)	
Frequency	60 hz
Governor	centrifugal mechanical
Valve clearance, cold	0.0057 to 0.0072 in
	0.145 to 0.185 mm
Engine coolant capacity	3.3 quarts
	3.1 liters
Lubrication system	
Oil pressure	28 to 64 psi
	1.93 to 4.41 bar
Oil capacity (including filter)	5.4 quarts
	5.1 liters

jeener minig	10 2.23
Injection pump pressure	1991 psi 137 bar
Fuel requirement	
For fuel requirements, refer to the er	ngine Operator's
Manual on your machine.	
Standard battery	
Туре	12V DC
Group	24
Quantity	1
Ampere hour	75 A
Cold cranking ampere	500
Reserve capacity @ 25A rate	65 minutes
Heavy duty battery	
Туре	12V DC
Group	24
Quantity	1
Ampere hour	75 A
Cold cranking ampere	700
Reserve capacity @ 25A rate	125 minutes
Alternator	
Output	40A, 14V DC
Fan belt deflection	0.28 to 0.35 inch
	7 to 9 mm

Injection timing

Oil viscosity requirements

Units ship with 10W-30.

Extreme operating temperatures may require the use of alternative engine oils. For oil requirements, refer to the Engine Operator Handbook on your machine.

Injection s	ystem	
Injection pu	ımp make	Bosch MD

Continuous improvement of our products is a Genie policy. Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

SPECIFICATIONS

	SAE FASTENER TORQUE CHART															
		• Th	is char	t is to l	be use	d as a	guide d	only un	less no	ted el	sewhe	re in th	is man	ual •		
SIZE	THE	READ		(irade	rane a larane x (= =)								_	Stren	_
0.22			- 11	JBED		DR		٠,	UBED		DR		В	Black Oxide Bolts		
			in-lbs	Nn	n in	-lbs	Nm	in-lbs		n i	n-lbs	Nm	in	in-lbs Nm		
1/4		20	80	9		100	11.3	110	12		140	15.8	1	30	*	1.7
		28	90	10.	1 1	120	13.5	120	13	.5	160	18	1	40	15	5.8
				JBED Nn	1,	DR			UBED	<u> </u>	DR	_			BED	m
	,	18	ft-lbs 13	17.		-Ibs 17	Nm 23	ft-lbs	24		25 a	Nm 33.9		lbs 21	_	3.4
5/16		24	14	19)	19	25.7	20	27		27	36.6	2	24	32	2.5
3/8		16 24	23	31. 35.		31	42 47.4	33 37	44 50		44	59.6 66.4		38 43		1.5
7144		14	26 37	50.		35 49	66.4	50	67	_	70	94.7		13 31		3.3 2.7
7/16		20	41	55.	5	55	74.5	60	81		80	108.4	(88	92	2.1
1/2		13	57	77.		75	101.6	80	108		110	149	_	93		26
	_	20 12	64 80	86. 108		85 110	115 149	90 120	12		120 150	162 203		05 30	_	42 76
9/16		18	90	12		120	162	130	17		170	230		40		39
5/8		11	110	149		150	203	160	21		210	284		80		44
		18 10	130 200	170 27		170 270	230 366	180 280	37		240 380	325 515	_	00 20	27	71 33
3/4		16	220	29		300	406	310	42		420	569		50	_	74
7/8		9	320	433	3 4	130	583	450	61	0	610	827	5	10	69	
	+-	14	350	47		170	637	500	67		670	908		60	_	59
1		8 12	480 530	65 71		710	867 962	680 750	92		910 990	1233		70 40	_	39
1 1/8		7	590	80		790	1071	970	13		1290	1749		90	14	
1 /8		12	670	90		390	1206	1080	140		1440	1952		220		54
1 1/4	-	7 12	840 930	113		120 240	1518 1681	1360 1510			1820 2010	2467 2725		530 700		74
1 1/2		6	1460	197		950	2643	2370	32		3160	4284		370	_	20
1 /2		12	1640	222		190	2969	2670	362		3560	4826		000	40	67
				MET	RIC	FAS	STEN	NER	TOR	(QUI	E CH	IAR	Г			
		• Th	is char	t is to l	be use	d as a	guide d	only un	less no	ted el	sewhe	re in th	is man	ual •		
Size		Clas	s 4.6	4.6		Clas	s 8.8	8.8		Class	s 10.9	10.9		Class	12.9	12.9
(mm)	LUE	BED	DF	RY	LUI	BED	DF	RY	LUE	BED	DI	RY	LUE	BED	DF	RY
\square	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm	in-lbs	Nm
5	16 19	1.8	21	2.4	41 69	4.63 7.87	54 93	6.18	58	6.63	78	8.84	68	7.75	91	10.3 17.6
- 6 7	45	3.05 5.12	36 60	4.07 6.83	116		155	10.5 17.6	100 167	11.3 18.9	132 223	15 25.2	116 1.95	13.2 22.1	155 260	29.4
		BED		RΥ	LUI			RY		BED		RY		BED	_	RY
	ft-lbs	_	ft-lbs		ft-lbs		ft-lbs		ft-lbs		ft-lbs		ft-lbs		ft-lbs	
8	5.4	7.41	7.2	9.88	14	19.1	18.8	25.5	20.1	27.3	26.9	36.5	23.6	32	31.4	42.6
	10.8	14.7	14.4	19.6	27.9	37.8	37.2	50.5	39.9	54.1	53.2	72.2	46.7	63.3	62.3	84.4
12	48.9 30.1	25.6 40.8	25.1 40	34.1 54.3	48.6 77.4	66 105	64.9 103	88 140	69.7 110	94.5 150	92.2 147	125 200	81 129	110 175	108 172	147 234
16	46.9	63.6	62.5	84.8	125	170	166	226	173	235	230	313	202	274	269	365
18	64.5	87.5	86.2	117	171	233	229	311	238	323	317	430	278	377	371	503
20	91	124	121	165	243	330	325	441	337	458	450	610	394	535	525	713
22	124	169	166	225	331	450	442	600	458	622	612	830	536	727	715	970



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Scheduled Maintenance Procedures



Observe and Obey:

- Maintenance inspections shall be completed by a person trained and qualified on the maintenance of this machine.
- Scheduled maintenance inspections shall be completed daily, quarterly, semi-annually, annually and every 2 years as specified on the *Maintenance Inspection Report*.

A WARNING

Failure to perform each procedure as presented and scheduled could result in death, serious injury or substantial damage.

- Immediately tag and remove from service a damaged or malfunctioning machine.
- Repair any machine damage or malfunction before operating the machine.
- Use only Terex approved replacement parts.
- Machines that have been out of service for a period longer than 3 months must complete the quarterly inspection.
- Unless otherwise specified, perform each maintenance procedure with the machine in the following configuration:
 - Machine parked on a firm, level surface
 - Mast in the stowed position
 - Wheels chocked
 - Light switches in the off position
 - No external AC power devices connected to the power outlets at the control box.

About This Section

This section contains detailed procedures for each scheduled maintenance inspection.

Each procedure includes a description, safety warnings and step-by-step instructions.

Symbols Legend



Safety alert symbol—used to alert personnel to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

A DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

A CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may cause minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

- O Indicates that a specific result is expected after performing a series of steps.
- M Indicates that an incorrect result has occurred after performing a series of steps.

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Maintenance Symbols Legend

Note: The following symbols have been used in this manual to help communicate the intent of the instructions. When one or more of the symbols appears at the beginning of a maintenance procedure, it conveys the meaning below.



Indicates that tools will be required to perform this procedure.



Indicates that new parts will be required to perform this procedure.



Indicates that a cold motor or pump will be required to perform this procedure.



Indicates that dealer service will be required to perform this procedure.

Maintenance Schedule

There are five types of maintenance inspections that must be performed according to a schedule—daily, quarterly, semi-annually, annually, and two year. The *Scheduled Maintenance Procedures Section and the Maintenance Inspection Report* have been divided into five subsections—A, B, C, D, and E. Use the following chart to determine which group(s) of procedures are required to perform a scheduled inspection.

Inspection	Checklist
Daily or every 8 hours	Α
Quarterly or every 250 hours	A + B
Semi-annually or every 500 hours	A + B + C
Annually or every 1000 hours	A + B + C + D
Two year or every 2000 hours	A + B + C + D + E

Maintenance Inspection Report

The maintenance inspection report contains checklists for each type of scheduled inspection.

Make copies of the *Maintenance Inspection Report* to use for each inspection. Maintain completed forms in compliance with employer, job site and governmental regulations.

Maintenance Inspection Report

Model		Chec	klist A
		A-1	Manuals and decals
Serial number		A-2	Pre-operation inspec
			Function tests
Date			orm every 8 hours:
			Engine maintenance
Hour meter			orm before towing:
		A-5	Coupler
Machine owner			Brakes (if equipped)
		Perfo	orm at 10 miles:
Inspected by (print)			Lug nuts
Increater ciarature		Perfo	orm every week:
Inspector signature			Tires and wheels
Inspector title		A-9	Engine air filter
inspector title		A-10	Generator -
Inspector company			Leroy Somer Models
inspector company		A-11	Engine maintenance
			Kubota models
		Perfo	orm after 50 hours:
Instructions	,		Engine maintenance
Make copies of this report to	use for		Engine maintenance
	use for	A-12	
Make copies of this report to		A-12	Engine maintenance Kubota models
Make copies of this report to each inspection.	ist(s) for	A-12 Perfo A-13	Engine maintenance Kubota models orm every month: Cable and Pulleys
 Make copies of this report to each inspection. Select the appropriate checkl the type of inspection to be p 	ist(s) for	A-12 Perfo	Engine maintenance Kubota models orm every month:
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A+B+C+D+E

Chec	klist A	Υ	N	R	Che	cklist B	Υ	
<u>A-1</u>	Manuals and decals				<u>B-1</u>	Battery		L
<u>A-2</u>	Pre-operation inspect				<u>B-2</u>	Electrical wiring		L
<u>A-3</u>	Function tests				B-3	Lug nuts		
Perfo	orm every 8 hours:				B-4	Engine maintenance -		
<u>A-4</u>	Engine maintenance					Perkins models		L
Perfo	orm before towing:				<u>B-5</u>	Jack		L
<u>A-5</u>	Coupler				<u>B-6</u>	Winch		L
<u>A-6</u>	Brakes (if equipped)				<u>B-7</u>	T-bolt		L
Perfo	orm at 10 miles:				Perf	orm every 3000 miles:		_
<u>A-7</u>	Lug nuts				B-8 E	Brakes (if equipped)		L
Perfo	orm every week:				B-9	Suspension		L
<u>A-8</u>	Tires and wheels				Perf	orm every 400 hours:		_
<u>A-9</u>	Engine air filter				B-10	Engine maintenance -		ı
A-10	Generator -					Kubota models		L
	Leroy Somer Models							
A-11	Engine maintenance -				Che	cklist C	Υ	
	Kubota models				C-1	Engine maintenance		L
Perfo	orm after 50 hours:				C-2	Lights		L
A-12	Engine maintenance -				Perfe	orm every 6000 miles:		_
	Kubota models				<u>C-3</u>	Wheel bearings		L
Perfo	orm every month:				<u>C-4</u>	Brakes (if equipped)		L
<u>A-13</u>	Cable and Pulleys				Perfe	orm every 800 hours:		_
Perfo	orm every 100 hours:				C-5	Engine maintenance -		
A-14	Engine maintenance -					Kubota models		L
	Kubota models				Perfe	orm every 2000 hours:		_
Perfo	orm every 200 hours:				C-6	Generator -		
A-15	Engine maintenance -					Leroy Somer Models		L
	Kubota models							
A-16	Generator				Com	iments		
	Marathon Models							
A-17	Fuel/Water Separator							

 Place a check in the appropriate box after each inspection procedure is completed.

2000 hours Inspection:

- Use the step-by-step procedures in this section to learn how to perform these inspections.
- If any inspection receives an "N", tag and remove the machine from service, repair and re-inspect it. After repair, place a check in the "R" box.

Legend

Y = yes, acceptable

N = no, remove from service

R = repaired

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT

Legend

R = repaired

Y = yes, acceptable N = no, remove from service

M - d-1		Ob a statist D	
Model		Checklist D	Y
Serial number		Perform every 1500 hour	
Serial Humber		D-1 Engine maintenance	-
Date		Kubota models	
24.0		Perform every 8000 hour D-2 Generator -	<u>s:</u>
Hour meter		Leroy Somer Models	.
		Perform annually:	
Machine owner		D-3 Coupler	
		D-3 Couplei	
Inspected by (print)		Checklist E	Υ
		E-1 Cable	一门
Inspector signature		Perform every 2000 hour	
In a second and a second and a		E-2 Engine maintenance	
Inspector title		Perform every 3000 hour	
Inspector company		E-3 Engine maintenance	
inspector company		Perform every 10,000 ho	
		E-4 Generator -	
Instructions		Marathon Models	
		Perform every 20,000 ho	urs:
Make copies of this report	to use for	E-5 Generator -	
each inspection.		Leroy Somer Models	
 Select the appropriate che 	` '	Perform every 30,000 ho	urs:
the type of inspection to b	e performed.	E-6 Generator -	
Dalla and basses		Leroy Somer Models	
Daily or 8 hours			P
Inspection:	Α	Comments	
Quarterly or 250 ho	urs		
Inspection:	A+B		
Semi-annually or			
500 hours			
Inspection:	A+B+C		
Annually or			
1000 hours			
Inspection:	A+B+C+D		
— '	ATDTOTE		
Two year or			
2000 hours			
Inspection:	A+B+C+D+E		
• Place a check in the appro	priate box		
after each inspection proc	edure is		
completed.			
• Use the step-by-step proc	edures in		
this section to learn how to	perform		
these inspections.	•		
• If any inspection receives	an "N". tag		
and remove the machine f			
repair and re-inspect it. Af			
place a check in the "R" bo			

Checklist A Procedures

A-1 Inspect the Manuals and Decals





Terex specifications require that this procedure be performed at the beginning of every work shift or daily, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the operator's and safety manuals in good condition is essential to safe machine operation. Manuals are included with each machine and should be stored in the container provided in the cabinet. An illegible or missing manual will not provide safety and operational information necessary for a safe operating condition.

In addition, maintaining all of the safety and instructional decals in good condition is mandatory for safe machine operation. Decals alert operators and personnel to the many possible hazards associated with using this machine. They also provide users with operation and maintenance information. An illegible decal will fail to alert personnel of a procedure or hazard and could result in unsafe operating conditions.

- 1 Check to make sure that the operator's and safety manuals are present and complete in the storage container in the cabinet.
- 2 Examine the pages of each manual to be sure that they are legible and in good condition.
- Result: The operator's manual is appropriate for the machine and all manuals are legible and in good condition.
- Result: The operator's manual is not appropriate for the machine or all manuals are not in good condition or is illegible. Remove the machine from service until the manual is

replaced.

- 3 Open the operator's manual to the decals inspection section. Carefully and thoroughly inspect all decals on the machine for legibility and damage.
- Result: The machine is equipped with all required decals, and all decals are legible and in good condition.
- Result: The machine is not equipped with all required decals, or one or more decals are illegible or in poor condition. Remove the machine from service until the decals are replaced.
- 4 Always return the manuals to the storage container after use.

Note: Contact your authorized Terex distributor or Terex if replacement manuals or decals are needed.

A-2 Perform Pre-operation Inspection





Terex specifications require that this procedure be performed at the beginning of every work shift or daily, whichever comes first.

Completing a Pre-operation Inspection is essential to safe machine operation. The Pre-operation Inspection is a visual inspection performed by the operator prior to each work shift. The inspection is designed to discover if anything is apparently wrong with a machine before the operator performs the function tests. The Pre-operation Inspection also serves to determine if routine maintenance procedures are required.

Complete information to perform this procedure is available in the appropriate operator's manual. Refer to the Operator's Manual on your machine.

A-3 Perform Function Tests





Terex specifications require that this procedure be performed at the beginning of every work shift or daily, whichever comes first.

Completing the function tests is essential to safe machine operation. Function tests are designed to discover any malfunctions before the machine is put into service. A malfunctioning machine must never be used. If malfunctions are discovered, the machine must be tagged and removed from service.

Complete information to perform this procedure is available in the appropriate operator's manual. Refer to the Operator's Manual on your machine.

A-4 Perform Engine Maintenance

Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 8 hours or daily, whichever comes first.

- Check oil level
- Check radiator level
- Oil or coolant leaks
- · Loose or missing fasteners

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166) OR the *Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook* (Perkins part number SEBU8311-01)

Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual	
Genie part number	131379
Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook	
Genie part number	131661

A-5 Perform Coupler Maintenance







Coupler specifications require that this procedure be performed before towing.

Maintaining the coupler in good condition is essential to safe operation and good performance. Coupler failure could result in a machine tip-over during transport, and component damage may also result if problems are not discovered and repaired in a timely fashion.

- Check vehicle, mounting bracket, hitch ball and coupler for signs of wear or damage and that the coupler handle opens and closes freely.
- Result: If coupler and/or mounting bracket is deformed or damaged, replace complete coupler and mounting bracket. Replace bent, broken or worn parts before use.
- Close coupler securely by ensuring that the hitch ball is fully seated in the coupler ball pocket and the pin is inserted behind the collar or latch.
- 3 Check mounting bracket hardware for wear and proper tightness.
- Result: Replace bent, broken or worn hardware.

A-6 Test the Brakes (if equipped)





Axle specifications require that this procedure be performed before towing.

Maintaining the axle brakes in good condition is essential to safe operation and good performance. Brakes which are out of adjustment can result in longer stopping distances and excessive brake wear on the towing vehicle. Component damage may also result if problems are not discovered and repaired in a timely fashion.

1 Test the brakes for proper function. Repair or replace any faulty components as needed.

A-7 Torque the Wheel Lug Nuts







Axle specifications require that this procedure be performed initially at 10, 25 and 50 miles of use, or after reinstallation of a tire.

Maintaining the wheel lug nuts at the proper torque is essential to safe operation and good service life of the tires, wheel and axle.

1 Check each lug nut for proper torque.

Specification	
Lug nut torque, dry	90 ft-lbs
	122 Nm
Lug nut torque, lubricated	67.5 ft-lbs
	91.5 Nm

A-8 Check the Tires and Wheels





Axle specifications require that this procedure be performed weekly.

Maintaining the tires and wheels in good condition and the tires at the correct pressure is essential to safe operation and good performance. Tire and/or wheel failure could result in a machine tip-over. Component damage may also result if problems are not discovered and repaired in a timely fashion.



Bodily injury hazard. An over inflated tire can explode and could result in death or serious injury.



Tip over hazard. Do not use temporary flat tire repair products.

- 1 Check all tire treads and sidewalls for cuts, cracks, punctures and unusual wear.
- 2 Check each wheel for damage, bends and cracks.
- 3 Check pressure in each tire. Add air as necessary to meet specifications.

Specification	
Air pressure	50 psi
	3.4 bar

A-9 Inspect the Engine Air Filter

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 40 hours or weekly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the engine air filter in good condition is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform this procedure can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

- 1 Open the engine compartment.
- 2 Remove the air filter element.
- 3 Clean the inside of the air filter canister and the canister gasket with a damp cloth.
- 4 Inspect for and remove any blockage or debris from the intake air passages.
- 5 Inspect the air filter element. If needed, blow from the inside out using low pressure dry compressed air, or carefully tap out dust.
- 6 Securely install the filter element into the canister.
- 7 Install the gasket and baffle (if equipped), and end cap onto the air cleaner canister.

Note: Be sure the dust discharge valve is facing down when installed.

8 Secure the end cap to the air cleaner cannister with the retaining clamps.

A-10 Perform Generator Maintenance Leroy Somer Models







Generator specifications require that this procedure be performed every 40 hours or weekly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the generator in good condition is essential to safe machine operation and long service life. Storing the generator in a harsh environment may require this procedure be performed more frequently. Allowing dirt and grease to build up on the generator may result in a generator which will run hotter, lose efficiency, and reduce the life of the generator.

- Clean and inspect the generator exterior
- Clean or replace the generator air filters -(if equipped)

Leroy Somer Manual Genie part number

11611

A-11 Perform Engine Maintenance Kubota Models







Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 50 hours or weekly, whichever comes first.

Check fuel lines and clamps

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166) OR the

Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual Genie part number

131379

A-12 Perform Engine Maintenance -Kubota Models







Engine specifications require that this one time procedure be performed after the first 50 hours of operation.

- Change engine oil
- Replace oil filter

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166) OR the

Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual Genie part number

131379

A-13 Inspect the Cable and Cable Pulleys





Terex specifications require that this procedure be performed monthly.

Detection of damage to the cable or pulleys is essential for safe machine operation. An unsafe working condition exists if these components are damaged and do not operate smoothly. Regular inspection of this system allows the inspector to identify changes in the operating condition that may indicate damage.

- 1 Visually inspect the winch cable pulleys for the following:
 - broken or damaged pulleys
 - unusual or excessive pulley wear
- Result: A pulley is broken or damaged, or shows unusual or excessive pulley wear. The pulley must immediately be replaced.
- 2 Put on protective leather gloves and eye wear.
- 3 Fully unwind the cable from the winch.
- 4 Wearing leather gloves, run a hand up and down a length of the cable, inspecting the cable and components for the following:
 - frayed or broken wire strands
- Result: In any given one-foot of cable length there are 4 or more broken wires on any 2 or more strands. The cable must immediately be replaced.

- 5 Visually inspect the winch cable for the following:
 - nicks (partial strand cut through)
 - kinks in the cable (permanent bends)
 - weld spatter
- Result: Nicks, kinks in the cable or weld spatter are found. The cable must immediately be replaced.
- 6 Visually inspect the winch cable for the following:
 - crushed spot on the cable
- Result: A crushed spot on the cable measuring 125% of the cable diameter or more is found OR there is a broken wire at the crush point. The cable must immediately be replaced.
- 7 Wind the cable onto the winch, ensuring that the cable is correctly installed onto each of the pulleys.

A-14 Perform Engine Maintenance Kubota Models







Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 100 hours.

- Clean air filter
- Clean fuel filter
- Inspect fan belt

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166) OR the

Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual Genie part number

131379

A-15 Perform Engine Maintenance Kubota Models







Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 200 hours.

- · Change engine oil
- · Replace oil filter
- Inspect radiator hoses and clamps
- Inspect air intake hose

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166) OR the

Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual

Genie part number

131379

A-16 Perform Generator Maintenance Marathon Models







Generator specifications require that this procedure be performed every 200 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the generator in good condition is essential to safe machine operation and long service life. Storing the generator in a harsh environment may require this procedure be performed more frequently. Allowing dirt and grease to build up on the generator may result in a generator which will run hotter, lose efficiency, and reduce the life of the generator.

- Clean and inspect the generator exterior
- Clean and inspect the inside of the capacitor box. Check for loose or damaged wires and components.

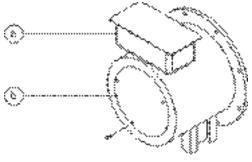


Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

Marathon Manual

Genie part number

116188



- a capacitor box
- b generator

A-17 Drain the Fuel Filter/ Water Separator - Kubota Models

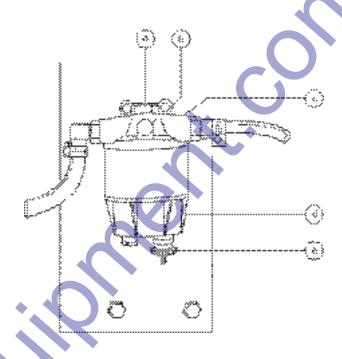
Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 200 hours or monthly, whichever comes first.

Proper maintenance of the fuel filter/water separator is essential for good engine performance. Failure to perform this procedure can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.



Explosion and fire hazard. Engine fuels are combustible. Perform this procedure in an open, well-ventilated area away from heaters, sparks, flames and lighted tobacco. Always have an approved fire extinguisher within easy reach

- 1 Locate the fuel filter/water separator and loosen the vent plug located on the fuel filter/water separator head.
- 2 Loosen the drain plug located at the bottom of the bowl. Allow the water to drain into a suitable container until fuel starts to come out. Immediately tighten the drain plug.



- a head bolt
- b vent plug
- c separator head
- d filter bowl
- e drain plug
- 3 Tighten the vent plug and clean up any spills or wet surfaces.

Note: If the fuel bowl is completely drained, you must prime, or bleed, the fuel filter/water separator before starting the engine. See step 5.

4 Start the engine from the ground controls and check the fuel filter/water separator for leaks.

Bleed the fuel system:

Note: Before bleeding the system, fill the fuel tank.

- 5 Loosen the vent plug/screw located on the filter head.
- 6 Operate the hand primer until fuel, free of air, flows from the vent plug/screw. Tighten the vent plug/screw on the filter head.
- 7 Loosen the vent screw, located on top of the fuel injection pump.
- 8 Operate the hand primer until fuel, free of air, flows from the vent plug/screw. Tighten the vent plug/screw on the injection pump.
- 9 Clean up any fuel that may have spilled.
- 10 Attempt to start the engine using the starter motor for a maximum of 15 seconds, resting the starter for 30 seconds before trying again.
- 11 Inspect the fuel filter/water separator for leaks.



Explosion and fire hazard. If a fuel leak is discovered, keep any additional personnel from entering the area and do not operate the machine. Repair the leak immediately.

Note: Information to perform this procedure is also available in the

Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual (Kubota part number 16622-89166) OR the

Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual

Genie part number

131379

A-18 Adjust the Brakes (if equipped)





Axle specifications require that this procedure be performed initially at 250 miles of use.

Maintaining the axle brakes in good condition is essential to safe operation and good performance. Brakes which are out of adjustment can result in longer stopping distances and excessive brake wear on the towing vehicle. Component damage may also result if problems are not discovered and repaired in a timely fashion.

Note: Perform this procedure with the machine on a firm, level surface with the machine in the stowed position.

- Select a wheel. Chock the front and rear of the tire at the opposite side of the machine.
- Place a lifting jack under the axle near the brake to be adjusted. Lift the axle until the wheel is off the ground and place a jack stand under the axle. Lower the axle onto the jack stand.
- 3 Working from the back side of the wheel at the brake backing plate, locate and remove the small rubber plug from the lower side of the backing plate to access the star-shaped brake adjuster wheel. Set the plug to the side.
- 4 Insert a brake adjuster tool into the opening of the brake backing plate, engaging it with the teeth of the brake adjuster wheel. Move the tip of the adjuster tool in an upwards direction to tighten the brakes.

Note: It may be helpful to use a flashlight when locating the brake adjuster wheel.

5 Repeatedly move the tip of the adjuster tool in an upwards direction to tighten the brakes until the wheel locks up and will no longer turn.

Note: This centers the brake shoes on the brake drum, ensuring the shoes are positioned correctly.

- 6 Move the tip of the adjuster tool in a downwards direction 3 to 5 clicks to loosen the brakes only until the wheel spins freely with little drag.
- 7 Securely install the small rubber plug into the brake backing plate.
- 8 Check for wheel bearing wear by attempting to move wheel hub side to side, then up and down.
- Result: There is no side to side or up and down movement. The bearing is good.
- Result: There is side to side or up and down movement. The bearing must be adjusted or replaced. See B-8, Inspect and Adjust the Brakes (if equipped).
- 9 Lift the axle slightly. Remove the jack stand and lower the machine to the ground. Chock the front and rear of the tire.
- 10 Repeat this procedure, beginning with step 2, for the other wheel.

Checklist B Procedures

B-1 Inspect the Engine Start Battery







Terex specifications requires that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Proper battery condition is essential to good machine performance and operational safety. Improper fluid levels or damaged cables and connections can result in component damage and hazardous conditions.



Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.



Bodily injury hazard. Batteries contain acid. Avoid spilling or contacting battery acid. Neutralize battery acid spills with baking soda and water.

- 1 Open the side covers.
- 2 Be sure that the battery cable connections are free of corrosion.

Note: Adding terminal protectors and a corrosion preventative sealant will help eliminate corrosion on the battery terminals and cables.

- 3 Be sure that the battery retainers and cable connections are tight.
- 4 Fully charge the batteries. Allow the batteries to rest 24 hours before performing this procedure to allow the battery cells to equalize.
- 5 Put on protective clothing and eye wear.
- 6 Remove the battery vent caps and check the specific gravity of each battery cell with a hydrometer. Note the results.
- 7 Check the ambient air temperature and adjust the specific gravity reading for each cell as follows:
- Add 0.004 to the reading of each cell for every 10° / 5.5° C above 80° F / 26.7° C.
- Subtract 0.004 from the reading of each cell for every 10° / 5.5° C below 80° F / 26.7° C.
- Result: All battery cells display an adjusted specific gravity of 1.277 +/- 0.007. The battery is fully charged. Proceed to step 11.
- Result: One or more battery cells display a specific gravity of 1.269 or below. Proceed to step 8.
- 8 Perform an equalizing charge OR fully charge the batteries and allow the batteries to rest at least 6 hours.
- 9 Remove the battery vent caps and check the specific gravity of each battery cell with a hydrometer. Note the results.

- 10 Check the ambient air temperature and adjust the specific gravity reading for each cell as follows:
- Add 0.004 to the reading of each cell for every 10° / 5.5° C above 80° F / 26.7° C.
- Subtract 0.004 from the reading of each cell for every 10° / 5.5° C below 80° F / 26.7° C.
- Result: All battery cells display a specific gravity of 1.277 +/- 0.007. The battery is fully charged. Proceed to step 11.
- Result: One or more battery cells display a specific gravity from 1.269 to 1.218. The battery is still usable, but at a lower performance so will need to be recharged more often. Proceed to step 11.
- Result: One or more battery cells display a specific gravity from 1.217 to 1.173. The battery is approaching the end of its life. Proceed to step 11.
- Result: The difference in specific gravity readings between cells is greater than 0.1 OR the specific gravity of one or more cells is 1.172 or less. Replace the battery.
- 11 Check the battery acid level. If needed, replenish with distilled water to \(^{1}/_{8}\) inch / 3 mm below the bottom of the battery fill tube. Do not overfill.
- 12 Install the vent caps and neutralize any electrolyte that may have spilled.

B-2 Inspect the Electrical Wiring







Terex specifications requires that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining electrical wiring in good condition is essential to safe operation and good machine performance. Failure to find and replace burnt, chafed, corroded or pinched wires could result in unsafe operating conditions and may cause component damage.



Electrocution/burn hazard.
Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

- Inspect the following areas for burnt, chafed, corroded and loose wires:
 - Ground controls
 - Battery
 - Engine
 - Mast
 - Lighting junction box
 - Trailer lighting wire harness
- 2 Inspect for a liberal coating of dielectric grease in the following locations:
 - Lighting junction box
 - Ground controls
 - All wire harness connectors

B-3 Torque the Wheel Lug Nuts





Terex specifications requires that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the wheel lug nuts at the proper torque is essential to safe operation and good service life of the tires, wheel and axle.

1 Check each lug nut for proper torque.

Specification		
Lug nut torque, dry	90 ft-lbs	
	122 Nm	
Lug nut torque, lubricated	67.5 ft-lbs	
	91.5 Nm	

B-4 Perform Engine Maintenance Perkins Models







Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or six months, whichever comes first.

• Inspect alternator and fan belts

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook* (Perkins part number SEBU8311-01).

Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook Genie part number 131661

B-5 Perform Jack Maintenance







Jack specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the jack is essential to good machine performance and safe operation. An unsafe working condition exists if the jack has excessive wear

and/or does not operate smoothly, free of hesitation and binding.

- 1 Select a jack.
- 2 Remove the cover from the top of the jack.
- 3 Apply a small amount of automotive grease to the internal gearing, and rotate the handle several times to evenly distribute the grease.
- 4 Apply a few drops of light oil to the jack handle where it makes contact with the outside of the jack tube.
- 5 Securely install the cover onto the jack.
- 6 Repeat this procedure, beginning with step 1, for the other jacks on the machine.

B-6 Inspect and Lubricate the Winch







Terex specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the winch is essential to good machine performance and safe operation. An unsafe working condition exists if the winch has excessive wear and/or does not operate smoothly, free of hesitation and binding.

- 1 Carefully lubricate the pivot point on the ratchet pawl and winch shaft with 30W oil.
 - Component damage hazard. Do not allow oil onto the brake disk.
- 2 Inspect the brake disks for excessive wear.
 Replace if the pad is less than

 1/16 inch / 1.5 mm thick. If necessary, refer to
 Repair procedure 2-1, How to Disassemble the
 Winch.
- 3 Inspect the pinion shaft bushings for excessive wear. Replace if the wall thickness of the bushing is less than \(^{1}/_{8}\) inch / 3.1 mm. If necessary, refer to Repair procedure 2-1, How to Disassemble the Winch.

B-7 Lubricate the T-bolt



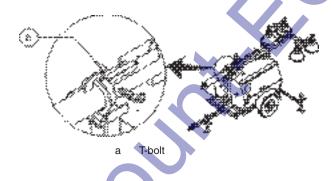




Terex specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the T-bolt is essential to good machine performance and safe operation. An unsafe working condition exists if the T-bolt has excessive wear and/or does not operate smoothly, free of hesitation and binding.

- Using the illustration as a guide, locate the T-bolt at the bottom of the mast assembly.
 Remove the T-bolt from the mast.
- 2 Remove all dust, dirt and oil residue from the threaded surfaces of the T-bolt, and apply a few drops of light oil or thread lubricant onto the threaded surfaces.
- 3 Fully install the T-bolt into the mast.



B-8 Inspect and Adjust the Brakes (if equipped)





Axle specifications require that this procedure be performed every 3000 miles or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the axle brakes in good condition is essential to safe operation and good performance. Brakes which are out of adjustment can result in longer stopping distances and excessive brake wear on the towing vehicle. Component damage may also result if problems are not discovered and repaired in a timely fashion.

Note: Perform this procedure with the machine on a firm, level surface with the machine in the stowed position.

- 1 Select a wheel. Chock the front and rear of the tire at the opposite side of the machine.
- 2 Loosen the wheel lug nuts. Do not remove them.
- 3 Place a lifting jack under the axle near the wheel to be removed. Lift the axle until the wheel is off the ground and place a jack stand under the axle. Lower the axle onto the jack stand and remove the wheel.
- 4 Remove the dust cap from the hub. Remove the cotter pin from the castle nut.
- 5 Remove the castle nut and washer.

- 6 Pull the hub off of the spindle. The washer and outer bearing should fall loose from the hub.
- 7 Inspect the brake lining for wear (if equipped).
- Result: The thickness of the brake lining is greater than ¹/₁₆ inch / 1.6 mm. The brake shoes are good.
- Result: The thickness of the brake lining is 1/16 inch / 1.6 mm or less. The brake shoes must be replaced and the brake drums must inspected for wear, scoring and other damage.

Note: The maximum bore of a good brake drum shall not be greater than 0.090 inch / 2.29 mm in excess of the drum diameter.

Note: If drum resurfacing is required, the brake drum should be resurfaced to a 120 micron finish.

Note: If replacing the brake shoes, apply a light coating of grease or anti-seize compound to the brake anchor pin, arm bushing and pin, and areas of the backing plate which contact the magnet arm and brake shoes frame. Apply a small amount of lube to the actuating cam at the top of the magnet arm. Do not allow grease or oil to contact the brake shoes or the inside of the drum.

8 Slide the hub onto the yoke spindle.



Component damage hazard.

Do not apply excessive force or damage to the lip of the seal may occur.

- 9 Place the outer bearing into the hub.
- 10 Install the washer and castle nut.

- 11 Tighten the castle nut to 50 ft-lbs / 68 Nm to seat the bearings.
- 12 Fully loosen the castle nut. Do not rotate the hub.
- 13 Finger tighten the castle nut until snug.
- 14 Install a new cotter pin. Bend the cotter pin to lock it in place.

Note: Always replace the cotter pin with a new one when removing the castle nut.

- 15 Install the dust cap, then the tire and wheel assembly. Torque the wheel lug nuts to specification. Refer to Section 2, *Specifications*
- 16 Working from the back side of the wheel at the brake backing plate, locate and remove the small rubber plug from the lower side of the backing plate to access the star-shaped brake adjuster wheel. Set the plug to the side.
- 17 Insert a brake adjuster tool into the opening of the brake backing plate, engaging it with the teeth of the brake adjuster wheel. Move the tip of the adjuster tool in an upwards direction to tighten the brakes.

Note: It may be helpful to use a flashlight when locating the brake adjuster wheel.

18 Repeatedly move the tip of the adjuster tool in an upwards direction to tighten the brakes until the wheel locks up and will no longer turn.

Note: This centers the brake shoes on the brake drum, ensuring the shoes are positioned correctly.

- 19 Move the tip of the adjuster tool in a downwards direction 3 to 5 clicks to loosen the brakes only until the wheel spins freely with little drag.
- 20 Securely install the small rubber plug into the brake backing plate.
- 21 Check for wheel bearing wear by attempting to move wheel hub side to side, then up and down.
- Result: There is no side to side or up and down movement. The bearing is good.
- Result: There is side to side or up and down movement. The bearing must be replaced.
- 22 Lift the axle slightly. Remove the jack stand and lower the machine to the ground. Chock the front and rear of the tire.
- 23 Repeat this procedure, beginning with step 2, for the other wheel.

B-9 Inspect the Suspension





Axle specifications require that this procedure be performed every 3000 miles or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the axle suspension in good condition is essential to safe operation and good performance. Towing the machine with worn or damaged suspension components could result in a tip-over. Component damage may also result if problems are not discovered and repaired in a timely fashion.

1 Working with a flashlight or in a well lit shop, carefully inspect all suspension components and fasteners. Replace as necessary.

B-10 Perform Engine Maintenance -Kubota Models







Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 400 hours or semi-annually, whichever comes first.

- Replace oil filter
- Replace fuel filter

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operators Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166)

Kubota D1105 Operators Manual Genie part number

Checklist C Procedures

C-1 Perform Engine Maintenance







Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 500 hours.

Kubota D1105:

- Replace fan belt
- Flush coolant system
- Clean fuel tank

Perkins 403D-11:

- Clean radiator fins
- Inspect radiator coolant
- Inspect radiator hoses and clamps
- Change engine oil
- Replace oil filter
- Replace air filter
- Clean fuel tank

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166) OR the *Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook* (Perkins part number SEBU8311-01).

Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual	
Genie part number	131379
Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook	
Genie part number	131661

C-2 Clean the Light Assemblies







Terex specifications require that this procedure be performed every 500 hours or semi-annually, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the light assemblies is essential to good machine performance. Failure to regularly clean the light assemblies may result in less light than expected and, over time, could result in damage to the machine.

Note: Perform this procedure with the light assemblies out of direct sunlight and cool to the touch.

- 1 Use clean, cool water to rinse the surface of each light assembly.
- 2 Clean each light assembly using a soft cloth, water and a mild dishwashing detergent.

NOTICE

Component damage hazard. Harsh chemicals and cleaning agents will damage the surface of the light assembly. Do not allow harsh cleaning agents to make contact with the light surface.

3 Thoroughly rinse, then dry with a soft cloth.

C-3 Grease the Wheel Bearings







Axle specifications require that this procedure be performed every 6000 miles or semi-annually, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the axle wheel bearings is essential for safe machine operation and service life. Operating the machine with loose or worn wheel bearings may cause an unsafe operating condition and continued use may result in component damage. Extremely wet or dirty conditions or regular steam cleaning and pressure washing of the machine may require that this procedure be performed more often.

- 1 Select a wheel. Chock the front and rear of the tire at the opposite side of the machine.
- 2 Loosen the wheel lug nuts. Do not remove them.
- 3 Place a lifting jack under the axle near the wheel to be removed. Lift the axle until the wheel is off the ground and place a jack stand under the axle. Lower the axle onto the jack stand and remove the wheel.
- 4 Remove the dust cap from the hub. Remove the cotter pin from the castle nut.
- 5 Remove the castle nut and washer.
- 6 Pull the hub off of the spindle. The washer and outer bearing should fall loose from the hub.
- 7 Place the hub on a flat surface and gently pry the bearing seal out of the hub. Remove the rear bearing.
- 8 Pack both bearings with clean, fresh grease.

- 9 Inspect the hub for wear. Replace if necessary
- 10 Place the large inner bearing into the rear of the hub.
- 11 Install a new bearing grease seal into the hub by pressing it evenly into the hub until it is flush.

Note: Always replace the bearing grease seal when removing the hub.

- 12 Inspect the brake lining for wear (if equipped).
- 13 Inspect the brake cylinder for leaks (if equipped).
- 14 Inspect the brake springs for wear or loss of arch (if equipped).
- 15 Inspect the brake wiring/hoses for wear (if equipped).
- 16 Slide the hub onto the yoke spindle.



Component damage hazard. Do not apply excessive force or damage to the lip of the seal may occur.

- 17 Place the outer bearing into the hub.
- 18 Install the washer and castle nut.
- 19 Tighten the castle nut to 50 ft-lbs / 68 Nm to seat the bearings.
- 20 Fully loosen the castle nut. Do not rotate the hub.
- 21 Finger tighten the castle nut until snug.
- 22 Install a new cotter pin. Bend the cotter pin to lock it in place.

Note: Always replace the cotter pin with a new one when removing the castle nut.

23 Install the dust cap, then the tire and wheel assembly. Torque the wheel lug nuts to specification. Refer to Section 2, *Specifications*.

C-4 Inspect the Electric Brake Magnets (if equipped)







Axle specifications require that this procedure be performed every 6000 miles or semi-annually, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the axle brakes in good condition is essential to safe operation and good performance. A faulty brake magnet can severely impact the stopping power of a trailer. While some magnet problems will be apparent upon visual inspection, there may also be electrical problems that can impact performance. A failing or faulty brake magnet can lead to weak or surging brakes, or cause the brakes to pull to one side. It is important to inspect and test the magnets at regular intervals to ensure maximum effectiveness.

- 1 Connect the electric brake wire harness to a tow vehicle capable of towing the machine.
- 2 Start the engine of the tow vehicle, and press down on the brake pedal.
- Result: An audible 'click' is noted at each brake when the brake magnet is activated and pulls itself into contact with the brake drum. The brake circuit is functioning correctly.
- Result: An audible 'click' is not noted at each brake because the brake magnet is not activated and does not make contact with the brake drum. The brake circuit is faulty. Inspect the wire harness and harness connections and repair as required, and repeat this procedure beginning with step 2.
- 3 With the engine running, press down on the

brake pedal and use a multimeter to measure the total amp draw of the brake circuit by positioning an amp clamp around the brake wire lead near the trailer connector. Note the reading.

- Result: The total amp draw measures 5.5 to 6.0 amps. The brake circuit is functioning correctly.
- Result: The total amp draw measures less than 5.5 amps. Replace the magnets and magnet springs on both sides of the axle, and resurface the drake drums. Repeat this procedure beginning with step 4.
- 4 Stop the engine of the tow vehicle.
- 5 Select a wheel on the machine. Chock the front and rear of the tire at the opposite side of the machine.
- 6 Loosen the wheel lug nuts. Do not remove them.
- Place a lifting jack under the axle near the wheel to be removed. Lift the axle until the wheel is off the ground and place a jack stand under the axle. Lower the axle onto the jack stand and remove the wheel.
- 8 Remove the dust cap from the hub. Remove the cotter pin from the castle nut.
- 9 Remove the castle nut and washer.
- 10 Pull the hub off of the spindle. The washer and outer bearing should fall loose from the hub.
- 11 Locate the brake magnet. Inspect the surface of the magnet for pitting and any irregular surface wear.
- Result: Replace the magnets and magnet springs on both sides of the axle if pitting or any irregular surface wear is detected, and resurface the drake drums.

- 12 Inspect the copper coil at the center of the magnet.
- Result: Replace the magnets and magnet springs on both sides of the axle if the exposed copper coil is visible in any way, and resurface the drake drums.
- 13 Slide the hub onto the yoke spindle.



Component damage hazard. Do not apply excessive force or damage to the lip of the seal may occur.

- 14 Place the outer bearing into the hub.
- 15 Install the washer and castle nut.
- 16 Tighten the castle nut to 50 ft-lbs / 68 Nm to seat the bearings.
- 17 Fully loosen the castle nut. Do not rotate the hub.
- 18 Finger tighten the castle nut until snug.
- 19 Install a new cotter pin. Bend the cotter pin to lock it in place.

Note: Always replace the cotter pin with a new one when removing the castle nut.

- 20 Install the dust cap, then the tire and wheel assembly. Torque the wheel lug nuts to specification. Refer to Section 2, *Specifications*.
- 21 Repeat this procedure, beginning with step 6, for the other side of the machine.

C-5 Perform Engine Maintenance Kubota Models







Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 800 hours or annually, whichever comes first.

- Replace air filter
- Inspect wiring
- Check valve clearance

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operators Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166)

Kubota D1105 Operators Manual

Genie part number

C-6

Perform Generator Maintenance Leroy Somer Models







Generator specifications require that this procedure be performed every 2000 hours or semi-annually, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the generator in good condition is essential to safe machine operation and long service life. Storing the generator in a harsh environment may require this procedure be performed more frequently. Loose or damaged connections or components may result in a generator to lose efficiency, and reduce the life of the generator.

- Inspect stator output leads and insulation for cracking and damage
- Inspect exposed electrical for loose or damaged connections
- Inspect transformers, fuses, capacitors and lighting arrestors for loose or damaged component connections
- Inspect all wire and electrical connections for proper clearance
- Inspect and clean inside of outlet box, air screens and air baffles with compressed air
- Inspect for machine vibration and bearing wear

Leroy Somer ManualGenie part number

Checklist D Procedures

D-1 Perform Engine Maintenance Kubota Models







Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 1500 hours or bi-annually, whichever comes first.

Injectors

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operators Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166)

Kubota D1105 Operators Manual

Genie part number

131379

D-2 Perform Generator Maintenance Leroy Somer Models







Generator specifications require that this procedure be performed every 8000 hours or annually, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the generator in good condition is essential to safe machine operation and long service life. Storing the generator in a harsh environment may require this procedure be performed more frequently. Poor resistance may result in a generator to lose efficiency, and reduce the life of the generator.

 Check resistance to ground on generator windings, main rotating assembly, stator, exciter field and armature

Leroy Somer Manual Genie part number

D-3 Perform Coupler Maintenance







Coupler specifications require that this procedure be performed annually.

Maintaining the coupler in good condition is essential to safe operation and good performance. Coupler failure could result in a machine tip-over during transport, and component damage may also result if problems are not discovered and repaired in a timely fashion.

- 1 Check coupler welds and mounting bolt torque. Torque the fasteners to 35 ft-lbs / 48 Nm.
- Result: 1.5 full threads of the locking bolt must be exposed beyond the lock nut after the adjustment.
- 2 Apply automotive grease to the coupler ball pocket.
- 3 Oil coupler pivot points using SAE 30 motor oil



Checklist E Procedures

E-1 Replace the Mast Lift Cable







Terex specifications require that this procedure be performed every two years.

The mast cable is responsible for the raising and lowering of the mast and lights. Regular replacement of the mast cables is essential to good machine performance and safe machine operation.

1 Replace the mast lift cable. Refer to Repair Procedure 1-1, *How to Replace the Mast Lift Cable*.

E-2 Perform Engine Maintenance







Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 2000 hours or bi-annually, whichever comes first.

Kubota D1105:

- Replace coolant
- Replace radiator hoses and clamps
- Replace fuel hoses and clamps
- Replace air intake hose and clamps

Perkins 403D-11:

- Inspect alternator
- Replace crankcase breather
- Inspect engine mounts
- Inspect starter

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operators Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166) OR the *Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook* (Perkins part number SEBU8311-01).

Kubota D1105 Operators Manual	
Genie part number	

131379

Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook

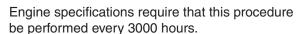
Genie part number 131661

E-3 Perform Engine Maintenance









Kubota D1105:

- Inspect injection pump
- Inspect injection timing

Perkins 403D-11:

- Inspect fuel injectors
- Inspect water pump
- Flush coolant system

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the *Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual* (Kubota part number 16622-89166) OR the *Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook* (Perkins part number SEBU8311-01).

Kubota D1105 Operator's Manual

Genie part number

131379

Perkins 403D-11 User's Handbook

Genie part number

131661

E-4 Perform Generator Maintenance Marathon Models







Generator specifications require that this procedure be performed every 10,000 hours.

Maintaining the generator in good condition is essential to safe machine operation and long service life. Regular replacement of the shaft bearing will extend the service life of the generator.

Replace the generator shaft bearing. Consult a trained Marathon service professional.

Marathon Manual

Genie part number

116188

TEREX.

E-5 Perform Generator Maintenance Leroy Somer Models







Generator specifications require that this procedure be performed every 20,000 hours or 3 years, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the generator in good condition is essential to safe machine operation and long service life. Storing the generator in a harsh environment may require this procedure be performed more frequently. Allowing dirt and grease to build up on the generator may result in a generator which will run hotter, lose efficiency, and reduce the life of the generator.

 Inspect and clean the generator end windings for oil or dirt contamination

Leroy Somer Manual Genie part number

116118

E-6 Perform Generator Maintenance Leroy Somer Models







Generator specifications require that this procedure be performed every 30,000 hours or 5 years, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the generator in good condition is essential to safe machine operation and long service life. Storing the generator in a harsh environment may require this procedure be performed more frequently. Allowing dirt and grease to build up on the generator may result in a generator which will run hotter, lose efficiency, and reduce the life of the generator. Regular replacement of the shaft bearing will extend the service life of the generator.

- Disassemble the generator, including rotor removal
- Inspect and clean generator components including generator windings
- Replace the generator shaft bearings. Consult a trained Leroy Somer service professional.

Leroy Somer Manual

Genie part number

Repair Procedures



Observe and Obey:

- Repair procedures shall be completed by a person trained and qualified on the repair of this machine.
- ☑ Immediately tag and remove from service a damaged or malfunctioning machine.
- ☑ Repair any machine damage or malfunction before operating the machine.

Before Repairs Start:

- Read, understand and obey the safety rules and operating instructions in the appropriate Operator's Manual on your machine.
- ☑ Be sure that all necessary tools and parts are available and ready for use.
- ☑ Use only Terex approved replacement parts.
- Read each procedure completely and adhere to the instructions. Attempting shortcuts may produce hazardous conditions.
- ☑ Unless otherwise specified, perform each maintenance procedure with the machine in the following configuration:
 - · Machine parked on a firm, level surface
 - Mast in the stowed position
 - Wheels chocked
 - Light switches in the off position
 - No external AC power devices connected to the power outlets at the control box.

About This Section

Most of the procedures in this section should only be performed by a trained service professional in a suitably equipped workshop. Select the appropriate repair procedure after troubleshooting the problem.

Perform disassembly procedures to the point where repairs can be completed. Then to re-assemble, perform the disassembly steps in reverse order.

Symbols Legend



Safety alert symbol—used to alert personnel to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

▲ CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may cause minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

- Indicates that a specific result is expected after performing a series of steps.
- M Indicates that an incorrect result has occurred after performing a series of steps.

Mast

1-1 Mast

How to Remove the Mast Assembly

AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. The procedures in this section require specific repair skills, lifting equipment and a suitable workshop. Attempting this procedure without these skills and tools could result in death or serious injury and significant component damage. Dealer service is required.

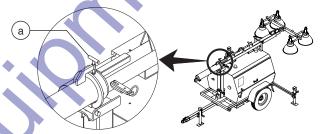
- 1 Turn the handle of the mast winch and fully loosen the mast cable.
- 2 Open the cabinet doors and locate the winch. Remove the cable retaining fastener securing the cable to the winch drum. Unwind the cable from the winch drum.

A CAUTION

Bodily injury hazard. Cables can fray. Always wear adequate hand protection when handling the cable.

- 3 Remove the fasteners securing the coil cable cover onto the side of the mast. Set the cover and fasteners to the side, and lay the coil cable to the side.
- 4 Tag and disconnect the light heads from the mast junction box, and remove the light heads from the mast.

- 5 Remove the light head mount from the top of the mast.
- 6 Remove the junction box from the top of the mast. Lay the coil cord and junction box to the side.
- 7 Attach a lifting strap from an overhead crane to the mast. Support the mast. Do not apply any lifting pressure.
- 8 Unlock the mast hold-down pin at the mast cradle.
- 9 Remove the mast pivot pin fasteners, securing



the lower end of the mast to the machine, and remove the mast from the machine.

a mast pivot pin

MAST

How to Disassemble the Mast

- 1 Remove the mast assembly. See 1-1, *How to Remove the Mast Assembly*.
- 2 Remove the T-bolt from the 6 inch / 15 cm round tube assembly.
- 3 Remove the nut from the bottom of the mast. Gently twist and pull the 6 inch / 15 cm round tube assembly from the mast while pulling the cable free.

A CAUTION

Bodily injury hazard. Cables can fray. Always wear adequate hand protection when handling the cable.

NOTICE

Component damage hazard. Cables can be damaged if they are kinked or pinched.

- 4 Remove the large round plastic bushing from the bottom of the 4 inch / 10 cm mast section.
- 5 Remove the 2.5 inch / 6 cm washer from the bottom of the mast assembly.
- 6 Pull the mast lock handle fully away from the mast, then immediately secure the mast lock in position using locking pliers or a clamp on the lock handle to restrain it in position.
- 7 Remove the fasteners securing the pulley and mast lock to the 4 inch / 10 cm mast section. Set the components to the side.

8 Working at the top of the 4 inch / 10 cm and 3 inch / 7.5 cm mast sections, use a drill to remove the rivets securing the wear pads in position.



Component damage hazard. The mast can be damaged if the drill bit used is too large. Select a drill bit only large enough to remove the mandrel from the center of the rivet.

- 9 Remove the fasteners securing the pulley and shim to the 3 inch / 7.5 cm mast section. Set the components to the side.
- 10 Remove the 2 inch / 5 cm mast section from the 3 inch / 7.5 cm mast section.
- 11 Remove the 3 inch / 7.5 cm mast section from the 4 inch / 10 cm mast section.

Note: For ease of assembly, note the location where each wear pad is removed.

Note: To ensure that the mast extends properly after assembly, carefully measure the cable to confirm that the new cable is the same length as the old one.

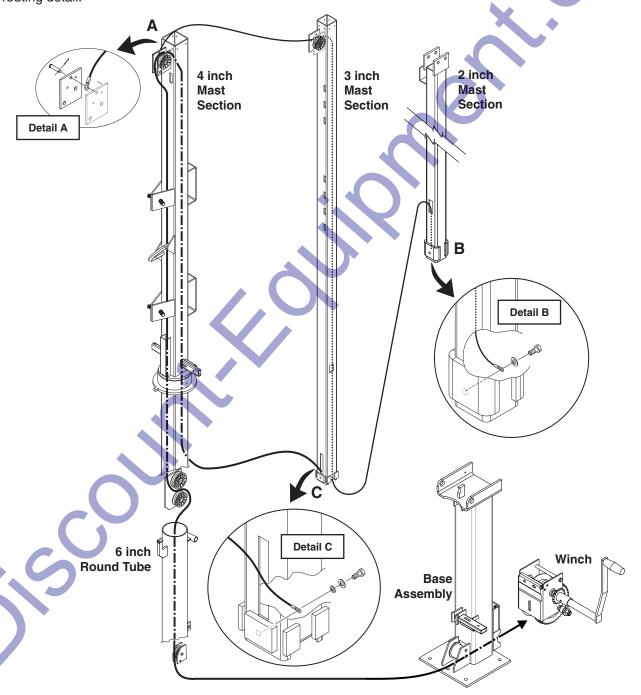
Note: During assembly, carefully install the mast cable. Refer to the illustration on the following page for cable routing.

MAST

How to Replace the Mast Lift Cable

See 1-1, How to Disassemble the Mast.

Note: Refer to the illustration below for cable routing detail.



Winch

2-1 Winch

How to Remove the Winch

- 1 Turn the handle of the mast pivot winch and fully loosen the mast pivot cable. Remove the handle from the winch.
- 2 Open the cabinet doors and locate the winch. Remove the fasteners securing the handle to the winch, and remove the handle.
- 3 Remove the cable retaining fastener securing the cable to the winch drum. Unwind the cable from the winch drum.

A CAUTION

Bodily injury hazard. Cables can fray. Always wear adequate hand protection when handling the cable.

4 Remove the winch from the machine.

How to Disassemble the Winch

Note: For ease of disassembly, refer to the illustration on the next page.

- 1 Remove the winch. See 2-1, *How to Remove the Winch*.
- 2 On a workbench, remove the cable drum and lock arm.
- 3 Remove the lock gear and two jam nuts from the pinion shaft.
- 4 Remove the retaining ring from the small groove at the non-threaded end of the pinion shaft. Rotate the pinion shaft until the shaft is removed. Hold the winch components in place while removing the pinion shaft.
- 5 Remove the ratchet pawl assemblies.
- 6 Remove the pinion shaft bushings. Use a soft metal drift equal to the outside diameter of the bushing and tap with a rubber mallet.

Note: Carefully observe the quantity and location of the shims between the winch drum and the bushing before disassembling.

WINCH

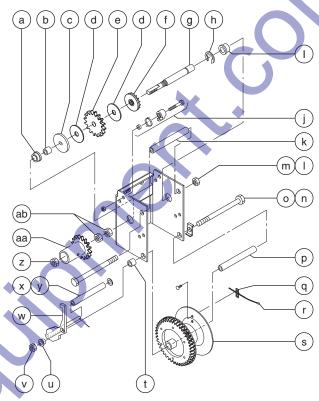
How to Assemble the Winch

- 1 Clean and inspect the winch components before installing.
- 2 Install the pinion shaft bushings. Use a soft metal drift equal to the outside diameter of the bushing and tap with a rubber mallet until fully seated.
- 3 Apply a small amount of lithium grease to the large threaded section of the pinion shaft.
- 4 Insert the pinion shaft through the small bushing in the winch frame, the pinion gear, friction disc ratchet gear, friction disc, pinion plate, spacer and finally through the large bushing at the other side of the frame. Refer to the illustration below.

NOTICE

Component damage hazard.
Grease or oil on the friction
disc will result in poor winch
performance. Do not allow grease
or oil onto the friction disk.

- 5 Install the retaining ring into the small groove at the non-threaded end of the pinion shaft.
- 6 Install the ratchet pawl kit as shown in the illustration. Securely tighten the fasteners.
- 7 Insert the drum bolt through the drum bolt lock, winch frame, drum spacer, cable drum, frame, lock arm spacer, lock arm and lock arm bushing. Install and securely tighten the locknut.
- 8 Working from the threaded end of the pinion shaft, turn the shaft in a clockwise direction until the retaining ring, installed in step 5, is against the winch frame.



- a pinion shaft bushing large
- b spacer
- c pinion plate
- d friction disc
- e ratchet gear
- f pinion gear
- a pinion shaft
- h retaining ring
- i pinion shaft bushing small
- ratchet pawl kit
- k frame spacer
- I frame spacer nut
- m frame spacer bolt
- n drum bolt
- o drum bolt lock
- p drum spacer
- cable fasteners
- r cable
- s cable drum
- t lock arm spacer
- u lock arm bushing
- v lock arm nut
- w lock arm
- x cable roller
- y cable roller washer
- z winch lock gear nut
- aa winch lock gear
- ab pinion shaft nuts

WINCH

9 Install the two jam nuts onto the pinion shaft and tighten.

NOTICE

Component damage hazard. Be sure the pinion shaft is threaded all the way into the winch drum before tightening the two jam nuts.

- 10 Install the lock gear and lock gear nut onto the pinion shaft and tighten.
- 11 Install the winch onto the machine. Securely tighten the fasteners. Do not over tighten.
- 12 Route the cable onto the winch drum and install the cable retaining fasteners. Install the winch handle and wind the cable onto the drum.

A CAUTION

Bodily injury hazard. Cables can fray. Always wear adequate hand protection when handling the cable.

Note: Be sure the end of the cable does not extend past the edge of the winch drum.

- 🔼 TEREX. -

Generator

3-1 Generator

How to Remove the Generator

▲ DANGER

High voltage. Exposure to electrical wires or electrical current will result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry. Turn off all power when not needed for testing. Use extreme caution when working with high voltage electrical components.

A DANGER

Electrocution/burn hazard.

Attempting to service the machine before the capacitor is fully discharged will result in death or serious injury.

Note: Be sure the engine has been turned off for at least 15 minutes before servicing the machine. Use a voltmeter to confirm there is no residual voltage in the capacitor.

- 1 Deploy the outriggers and level the machine.
- 2 Fully raise the mast.
- 3 Select and open a cabinet door. Tag and disconnect the gas strut, then continue to open the door until it comes to rest above the top panel of the cabinet. Repeat for the other side of the machine.
- 4 With both cabinet doors fully opened and above the top panel of the cabinet, secure the doors together using a length of rope or elastic cord.

5 Attach a lifting strap from an overhead crane to the top panel and doors assembly. Support the assembly. Do not apply any lifting pressure.

Notice: Component damage hazard. The cabinet doors and/or hinges can become damaged if excessive pressure is placed on the components. Use a spreader bar to ensure the lifting strap does not make contact with any portion of the doors.

- 6 Remove the fasteners securing the top cabinet panel to the front and rear cabinet end panels. Remove the top cabinet panel and doors from the machine and place it on a support of adequate capacity.
- 7 Pull the cover off the top of the capacitor box to access the wire harness where it connects to the generator.

A CAUTION

Burn hazard. Contact with hot engine components may cause severe burns. Use caution when working around a hot engine.

8 Using an insulated conductor or a screwdriver with an insulated handle, discharge the capacitor by shorting across the capacitor terminals. Repeat for the second capacitor, if equipped.

A DANGER

High voltage. Exposure to electrical wires or electrical current will result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry. Use extreme caution when working with high voltage electrical components.

GENERATOR

- 9 Tag and disconnect all external wires from the generator.
- 10 Use a lifting jack to support the rear of the engine. Do not apply any lifting pressure.
- 11 Remove the fasteners securing the generator to the chassis.
- 12 Remove the fasteners securing the generator to the engine bellhousing.
- 13 Pull the generator away from the engine just enough to reach the fasteners securing the generator rotor to the engine flywheel. Remove the fasteners.
- 14 Remove the generator from the machine.



Crushing hazard. The generator will fall if not properly supported when removed from the machine.

How to Install the Generator

- 1 Using a liquid threadlocker on the fastener threads, install the fasteners securing the generator rotor to the engine flywheel. Tighten to finger tight.
- 2 In a star pattern, torque the flywheel fasteners to 15 ft-lbs / 20 Nm.
- 3 With the engine supported, install the generator onto the engine. Using a liquid threadlocker on the fastener threads, install the fasteners securing the generator to the engine bellhousing. Tighten to finger tight.
- 4 In a star pattern, torque the bellhousing fasteners to 30 ft-lbs / 41 Nm.
- 5 Install the fasteners securing the generator to the chassis. Securely tighten the fasteners.
- 6 Install the external wires onto the terminal block at the top of the generator. Securely tighten the fasteners.
- Install the capacitor cover onto the generator.
 Install and securely tighten the fasteners.

GENERATOR

How to Check a Generator Capacitor

A DANGER

High voltage. Exposure to electrical wires or electrical current will result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry. Turn off all power when not needed for testing. Use extreme caution when working with high voltage electrical components.

A DANGER

Electrocution/burn hazard.

Attempting to service the machine before the capacitor is fully discharged will result in death or serious injury.

Note: Be sure the engine has been turned off for at least 15 minutes before servicing the machine. Use a voltmeter to confirm there is no residual voltage in the capacitor.

- 1 Remove the generator capacitor cover.
- 2 Using an insulated conductor or a screwdriver with an insulated handle, discharge the capacitor by shorting across the capacitor terminals. Repeat for the second capacitor, if equipped.

A DANGER

High voltage. Exposure to electrical wires or electrical current will result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry. Use extreme caution when working with high voltage electrical components.

- 3 Tag and disconnect the wires attached to the capacitor(s).
- 4 With an ohmmeter set to its highest resistance scale, connect the ohmmeter leads to the capacitor terminals and observe the reading on the meter. Then, reverse the connections and observe the reading on the meter.
- Result: The meter indicates a very low resistance which then gradually increases AND a very high resistance which then gradually decreases. The capacitor is working.
- Result: The meter indicates a very high resistance which does not decrease. The capacitor is faulty and should be replaced.
- Result: The meter indicates a very low resistance which does not increase. The capacitor is faulty and should be replaced.

GENERATOR

How to Check a Generator Diode

A DANGER

High voltage. Exposure to electrical wires or electrical current will result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry. Turn off all power when not needed for testing. Use extreme caution when working with high voltage electrical components.

A DANGER

Electrocution/burn hazard.

Attempting to service the machine before the capacitor is fully discharged will result in death or serious injury.

Note: Be sure the engine has been turned off for at least 15 minutes before servicing the machine. Use a voltmeter to confirm there is no residual voltage in the capacitor.

- Remove the fasteners securing the end cover/bearing housing to the generator.
 Remove the cover.
- 2 Locate the diode at the end of the generator.
- 3 Tag and disconnect the positive wire lead from the diode.

4 With a multimeter set to test diodes, connect one multimeter lead to the diode terminal and the other multimeter lead to the 'Q' lead terminal of the generator. Note the results.

Note: Refer to the instructions which are provided for your multimeter to ensure the diode is accurately tested.

- 5 Reverse the multimeter lead connections. Note the results.
- Result: The two readings are at a ratio of 3000:1 or higher. The diode is good.
- Result: The two readings are at a ratio of less than 3000:1. The diode is faulty and should be replaced.

Note: Before installing a new diode, clean the surface of the exciter rotor core, and run a bead of a thermal-electrical compound around the base of the diode (the threads of the diode should not be coated). Torque to 20 to 30 in-lbs / 2.2 to 3.4 Nm.

Engine

4-1 Engine RPM

How to Adjust the Engine RPM

Note: Perform this procedure with the light switches in the off position and with no external AC power devices connected to the power outlets at the control box.

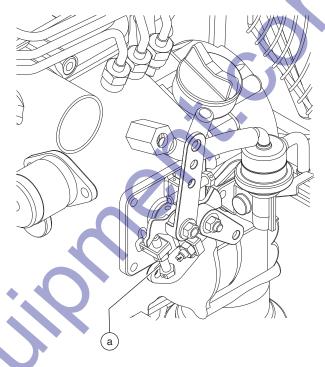
- 1 Start the engine, and allow the engine to warm to normal operating temperature.
- With a multimeter set to read AC frequency (Hz), connect the multimeter leads to one of the outlets at the control box and note the reading.

6 kw and 8 kw:

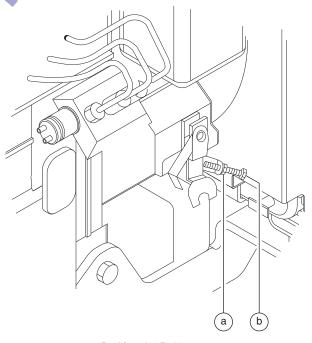
- Result: The reading is 60 to 61.5 Hz. The engine RPM is set correctly.
- Result: The reading is less than 60 Hz OR the reading is greater than 62 Hz. The engine RPM is not set correctly and should be adjusted. Proceed to step 3.

7 kw:

- Result: The reading is 61.5 */- 0.5 Hz. The engine RPM is set correctly.
- Result: The reading is less than 61 Hz OR the reading is greater than 62 Hz. The engine RPM is not set correctly and should be adjusted. Proceed to step 3.
- 3 Using the illustrations as a guide, locate the engine speed adjustment screw. Loosen the locknut, then turn the adjustment screw clockwise to increase the RPM or counterclockwise to decrease the engine RPM. Tighten the locknut and repeat this procedure beginning with step 2.



Kubota D1105 Engine a adjustment screw



Perkins 403D-11

- a jamb nut
- b adjustment screw

Troubleshooting



Observe and Obey:

- Troubleshooting and repair procedures shall be completed by a person trained and qualified on the repair of this machine.
- ☑ Immediately tag and remove from service a damaged or malfunctioning machine.
- ☑ Repair any machine damage or malfunction before operating the machine.
- Unless otherwise specified, perform each repair procedure with the machine in the following configuration:
 - Machine parked on a firm, level surface
 - · Mast in the stowed position
 - · Light switches in the off position
 - · Wheels chocked

Before Troubleshooting:

- Read, understand and obey the safety rules and operating instructions in the appropriate operator's manual on your machine.
- ☑ Be sure that all necessary tools and test equipment are available and ready for use.
- Be aware of the following hazards and follow generally accepted safe workshop practices.

A DANGER

Electrocution/burn hazard. Exposure to electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

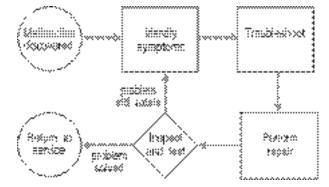
A DANGER

High voltage. Exposure to electrical wires or electrical current will result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry. Turn off all power when not needed for testing. Use extreme caution when working with high voltage electrical components.

A CAUTION

Burn hazard. Contact with hot engine components may cause severe burns. Use caution when working around lamps or a hot engine.

General Repair Process



Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Boom will not rise to the	Yoke pin is in place	Remove yoke pin
operating position	Faulty cable or pulley	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty winch	Inspect and repair as needed
Boom will not telescope	Telescope lock pin closed	Open telescope lock pin
	Faulty cable or pulley	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty winch	Inspect and repair as needed
Engine will not turn over	No power	Inspect and repair battery cables and connections as needed Inspect and charge or replace battery as needed Inspect and replace fuse
	Faulty starter	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty starter switch	Inspect and repair switch and/or switch wiring as needed
Engine overheats	Low coolant level	Top off radiator and coolant overflow tank with correct coolant mixture per engine Operator's Manual
	Radiator is blocked	Clear the radiator fins
	Radiator or cooling system clogged or corroded	Inspect and repair as needed
	Fan or radiator cap faulty	Inspect and repair as needed
	Thermostat faulty	Inspect and repair as needed
	Head gasket faulty	Inspect and repair as needed
	Fan belt is loose	Tighten fan belt
	Unsuitable fuel used	Drain fuel system and replace with specified fuel
Engine runs but produces a	Crankcase oil level is too high	Drain oil to the proper level
dense smoke	Low compression	Inspect for broken/seized piston rings OR inspect valve clearance
	Injector nozzle faulty	Replace injector
	Combustion incomplete due to faulty injector timing, poor valve adjustment or poor compression	Inspect and repair as needed

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Engine runs rough	Air or contaminated fuel in fuel system	Inspect and repair as needed
	Clogged or leaking fuel system	Replace fuel lines, tighten all connections, inspect the fuel pickup tube and inspect the fuel filter
	Clogged exhaust system	Inspect and repair as needed
	Clogged air filter	Inspect and repair or replace as needed
	Clogged or stuck fuel injectors	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty governor or fuel pump	Inspect and repair as needed
Engine turns over but will not	Empty fuel tank	Add fuel to tank
start or is difficult to start	Leaking or pinched fuel lines	Inspect and repair as needed
	Clogged fuel lines or tank	Inspect and repair as needed
	Clogged fuel filter	Replace filter
	Air or water mixed in fuel	Air: Tighten fuel lines and vent fuel system air at injection pump. Water: Drain fuel and replace filter; inspect and clean or replace injector as needed.
	Fuel injection nozzle clogged	Inspect and repair as needed
×	Fuel injection pump faulty	Inspect and repair as needed
	Fuel solenoid valve faulty	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty glow plug	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty relay or wiring connection in control box	Inspect and repair as needed
	Battery is discharged or low	Charge or replace battery
	Air cleaner is dirty	Clean or replace more frequently
Engine battery quickly discharged	Battery electrolyte low	Add distilled water and charge
.62	Fan belt slips	Inspect and repair as needed
	Wiring loose or disconnected	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty alternator, rectifier or diode	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty battery	Replace

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Engine runs but battery voltage is low	Faulty alternator	Inspect and repair as needed
Engine runs but lights will not	Circuit breaker has tripped	Reset circuit breaker
operate	Loose wiring connections	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty generator	Inspect and repair as needed
Lamp light output low	Dirty light fixture	Clean light fixture
Light heads are flashing on-off	Batteries low	Charge batteries
	Short in power supply cable	Inspect and repair as needed
	Power supply cable connector faulty	Inspect and repair as needed
Light head will not illuminate	End of life	Replace
	Short in power supply cable	Inspect and repair as needed
	Power supply cable connector faulty OR poor connection	Inspect and repair as needed
Unusual noise from the generator	Generator has a faulty bearing or faulty fan blade	Inspect and repair as needed
Generator produces full voltage at no load OR voltage drops at full load	Loose or broken lead wires	Inspect lead wires and connections for broken wires and loose connections
	Rotor open or shorted	Measure resistance between leads
	Stator grounded or shorted	Contact the Genie Service Dept.
Generator voltage too high	High engine speed	Adjust the rpm Refer to Section 2, Specifications
Generator produces no voltage at no load or at full load	Faulty surge suppressor	Disconnect suppressor from circuit. If there is an obvious increase in voltage, replace the suppressor.
	Faulty capacitor	Replace
	Loss of residual magnetism	Flash the rotor
	Open winding	Replace the generator

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Generator will not hold voltage (loss of residual magnetism)	Machine has been unused for significant length of time	Flash the rotor
	Rotor shorting out when unit gets hot	Inspect rotor windings for broken and/or burned wires
	Pinched leads	Inspect and repair as needed
	Faulty capacitor	Replace
	Faulty diode	Replace
	Faulty surge suppressor	Replace
Generator voltage spikes	Incorrect engine adjustment, fuel line or faulty fuel	Change fuel filter and check engine speed
	Loose connection	Inspect all connections and repair as needed
	Faulty ground connection	Inspect all ground connections and repair as needed
	Load induced	Filter load
Generator voltage low	Loss of residual magnetism	Flash the rotor
	Low engine speed	Adjust idle. See Repair Section.
	Faulty capacitor	Replace
	Faulty diode	Replace



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August 2016 Section 6 • Schematics

Schematics



Observe and Obey:

- ☑ Troubleshooting and repair procedures shall be completed by a person trained and qualified on the repair of this machine.
- Immediately tag and remove from service a damaged or malfunctioning machine.
- Repair any machine damage or malfunction before operating the machine.

Before Troubleshooting:

- Read, understand and obey the safety rules and operating instructions in the appropriate operator's manual on your machine before attempting any maintenance or repair procedure.
- Be sure that all necessary tools and test equipment are available and ready for use.

About This Section

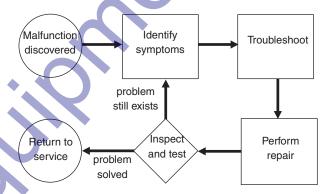
There is one group of schematics in this section

Electrical Schematics

AWARNING

Electrocution/burn hazard.
Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

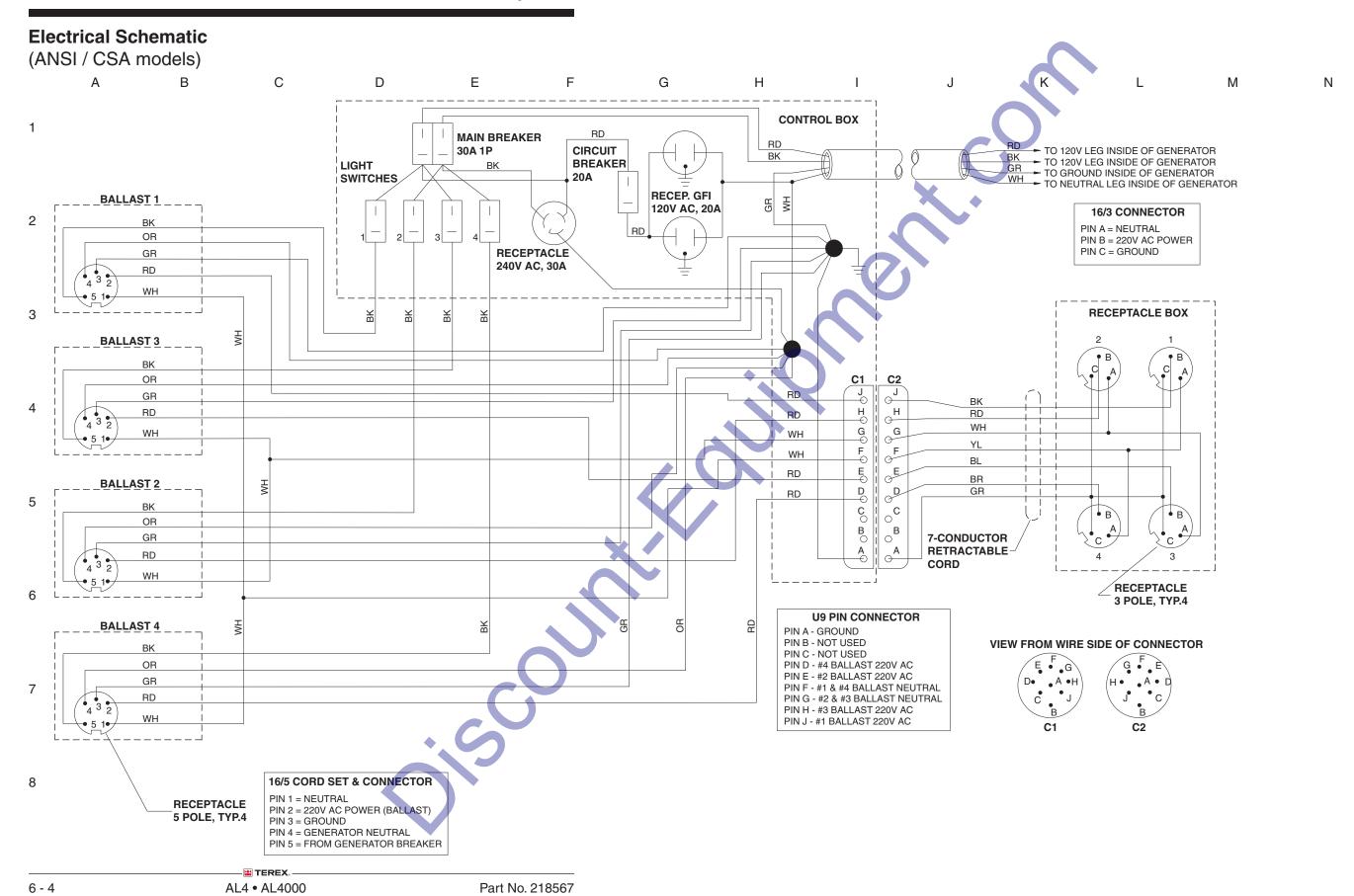
General Repair Process

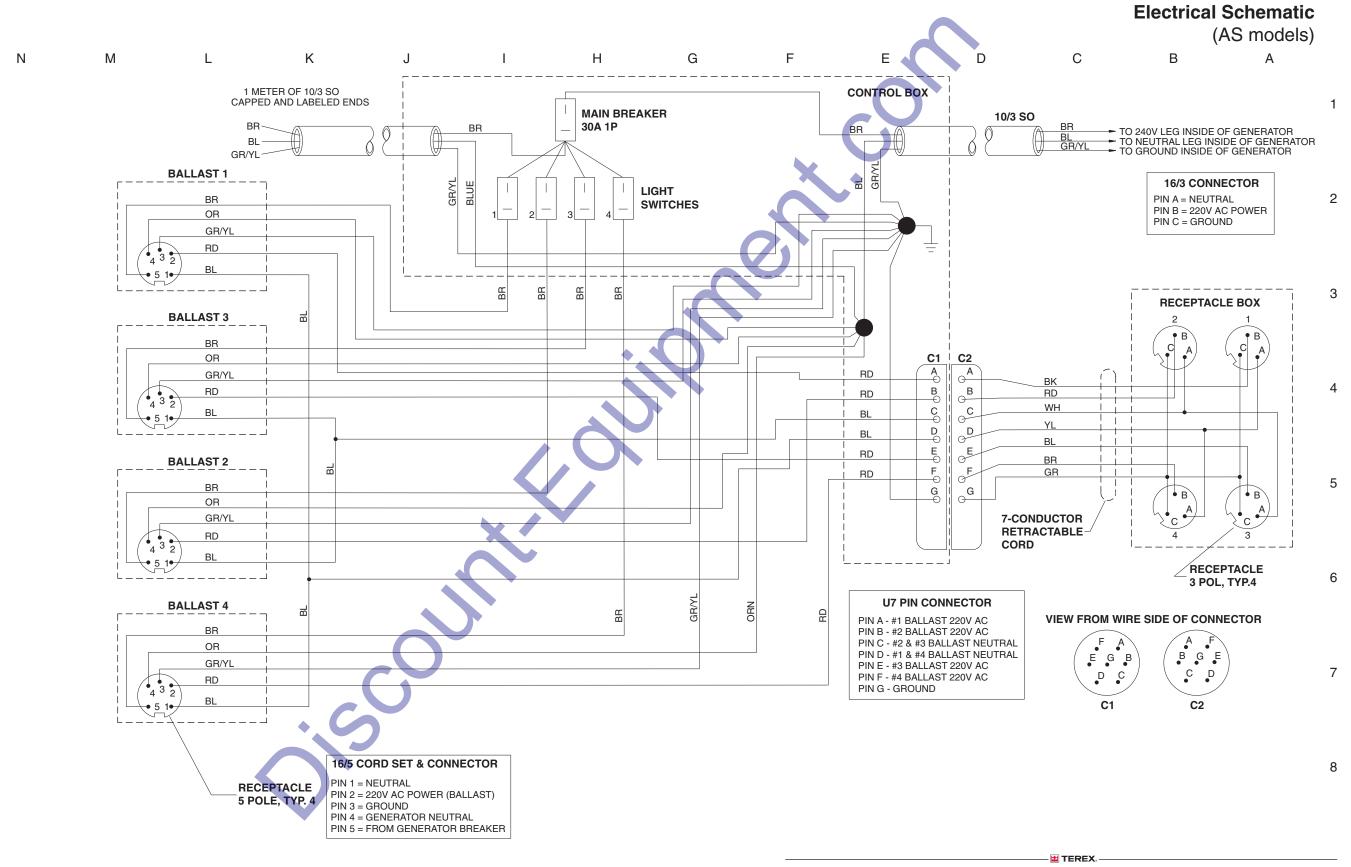


Wire Colors Legend

WIRE COLOR LEGEND	
Item	Description
BL	Blue
BK	Black
BR	Brown
GR	Green
OR	Orange
VI	Violet
RD	Red
WH	White
YL	Yellow
OR/BK	Orange/Black
WH/BK	White/Black
WH/RD	White/Red
GR/YL	Green/Yellow
RD/BK	Red/Black
YL/RD	Yellow/Red
BL/WH	Blue/White

Electrical Schematic (ANSI / CSA models)





Part No. 218567 AL4 • AL4000 6 - 5

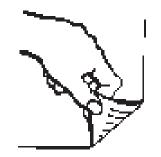
Electrical Schematic

(AS models)



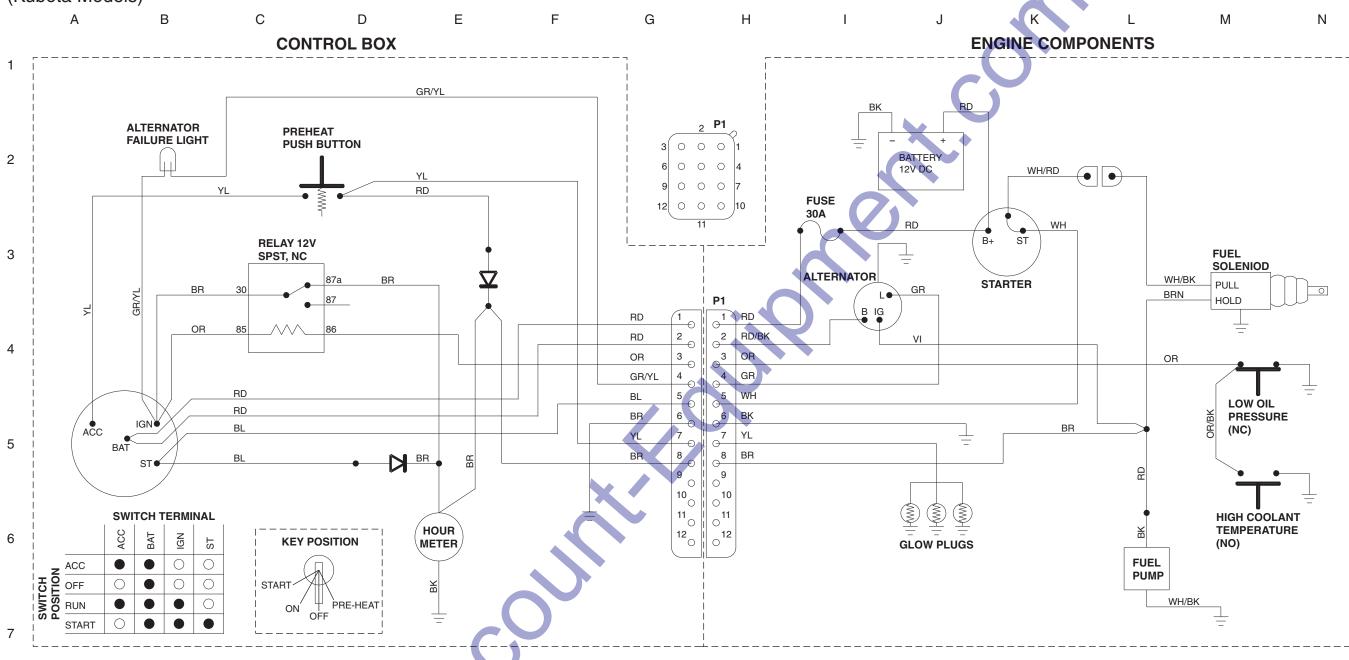
Control Box and Engine Wiring

(Kubota Models)

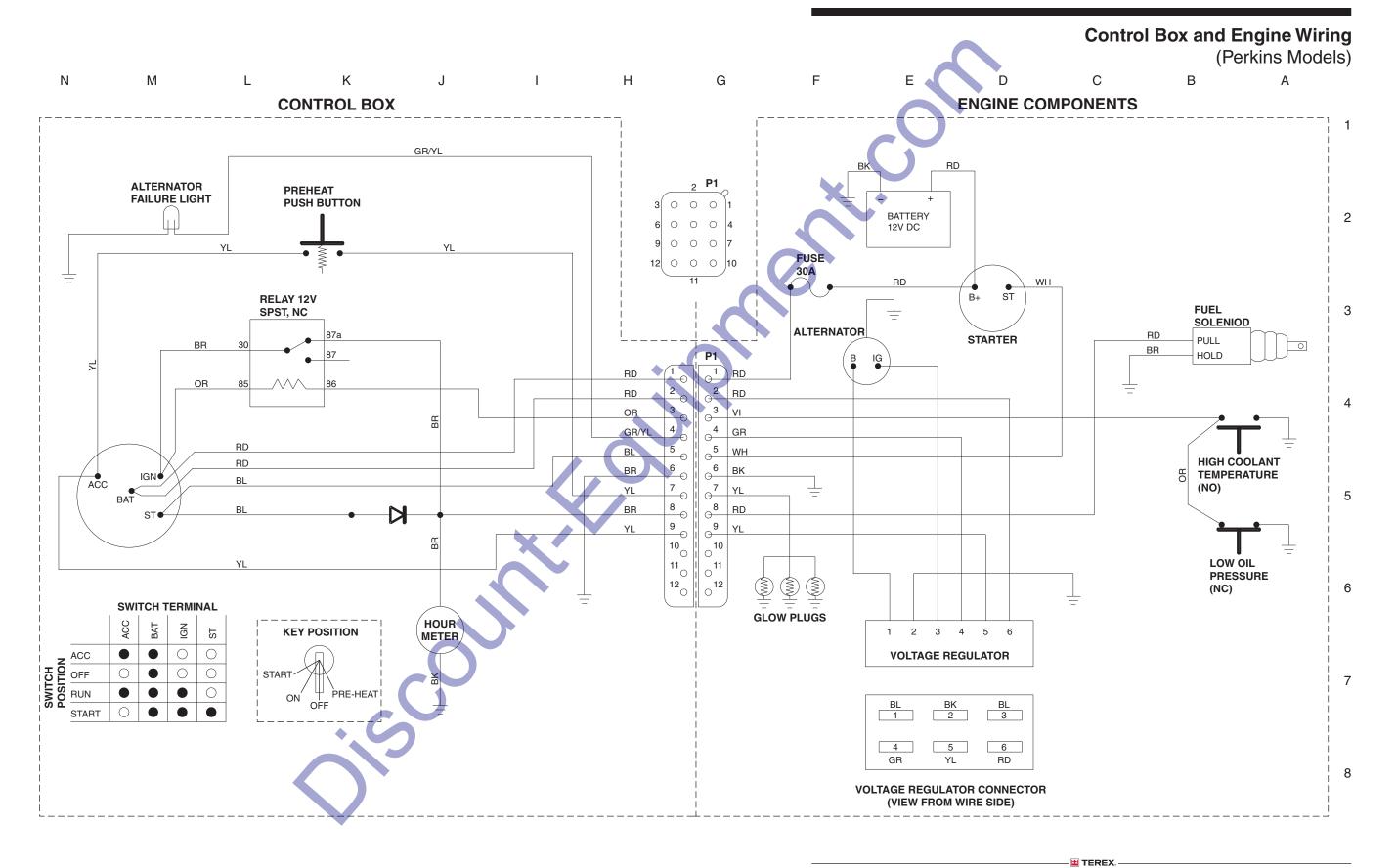


Control Box and Engine Wiring

(Kubota Models)



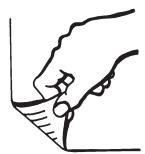
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Part No. 218567 AL4 • AL4000 6 - 9

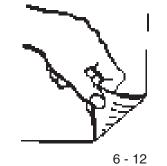
Control Box and Engine Wiring

(Perkins Models)



Control Box and Engine Wiring

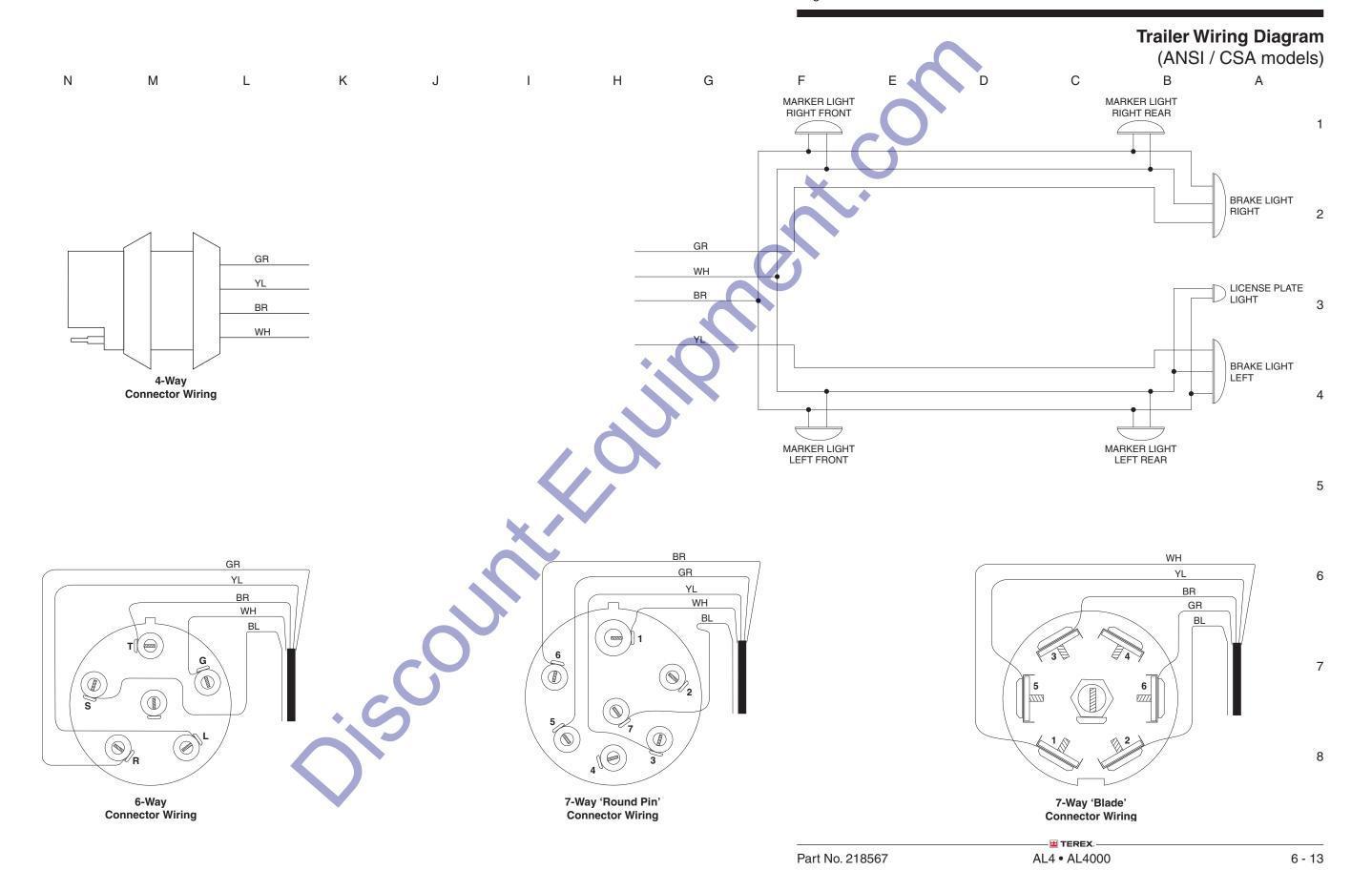
(AS models)



Control Box and Engine Wiring

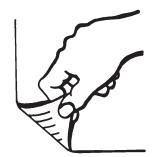
(AS models) Α В D Н Ε G Ν **ENGINE COMPONENTS CONTROL BOX** ALTERNATOR FAILURE LIGHT PREHEAT PUSH BUTTON 0002 0 0 0 WH/RD **RELAY 12V** FUEL SOLENIOD 3 SPST, NC ALTERNATOR WH/BK STARTER PULL HOLD 4 OR GR/YL RD PRESSURE IGN 5 10 YL/RD SWITCH TERMINAL 11 RD/BK HIGH COOLANT TEMPERATURE HOUR 12 BL/WH 6 METER **GLOW PLUGS FUEL** PUMP TO WINCH SOLENOID (TOWER DOWN) TO WINCH BATTERY + TO WINCH SOLENOID (TOWER UP)

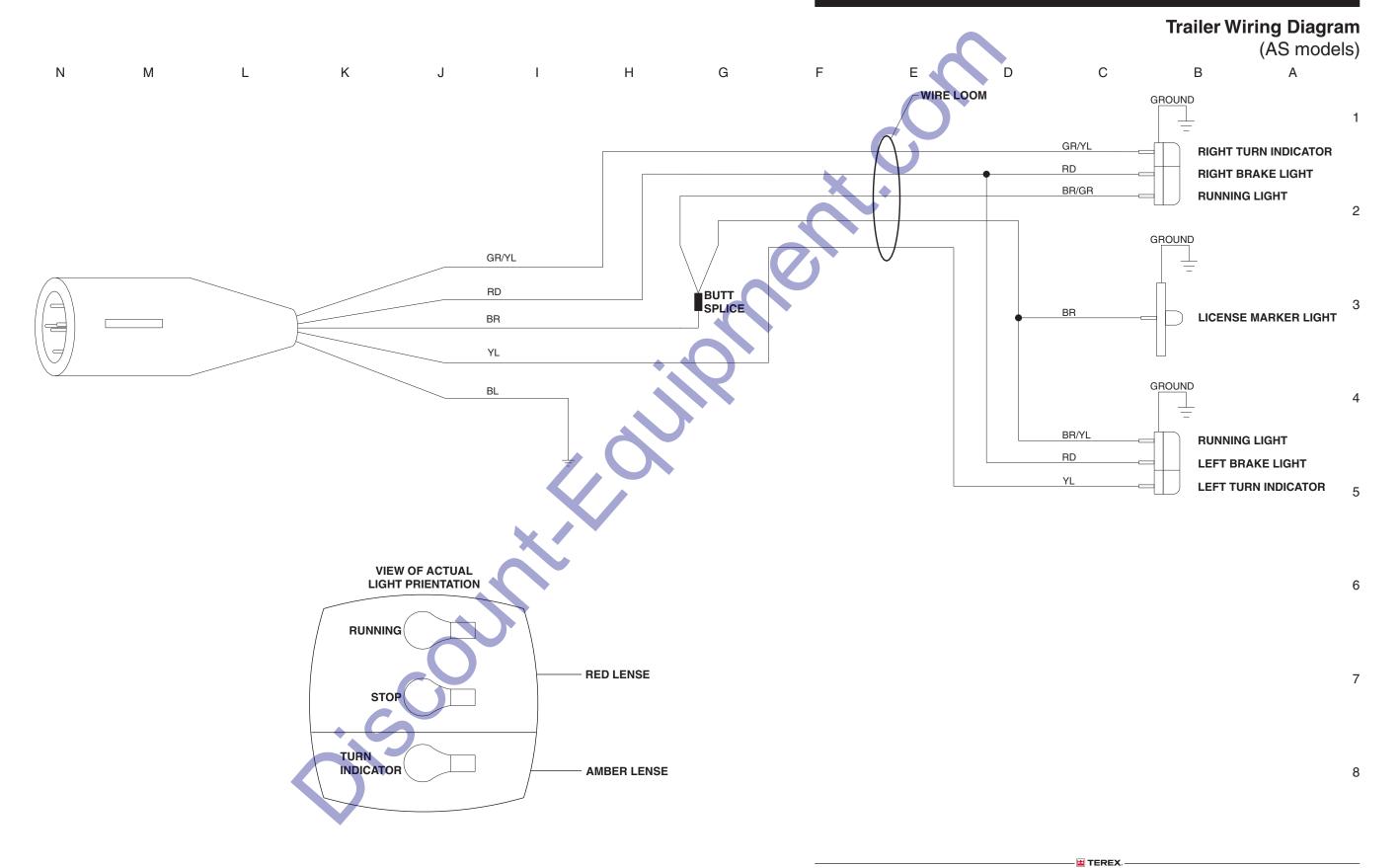
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Trailer Wiring Diagram

(ANSI / CSA models)

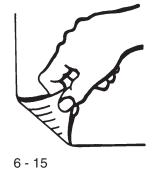




Part No. 218567 AL4 • AL4000 6 - 15

Trailer Wiring Diagram

(AS models)



California Proposition 65

! WARNING

Operating, servicing and maintaining this equipment can expose you to chemicals including engine exhaust, carbon monoxide, phthalates, and lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. These chemicals can be emitted from or contained in other various parts and systems, fluids and some component wear by-products. To minimize exposure, avoid breathing exhaust, do not idle the engine except as necessary, service your equipment and vehicle in a well-ventilated area and wear gloves or wash your hands frequently when servicing your equipment or vehicle and after operation. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/passenger-vehicle.

Breathing diesel engine exhaust exposes you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

- Always start and operate the engine in a well-ventilated area.
- If in an enclosed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.
- Do not modify or tamper with the exhaust system.
- Do not idle the engine except as necessary. For more information go to www.P65warnings.ca.gov/diesel.



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