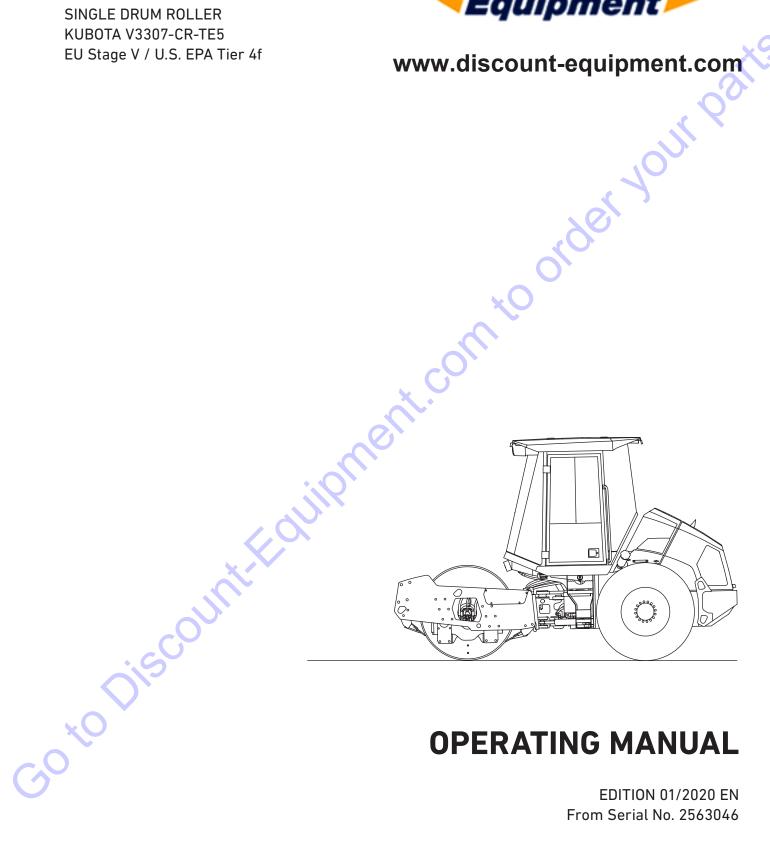
ARS 70

SINGLE DRUM ROLLER KUBOTA V3307-CR-TE5







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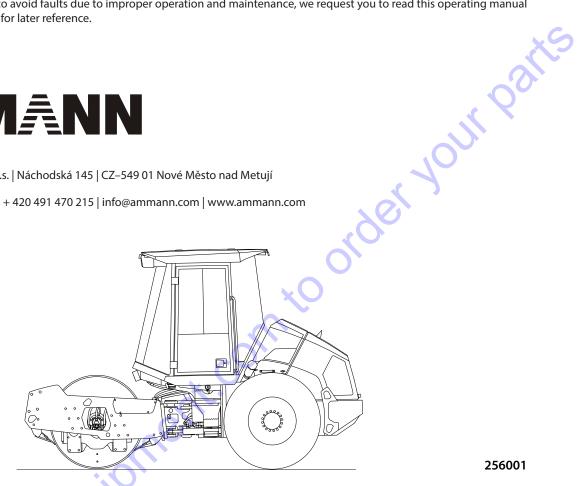
Congratulations on your purchase of the AMMANN compaction machine. This modern compaction machine is characterised by simple operation and maintenance and is the product of many years of experience of the AMMANN company in compaction machines, especially road rollers. In order to avoid faults due to improper operation and maintenance, we request you to read this operating manual with great care and keep it for later reference.

With kind regards,

AMMANN

Ammann Czech Republic a.s. | Náchodská 145 | CZ-549 01 Nové Město nad Metují

T + 420 491 476 111 | Fax + 420 491 470 215 | info@ammann.com | www.ammann.com



256001

This instruction manual is a "translation of the original instruction manual" within the meaning of the paragraph 1.7.4.1 of the Directive of the European parliament and of the Council 2006/42/EC of 17 Mai 2006.

This manual consists of:

I. Specification manual

II. Operating manual

III. Maintenance manual

The purpose of this manual is to familiarize operators with safe operation of the roller and provide them information for maintenance. Therefore it is necessary to pass this manual to operators and ensure that it will be read by them carefully before the road roller is used.

AMMANN assumes no responsibility if the machine is operated incorrectly or is used incorrectly in operating modes, which may result in injury or death, damage to the machine or property or environmental pollution.

Adherence to maintenance instructions increases the reliability and lifetime of the machinery and reduces repair costs and down time.

In order to ensure smooth operation of the AMMANN compaction equipment, use only original spare parts supplied by AMMANN for repairs.

The operating instructions must always be kept available on the machine in an appropriate place.

Preface

Coto Discount. Equipment. com to order your parts Information, specifications, and recommended operation and maintenance instructions contained in this publication are basic and final information at the time of the printing of this publication. Print errors, technical modifications and modifications of illustrations are reserved. All dimensions and weights are approximate, and therefore not binding.

SAFETY NOTICES AND SIGNS:



The notice warns of a serious risk of personal injury or other personal hazards.



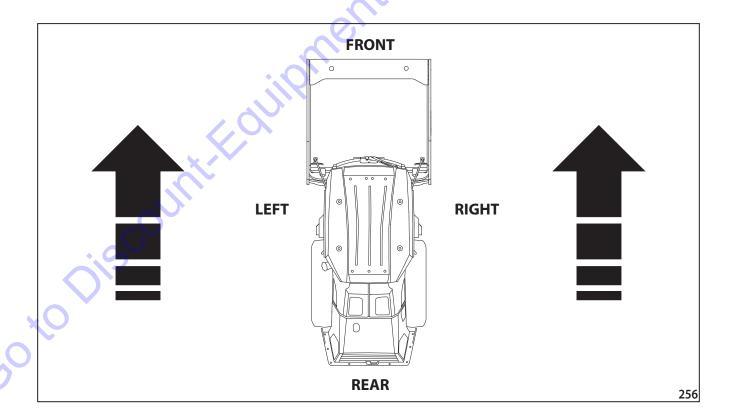
The notice warns of possible damage to the machine or its parts.



The notice warns of the necessity of environmental protection.

! CAUTION!

As used in this operating manual, the terms right, left, front and rear indicate sides of the machine moving forward.



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...(FICATION MANUAL
... AS 70
(Kubota Tier 4 Final)
... AS 70
(Kubota Tier 4 Final)

Machine description

Single drum roller with an articulated frame with a front smooth or padfoot steel driven vibrating drum and driven rear axle with two treaded tyres. Steering using the articulated frame.

Machine application

The **ARS 70** rollers are suitable for medium and small-sized compaction works in transport construction (construction of roads, railways, cart roads, and forest roads) and building construction (industrial zones, embankments), etc.

ARS 70 D roller with a smooth drum is suitable for the compaction of all kinds of soils. It is possible to be used for the compaction of clay soils up to a layer thickness (after compaction) of 15 cm (5.9 in), loam soils up to a layer thickness of 25 cm (9.8 in), mixed soils up to a layer thickness of 35 cm (13.8 in), sandy and gravel materials up to a layer thickness of 45 cm (17.7 in). The roller can also be used for compaction by means of stabilisation.

ARS 70 PD roller with a padfoot drum (synchronous kneading and vibrating effect) is suitable for the compaction of clay soils up to a layer thickness (after compaction) of 20 cm (7.9 in), loam soils up to a layer thickness of 25 cm (9.8 in), and mixed soils up to a layer thickness of 35 cm (13.8 in).

ARS 70 HX roller for permanently difficult conditions and on slopes above 30% – smooth drum.

ARS 70 HXPD roller for permanently difficult conditions and on slopes above 30% – padfoot drum.

The machines are intended for operation in conditions of the following types according to EN 60721-2-1:2014: WT, WDr, MWDr (i.e. mild, warm dry, hot dry with a limited temperature range of from -15 $^{\circ}$ C (5 $^{\circ}$ F) to +45 $^{\circ}$ C (113 $^{\circ}$ F).

The standard type of the machine is not intended for road traffic. For more information, please contact your dealer.

Please fill in the following data: (see nameplate and Kubota engine nameplate)
Machine type
Serial number of the machine
Year of manufacture
Engine type
Serial number of the engine
<u>xO</u>

The data mentioned in the table refer always when you contact the dealer or manufacturer.

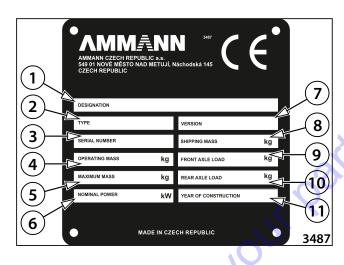
The machine that complies with the health and safety requirements is provided with a nameplate with CE marking.

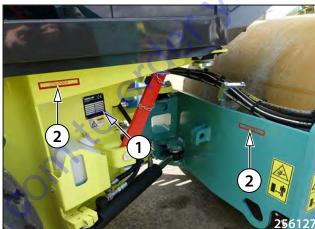
- 1. Name always stated only in the English version
- 2. Type
- 3. Serial number
- 4. Operating weight
- 5. Maximum mass
- 6. Rated power
- 7. Version
- 8. Transport weight
- 9. Front axle load
- 10. Rear axle load
- 11. Year of manufacture

Name plate location

- 1. Name plate
- 2. Machine frame number



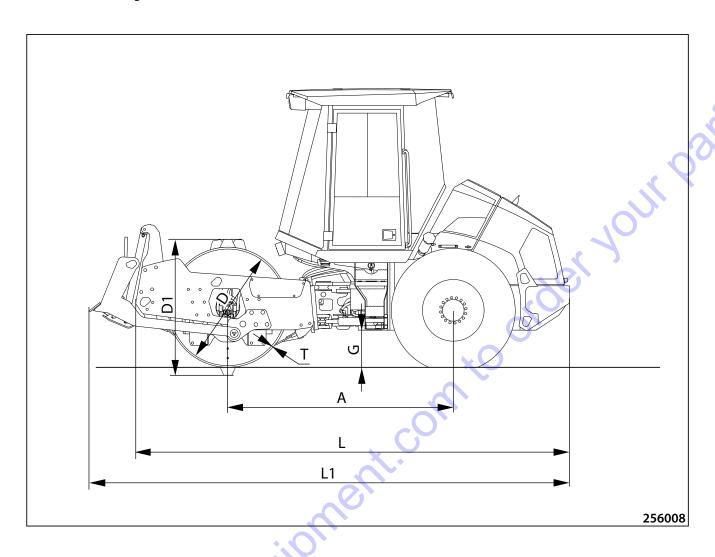






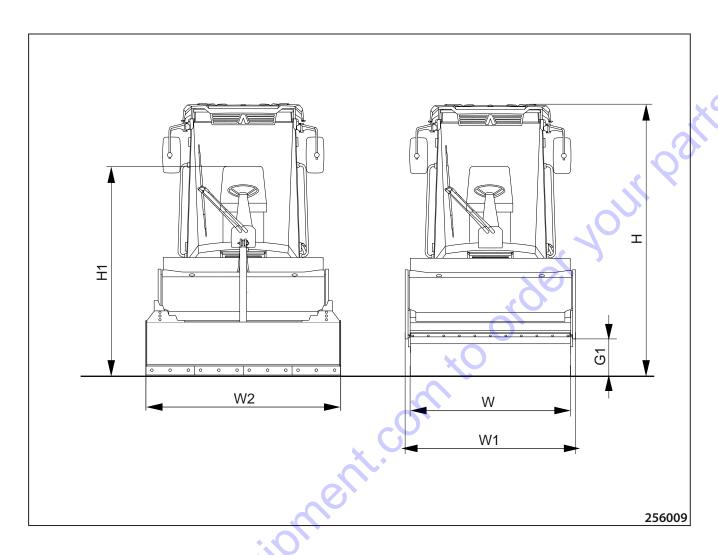
1.2 Dimensional drawing of the machine

Dimensional drawing of the machine ARS 70



mm (in)	A	D	D1	G	G 1	н	H1	L	L1	Т	W	W1	W2
ADC 70 D	2300	1225		380	382	2860	2285	4425		18	1680	1790	
ARS 70 D	(90.6)	(48.2)		(15.0)	(15.0)	(112.6)	(90.0)	(174.2)		(0.7)	(66.1)	(70.5)	
406 70 00	2300	1219	1377	380	382	2860	2285	4425		15	1680	1790	
ARS 70 PD	(90.6)	(48.0)	(54.2)	(15.0)	(15.0)	(112.6)	(90.0)	(174.2)		(0.6)	(66.1)	(70.5)	
ADC 70 DDD	2300	1219	1377	380	382	2860	2285	4425	4985	15	1680	1790	2077
ARS 70 PDB	(90.6)	(48.0)	(54.2)	(15.0)	(15.0)	(112.6)	(90.0)	(174.2)	(196.3)	(0.6)	(66.1)	(70.5)	(81.8)

Dimensional drawing of the machine ARS 70



mm (in)	Α	D	D1	G	G1	Н	H1	L	L1	т	w	W1	W2
ARS 70 D	2300	1225		380	382	2860	2285	4425		18	1680	1790	
AKS /UD	(90.6)	(48.2)		(15.0)	(15.0)	(112.6)	(90.0)	(174.2)		(0.7)	(66.1)	(70.5)	
ADC 70 DD	2300	1219	1377	380	382	2860	2285	4425		15	1680	1790	
ARS 70 PD	(90.6)	(48.0)	(54.2)	(15.0)	(15.0)	(112.6)	(90.0)	(174.2)		(0.6)	(66.1)	(70.5)	
ADC 70 DDD	2300	1219	1377	380	382	2860	2285	4425	4985	15	1680	1790	2077
ARS 70 PDB	(90.6)	(48.0)	(54.2)	(15.0)	(15.0)	(112.6)	(90.0)	(174.2)	(196.3)	(0.6)	(66.1)	(70.5)	(81.8)

ARS 70 13

1.3 Technical data

		ARS 70					
		EU Stage V / U.S. EPA Tier 4f					
		D	нх	PD	HXPD		
Weight							
Operating weight of EN 500-1+A1 (CECE) with cab	kg (lb)	6490 (14310)	6490 (14310)	6910 (15230)	6910 (15230)		
Operating weight of EN 500-1+A1 (CECE) with platform, rail	kg (lb)	6360 (14020)	6360 (14020)	6780 (14950)	6780 (14950)		
Operating load of EN 500-1+A1 (CECE) with cab, ROPS on front axis	kg (lb)	3900 (8600)	3900 (8600)	4320 (9520)	4320 (9520)		
Operating load of EN 500-1+A1 (CECE) with cab, ROPS on rear axis	kg (lb)	2590 (5710)	2590 (5710)	2590 (5710)	2590 (5710)		
Weight of half fluid capacities	kg (lb)	55 (120)	55 (120)	55 (120)	55 (120)		
Operating weight of ISO 6016 with cab, ROPS	kg (lb)	6545 (14430)	6545 (14430)	6965 (15360)	6965 (15360)		
Maximum weight with the cab, ROPS, accessories, weighing	kg (lb)	8400 (18520)	8400 (18520)	8820 (19440)	8820 (19440)		
Maximum permitted weight according to ROPS	kg (lb)	10000 (22050)	10000 (22050)	10000 (22050)	10000 (22050)		
Static linear load of front drum	kg/cm (lb/in)	23.2 (129.9)	23.2 (129.9)	(<u>)</u>	-		
Cab weight	kg (lb)	760 (1680)	760 (1680)	760 (1680)	760 (1680)		
Weight of ROPS	kg (lb)	460 (1010)	460 (1010)	460 (1010)	460 (1010)		
Weight of sheet roof on ROPS	kg (lb)	170 (370)	170 (370)	170 (370)	170 (370)		
Weight of blade	kg (lb)	560 (1230)	560 (1230)	560 (1230)	560 (1230)		
Weight of 2 padfoot segments	kg (lb)	875 (1930)	875 (1930)	-	-		
Weight of tyre filling 0°C	kg (lb)	367 (810)	367 (810)	367 (810)	367 (810)		
Weight of tyre filling -25°C	kg (lb)	420 (930)	420 (930)	420 (930)	420 (930)		
Driving characteristics		V.,			'		
Number of speeds	- 0	3+1	3 + 1	3 + 1	3 + 1		
Loading mode 0	km/h (MPH)	2.5 (1.6)	2.5 (1.6)	2.5 (1.6)	2.5 (1.6)		
Working speed 1	km/h (MPH)	2.5 (1.6)	2.5 (1.6)	2.5 (1.6)	2.5 (1.6)		
Working speed 2	km/h (MPH)	4 (2.5)	4 (2.5)	4 (2.5)	4 (2.5)		
Working speed 3	km/h (MPH)	6 (3.7)	6 (3.7)	6 (3.7)	6 (3.7)		
Maximum transport speed	km/h (MPH)	12 (7.5)	12 (7.5)	12 (7.5)	12 (7.5)		
Climbing ability	%	59	59	56	56		
Climbing ability with vibration	%	52	68	54	64		
Theoretical climbing ability of machine	%	67	67	61	61		
Lateral static stability	%	53	53	53	53		
Lateral stability during driving without vibration	%	25	25	25	25		
Lateral stability during driving with vibration	%	15	15	15	15		
Maximum gradient when towing machine on slope	%	60	60	60	60		
Turning radius inner (edge)	mm (in)	2580 (101.6)	2580 (101.6)	2580 (101.6)	2580 (101.6)		
Turning radius outer (contour)	mm (in)	4340 (170.9)	4340 (170.9)	4340 (170.9)	4340 (170.9)		
Front approach slope	%	93	93	93	93		
Rear approach slope	%	67	67	67	67		
Type of drive	-	Hydrostatic	Hydrostatic	Hydrostatic	Hydrostatic		
Number of driving axles	-	2	2	2	2		
Oscillation angle	0	9	9	9	9		
Angle of steering	0	30	30	30	30		

SPECIFICATION MANUAL

		ARS 70					
			EU Stage V / U	J.S. EPA Tier 4f			
		D	нх	PD	HXPD		
Steering							
Type of steering	-	Joint	Joint	Joint	Joint		
Steering control	-	Hydraulic	Hydraulic	Hydraulic	Hydraulic		
Linear hydraulic motors	-	2	2	2	2		
Engine					-9		
Manufacturer	-	Kubota	Kubota	Kubota	Kubota		
Туре	-	V3307-CR-TE5	V3307-CR-TE5	V3307-CR-TE5	V3307-CR-TE5		
Power according to ISO 14396	kW (HP)	55.4 (75)	55.4 (75)	55.4 (75)	55.4 (75)		
Number of cylinders	-	4	4	4	4		
Cylinder capacity	cm³ (cu in)	3331 (203)	3331 (203)	3331 (203)	3331 (203)		
Nominal speed	min ⁻¹ (RPM)	2200	2200	2200	2200		
Maximum torque	Nm/rpm	259/1500	259/1500	259/1500	259/1500		
Average fuel consumption	I/h (gal US/h)	7.3 (1.9)	7.3 (1.9)	7.3 (1.9)	7.3 (1.9)		
Engines complies with emission regulations	-	EU Stage V, U.S. EPA Tier 4 Final					
Cooling system of engine	-	Liquid	Liquid	Liquid	Liquid		
Axle		0					
Maximum tyre pressure	MPa (PSI)	0.15 (21.8)	0.15 (21.8)	0.15 (21.8)	0.15 (21.8)		
Pattern of tyres	-	UK 5 Diamond	UK 5 Diamond	TD-02 Tractor	TD-02 Tractor		
Number of tyres	- (2	2	2	2		
Number of rear wheels	40	2	2	2	2		
Size of tyres	4-	14.9x24′′	14.9x24′′	14.9x24′′	14.9x24′′		
Type of tyres	-	Tubeless	Tubeless	Tubeless	Tubeless		
Number of pads (only PD version)	-	-	-	112	112		
Pad contact surface (only PD version)	cm² (sq in)	-	-	82.5 (12.8)	82.5 (12.8)		
Pad height (only PD version)	mm (in)	-	-	80 (3.1)	80 (3.1)		
Brakes							
Operating	-	Hydrostatic	Hydrostatic	Hydrostatic	Hydrostatic		
Parking	-	Multiple-disc spring brake	Multiple-disc spring brake	Multiple-disc spring brake	Multiple-disc spring brake		
Emergency	-	Multiple-disc spring brake	Multiple-disc spring brake	Multiple-disc spring brake	Multiple-disc spring brake		
Vibration							
Frequency I	Hz (VPM)	34 (2040)	34 (2040)	33 (1980)	33 (1980)		
Frequency II	Hz (VPM)	36 (2160)	36 (2160)	36 (2160)	36 (2160)		
Amplitude I	mm (in)	1,6 (0,063)	1,6 (0,063)	1,65 (0,065)	1,65 (0,065)		
Amplitude II	mm (in)	0,7 (0,028)	0,7 (0,028)	0,71 (0,028)	0,71 (0,028)		
Centrifugal force I	kN	131	131	156	156		
Centrifugal force II	kN	64	64	80	80		
Type of drive	-	Hydrostatic	Hydrostatic	Hydrostatic	Hydrostatic		

ARS 70 15

1.3 Technical data

		ARS 70					
		EU Stage V / U.S. EPA Tier 4f					
		D	нх	PD	HXPD		
Fluid capacities							
Fuel	l (gal US)	130 (34.34)	130 (34.34)	130 (34.34)	130 (34.34)		
Engine (oil filling)	l (gal US)	11.2 (2.96)	11.2 (2.96)	11.2 (2.96)	11.2 (2.96)		
Cooling system	l (gal US)	26 (6.87)	26 (6.87)	26 (6.87)	26 (6.87)		
Hydraulic system	I (gal US)	53 (14)	53 (14)	53 (14)	53 (14)		
Drum vibrator	l (gal US)	6 (1.59)	6 (1.59)	6 (1.59)	6 (1.59)		
Drum cooling liquid (up to -25°C)	l (gal US)	40 (10.57)	40 (10.57)	40 (10.57)	40 (10.57)		
Wheel gearbox	I (gal US)	2x0.8 (2x0.21)	2x0.8 (2x0.21)	2x0.8 (2x0.21)	2x0.8 (2x0.21)		
Drum gearbox	I (gal US)	1.8 (0.48)	1.8 (0.48)	1.8 (0.48)	1.8 (0.48)		
Washer tank	l (gal US)	3 (0.79)	3 (0.79)	3 (0.79)	3 (0.79)		
Wiring				. 0			
Voltage	V	12	12	12	12		
Battery capacity	Ah	120	120	120	120		
Noise and vibration emissions		-)			
Measured sound power level A, L_{pA} at the operator's position (cab) *	dB	78	78	78	78		
Uncertainty K _{pA} *	dB	2	2	2	2		
Guaranteed sound power level A, L _{wa} **	dB	105	105	105	105		
Declared highest weighted effective value of vibration acceleration transmitted to the whole body (cab) ***	m/s² (ft/s²)	<0.5 (<1.6)	<0.5 (<1.6)	<0.5 (<1.6)	<0.5 (<1.6)		
Declared total value of vibration acceleration transmitted to hands (cab) ***	m/s² (ft/s²)	<2.5 (<8.2)	<2.5 (<8.2)	<2.5 (<8.2)	<2.5 (<8.2)		

^{*} measured according to EN 500-4

^{**} measured according to DIRECTIVE 2000/14/EC and EN 500-4

^{***} measured according to EN 1032+A1 while driving with vibration on gravel foundation

Air-conditioning (see Chap. 1.4.1)

Installation for radio with antenna and loudspeakers

Radio

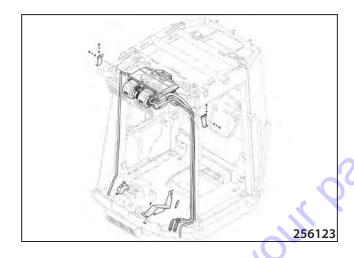
ROPS 2D

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1.4 Optional equipment

1.4.1 Air conditioning

The air-conditioning is a special cooling system for the operator's workplace to provide comfort and stable temperature also in extremely hot weather. The operator is able to control and precisely regulate the temperature at the workplace using controls in the upper part of the cab.



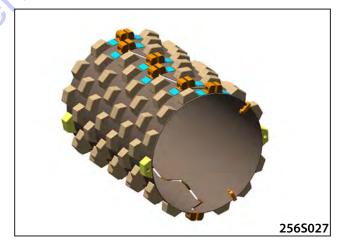
1.4.2 Beacon

The beacon is a safety device used for limiting or preventing potential hazards when working with the machine.



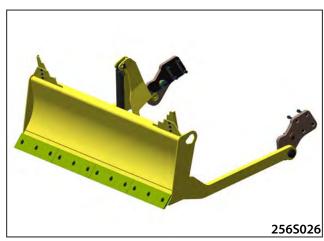
1.4.3 Padfoot segments

They are used for changing a smooth drum to a padfoot drum. The padfoot drum is suitable for compacting clay soils with simultaneous kneading and vibrating effect.



1.4.4 Blade

It is used for spreading brought in materials. For blade control procedure see Chapter 2.7.9.



1.4.5 ACE FORCE

The unique measuring ACE FORCE system is able to evaluate data in real time and significantly reduces the number of required compaction passes.

The system displays and evaluates rigidity data of the compacted material in real time and displays the increase in compaction. All required information about compacting works, e.g. current stiffness of the compacted layer or current speed of the machine, are displayed on the main operator display in the cab of the operator.

Then the measurements can be saved in the system memory using the ADS function.

(S) -(J) - (J) ! □ (J) ! □ (J) ! □ (J) | (V) |

1.4.6 Telematic

Global positioning system with telemetry that monitors operating systems of the machine (machine start, diesel engine speed, machine consumption, number of engine hours, etc.) ant its current position.

The system allows to easily find the machine when it was stolen.

The GPS system allows a remote monitoring of the machine which helps finding the machine when it was stolen.

1.4.7 Fire extinguisher

The fire extinguisher is a fire protection tool and is used to smother fire in an early stage of development. The powder is not electrically conductive so it can be used to extinguish live electrical equipment.

Note:

The manufacturer recommends that the machine be equipped with a fire extinguisher.



1.4.8 Tachograph

The tachograph is a device that records machine operation data. Control duration, passed distance and machine speed data is recorded in the memory of the device. The data is written on the driver's card.

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2.1.1 Safety Measures during Machine Operation

Safety measures given in the individual chapters of Enginering Documentation supplied with the Machine shall be added with Safety Precautions in force within a respective country that uses the Machine at workplace with regard to work organization, work process and personnel involved.

2.1.1.1 Compaction Work Commencement

- Constructional Supplier (Machine User) is liable to issue instructions for driver and maintenance before compaction work is started, that will include requirements on work safety provision during Machine operation.
- He must verify and mark:
 - utility lines
 - underground areas (direction, depth)
 - seepage or escape of hazardous materials
 - soil bearing capacity, slope of travelling plane
 - other obstractions incl. their removal.

He must make Machine driver, who will carry out earth work, familiar with these conditions.

- He must specify Code of Practice (C.O.P.) part of which is work procedure for a given work operation and this work procedure will specify inter alia:
 - measures when working under extraordinary conditions (work within protective zones, within extreme slopes, etc.)
 - precautions for any natural disaster hazards
 - requirements on work performance while observing job safety principles
 - technical and organizational measures to secure safety of personnel, workplace and environment.

He must make Machine driver evidently familiar with the Code of Practice.

2.1.1.2 Work Safety Secured by User

- User shall promptly communicate any damage to the utility lines to their operator, and at same time he make measures to prevent unauthorized persons from entering endangered area.
- He must ensure an employee does not work alone at a workplace. Another worker must always be in sight and within an ear-shot, who in case of accident will provide or call for help unless another effective form of monitoring or communication exists.

2.1.1.3 Ensurance of safety measures by the owner

- The owner must ensure that the machine is operated only in such conditions and only for such purposes to which the machine is technically capable according to conditions specified by the manufacturer and relevant standards.
- He must ensure that the roller is used only in such manner and on such working places without a danger to damage the close structures, sections, etc.
- He must ensure a regular inspection of operation and technical conditions, regular maintenance of the machine in intervals specified in the manuals for greasing and maintenance work. In case the technical condition of the machine does not meet the requirements to such extent it endangers safety of operation, people and property or it causes a damage and impairment to the environment, the machine must be put out of service until the defects are removed.
- He must specify who is allowed to carry out operation, maintenance and repairs of the machine as well as what activities can be carried out during the operation, maintenance and repair of the machine.
- The person (driver) who drives the machine and each person carrying out maintenance and repair of the machine must be acquainted with instructions specified in the operation manual of the machine.
- He must ensure that "Operation manual of the machine" and operational book are kept on specified place to be at disposal for the driver all the time.
- He must assign a workman for permanent supervision over the machine work during its operation on public roads and especially he is obliged to issue instructions to ensure safety of works.
- He must ensure that dangerous substances (such as fuel, oils, coolant, break fluid, etc. must be removed from places of leakage according to their nature to prevent from their adverse impact to the environment, safety of operation and health of people.

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2.1 Major Safety Precautions

2.1.1.4 Cab with integrated ROPS

The ROPS cab must not be deformed and must not show signs of corrosion, cracks or breaks. It must be fixedly connected to the machine frame. No additional modifications of the cab may be performed without approval of the manufacturer because such modifications can reduce its strength. The screwed connections must comply with the specification and must be tightened to the specified torque, must be neither damaged nor deformed, and must not show signs of corrosion.

2.1.2 Requirements on Driver's Qualification

- Only a driver trained under ISO 7130 and other local and national regulations designed for drivers of this group of machines may operate the Roller (Compacter).
- With no licence only the one who learns driving the Machine for the purpose of getting preliminary practice with the approval of User may drive the Machine, and such person has to be under direct and continuous surveillance of professional teacher or trainer.
- Licence holder is liable to take due care of the licence, and when requested, put it forward to the control authorities.
- Licence holder can make no registrations, changes or corrections in the licence card.
- He/she is liable to promptly report his/her licence loss to the authority that issued this licence.
- Driving the Roller alone may be performed by an employee mentally and physically fit, over 18 years old, who is:
 - a) assigned by machine manufacturer for the assembly, testing and presentation of the Machine, for training the drivers, whereas he/she must be made familiar with safety work regulations in force at the workplace

or

- assigned by Constructional Supplier to operate (carry out maintenance) and is evidently trained and acquainted with, or owns professional competence to operate and drive under special regulations (machinist licence, etc.).
- Machine driver must undergo training and examination concerning work safety regulations at least 1x every 2 years.

 Machine driver must undergo training and examination concerning work safety regulations at least 1x every 2 years.

2.1.3 Driver's Liabilities

- Before starting to operate the Machine the driver will be liable to get familiar with the guidelines given in the documentation delivered with the Machine, with safety precautions in particular, and observe these thoroughly. This applies as well to the personnel in charge of maintenance, adjustments and repairs of the Machine.
- Do not drive the Roller unless made familiar with all the Machine functions, working and operating elements, and unless knowing exactly how to control the Machine.
- Follow safety signs located on the Machine, and keep them in legible condition. Replace or add those impaired or missing ones.
- Before work commencement the driver must get familiar with the workplace environment, i.e. with the slopes, utility line system, with necessary types of workplace protections with regard to the environment (noise, etc.).
- When you find out any hazard to health or life of persons, property hazard, failure, or upon technology equipment accident, or when finding any symptoms of such hazards in course of operation, then the driver, unless able to eliminate such hazard by himself/herself, must stop the work and secure the machine against any undesirable start; please attach "MACHINE REPAIR" warning sign onto steering wheel as depicted in Section called "Safety signs used on the machine", report this to the person in charge, and if possible, notify all persons exposed to such danger.
- Before Machine operation startup the driver will be liable to get familiar with the records and operation deviations found out in course of the previous work shift.
- Before work is started he/she must inspect the Machine, its
 accessories, check up control elements, communication and
 safety devices, whether these are operable in line with the
 Manual. When finding out a malfunction that might be hazardous to job safety, and he/she is not able to repair it, then
 he/she must not start running the machine and instead report such failure to the person accountable.
- During work with the Machine the driver must be fastened with the seat belt. The seat belt and its mounting shall not be damaged!
- When driver finds any defect during operation he/she must immediately stop the Machine, secure it safely against undesired ignition.
- During operation the driver shall follow the Machine run and record any defects found in the Operation Logbook.
- Driver shall keep his/her Operation Logbook designed to maintain records about Machine handover between the drivers, about the defects or repairs in course of operation, to write down major events during work shift.
- Before the engine is put into operation, the controls must be in the parking brake position; no persons are allowed to stay within dangerous reach of the machine.
- Indicate each Machine startup via an acoustic or light signal and this always before igniting the Machine engine.
- Confirm brake function and steering function before starting to run the Machine.
- Following the alarm an operator may start the Machine only when all the workers have left the danger area. At close (blind) workplaces it will be possible to start the operation only after a time necessary to leave danger area has elapsed.

- During Machine operation observe safety regulations, make no action that might endanger work safety, give full attention to Machine steering.
- The driver must always sit on the seat while driving the machine considering the restrictions imposed by the seat switch.
- Respect Code of Practice or instructions of a person responsible.
- When rolling (traversing) the Machine within a workplace adapt your speed to a terrain condition, to a work performed and weather conditions. Watch permanently the clearance so to avoid collision with any obstruction.
- Upon completion or stop of the Machine operation during which driver leaves the Machine, he/she must make measures against unauthorized use of the Machine or against spontaneous starting the engine. Remove key from the ignition box, disconnect the wiring via disconnector, lock the cabin, engine bonnet.
- When shutting down the Machine on roads the measures under regulations effective on roads shall be taken.
- When operation is completed, park the Machine at a proper parking place (flat, bearing area) so as not to endanger Machine stability, not to make the Machine interfere with traffic roads, not to expose the Machine to falling objects (rock), and where the Machine is safe against any natural disaster of other kind (floods, landslides, etc.).
- When working with the Machine is ended all the defects, damage to the Machine and any repairs made shall be written down in the Operation Logbook. Upon immediate changing of drivers the driver will be liable to call attention of changing driver to any facts identified.
- Driver shall use personal protective equipment (PPE) work clothing, safety shoes, the clothing shall not be too loose, impaired, hair protected with proper head piece. During maintenance (lubrication, refilling, replacement of working media) your hands must be protected with proper gloves.
- In the event that the machine has no cab or when the windows are open, the operator must wear ear protectors.
- Driver shall maintain the Machine equipped with fittings and outfit required.
- Maintain the Machine free of oil dirt or flammable materials.
 Keep the drive's stand, foot rests and runner areas clean.
- When the Machine comes into contact with high voltage observe the following principles:
 - try to leave with the Machine a hazardous zone
 - do not leave driver's stand
 - give warning to others to keep off and not touch the Machine.

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2.1 Major Safety Precautions

2.1.4 Forbidden activities – safety and quarantee

Banned are the following

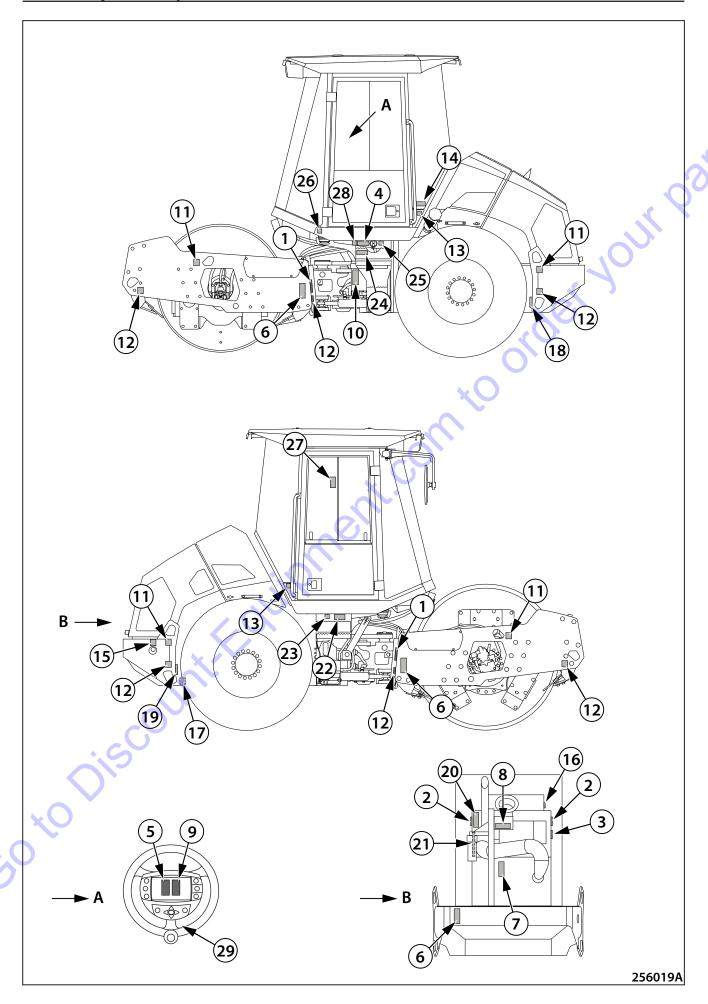
- Vibrating on the spot. When it is vibrated on the spot, bearings of the vibrator are not lubricated.
- Filling the hydraulic circuit during the guarantee period in a different way than using the hydraulic unit.
- Changing the vibration amplitude when driving It is always necessary to stop and only then set a different amplitude.
- Using the service switch for stopping the machine.
- Using the machine in case of an evident defect of the machine
- Using the machine when any operating fluid level is low.
- Wilful repair of the engine Except common changes of operating fluids and filters, only the Kubota service department can intervene in the engine, in particular in peripheral components of the engine – alternator, starter, thermostat, electrical installation of the engine.
- Quickly increase and decrease engine speed. It can damage the engine.
- Using the emergency brake for turning off the engine during normal operation of the machine.
- Operate the machine in the explosive environment and underground.
- To use the Machine following ingestion of alcoholic bewerages or dopes.
- To use the Machine if its operation might put its technical condition, safety (life, health) of persons, facilities or objects, or road traffic and its continuity, at risk.
- Put into operation and use the Machine when other persons are within its hazardous reach - exception is training a driver by lector.
- Putting the machine into operation and using the machine when a safety device (emergency brake, hydraulic locks, seat switch etc.) has been removed or damaged.
- To roll and compact at such slopes where Machine stability would be disrupted (turning over). Machine's static stability stated will lower by drive's dynamic effects.
- To roll and compact at such angles of slopes where hazard of soil breaking off (dropping) under the Machine exists, or loss of adhesion followed by uncontrolled slip might occur.
- To control the Machine in some other way than stated in Driving Manual.
- To roll and compact per bearing capacity of subsoil at such a distance from the edge of slope or trenches, where hazard of landslide or shoulder breaking off (dropping) together with the Machine would occur

- To roll and compact with vibration at such a distance from the walls, cuts, slopes, where their slip (slide) would happen and the Machine covered in.
- Driving with vibration on hard (frozen, concrete, overcompacted) surface or on bedrock. There is a danger of damage to the machine.
- To compact with vibration at such a distance from buildings or facilities and equipment within which the risk of them being damaged due to vibration transfer impact, would occur.
- To operate the Machine unless driver control stand fixed properly.
- To operate the Machine when engine bay cover is open.
- To move and transport persons on the Machine.
- To operate the Machine when within hazardous reach thereof are other machines or transportation means aside from those that operate in mutual concert with the Machine.
- To operate the Machine at places impossible to see from driver's stand, and where hazard to people or property could occur unless work safety has been secured through some other way like for instance via signalling by duly instructed person.
- To work with the Machine at a protected zone of electric lines or substations.
- To cross electric cables if these are not properly protectedli against mechanical damage.
- To operate the Machine under lowered visibility or at night, unless Machine's working area and workplace are illuminated sufficiently.
- Leaving the seat of the machine driver when the machine is running and the service switch and parking brake are not enabled.
- Boarding or or getting off while on the run, jumping off the Machine.
- Sit or stand on the outside parts of the Machine when driving, or stand on the steps.
- Leave unsecured Machine move away from the Machine without having prevented its misuse.
- Disable safeguarding, protective or locking systems or alter their parameters.
- Use the Machine with oil, fuel, cooling liquid or other fillings leaking.
- Start the engine through some other way than given in the Driving Manual.
- Locate some other items (tools, accessories) aside from personal needs at driver's stand.
- Lay away material or other objects on the Machine.
- · Remove dirt while the Machine is running.

- Perform maintenance, cleaning or repairs with the Machine not secured against spontaneous move or accidental start, and when contact of a person with moving parts of the Machine is not excluded.
- Contact of moving parts of the Machine with human body or objects and tools held in hands.
- Smoke or handle open fire when checking or pumping fuels, refilling oils, lubricating the Machine, or inspecting the accumulator or making up the accumulator.
- Carry rags soaked with flammable materials, or carry flammable liquids in free vessels on the Machine (in engine bay).
- Let the engine run inside confined spaces.
- Drive with open doors.
- Perform any adjustments on the machine without the prior consent of the manufacturer.
- Drive without the seat belt fastened.
- Shift electrical conductors.
- Use other than original spare parts.
- Interfere in the electrical and electronic units in any manner.



ne contro Breaching these provisions can influence the judgement of a possible complaint and effectiveness of the engine jo to Discountification of the second of the guarantee period.



2.1.5 Safety inscriptions and signs used on the Machine

1. Squeezing hazard



Keep a safe distance from the machine, there is a danger of squeezing by the machine between the front and rear frame.

2. Risk of injury



There is a risk of injury. Do not touch rotating parts while the engine is running.

3. Cooling liquid



There is a risk of scalding. Do not open the cap until the fluid cools down below 50 $^{\circ}$ C (122 $^{\circ}$ F).

4. Adjust while at rest



Switch OFF the engine and remove the key from ignition box before carrying out any maintenance or repair.

5. Read Operation Manual



Get perfectly familiar with the machine operation and maintenance according to the Operating manual!

6. Danger zone



Keep a safe distance from the machine!

2.1 Major Safety Precautions

7. Risk of injury



Imminent risk of hand caught by belt. Imminent risk of burn. Do NOT touch hot parts of the Machine unless you make certain these have cooled out sufficiently.

8. Unplug the wiring







Before welding or washing the machine, unplug the wiring, alternator, machine electronics and engine control unit. Before washing the machine, cover all electrical equipment.

9. Safety belt



Fasten the seat belt before starting to move the Machine.

10. Danger of explosion



Imminent danger of explosion while handling the battery. Read the operation manual!

11. Lifting points



Only use these points to lift the machine.

12. Rigging points



Tie-down the machine for transport at these points only. The maximum permitted force for fastening the machine to a vehicle using rear slings is 5 t.

13. Tyre pressure



14. Refuelling



15. Hydraulic oil level



16. Coolant



The coolant is harmful to health. Read the operation manual!

17. Coolant drain plug



3189bz

18. Engine oil drain plug



3212

19. Hydraulic oil drain plug



20. Measuring points

position	funkce / Function / Funktion	max. tlak / press / Druck	rozsah měření messure extent messbereich
-1	jizda vzad / forward travel / Fahrt nach vorne	40 MPa (5800 PSI)	0-60 MPa (0-10000 PSI)
2	jizda vpřed / reverse travel / Rückfahrt	40 MPa (5800 PSI)	0-60 MPa (0-10000 PSI)
3	vibrace I / vibration I / vibration I	37 MPa (5365 PSI)	0-60 MPa (0-10000 PSI)
4	vibrace II / vibration II / vibration II	37 MPa (5365 PSI)	0-60 MPa (0-10000 PSI)
5	řízení / steering / lenkung	21 MPa (3045 PSI)	0-25 MPa (0-4166 PSI)
6	tlak plniciho čerpadla / pressure of the feed pump Druck von der Füllpumpe	2,5 MPa (363 PSI)	0-4 MPa (0-666 PSI)

When measuring pressures, use the table. The table contains pressures in the defined measuring points and recommended ranges of measuring instruments.

4030bz

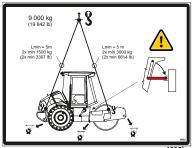
21. Measuring points



reverse travel / forward travel / vibration I / vibration II / steering / filling pump pressure

2.1 Major Safety Precautions

22. Lifting diagram



To lift the machine, use binding means of sufficient loading capacity, refer to the chapter Machine loading. Before lifting, lock the articulation of the machine.

23. California - Proposition 65 Warning

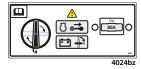


Exhaust gases and their components, operating fluids, batteries and other machine accessories contain chemicals known in the state of California to be substances which may cause cancer, congenial defects and other reproduction problems.

When handling these substances, abide by relevant safety precautions.

Further information see www.p65warnings.ca.gov

24. Battery switch



25. Guaranteed sound power level



26. Machine max height



Attention when passing through places with height limits.

27. Emergency exit



Unless possible to exit the Machine via LH door, please use emergency exit.

28. Expansion tank filling



29. Ear protectors



Use ear muffs when the Machine has no cab or you work with open windows.

30. Machine repair



an ento sim machin nentation locke.

So to Discount. Leaving ment. Do NOT start the engine! Hang the sign onto steering wheel. The sign is supplied together with machine acces-

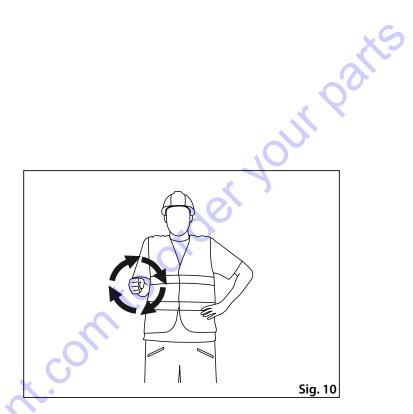
Major Safety Precautions 2.1

2.1.6 **Hand signals**

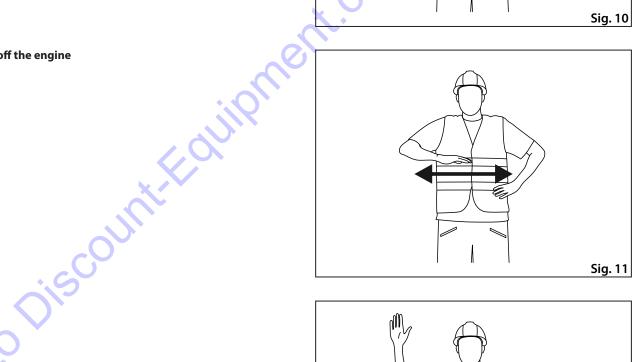
- Signals given by an assistant operator if the operator cannot see the travelling or working area or work devices of the machine.
- The following principles must be observed:
 - For communication purposes, only a limited number of signals must be used.
 - The signals must be clearly distinguishable to prevent any misunderstanding.
 - Hand signals can only be used when conditions in the area allow clear communication between persons.
 - Hand signals must be as similar as possible to intuitive movements.
 - Single-handed signals can be done with any hand.

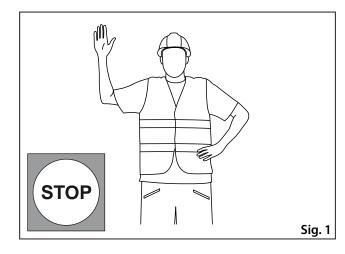
EXAMPLES OF COMMUNICATION SIGNALS:

Engine start

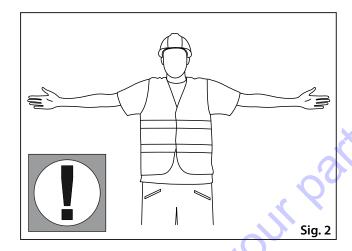


Turn off the engine

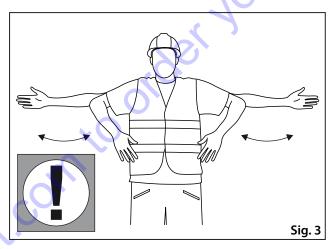




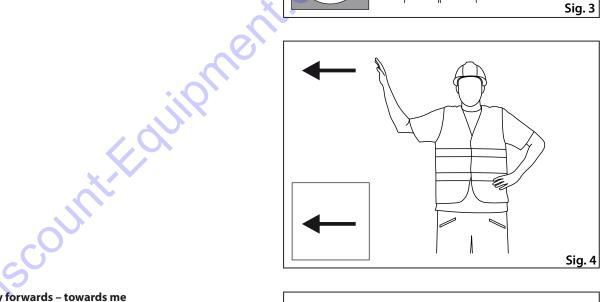
Watch out



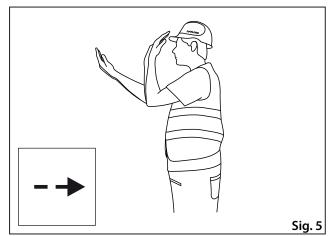
Watch out, danger



Drive

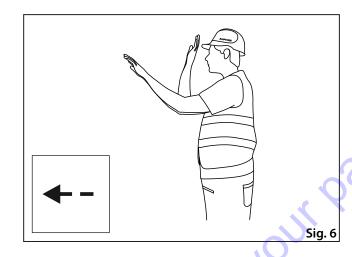


Drive slowly forwards - towards me

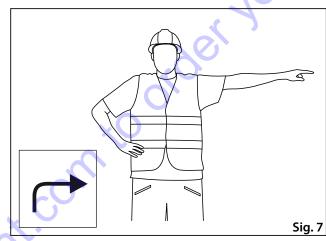


2.1 Major Safety Precautions

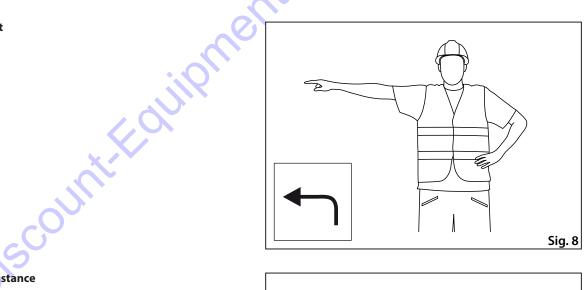
Drive slowly backwards - away from me



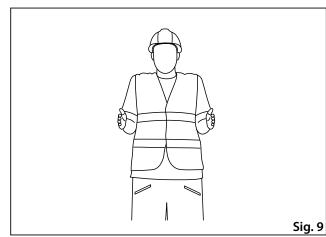
Drive to the right



Drive to the left



Drive a short distance



2.2 Ecological and hygienic principles



When operating and storing the Machine the User shall be liable to adhere to the general principles of health and environment protection, as well as the laws, regulations, and rules related to this issue, and effective within the territory where the Machine will be used.

2.2.1 Hygienic principles

 Oil products, cooling system media, battery media, and coating compositions incl. thinners are deleterious materials. Persons that come into contact with these products during Machine operation and maintenance shall be liable to follow general principles of own health protection and conform to the safety and hygienic directions from manufacturers of these products.

Observe the following in particular:

- Eye and skin protection when handling the batteries
- Skin protection when handling oil products, coating compositions and cooling liquids
- Wash your hands thoroughly upon work completion and before meal, treat your hands with proper tissue cream
- When handling the cooling systems, please observe instructions given in the Operation Manual supplied with the Machine.
- Always store oil products, cooling system media, battery media and coating compositions incl. organic thinners, and the cleaning and preservation agents as well, in their original properly marked packages. Admit no storage of these materials in unidentified bottles or other vessels with regard to the risk of being interchanged. Especially hazardous is the potential of interchanging for eatables or drinks.
- If skin, mucosa or eyes are stained accidentally, or vapours inhaled, promptly apply the first air principles. Get prompt medical attention upon accidental ingestion of these products.
- When operating the Machine in cases of no cab mounted, or cab windows opened, always use ear muffs of proper type and version.

2.2.2 Ecological principles

 When discarded, the media for Machine's individual systems and some of the Machine's parts will become waste of hazardous properties against the environment.

This waste product category includes the following in particular:

- Organic and synthetic lubrication materials, oil and fuels.
- Cooling liquids,
- Battery media and the batteries themselves,
- Tyre media
- Cleaning and preservation agents,
- All filters and filter elements removed
- All used and discarded hydraulic and fuel hoses, metal rubbers or other Machine's elements contaminated by the abovementioned products.
- Manufacturer and Manufacturer-accredited contracting service organizations or dealers take back these used materials or parts without cost:
 - oil
 - batteries
 - tyres



The mentioned materials and parts, when discarded, shall be handled in line with relevant national regulations to protect individual components of environment, and in conformity with the health protection regulations.

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2.3 Machine preservation and storage

2.3.1 Short-term preservation and storage for a period of 1 – 2 months

Wash and clean thoroughly the entire Machine. Before shutting down the Machine for preservation and storage, please heat the engine to its operating temperature while running. Park the Machine on paved, flat surface, in safe location with no danger of of damage to the Machine due to natural disasters (floods, landslides, fire origination, etc.).

In addition:

- Repair spots where paint has been impaired,
- Lubricate all lubricating points, actuator cables (cable assemblies), joints of the actuators, etc.,
- Check water media have been drained,
- Confirm cooling liquid has the antifreezing properties required,
- Check condition of the battery charges; let them be recharged if required,
- Spread chromated surfaces of piston rods with preservation fat,
- We recommend to protect your Machine against corrosion through spraying the preservation agent (spray-applied), and this especially in places of corrosion hazard.

The Machine treated like that needs no special preparation (setup) before its subsequent putting into operation.

- Protect headlamps, external back mirrors and other elements of external wiring through spraying with special agent abd wrapping in PE foil,
- Preserve engine according to the Manufacturer's Directions
 mark visibly the engine has been preserved.



Following 6 months we recommend to inspect the condition of preservation and renew it if required.

If storing the Machine under field conditions, please check the parking place is not exposed to any flooding hazard due to deluges, or whether any other type of risk occurs within such area!

NEVER start the engine in course of storage!

2.3.2 Preservation and storage for the period over 2 months long

To shut down the Machine the same principles apply like with short time preservation.

In addition, we recommend the following:

- Remove the batteries, check their condition and store in cold, dry room (recharge the batteries on regular basis),
- Bottom the drum frame up so the damping system has minimal sag,
- Protect rubber elements with paint using special preservation agent,
- Inflate tyres to their required pressure, and protect against sun radiation effects,
- Spread preservation fat over piston rods' chromated surfaces.
- Preserve the Machine through spraying with special agent, and this particularly in places of possible corrosion,
- Blind the induction manifold and exhaust of the engine with double PE foil, attach thoroughly with adhesive tape,

2.3.3 Dewaxing and inspection of a supplied machine

Check the Machine according to the shipping documents.

Check no parts of the Machine have been damaged during transportation, and that no parts are missing. Inform shipper about any deficiencies.



Before restoration of the Machine service, please dewax and wash the preservation agents away with high pressure stream of hot water added with normal degreasers while observing Directions for Use along with ecological principles.

Carry out dewaxing and washing of the Machine at places equipped with collection sumps to catch rinsing water and dewaxing agents.

2.4 Machine disposal following its life cycle end

Upon Machine disposal following its life cycle end the User shall be liable to follow the national regulations, waste acts and environmental policy acts. We therefore recommend to always

- Specialized companies with relevant authorization to deal



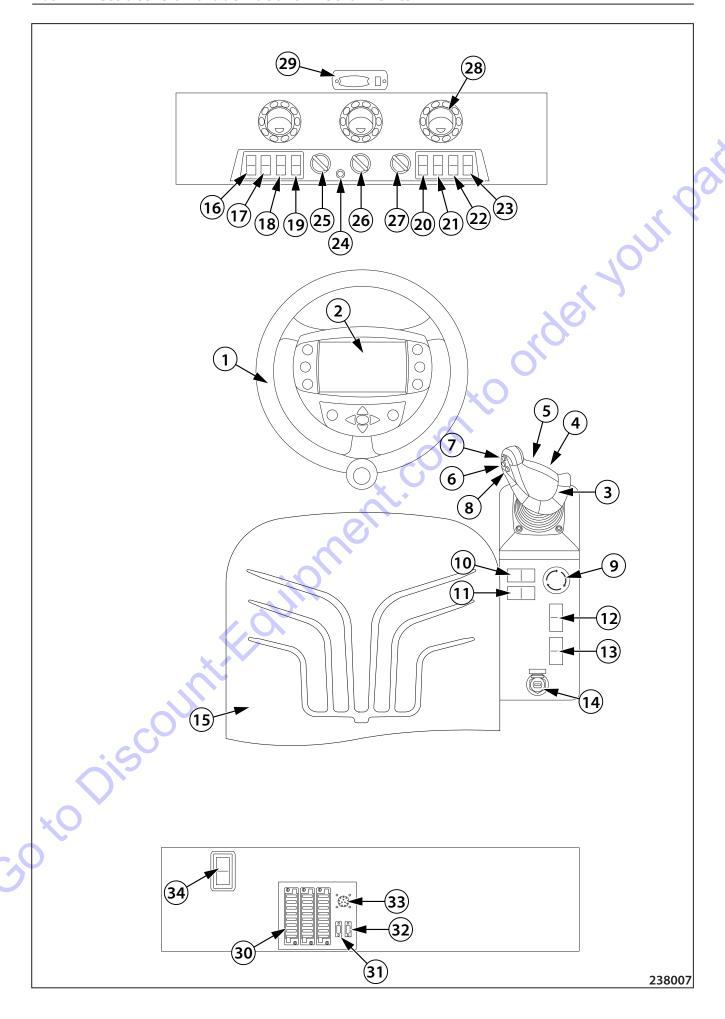
Go to Discount, Equipment, com to order your parts

2.5 Machine description



- 1. Drum frame
- 2. Tractor frame
- 3. Vibratory drum
- 4. Joint

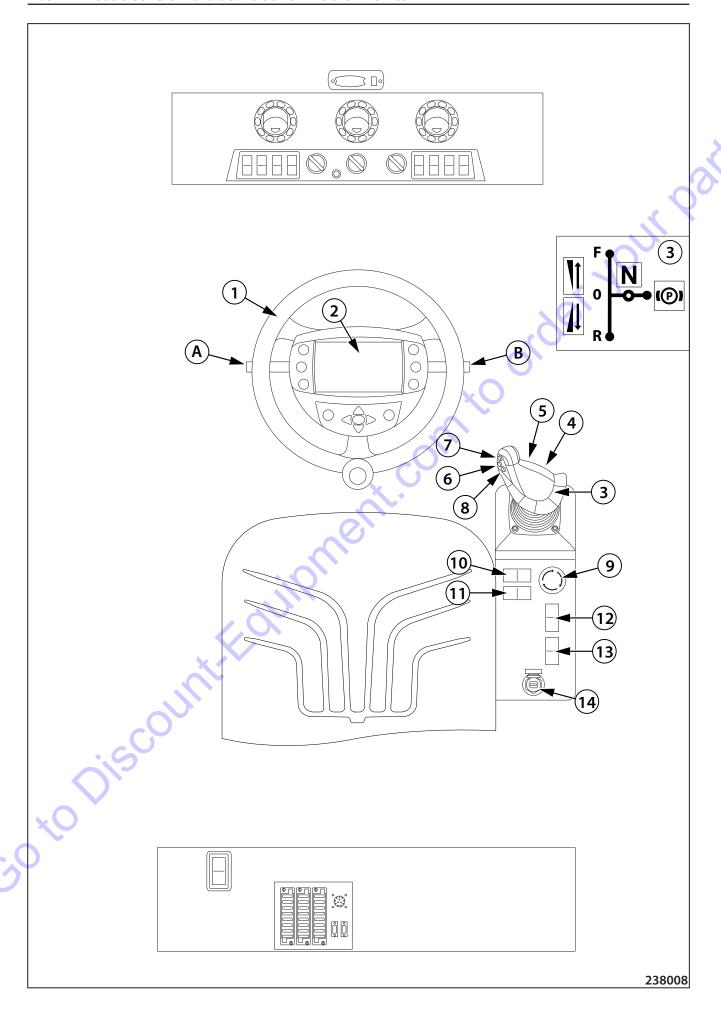
- Go to Discount. Equipment. com to order your parts



Dashboard and control panel

- 1. Steering wheel
- 2. Display
- 3. Travel controller
- 4. Blade down button (optional)*
- 5. Blade up button (optional)*
- 6. Vibration button
- 7. Speed gear increase button
- 8. Speed gear decrease button
- 9. Emergency brake button
- 10. Warning horn button
- 11. Turn signal light switch
- 12. Vibration amplitude selector switch
- 13. Vibration mode selector switch
- 14. Ignition box
- 15. Operator seat
- 16. Rear window heating switch
- 17. Windscreen washer switch
- 18. Rear screen wiper switch
- 19. Front screen wiper switch
- 20. Additional lights switch
- 21. Road lights switch
- 22. Warning lights switch
- 23. Warning beacon switch (optional)
- 24. Air-conditioning switch (optional)
- Alipment.com to order your parts 25. Air-conditioning thermostat (optional)
- 26. Heating temperature control
- 27. Heater fan speed switch
- 28. Air-conditioning outlets
- 29. Cab light
- 30. Fuse box
- 31. CAN 2 connector
- 32. CAN 1 connector (Diagnostics)
- 33. Engine diagnostics
- 34. Service switch

* Press the buttons (4) and (5) at the same time to enable the floating position of the blade.



Steering wheel (1)

Lever A - Column tilting forward/backward

Lever B - Steering wheel adjustment up/down

Display (2)

Multifunction instrument to display parameters of the engine and machine functions.



Travel control (3)

4036b

The travel control is used for braking the machine and setting the direction and speed of travel.

Travel control positions:

- P Parking brake parking brake of the machine enabled.
- N neutral the machine is not braked, the function avoiding the downhill driving is enabled, the engine idle speed is set.
- 0 zero position the machine is not braked, the function avoiding the downhill driving is disabled, the engine working speed is set.
- F Forward travel
- R Reverse travel

o to Discour

The machine braking is indicated by lighting up the brake indicator lamp on the display (2).

The travel speed corresponds to the speed selected on the display (2) or to the deflection of the travel control from the zero position (0).



Blade button - down (4)

Use the button to adjust the blade to the working position.



Blade button - up (5)

Use the button to adjust the blade to the transport position.



Blade floating position button (4, 5)

Press the buttons (4) and (5) at the same time to enable the floating position of the blade.



Vibration button (6)

Press the button to turn on/off the function.

The function is displayed on the display (2).



Speed gear increase button (7)

Press the button to engage the upper speed gear.



Speed gear decrease button (8)

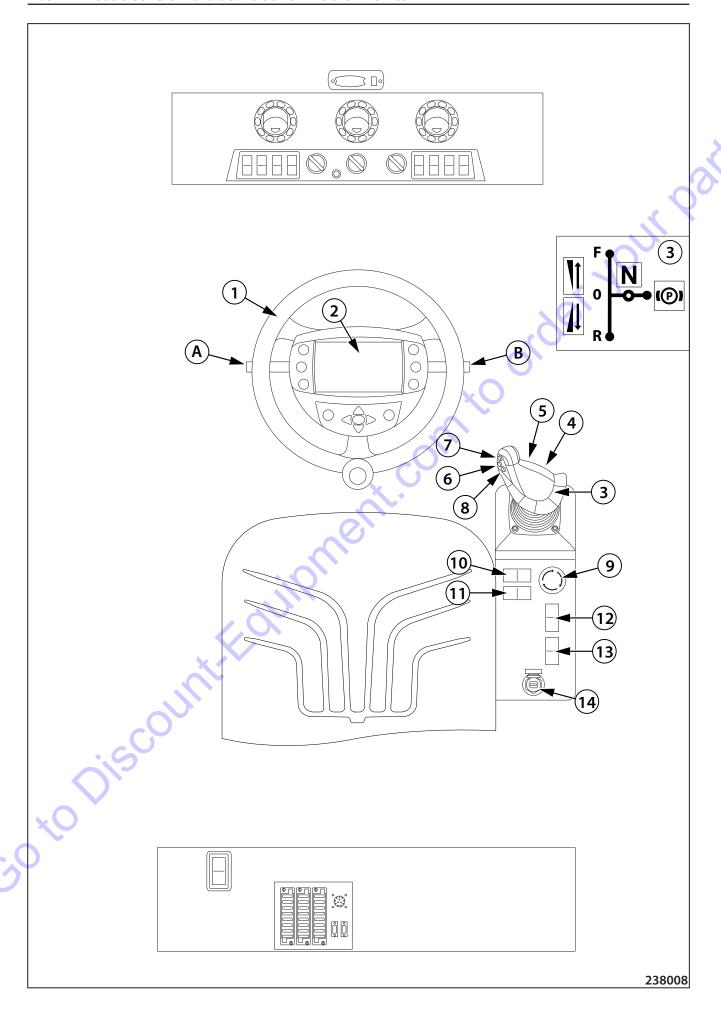
Press the button to engage the lower speed gear.



Do not exceed the 30-minute time limit while driving at the transport speed (speed gear 4). Risk of overheating of machine parts!

The speed gear 0 is adjusted as starting after 15 minutes after the switch box is turned off.

2.6 Actuators and dashboard instruments





Emergency brake button (9)

Press the button to enable the machine emergency brake, which is indicated by lighting up the brake and charging indicator lamps on the display (2).

The machine stops moving, the parking brake is enabled and the engine stalls!



Warning horn switch (10)



Turn signals switch (11)



Vibration amplitude switch (12)

Left – amplitude II ON

Right - amplitude I ON



Vibration mode selector switch (13)

It is used for turning on the vibration in the MAN or AUT mode.

MAN – manual vibration mode; the vibration can be turned on even when the machine is not moving.

AUT – automatic mode to turn on/off the vibration.



When it is vibrated on the spot, the vibration will be switched off after 30 seconds automatically. For restarting the vibration, you must drive on with the machine to lubricate the drum bearings.

Ignition box (14)

There are three positions "0-I-II" of the ignition box. The key can be inserted and removed in position "0" only.

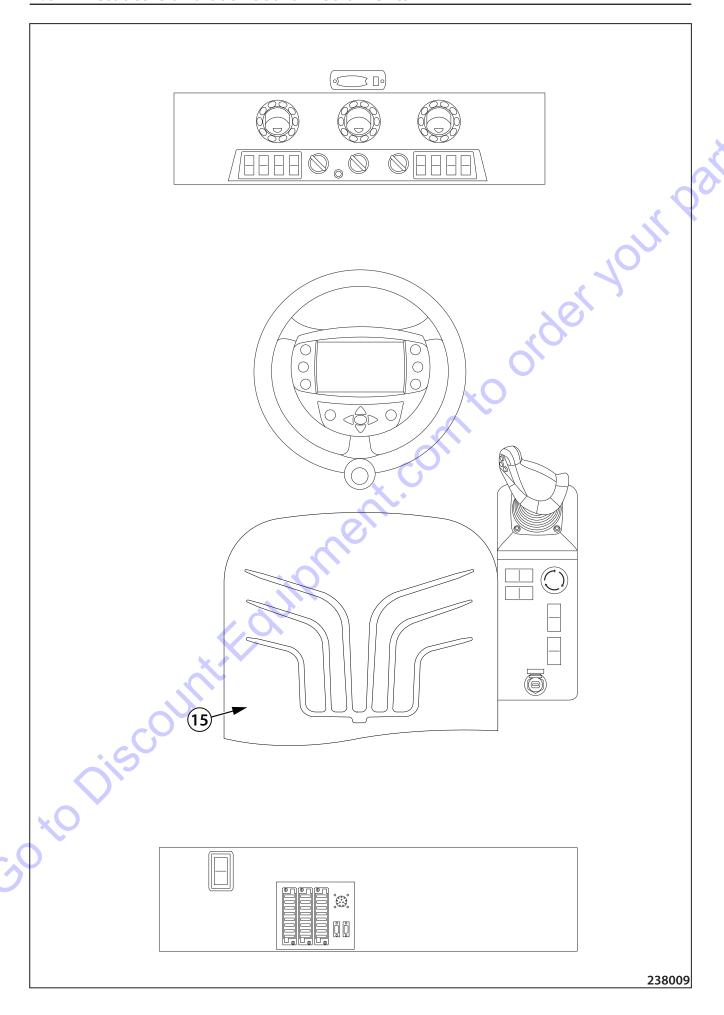
Turn a bit the key to the right side to enable the position "I" first and then the position "II".

The "I" position is used for connecting instruments.

The position "II" is used for starting the engine.



Protect the ignition box with the protective cover after the key is pulled out.



Operator seat (15)

Seat adjustment:

- 1. Backrest position
- 2. Seat shifting
- 3. Seat angle
- 4. Seat springing stiffness according to weight indicator
- 5. Longitudinal seat travel
- 6. Armrest position
- 7. Lumbar support



Adjust the seat before driving the machine! The driver must be fastened with the seat belt while driving!





Seat switch:

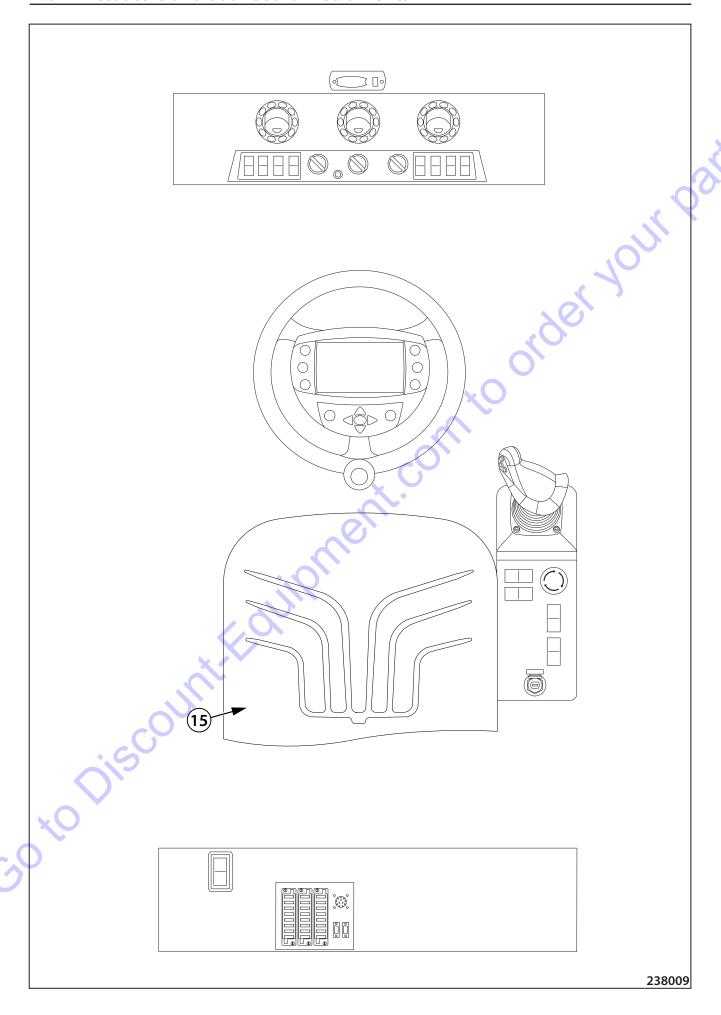
The seat switch is located in the seat cushion.

If the driver does not sit on the seat, one of the following limitations occurs – locking the machine moving-off, stopping the machine or turning off the engine.

The machine reaction differs depending on the position of the travel control, the seat switch activation (if the operator sits or does not sit on the seat) and the time during which the seat switch is disabled.

Travel control in the parking brake position

- the driver can leave the seat when the engine is running provided that no one moves around the machine and the machine is properly secured against misuse or theft.
- if the driver does not sit on the seat and the travel control is tilted out of the parking brake position, the engine will stop working immediately.
- if servicing or maintenance is performed on the machine, the driver must enable the service switch.



order your parti

Travel control out of the parking brake position

The machine reaction differs depending on the time during which the driver does not sit on the seat, i.e. 0–5 seconds, 5–10 seconds and 10 or more seconds after the switch is disabled.

- 0-5 seconds after the switch is disabled
 - an icon lights up informing that the switch was disabled and an audible intermittent signal is heard
 - the machine continues for the first 5 seconds unlimited in the preset mode
 - the function will be disabled if the driver sits down on the seat within 5 seconds.
- 5–10 seconds after the switch is disabled
 - an orange "Warning" indicator lights up
 - the machine starts to decrease the speed to a complete stop and the parking brake is enabled regardless of the position of the travel control
 - to disable the function, switch the seat switch again. To move off the machine, first move the travel control to the brake position and then select the travel direction
- 10 or more seconds after the switch is disabled
 - a red "Danger" indicator lights up
 - the engine will stop working 10 seconds after the seat is left.
 - to disable the function, move the travel control to the parking brake position. After turning the key to the "0" position, you can start the engine again.



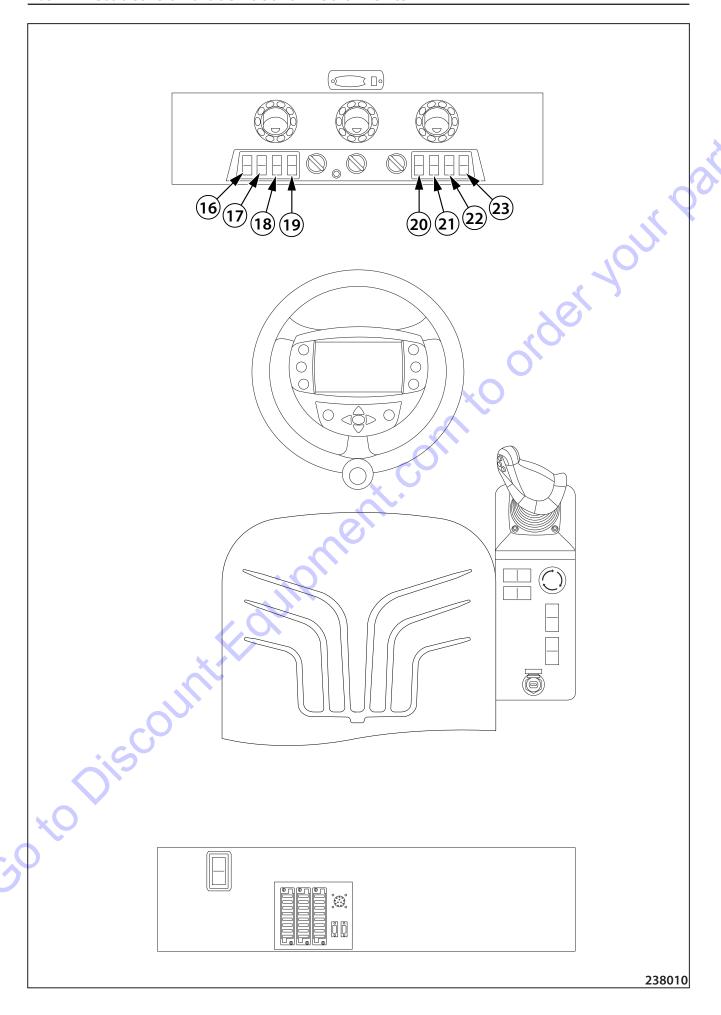
Do not place any items on the seat switch!

Check regularly the seat switch for correct function.

Document box

There is a document box on the back side of the seat (8).







Rear window heating switch (16)

It is used for turning on the rear window heating; the function is indicated by the indicator lamp in the switch.

The heating runs for 5 minutes after the switch is switched on.

- OFF
- ON



Windscreen washer switch (17)

- Front windscreen washing ON
- OFF
- Rear windscreen washing ON

After the windscreen is sprayed, it is wiped twice.



Rear screen wiper switch (18)

- OFF
- Intermittent
- Continuous wiping

The wiping interval of 5 sec. is set automatically by changing the switch from OFF to Intermittent. You can readjust the interval by changing the switch to OFF and then after a required time (from 0.5 to 60 sec.) back to the Intermittent position.



Front screen wiper switch (19)

- OFF
- Intermittent
- Continuous wiping

The wiping interval of 5 sec. is set automatically by changing the switch from OFF to Intermittent. You can readjust the interval by changing the switch to OFF and then after a required time (from 0.5 to 60 sec.) back to the Intermittent position.





Additional lights switch (20)

It is used for turning on/off the additional lights.

- OFF
- Front lights
- Front and rear lights



Road lights switch (21)

It is used for turning on/off the road lights.

- OFF
- Outline lights
- Dipped lights



Warning lights switch (22)

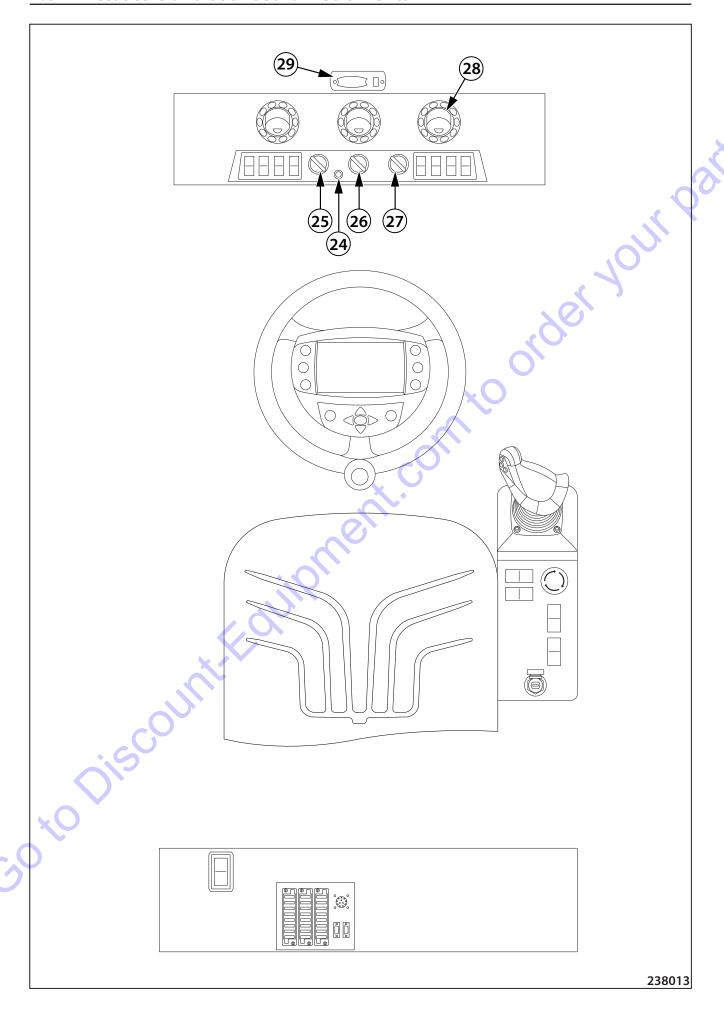
It is used for turning on/off the warning lights – the function is indicated by flashing the indicator lamp in the warning light switch.

53



Warning beacon switch (23) (optional equipment)

It is used for turning on/off the warning beacon.





Air-conditioning switch (24)

It is used for turning on/off the air-conditioning system.



Air-conditioning fan speed switch (optional equipment) (25)

Air flow control.

- 0 OFF
- 1 minimum
- 2 medium
- 3 maximum

Heating temperature control (26)

It is used for adjusting the air temperature.



Heater fan speed switch (27)

Air flow control.

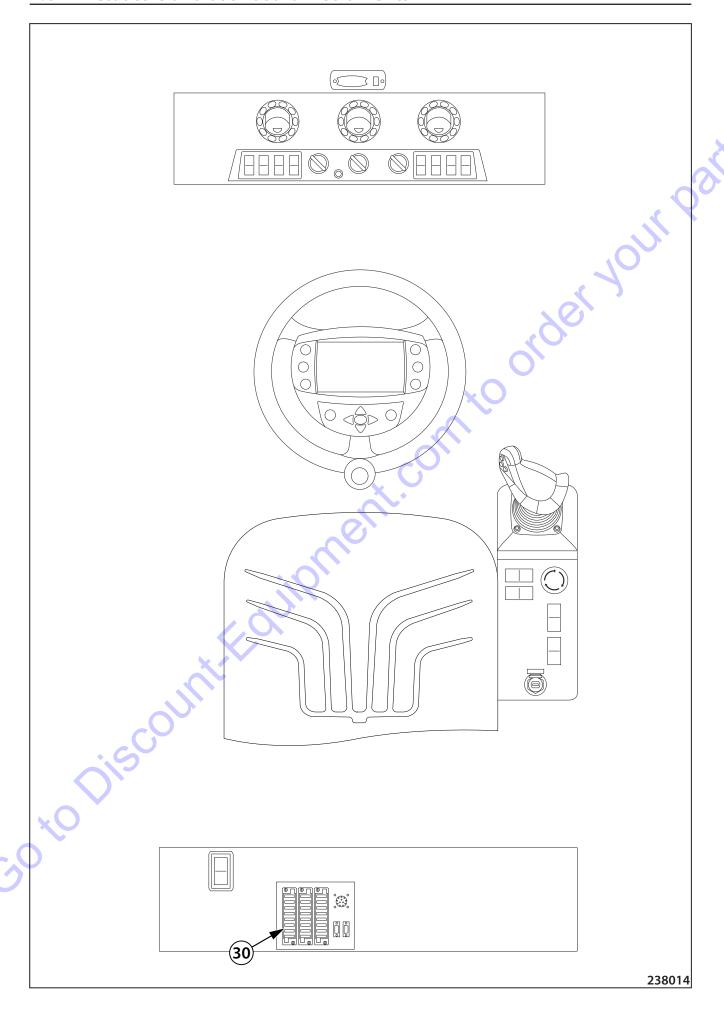
- 0 OFF
- 1 minimum
- 2 medium
- 3 maximum

Air-conditioning outlets (28)

vouto c' The adjustment and angle of the flaps allows you to change the quantity and direction of the air flow.



Cab lighting (29)



_		/
Fuse	box	(30)

Fuse (F1) – 15 A mounting sockets

Fuse (F2) – 20 A ignition box

Fuse (F3) – 15 A road headlamps, parking lights

Fuse (F4) – 15 A working headlamps

Fuse (F5) – 10 A horn, direction lights, beacon, cab light-

ing, brake lights

Fuse (F6) – 7,5 A electromagnet of the cooler fan, power

supply of the electronics of the control

unit

Fuse (F7) – 35 A power supply of the control unit

Fuse (F8) reserve

Fuse (F11) – 5 A signal for starting – engine computer Fuse (F12) – 5 A start blocking – engine computer

Fuse (F13) – 5 A recharging, back signal horn, backlight of

instruments

Fuse (F14) – 10 A vibrator frequency sensors, left hydraulic

motor speed sensor, fuel level indicator, water in fuel sensor, vibration electromag-

nets

Fuse (F15) – 5 A emergency brake button, service switch

Fuse (F16) – 1 A key voltage for the control unit

Fuse (F17) – 7,5 A travel control, display, vibration switches,

seat witch, seat rotation switch

Fuse (F18) – 3 A engine diagnostic socket

Fuse (F21) – 10 A radio Fuse (F22) – 10 A heating

Fuse (F23) – 10 A air-conditioning relay

Fuse (F24) – 10 A wipers

Fuse (F25) – 20 A rear window heating

Fuse (F26) – 5 A Telematic

Fuse (F27) – 5 A tachograph

Fuse (F28) reserve

Fuse (F30) – 80 A Main fuse

Fuse (F31) – 20 A air-conditioning

Fuse (F32) reserve
Fuse (F33) reserve
Fuse (F34) – 5 A EGR valve

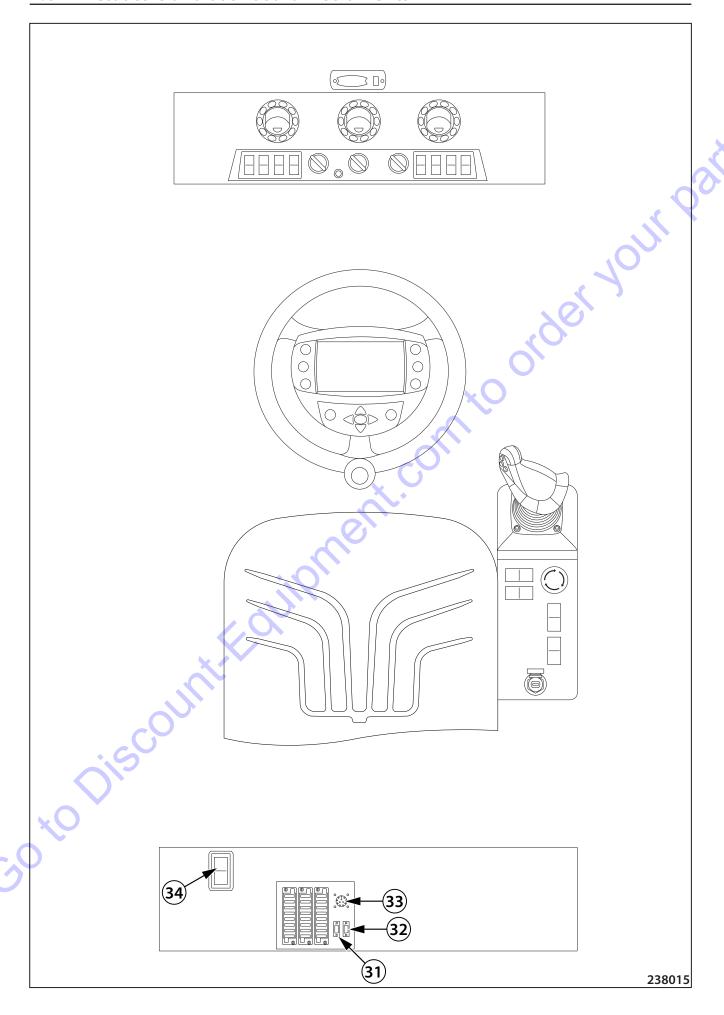
Fuse (F35) – 20 A engine computer, fuel pump, air weight

Fuse (F36) – 5 A memory Fuse (F40) – 80 A glowing





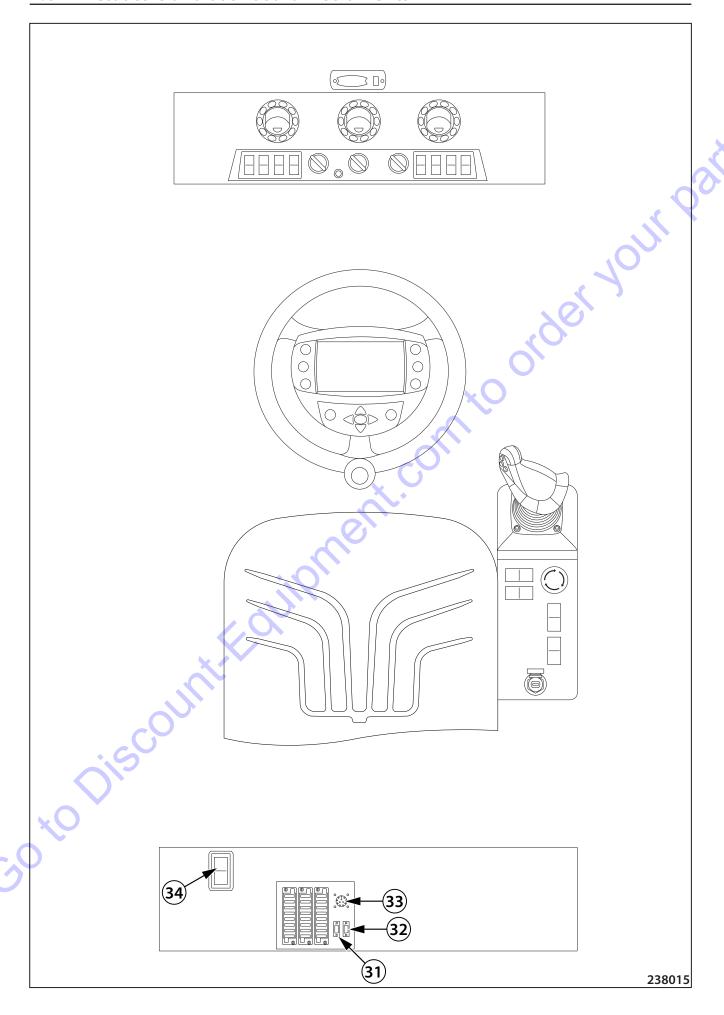




Connector CAN 2 (31)

It is used for connecting an external computing unit (laptop) to ensure correct communication between the engine, RC computer, display and travel control.

Go to Discount. Equipment. com to order your partis



Service switch (34)

The service switch is located down on the left in the rear part of the cab.

The service switch locks an unpredictable machine response, allows safe movement around the machine during routine maintenance and servicing of the machine.

When the service switch is enabled and the engine is off:

- a service switch icon lights on the display,
- the engine cannot be started.

When the service switch is enabled and the engine is running:

- a service switch icon lights on the display,
- the machine is always braked independently of the travel control position,
- the engine speed can be increased by moving the travel control to the "F" position,
- · power outputs of the control unit are disconnected.



Always enable the service switch after moving the travel control (3) to the brake position (P).



Always use the switch while servicing.

It is forbidden to use the service switch for stopping the machine.



2.6 Actuators and dashboard instruments

Mounting socket

The mounting socket is used for connecting a lamp or other equipment (12 V).





Fire extinguisher (optional equipment)

Place to install a fire extinguisher.



The manufacturer recommends that the machine be equipped with a fire extinguisher.



Windscreen washer tank

Fill with standard available media.



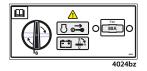
Fill with antifreeze or drain before the winter season starts!



Control lever

It is used for controlling the hand pump for releasing the machine brakes.



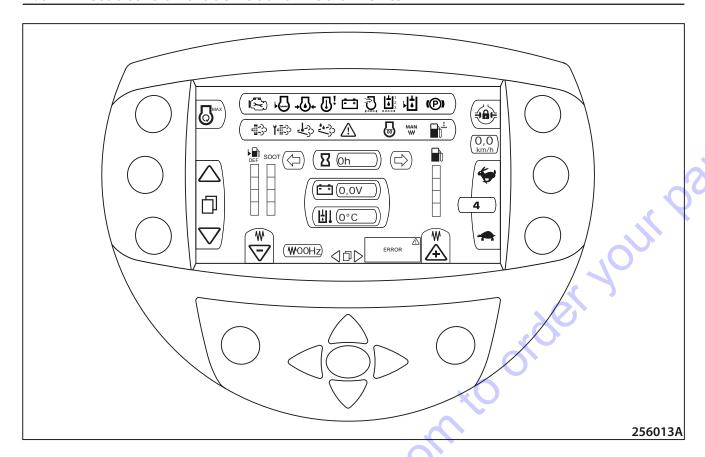


Battery disconnector

It is used for disconnecting the battery from the machine frame. Position "0" – Electrical installation of the machine disconnected. Position "I" – Electrical installation of the machine connected.



2.6 Actuators and dashboard instruments



2.6.1 Display control – operation screen

It is used for controlling the machine and getting information during operation of the machine.



Maximum engine speed button

It is used for setting the engine operating speed.

It is used for adjusting the maximum engine speed of 2,200 min $^{\text{-}1}$ (RPM).



Buttons to browse values

The buttons are used for changing the displaying between eight parameters (coolant temperature, hydraulic oil temperature, engine lubrication pressure, battery voltage, current fuel consumption, engine speed, engine load, vibration frequency).

Each of the buttons displays parameters in a separate field.



Vibration frequency buttons

The buttons are used for adjusting the vibration frequency.

Frequency I – 34 Hz (2040 VPM)

Frequency II - 36 Hz (2160 VPM)



Speed gear indicator

The indicator is used for displaying the engaged speed gear.



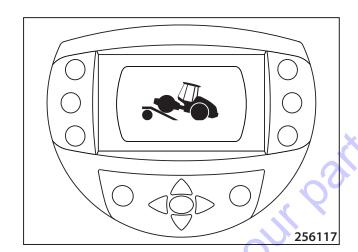
Do not exceed the 30-minute time limit while driving at the transport speed (speed gear 4). Risk of overheating of machine parts!

The speed gear 0 is adjusted as initial 15 minutes after the switch box is turned off.

Loading mode (speed gear 0)

The differential lock and the working (vibration) functions of the machine are locked in the speed gear 0.

The loading mode icon will appear in the middle of the display.





Differential lock button

It is used for turning on the differential lock.

The differential lock prevents the drum from slipping when crossing a difficult terrain.

Speed gear 0

The differential lock button is enabled automatically in the speed gear 0.

Speed gear 1-3

The differential lock can be enabled manually only in the speed gear 1-3.

Speed gear 4

The differential lock button cannot be enabled in the speed gear 4.



Turn the differential lock off after the difficult ground has been overcome!



Engine failure indicator lamp

The indicator lamp indicates an engine failure.

The lighting indicator lamp during operation of the engine indicates a failure.

The engine stalls – the machine stops and the parking brake is enabled.



The engine can be started only after the defect is repaired!

2.6 Actuators and dashboard instruments



Coolant level indicator lamp

The indicator lamp indicates low coolant level.

The lighting indicator lamp during operation of the engine indicates a failure.

The engine stalls – the machine stops and the parking brake is enabled.



The engine can be started only after the failure is repaired and the coolant is refilled to the specified limit!



Engine overheating indicator lamp

The indicator lamp indicates a high temperature of the engine.

The lighting indicator lamp during operation of the engine indicates a failure.

The engine stalls – the machine stops and the parking brake is enabled.



The engine can be started only after the defect is repaired!



Engine lubrication indicator lamp

If the indicator lamp lights up after the engine is started or while driving, it indicates an engine lubrication failure. Stop the machine and remove the fault.



Start the engine only after the defect is repaired!



Battery charging indicator lamp

It indicates that the battery charging function is in order. After the key in the ignition box (14) is switched over to the position "I", the indicator lamp must light up and it must go off after the start-up.



If the indicator lamp does not go off or it lights up while driving, turn the key in the ignition box to the "0" position and look for a fault!



Air filter clogging indicator lamp

The lighting indicator lamp indicates that the filter element is clogged above the allowed limit.



Stop the machine and replace the cartridge immediately!



Indicator lamp of hydraulic oil filter clogging

==-5²

Indicator lamp of DPF (Diesel Particulate Filter) clogging

The lighting indicator lamp indicates that the filter cartridge is clogged.

The indicator lamp signals that it is required to regenerate DPF.



Immediately replace the element!



Indicator lamp of DPF (Diesel Particulate Filter) cleaning

The indicator lamp signals that it is required to replace DPF.



Indicator lamp for hydraulic oil level

The lit indicator lamp indicates a low hydraulic oil level.

The engine stalls – the machine stops and the parking brake is enabled.



Repair the fault and refill the oil to the specified limit.



Indicator lamp of high temperature of exhaust gases

The indicator lamp signals the SCR (Selective Catalytic Reduction) regeneration in progress or exceeding of limit temperature of combustion gases at normal operation.



Parking brake indicator lamp

The lighting indicator lamp indicates that the parking brake was



DEF (AdBlue) level indicator lamp

The machine is not equipped with a DEF (AdBlue) injecting system.



Danger warning

nas gone.

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Engine pre-heating indicator lamp

It indicates the engine warming up before the cold start.



Start the engine after the indicator lamp has gone out!



Manual vibration indicator lamp

Fuel gauge indicator

It indicates that the manual vibration is enabled.

The indicator shows the fuel level in the tank.



Fuel filter indicator lamp

Counter of worked engine hours

The lighting indicator lamp indicates water in the fuel filter.





Vibration indicator

If this indicator lamp is lighting, clean the coarse fuel filter!

The indicator shows the selected amplitude and frequency.



Direction indicator lamps



Screen switching

Press the button to view the following screen for 15 seconds.

To set the following screen as the home screen, hold the button for 5 seconds.



DEF (AdBlue) level indicator

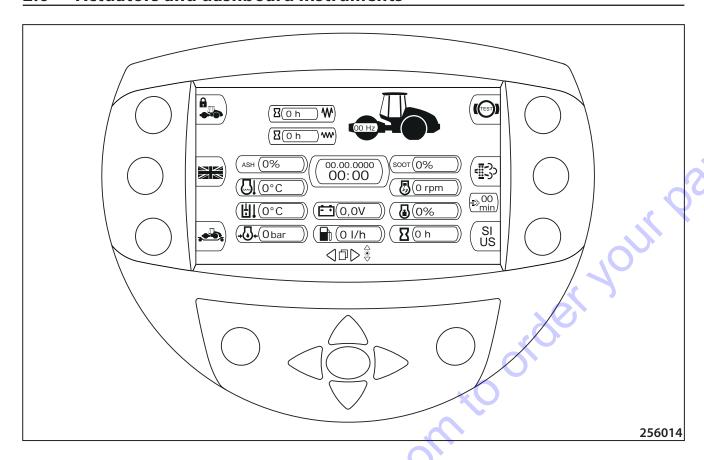
The machine is not equipped with a DEF (AdBlue) injecting system.



Sooting indicator

It shows the sooting level.

2.6 Actuators and dashboard instruments



2.6.2 Display control – Information screen

It is used for controlling the machine and getting information during operation of the machine.



Ignition lock button

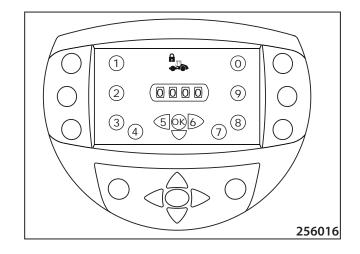
It is used for enabling and disabling the ignition lock.

The ignition lock prevents the engine from starting until PIN is entered.

Procedure:

- Press the ignition lock button (a screen will be displayed to enter the PIN)
- Enter PIN
- Confirm by pressing the OK button for 4 seconds (audible signal will be heard).

After the key is off for more than 15 minutes, entering PIN will be required at the next engine start.





Button to switch the display language

It is used for changing the display language.



Transport mode button

It is used for enabling and disabling the transport mode. The activation and deactivation is done by entering PIN.

The active transport mode is indicated by the icon on the display.

The transport mode of the machine is set by the manufacturer and is used for shipment and transportation of the machine to a customer.

Only the following functions are enabled in the transport mode:

- differential lock ON,
- speed gear 0 ON speed 0–3 km/h (0–1.9 MPH).

These functions are disabled in the transportation mode:

- working functions of the machine (vibration),
- speed gear changing.

Procedure:

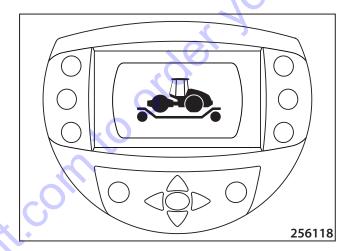
- Press the transport mode button (the screen will be displayed to enter the PIN);
- Enter PIN:
- Confirm by pressing the OK button for 4 seconds (audible signal will be heard).



To enable and disable the ignition lock or transport mode, use the same PIN code.

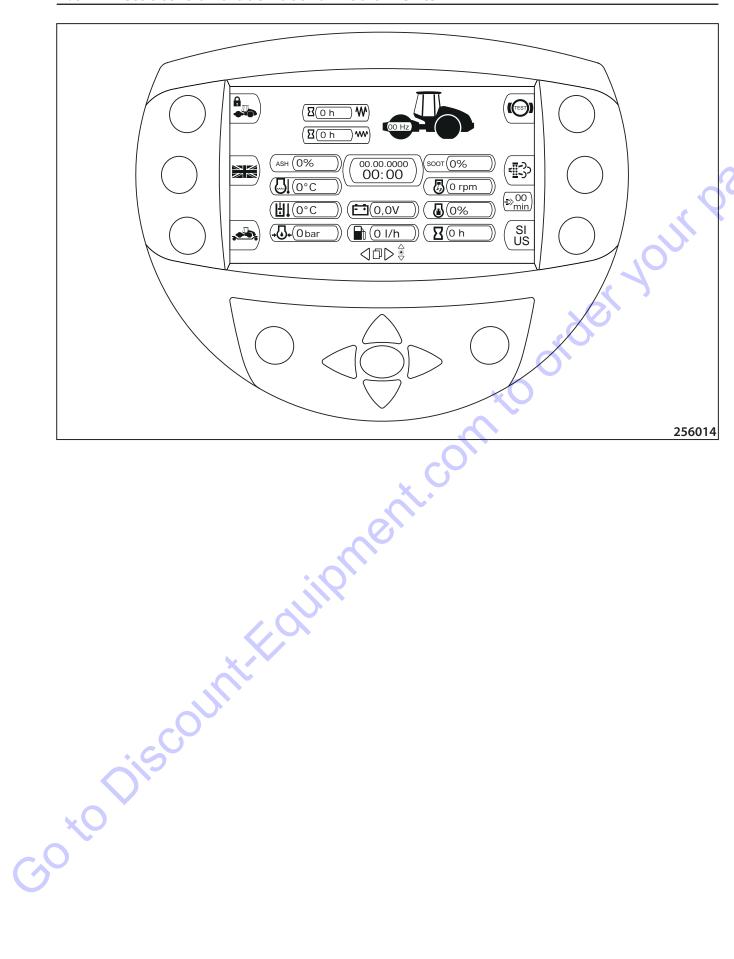
For the PIN code, see the PIN card in the documentation set. There are two PIN cards supplied with the machine.

If you lose the PIN card, you can contact your dealer and get your correct PIN code for your machine.





2.6 Actuators and dashboard instruments





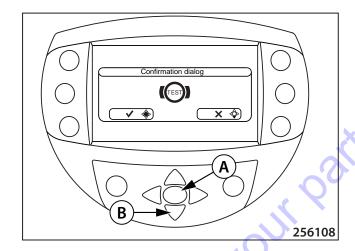
Brake test button

It is used for checking the machine brakes for correct operation (the operator is prompted to check the brakes every 24 hours).

After you press the brake test button, a confirmation dialog will appear.

Press the middle button (A) to confirm the start of the brake test.

Press the lower button (B) to cancel the start of the brake test.





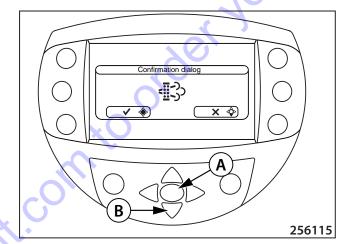
Regeneration button

It is used for enabling the DPF regeneration.

After you press the regeneration button, a confirmation dialog will appear.

Press the middle button (A) to confirm the start of the DPF regeneration.

Press the lower button (B) to cancel the start of the DPF regeneration.



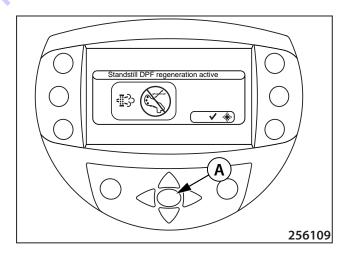
After the start of the DPF regeneration is confirmed, the following information dialog will appear:

- DPF regeneration enabled
- it is forbidden to move with the travel control

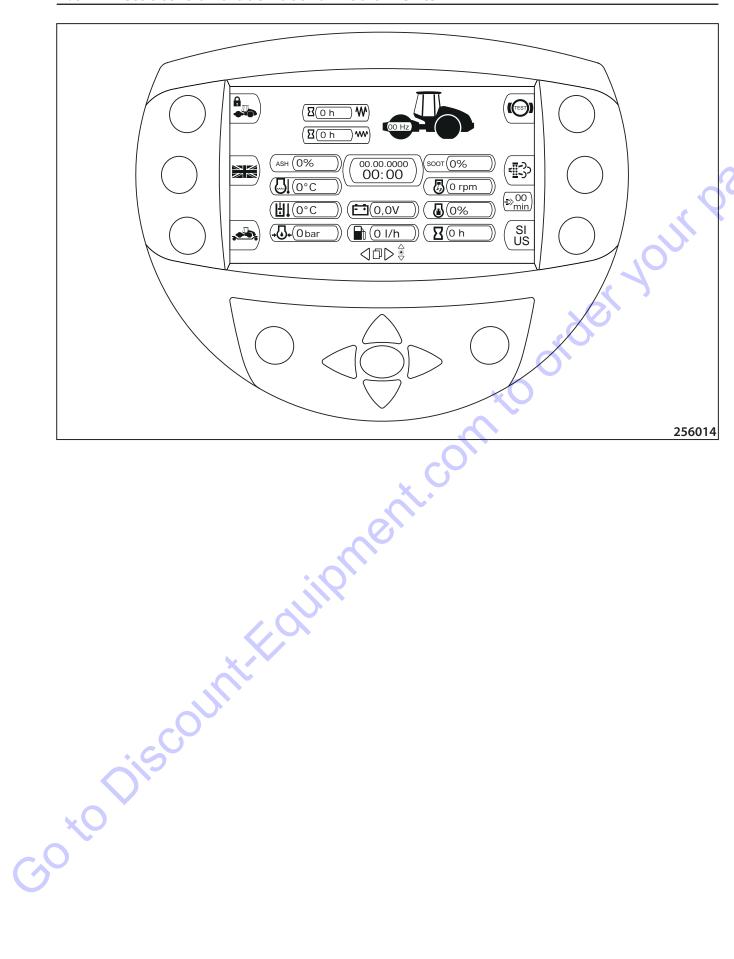
Note

The dialog will appear when the DPF regeneration is started or if the function is enabled and the operator has not pressed any button for more than 60 seconds.

The dialog can be confirmed by pressing the middle button (A).



2.6 Actuators and dashboard instruments



OUT Parte



Regeneration duration indicator

It serves for displaying the time required for completing the SCR catalyst regeneration.



Button for switching between SI/US units

Worked hours indicator - amplitude II

Worked hours indicator - amplitude I



Current fuel consumption indicator



Sooting indicator

It shows the sooting level.



Motor speed indicator



Engine load indicator

It shows the current engine load in %.



∑(0000 h)

www.

∑(0000 h)**W**

Date and time indicator



Counter of worked engine hours



AMN74

Setting:

Hold the OK button pressed for 5 seconds.



Set the date and time using the arrows.



Screen switching

Press the button to view the following screen for 15 seconds.

To set the following screen as the home screen, hold the button for 5 seconds.



Coolant temperature indicator



Hydraulic oil temperature indicator

It shows the current hydraulic oil temperature.



Stop the machine and check the oil level, or look for a defect!



Display backlight

The display backlight intensity can be adjusted using the buttons.



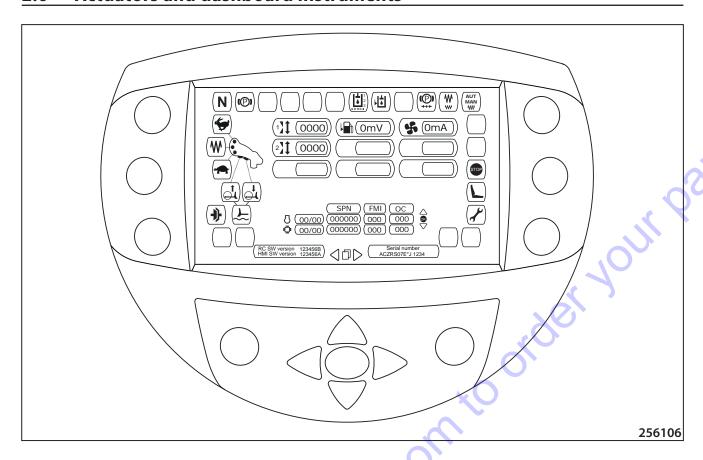
Engine lubrication pressure

It shows the engine lubrication pressure in kPa.



Current battery voltage indicator

2.6 Actuators and dashboard instruments



2.6.3 Display control – Service screen

The screen is used for basic diagnostics of inputs into the machine control unit and for displaying error messages.



Vibration button



Start up conditions met



Travel speed increase button



Blade floating position



Lever in the neutral position



Blade button - down



Lever in the parking brake position



Blade button - up



Switch of indication of hydraulic oil filter clogging



Travel speed decrease button



Hydraulic oil level switch

our parte



Pressure parking brake switch



FMI (Failure Mode Identifier)

(Failure cause information)



Amplitude II switch

Amplitude I switch



OC - Occurrence counter



Automatic vibration switch Manual vibration switch



Engine error message



Emergency brake switch



Machine error message



Seat switch



Error list browsing



Service switch



Screen switching

used for scrolling in the error list.



Travel lever sensor - forward, rearward

Press the arrow to view the following screen for 15 seconds.

Hold the arrow for 5 seconds to set the following screen as the home screen.

The OK button is used for switching between error lists of the control unit of the engine and of the machine. The arrows are



Fuel level sensor



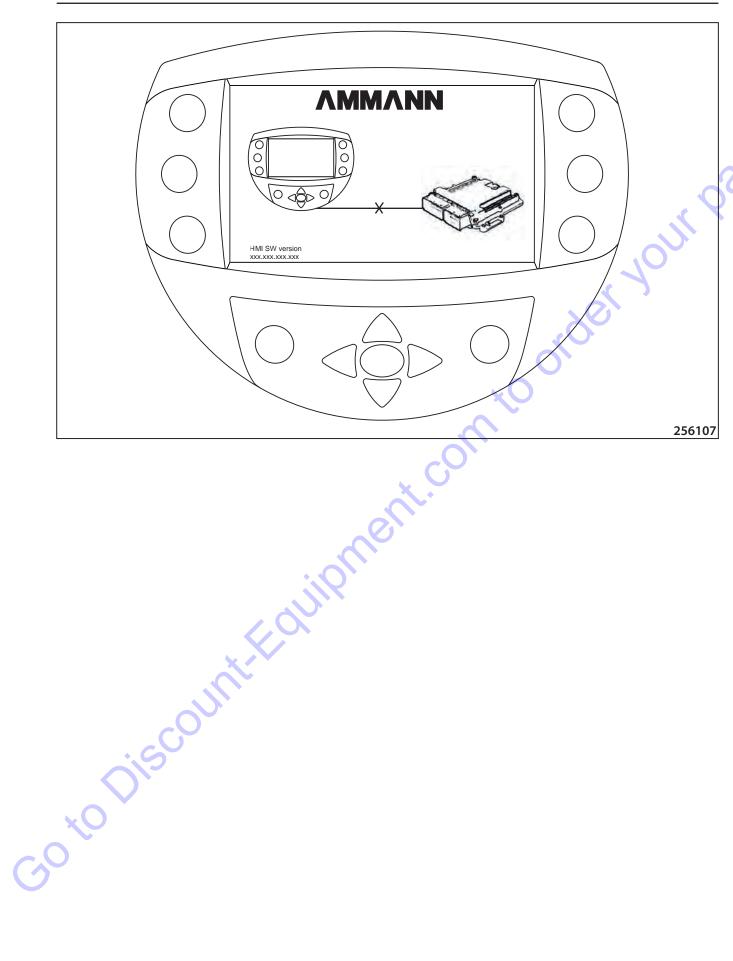
Output to fan



SPN (Suspect Parameter Number)

(Failure source information)

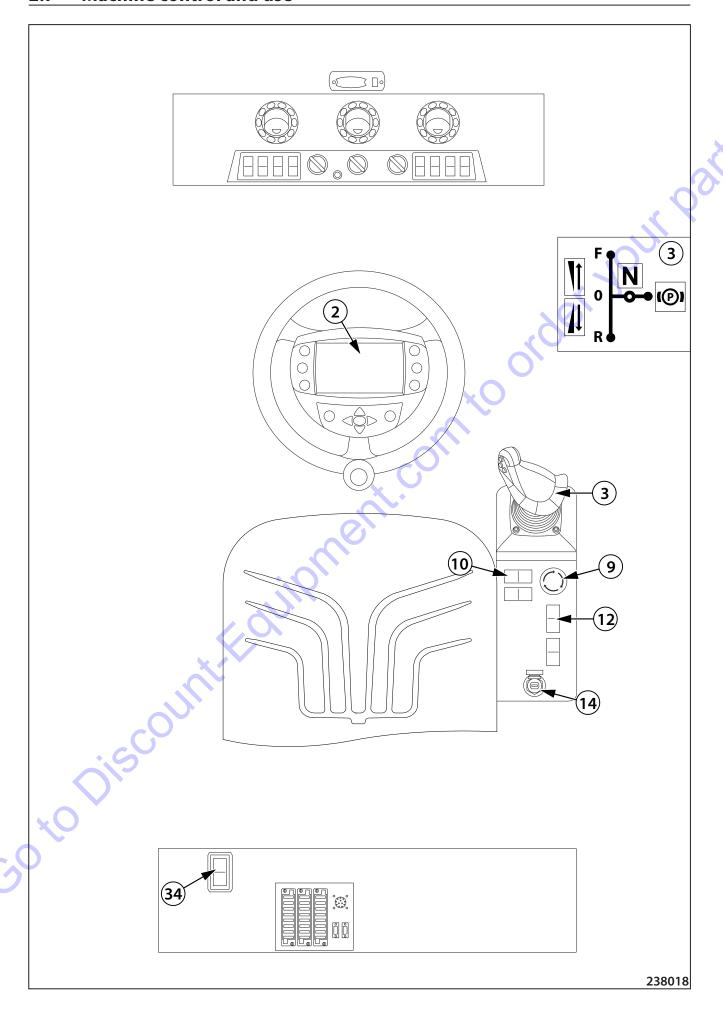
2.6 Actuators and dashboard instruments



Display disconnected 2.6.4

The screen is shown if the display is not connected to the ECU or a general communication error occurs.

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2.7.1 Engine start

• Before starting the engine, daily check the oil level in the engine and hydraulic tanks, coolant level in the cooling circuit and fuel level in the fuel tank. Check that there are no loosened, worn or missing parts on the machine.



Start the engine only from the driver's stand! Use the alarm horn to signal the engine starting and check that nobody is endangered by starting the engine!

Daily the machine operator must perform the brake test according to chapter 3.6.8.

Conditions to start the engine:

- · the emergency brake is disabled,
- the driver sits on the seat the seat switch is enabled,
- · the travel control is in the parking brake position,
- the service switch (34) is disabled,
- no fault is detected.

Start-up procedure:

- Turn on the battery disconnector.
- Sit down on the seat.
- Set the travel control (3) to the brake position (P).
- Check that the emergency brake (9) is not activated.
- Check that the service switch (34) is not enabled.
- Insert the key into the ignition box (14) in the position "0" and switch over to the position "I".
- The unlock code prompt appears on the display (2) if the ignition lock function was enabled.
- Enter the unlock code and confirm by holding the OK button until the operation screen is displayed.
- The brake, charging, lubrication and heating indicator lamps will light up on the display.
- · Wait until the pre-heating indicator lamp goes out.
- Use the alarm horn (10) to signal that the engine is starting.
- Turn the key to position "II" to start the engine.
- The charging indicator lamp must go out after the starting is completed.
- · After the travel control is changed to the neutral position, the brake indicator lamp goes out.

Note

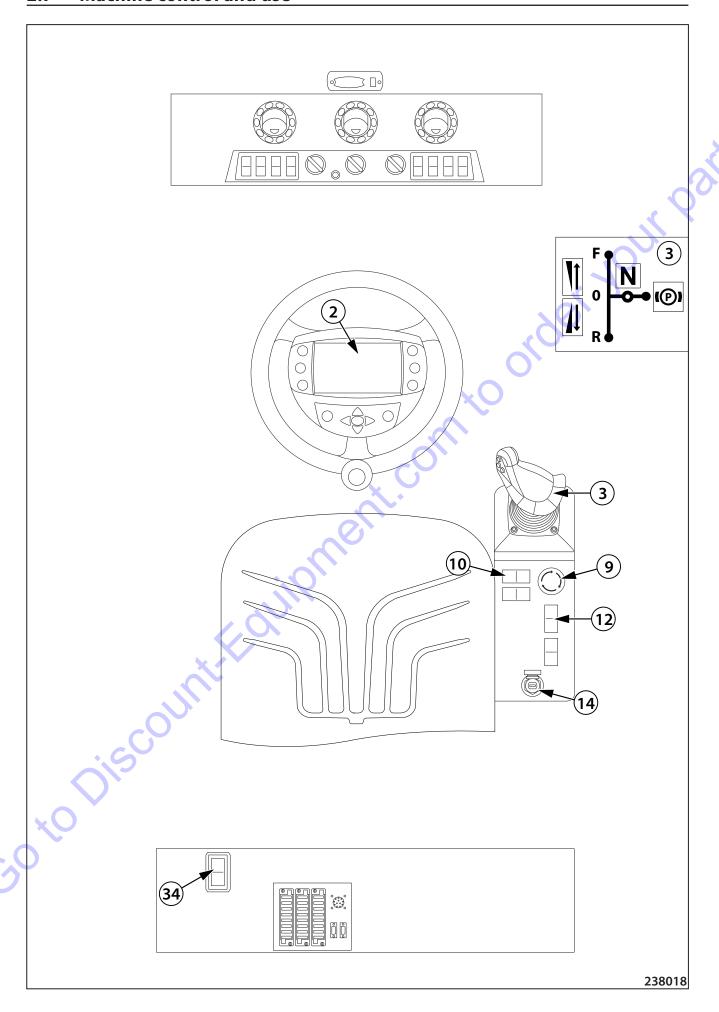
If the start-up fails, turn the key back to position "I". If the engine is not started up even after 3 attempts – check the fuel system.



Do not start the engine for more than 30 seconds. Wait for 2 minutes before starting again.

Following the engine start let the engine idle at increased speed for 3-5 minutes.

If the coolant temperature does not reach at least 60°C (140°F) – do not load the engine at full power!



Cold start mode

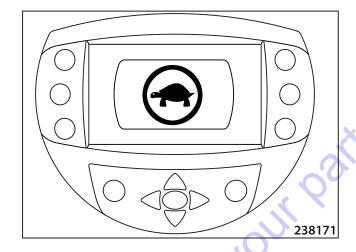
If the engine temperature is lower than 20 °C and the hydraulic oil temperature lower than 10 °C, the machine can be operated in the limited operation.

- Max. engine speed 1300 RPM
- Engaged speed gear "0"
- Differential lock ON
- Vibration OFF

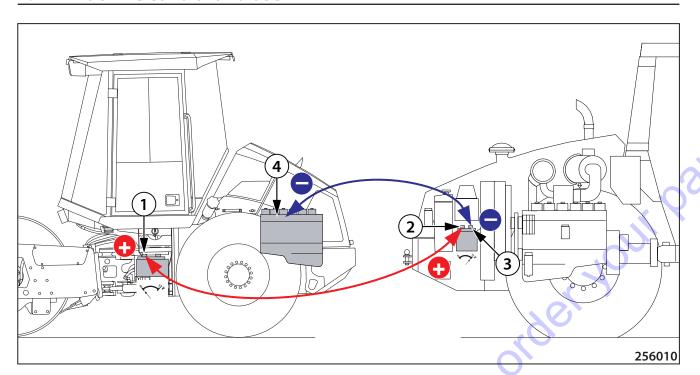
The mode is indicated by lighting blue turtle icon on the display

A low temperature of the engine is indicated by the blue indicator lamp of the engine temperature.

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2.7 Machine control and use



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Start-up procedure using leads from an external power supply:



The starting supply voltage from the external power supply must be 24 V. Always follow the undermentioned operation sequence.

- 1. Connect one end of the (+) pole of the cable to the (+) pole of the discharged battery.
- 2. Connect the second end of the (+) pole of the cable to the (+) pole.
- 3. Connect one end of the (–) pole of the cable to the (–) pole of the external battery.
- 4. Connect the second end of the (-) pole of the cable to the part that is attached to the engine (or to the engine block).

When the engine has been started, disconnect cables in reverse order.



Do not connect the (-) pole of the cable to the (-) pole of the discharged battery of the machine being started! During the starting, heavy sparking may occur and gases of the charged battery may explode.

Uninsulated parts of clamps of the jump leads must not touch each other!

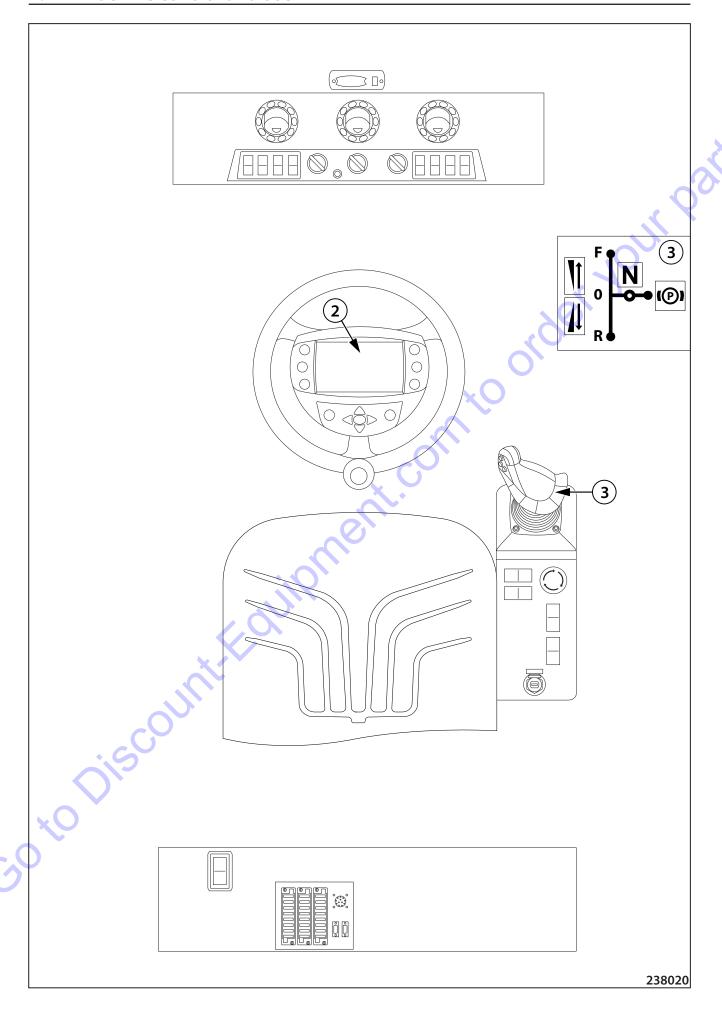
The jump lead connected to the (+) pole of the batteries must not come into contact with electrically conductive parts of the machine – danger of a short circuit!

Do not lean over the batteries - possibility of electrolyte burns!

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Avoid the presence of ignition sources - open flame, cigarettes, etc.

Do not check the presence of voltage in the wire by sparking against the machine frame.



2.7.2 Drive and reverse drive



Use the warning horn to signal that the engine is starting and wait long enough so that all persons could leave the area around the machine or under the machine in time!

Before moving off, check that the area in front of and behind the machine is empty and that there are no persons or obstructions there!

Machine travel and reversing:

Selection of travel direction:

- · Start the engine
- Move the travel control (3) from the parking brake (P) to the neutral position (N) the brake will be released and the indicator lamp of the parking brake will go out. The engine idle speed is set.
- Move the travel control (3) to the position (0) and select a travel direction (F/R). The engine speed is set automatically according to the current speed of the machine.

Travel speed selection:

- The travel speed corresponds to the deflection of the travel control (3) from the zero position (0).
- The travel speed can be changed by buttons on the display or by travel controls at the range from MIN (turtle) to MAX (rabbit).

Panic response

The immediate stop of the machine using the travel control (3) applies to all of the travel modes of the machine. When the travel control (3) is changed to the opposite position through (0) within 1 second, the machine will stop – the parking brake will be enabled, the engine will keep running, i.e. panic response. The machine can start moving again after the travel control (3) is changed to the brake position (P) and the travel direction (F/R) is selected.

Note

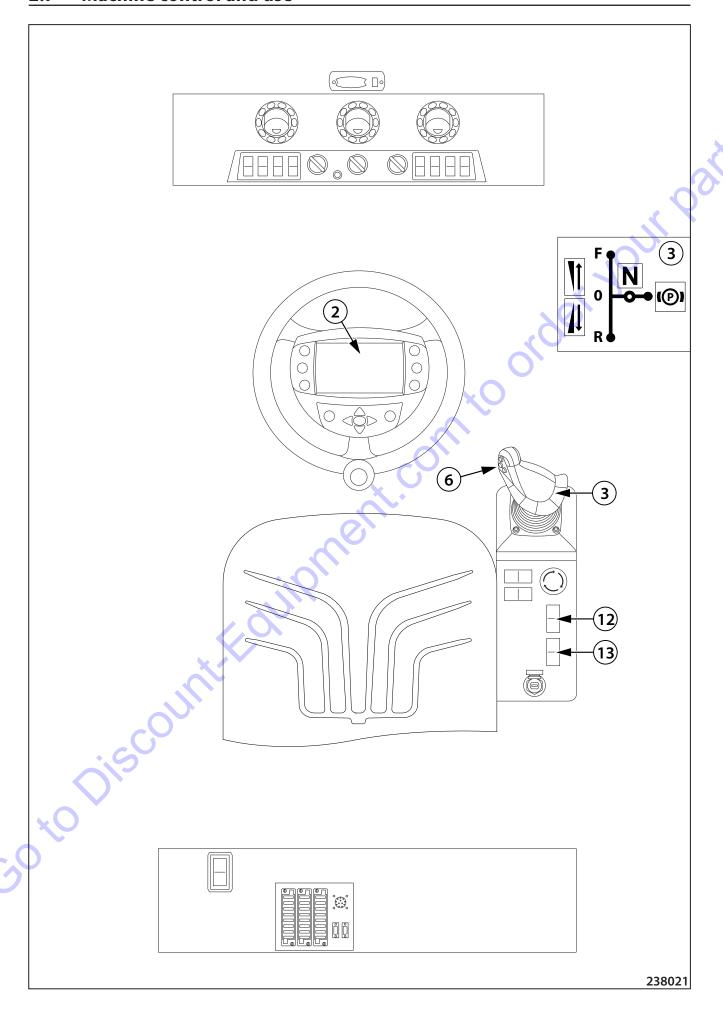
The speed gear 0 is adjusted as initial 15 minutes after the switch box is turned off. Working functions of the machine are locked in the speed gear 0.



When driving at the transport speed on long distances, stop every 30 minutes for an hour to let the machine cool down. By failing to do so you take the risk of damaging the machine, for which the manufacturer bears no responsibility.



When the traction is lost, the tractive force drops or the engine speed decreases significantly, engage the lower speed gear with the travel control button on the display (2)! If the machine is equipped with the ATC differential lock function, enable the function with the differential lock button on the display (2)!



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Travel and reversing with vibration

- Use the switch (12) to select a vibration amplitude.
- Adjust a travel speed on the display (2).
- Use the travel control (3) to select a direction.
- Use the switch (13) to select the MAN mode.

Turning on:

Press the button (6) on the travel control (3) to turn on the vibration.

Turning off:

- Turn off the vibration by pressing the button (6) on the travel control (3).
- You can turn off the vibration by changing the travel control (3) to the brake position (P).

Note

The MAN mode allows you to turn on the vibration on a standing machine.

Automatic vibration switching ON/OFF mode (AUT):

Turning on:

- Use the switch (13) to turn on/off this function.
- Press the button (6) on the travel control (3) to turn on the vibration.
- The vibration will be automatically turned on when the travel speed is more than 1 km/hour (0.6 MPH).
- The vibration will be automatically turned off when the travel speed is less than 1 km/hour (0.6 MPH).
- The automatic vibration function remains enabled even after the travel control (3) has been changed through the position (0).

Turning off:

- Turn off the vibration by pressing the button (6) on the travel control (3).
- avel con avel con the contribution of the cont You can turn off the vibration by changing the travel control (3) to the brake position (P).

2.7 Machine control and use

Travel and reversing of the machine on a slope

- Always drive on a slope and select the speed considering your safety, slope gradient and adhesive conditions.
- When driving on a slope and under low adhesion conditions, enable the ATC differential lock function if it is installed in the machine.
- When driving uphill, adjust the speed of the machine so that the machine can drive up the slope.
- When driving downhill, select the speed gear and the driving speed at which the machine can or could drive up the slope.
- Do not use the transport speed on a slope with a gradient higher than 20%.
- On a slope with a gradient higher than 20%, always drive uphill with the drum and downhill with the wheels.
- Use the vibration on a slope only when driving with the drum uphill.
- When driving downhill, the vibration is allowed up to the gradient of 15%.

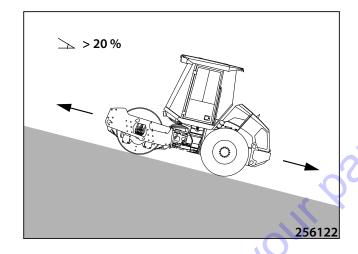


It is forbidden to vibrate when driving downhill on a slope with a gradient higher than 15%.

It is forbidden to drive downhill at the transport speed on a slope with a gradient higher than 20%.

It is forbidden to abruptly change the driving direction (reverse) when driving on a slope.

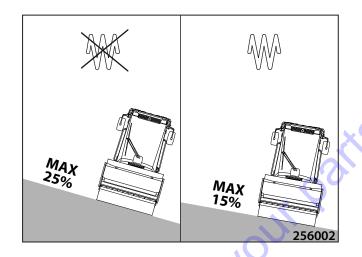
The maximum downhill driving speed is allowed to be the speed at which the machine can or could drive up the slope.

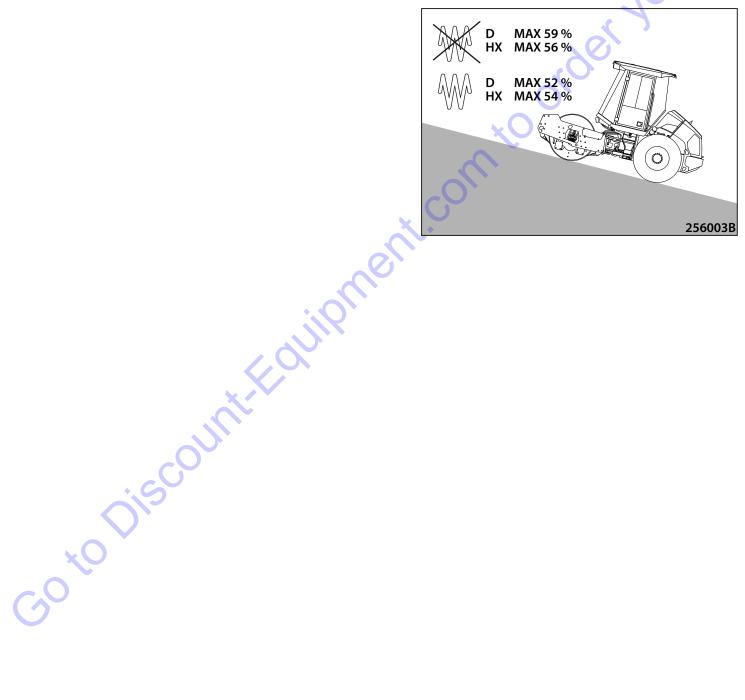




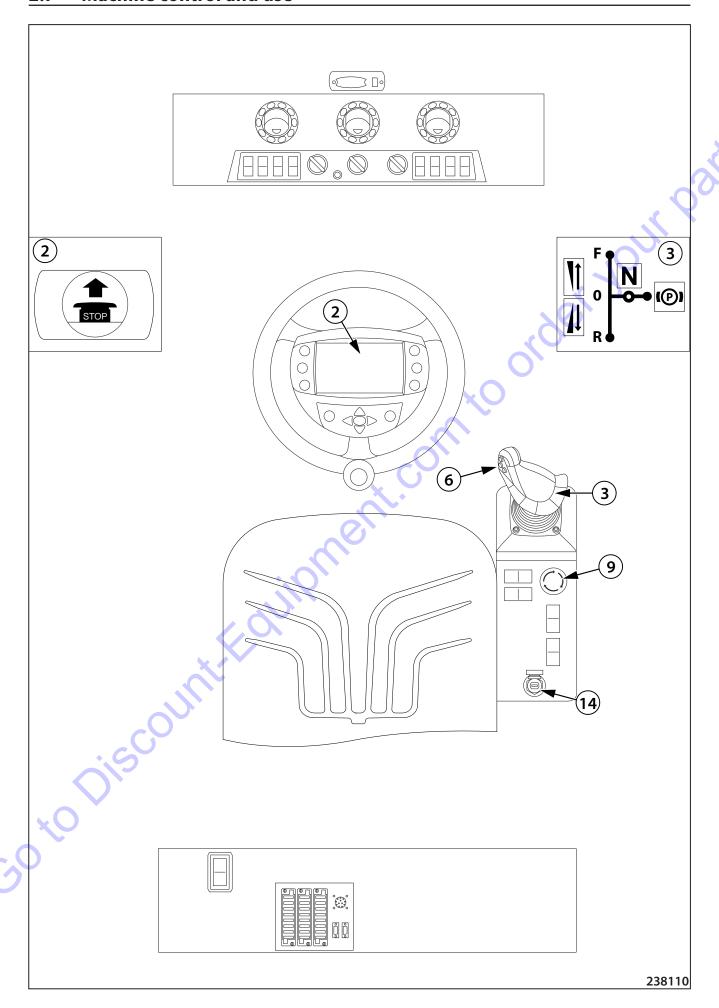
For the maximum permissible slope gradient when driving uphill and across the slope gradient, see figures.

The given values will be lower depending on adhesive conditions and the instantaneous weight of the machine!





2.7 Machine control and use



2.7.3 Stopping the machine and engine

- Press the button (6) on the travel control (3) to switch off the vibration.
- Stop the machine by changing the travel control (3) to the neutral position (N).
- Brake the machine by changing the travel control (3) to the brake position (P).
- Turn the key in the ignition box (14) to position "0" and close the cap of the ignition box.



Do not stop the hot engine instantly but let it idle for 5 minutes. The engine and the turbocharger will cool down slowly and evenly!

The travel control (3) must be always in the brake position (P)!

Turn off the battery disconnector when shutting down the machine!

2.7.4 Machine emergency stop



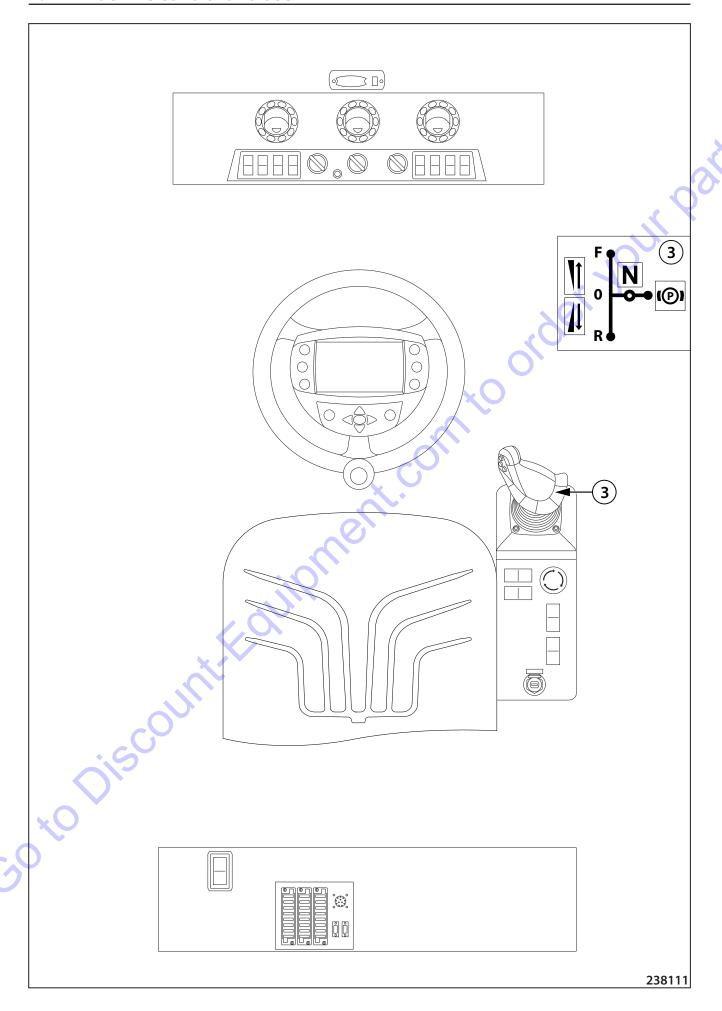
Use if there is a failure and it is impossible to stop the engine with the key in the ignition box by enabling the panic response or by changing the travel control (3) to the brake position (P)!

Turning on:

- After pressing the emergency brake button (9), the machine is braked and the engine stops.
- The emergency brake indicator lamp lights up on the display (2).

Turning off:

- Turn the emergency brake button (9) in the direction of arrows.
- The emergency brake indicator lamp will go off.
- The parking brake indicator lamp keeps lighting on the display.
- Move the travel control (3) to the position (P); you can restart the engine in this position.



2.7.5 Panic response

- The immediate stop of the machine using the travel control (3) applies to all of the travel modes of the machine. When the travel control (3) is changed to the opposite position through (0) within 1 second, the machine will stop the parking brake will be enabled, the engine will keep running, i.e. panic response. The machine can start moving again after the travel control (3) is changed to the brake position (P) and the travel direction (F/R) is selected.
- When the machine vibration is on, the vibration will stop also when the manual vibration mode is selected.



It is forbidden to use the panic response for common stopping the machine. Enable the panic response only in emergency when the machine must be stopped immediately.

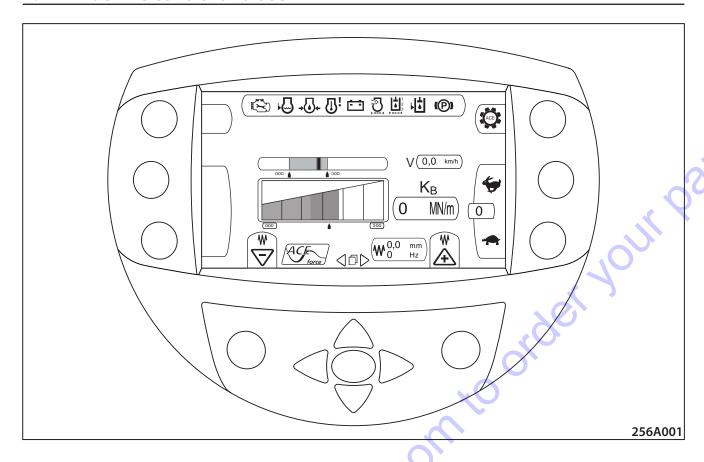
2.7.6 Machine parking

- · Park the machine on a flat and solid surface where there is no potential natural hazard (landslides, flooding, etc.).
- Change the travel control (3) to the brake position (P).
- After stopping the engine, turn off the battery disconnector before leaving the machine.
- Clean the machine (scrapers and drums).
- Check the whole machine and repair defects that occurred during operation.
- Lock the covers and cab of the machine.



Do not stop the hot engine instantly but let it idle for 5 minutes. The engine and the turbocharger will cool down slowly and evenly!

2.7 Machine control and use



2.7.7 ACE Force

Operational screen of ACE Force is located as a fourth page in machine's display. The functionality of ACE Force is operated automatically, without necessity of presetting. System is activated by start of the vibration and deactivated by stop of the vibration. System shows following values and information:



Engine failure indicator lamp

Parameter	Value
Kb	MN/m
Amplitude	mm (in)
Frequency of vibration	Hz (VPM)
Speed	km/h (mph)



Coolant level indicator lamp



Engine lubrication indicator lamp



Engine overheating indicator lamp



Battery charging indicator lamp



Air filter clogging indicator lamp



screen will appear.

Parameters setting screen button

After the button is pressed, the ACE system parameters setting



Indicator lamp of hydraulic oil filter clogging



Vibration setting indicator



Indicator lamp of hydraulic oil level

Parking brake indicator lamp

The pictogram shows the (low/high) vibration amplitude setting.



Amplitude - value in mm



Frequency - preset value in Hz

Graphical indicator of the required speed range





Vibration frequency buttons

The range of required speeds is automatically calculated depending on the set frequency.



Momentary speed indicator

It shows the momentary speed of the machine.

Note

For description of functions of indicator lamps and buttons see Chap. 2.6.1.



Travel speed buttons

The ACE system functions are enabled only within the range of the working speeds 1-4.



Graphical indicator of the degree of compaction

It displays an increment of Kb units during the compaction process.

If the function is enabled, it is a part of the indicator showing the required Kb value.

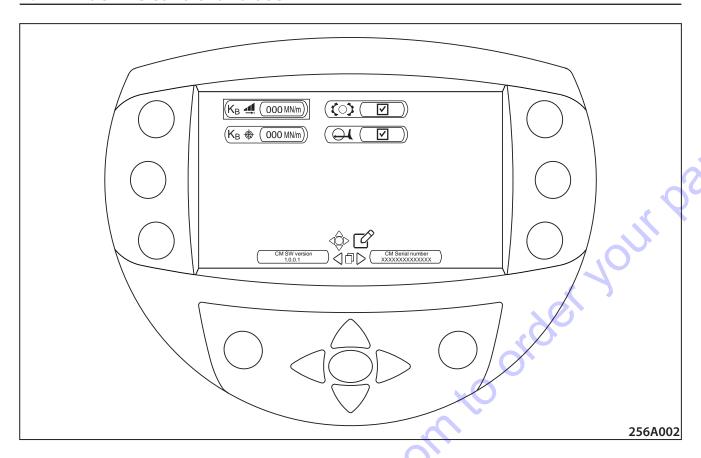
The range of values of the indicator of the degree of compaction can be set on the screen for setting parameters (Chap. 2.7.7.1).



Indicator of the degree of compaction

It shows a present value of the degree of compaction Kb in MN/m units.

2.7 Machine control and use



2.7.7.1 Parameters setting screen

- It is used for displaying and setting parameters of the ACE system.
- The red rectangular is used as a cursor.
- Using the up/down buttons, go through the individual parameters
- After the middle button is pressed, the cursor starts flashing.
 You can change the values using the up/down buttons.
- By pressing the middle button, you confirm the readjusted value.
- By pressing the left/right button, you return to the main screen

Parameters:



Upper limit of the degree of compaction Kb

It is used for setting the upper limit of the degree of compaction.



The target degree of compaction Kb

It is used for setting the maximum of the degree of compaction.



Pad-foot drum (optional)

For correct function, the setting must correspond to reality.



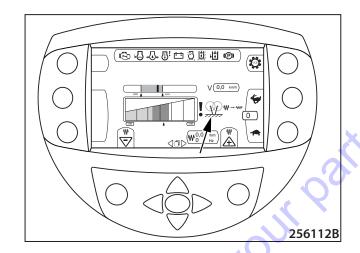
Blade (optional)

For correct function, the setting must correspond to reality.

2.7.7.2 Double drum rebound

- The double drum rebound occurs when the material stiffness exceeds the applicable compaction energy of the compacting element, i.e. drum.
- At the double rebound, the drum jumps aside by more than one completed amplitude of the drum (two revolutions of the drum exciter).
- The double rebound is a potentially dangerous condition at which the machine or the compacted material may get damaged. Therefore the moment this condition occurs, the vibration should be changed over to the low amplitude (when the high amplitude is used), or the vibration should be turned off (when the low amplitude is set).
- The double rebound indicates that the maximum compaction rate is achieved by the given machine.

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2.7.8 Bonnet raising and lowering

Open the bonnet.

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Unlock the side bonnet.



Open the side bonnet.



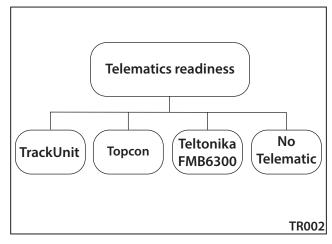
2.7.9 Telematic Readiness

Global positioning system with telemetry that monitors operating systems of the machine (machine start, diesel engine speed, machine consumption, number of engine hours, etc.) ant its current position.

The GPS system allows the geofencing function (machine operation limited to a defined area) and remote machine monitoring which helps finding a stolen machine.

Note

The availability and content of the given data depends on the selected manufacturer of the telematics system.



2.7.10 Ballasting of tyres with liquid

It is used for lowering the machine gravity centre. The mixing ratios for individual temperature per one tyre are given in the table.

Ballasting of tyres with liquid of up to 0 °C

The inner space of the tyre is filled with the solution of water and 34% calcium chloride CaCl₂.

Water	Calcium chloride CaCl ₂	Added weight
(I) [gal US]	(kg) [lb]	(kg) [lb]
130 [34.3]	53,5 [118]	183,5 [404.5]

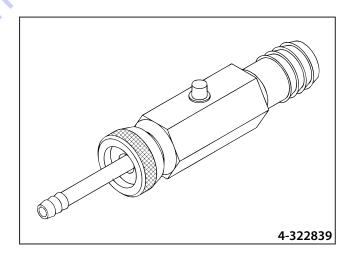
Ballasting of tyres with liquid of up to -25 °C

The inner space of the tyre is filled with the solution of water and 34% calcium chloride CaCl₃.

Water	Calcium chloride CaCl ₂	Added weight
(I) [gal US]	(kg) [lb]	(kg) [lb]
65 [17,2]	145 [320]	210 [463]

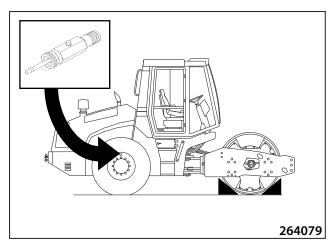
A filler neck can be ordered as a replacement part under number 4-5325190009

OUNTERCHIN



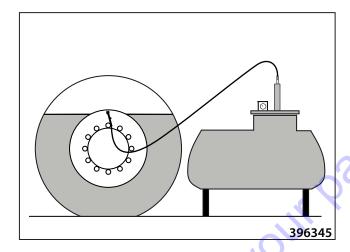
Filling procedure:

- Move the machine to a firm base. The filling valves should be in the extreme upper position. Secure the drum with blocks on both sides.
- Unscrew the removable valve insert and screw on the filler neck.



2.7 Machine control and use

- Mount the hose from the filling equipment (a tank located above, pump, etc.) on the filler neck and fill the tyres with the solution.
- During the filling, air escapes from the tyre through the side opening from the filler neck. The tyre is sufficiently filled (at 75%) when the solution starts flowing out through the opening.
- Unscrew the filler neck, screw the valve insert back on, and inflate the tyre to a pressure of 150 kPa (21,75 PSI).

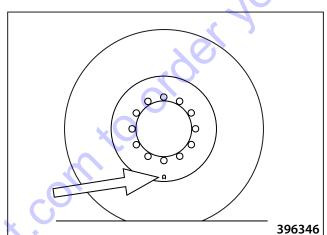


Draining procedure:

- Move the machine to a firm base. The filling valves should be in the extreme lower position. Secure the drum with blocks on both sides.
- Unscrew the removable valve insert and let the solution flow out.



The solution can spurt out after unscrewing the valve insert.



- As soon as the solution does not flow out due to a decrease in pressure, screw on the filler neck and inflate the tyre to a pressure of 150 kPa (21,75 PSI).
- After the tyre has been inflated, remove the filler neck and screw the valve insert back on.



Protect your eyes with glasses (face shield) and your hands with rubber gloves!



Wash away spilled solution with clean water.

Solution may never come into contact with metal parts and wiring.

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• The machine can move on its own between working sites.



When moving on the working site, observe the safety measures applicable to the working site.

When driving over long distances, stop every 30 minutes for an hour to let the machine cool down. By failing to do so you take the risk of damaging the machine, for which the manufacturer bears no responsibility.

 When on the road, the machine should be transported on a vehicle.



When transporting the machine on a vehicle, observe the regulations in force in the given territory.



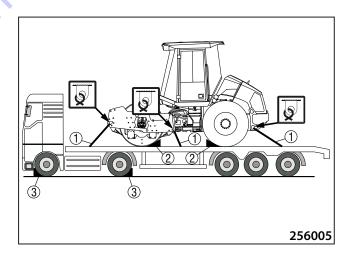
Make sure the transport carrier is braked and mechanically secured against undesired motion with scotch blocks (3) when loading or unloading.

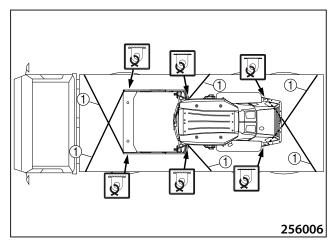
While driving onto a vehicle, switch on the differential lock function. We recommend you to support the drum with rubber belts at the same time.

For loading the machine use the function of transport mode (differential lock ON, speed gear 0). Working functions of the machine are locked (vibration).

Place the machine on a transport vehicle in the direction of travel (see figure). In case of the opposite position, blind the engine intake before transporting.

The machine on the vehicle must be properly tied and mechanically secured against longitudinal and lateral displacement as well as against tipping (1). The drums must be secured using scotch blocks (2). The maximum permitted force for fastening the machine to a vehicle using rear slings is 5 t.





2.8 How to transport the Machine

2.8.1 Loading the machine

 Use a loading ramp or crane to load the machine onto the transport vehicle.

2.8.1.1 Loading the machine using a ramp

- When loading the machine using a ramp, all safety regulations related to loading of the machine valid in the place of loading must be adhered to. The ramp must have appropriate loading capacity, antislip surface and must be stored on a flat surface. We recommend that you adhere to regulation BGR 233.
- Maximum permissible incline of the ramp is 30%.



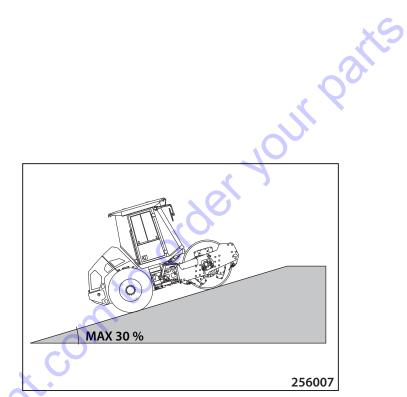
Non-adherence to the prescribed parameters of the ramp may result in damage to the machine.

When loading the machine, a second person must be present to signal approach onto the ramp. See the list of hand signals in chapter 2.1.6.



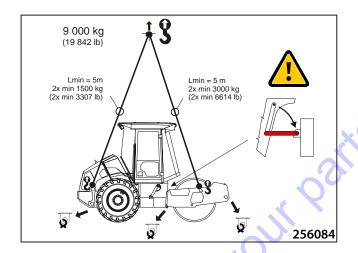
Pay increased attention when loading the machine. Improper handling can cause serious injury or death.

While driving onto a vehicle, switch on the differential lock function. We recommend you at the same time to support the drum with rubber belts or wooden boards, etc.



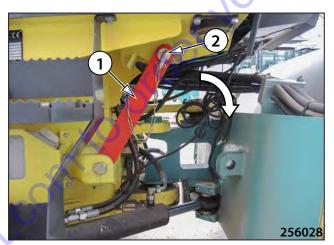
2.8.1.2 Loading the machine using a crane

- When loading with crane the Roller is fitted with lifting lugs.
- When lifting the Roller the Machine's joint shall be secured against turning.



How to secure the joint:

• Fold down the arm (1), lock with safety pin (2)...





Do NOT enter the area under the lifted load!



Observe the relevant national safety measures when loading the machine with a crane.

Upon loading completion, please return the safety arm to its initial position.

Use corresponding, undamaged riggings of sufficient loading capacity.

To sling, please use only the lifting lugs on the Machine designed for that purpose.

Only a trained slinger may carry out the slinging.

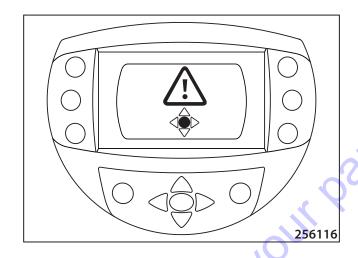
2.9 Special conditions of the Machine use

2.9.1 Emergency mode

The electronic system of the machine continuously diagnoses important system. If a serious failure is diagnosed, the machine will stop and brake and the engine will stall.

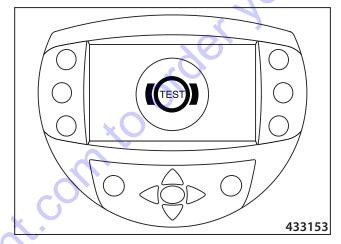
General error

By pressing the confirmation button for more than 3 sec. you change the machine to the emergency mode – the driving speed is limited to 4 km/h. Some functions are locked.



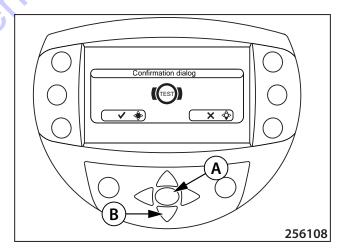
Discrepancy of the bake sensor with the travel control position.

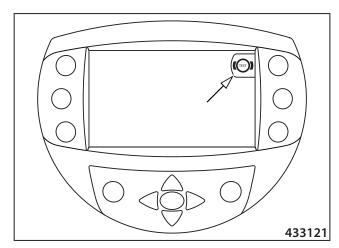
Perform the brake test.



Procedure:

- Set the travel control (3) to the position P (parking brake enabled).
- Display the information screen.
- Turn on the BRAKE TEST yellow backlight of the symbol, engine speed increased.
- After you press the brake test button, a confirmation dialog will appear.
- Press the middle button (A) to confirm the start of the brake test.
- Press the lower button (B) to cancel the start of the brake test.
- Change the travel control (3) through the neutral position (N) to the forward position (F).
- Successful brake test = message TEST OK.
- Unsuccessful brake test = message TEST NOT OK.
- If the brake test was successful, the work with the machine is possible in full extent.
- If the brake test was unsuccessful, the machine will switch to emergency mode.





Emergency mode

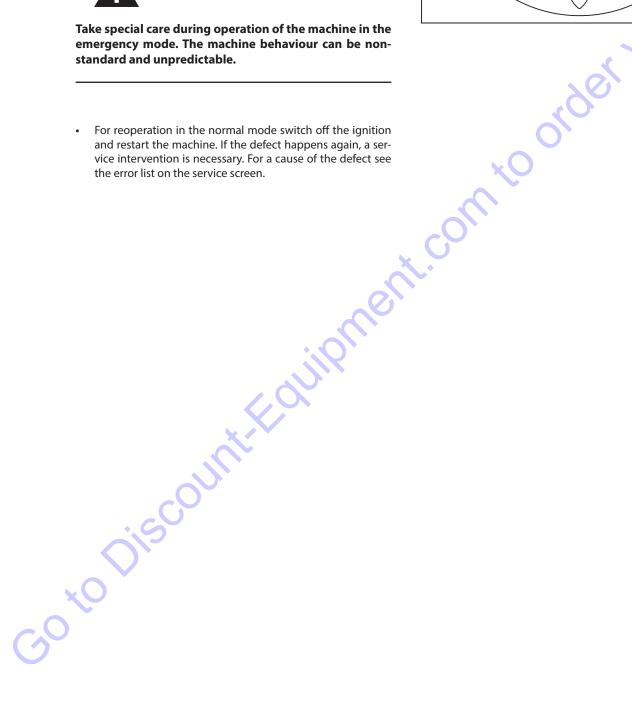
The emergency mode is used only for leaving the workplace, loading/unloading during the transport and repairing the machine. The work is prohibited in the emergency mode.

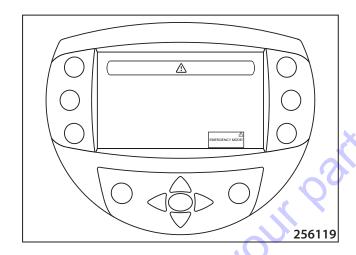
The emergency mode is indicated by the notice "EMERGENCY MODE!" in the window where errors are displayed and by the flashing indicator lamp "Danger warning".

When the machine is switched over to the emergency mode, the display will beep $3\times$.



Take special care during operation of the machine in the



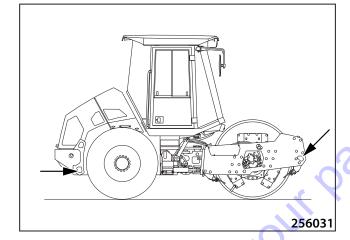


2.9.2 Machine towing



The machine is provided with two towing lugs on the front frame and with two towing lugs on the rear frame.

A stuck machine can be towed for a short distance if the engine is running and the travel drive and steering are working.





When towed the Machine shall be attached with both lugs!

When towing, please use undamaged towing cable or pull rod of sufficient loading capacity 1,5 higher than the weight of hauled Machine. It is forbidden to use a chain for hauling.

It will be necessary to maintain minimal deflection from direct angle of hauling. Max deflection will be possible within angle of up to 30°.

The machine should only be towed for the shortest possible distance – to extricate the machine if it gets stuck or is blocking traffic in case of breakdown. Do not tow the machine for a longer distance than 300 m (0.19 mi).

The hauling machine shall fit with its size the Machine broken. It shall have sufficient hauling force (performance), weight and brake effect.

When hauling downhill with the help of cable it will be necessary to attach next hauling machine to the rear part of the Machine broken. In this way it will be possible to avoid uncontrolled motion of the Machine damaged.



No person may stay on the towed machine!

After the brake is released and the hydraulic circuit is short-circuited, all of the brakes are disabled!

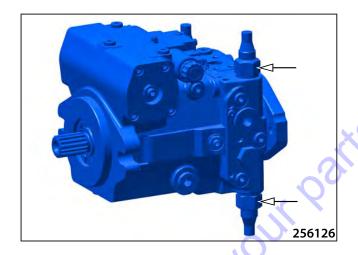
Before releasing the brake, secure the machine with wooden scotch blocks against motion!

The cab (platform) and bonnet must be moved down before the brakes are released.

Do not touch hot parts of the machine, burn hazard!

Short-circuiting the travel pump:

• Short-circuit the hydraulic circuit of the travel by releasing the middle parts of both multiple function valves by 3 revolutions counter-clockwise.



How to brake off:

• Press the button on the emergency towing block.

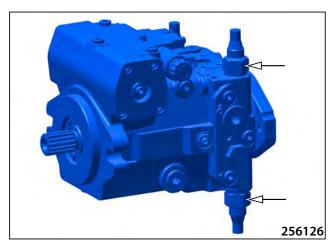


 Pump using the lever in the manual hydrogenerator with 12 full strokes at least (one stroke = lever movement up and down).



How to put into initial state

- Screw in the multiple function valves on the hydraulic generator of the travel.
- By starting the engine, return the machine into its original condition.



2.9 Special conditions of the Machine use

2.9.3 Machine operation during running-in

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When putting a new machine into operation, the machine should not be run at full power for the first 50 hours (driving uphill with vibration).

2.9.4 Machine operation at low temperatures

Compacting in winter season depends on the content of fine particles and water in the soil being compacted. With the temperature declining below freezing point the soil becomes more solid and harder to compact.

It necessary to compact at the temperatures below 0 $^{\circ}$ C (32 $^{\circ}$ F) then it is possible to compact dry soil (and stony loose materials) or make swift compaction of non-frozen materials (before earth freezes through).

Preparation for work under low temperatures:

- Check concentration of engine cooling liquid.
- Exchange oil in the engine with the recommended one for given range of low ambient temperatures.
- Use hydraulic oil of corresponding cinematic viscosity.
- Oil in drum gearbox, replace with recommended one for given operating temperature range of the gearbox.
- Use winter fuel.
- Check the batteries are recharged.

Note

Warm the batteries to ca 20 °C (68 °F) (removing the batteries and storing them in a warn room) to lower the limit temperature for starting by 4 to 5 °C (39,2 to 41 °F).



Min temperature of engine cooling liquid is 60 °C (140 °F). Max temperature of 100 °C (212 °F).



You may use the Machine at its full capacity only after heating the media to their operating temperature (cooler possible to be partially covered).



When using HV 100 oil in the hydraulic system NEVER start the Machine at ambient temperatures below +2 °C (36 °F).

If required to start the Machine at ambient temperatures below -8 °C (18 °F), replace oil in hydraulic system with the oil of HV 46 viscosity class.

At temperatures below -13 °C (9 °F) with oil of HV 32 class. It is impossible to start the Machine below -23 °C (-9 °C) with no preheating of filling media.

2.9.5 Operating the Machine at high temperatures and humidity

The higher the air temperature and humidity the lower the engine performance is. Both factors reducing the performance are dependent on each other:

- Each 10 °C (18 °F) increase of temperature means capacity drop of up to 4 % (at constant humidity)
- Each 10% increase of relative humidity means capacity drop of up to 2% (at constant temperature).

Note

For oil of HV 46 class the max admissible oil temperature will be 90 °C (194 °F), for HV 32 oil the max admissible oil temperature will be 70 °C (158 °F).

In the environment where hydraulic oil temperature stays constantly round 90 °C (194 °F) we recommend to exchange hydraulic oil for oil denser by one class, with HV 100 cinematic viscosity.

2.9.6 Operating the Machine at high altitudes

With higher altitudes the engine capacity will drop due to reduced atmospheric pressure and specific weight of air induced.

If the engine has black smoke at high altitudes (over 1500 m), please contact engine Manufacturer's service centre who will make adjustment to your fuel injection pump for these operating conditions.



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The engine power is affected by the environment in which the machine is working.

Without controlling the engine power reduction, the machine may be used up to a maximum altitude of 1,950 m (6,400 ft).

2.9.7 Work of the machine in the dusty environment



When operating in very dusty environment, you must cut short the intervals for cleaning and replacement. Cut the intervals of cleaning the engine cooler, hydraulics, and also of the replacement of cab's dust filter.

The recommended cleaning interval is once a week.

2.9.8 Driving with vibrations on compacted and hard materials

When operating the Machine with vibration on hard materials (e.g. stony loose material), or with high level of compacting the base material, there can be even loss of contact between the drum and the material compacted (so called vibro-hit). This state will show in the increased vibration transfer into the Machine frame and onto the Driver's control stand. Its partial elimination is possible via increasing the travel speed or changing the Machine vibration parameters (with the use of lower amplitude).

When it is necessary to operate the Machine under conditions where the Operator might be exposed to higher vibrations, then the Machine Operator will be liable to adjust the work procedures so as to prevent any injury to Driver's health.

Note

When driving the Machine with vibrations on a different base material than stated in "Specification Manual", the emission figures for vibration acceleration will be different - "Noise and vibration emissions".



The driving with vibration on hard (frozen, concrete, overcompacted) surface or on bedrock is forbidden. There is a danger of damage to the machine.

ATENANCE MANUAL

AS 70
(Kubota Tier 4 Final)

About the country of the country of

3.1 Safety and other measures for machine maintenance

3.1.1 Safety of machine maintenance

Carry out lubrication, maintenance and adjustments:

- · By professionally trained personnel
- In line with safety instructions given in the Operation Man-
- According to schedule given in the Lubrication Chart following the hours actually worked
- On the machine located on flat solid surface, secured against self-motion (scotch blocks), and this always with the engine OFF, key removed from ignition box, and the wiring cut off
- Only after Machine Repair sign is attached onto steering wheel (the sign is supplied together with machine accessories)
- On machine parts cooled out
- After having cleaned the machine, lubrication points and maintenance locations
- Using proper, undamaged tools
- Through replacement with new original parts as per the Spare Parts Catalogue
- With sufficient lighting of the entire machine in the event of lowered visibility and at night
- so the guards and safety elements are reinstalled again upon work completion
- through retightening bolted connections with torque specified, and through checking the connection tightness
- with the operation media heated beware of burns use recommended media, only.



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Upon completion of the adjustment or maintenance, please examine the function of all safeguard equipment!

3.1.2 Fire precautions during operation media exchanges

 In terms of fire hazard the flammable liquids used on the Machine have been divided into three hazard classes:

IInd Hazard class - Diesel oil

IVth Hazard class – mineral oils, lube greases

- Oil exchange point shall be located so it does not interfere with the explosion or fire hazard area.
- It shall be identified with notice boards and signs of no smoking and no use of open flame.
- Handling area shall be sized so the capture the amount to flammable liquid equal to the capacity of biggest vessel, transport container.
- It must be equipped with portable fire extinguishers.
- To handle the oil, Diesel oil, please use such vessels like metal barrels, canisters or sheet-metal cans.
- Transport containers shall be properly closed when stored.
- Vessels shall have one opening, be stored with the opening on top, and secured against any flowing out or dripping of their content.
- Vessels shall be designated with indelible inscription indicating the content and flammability class.

3.1 Safety and other measures for machine maintenance

3.1.3 Ecological and hygienic principles

When operating or maintaining the Machines the user shall be liable to follow the general principles of health and environment protection according to the laws, ordinances and regulations in individual territories of the Machine use.

Hygienic principles

 Crude oil products, cooling system media, battery media and coating compositions incl. thinners are materials harmful to health. Workers coming into contact with these products during machine operation or maintenance shall be liable to follow the general principles of their own health protection and conform to the safety and hygienic manuals of these products' manufacturers.

We call your attention to the following in particular:

- Eye protection and skin protection during work with the batteries
- Skin protection during work with crude oil products, coating compositions or cooling liquids
- Proper hand washing upon work completion and before any meal; use adequate reparation cream to treat your hands
- Adherence to the instructions given in this Manual
- Always store the crude oil products, cooling system media and battery media, and coating compositions incl. organic thinners, and also the cleaners and preserving agents, in the genuine, original and properly labelled packages. Do not admit any storage of these materials in unlabelled bottles or in any other vessels with regard to the hazard of mistaken identification (faulty change).
- When skin, mucosa, eyes are accidentally stained, or vapours inhaled, immediately apply the first aid principles. In the event of accidental use of these products get prompt medical attention.
- When working with the Machine in cases where the Machine has platform fitted, cabin windows are left opened, always use ear protectors of adequate type and version.

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Ecological principles



The media of Machine's individual systems, and some of its parts after having been discarded (dismantled, media exchanged) become waste with hazardous properties against the environment.

This category of waste products includes the following in particular

- Organic and synthetic lubricating materials, oils and fuels
- Brake fluids
- Cooling liquids
- Battery media and the batteries themselves
- Cooling system media
- Cleaners & preserving agents
- All dismantled filters and filter elements
- All used and discarded hydraulic or fuel hoses, rubbermetal and Machine's other elements, made dirty due to the abovementioned products.



The given materials and parts, when scrapped, shall be handled compliant to the respective national regulations on environmental protection, and in line with the health protection regulations, as well.

3.2.1 Engine oil



Engine oil has been specified as per its performance classification and viscosity classification.

Performance classification according to

API (AMERICAN PETROLEUM INSTITUTE)

ACEA (ASSOCIATION DES CONSTRUCTEURS EUROPÉENS D'AUTOMOBILE)

Viscosity classification

To determine the SAE (Society of Automotive Engineers) viscosity class, the ambient temperature and type of operation where the machine is used are decisive.

Use of permissible oils according to API: CJ-4

SAE 15W-40 year-round

Note

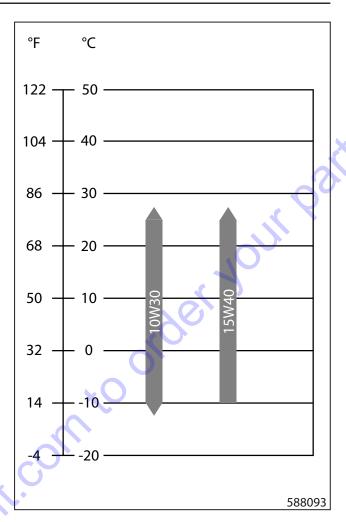
The exceeding of the lower temperature limit does not result in damage to the engine; however, it can cause some difficulties with starting.

It is recommended to use universal multi-range oils to avoid the necessity of oil changes due to changes of ambient temperature

For easy starts at the temperatures below 0 °C (32 °F), the engine manufacturer recommends the SAE 10W-30 oil.



Exceeding the upper temperature limit, considering the reduced lubricating capabilities of the oil must not last for long.



3.2.2 Fuel



Diesel is used as fuel:

EN590

ASTM D975: 1D S15, 2D S15

Note

Do not use fuels with a sulphur content exceeding 0.0015 percent by weight.



At ambient temperatures below 0 °C (32 °F), use winter diesel fuel.

Mixing diesel with special additives is forbidden.

- **/**!\

Refill the cooling circuit with the same or a completely miscible coolant of the required specification.

If the use of a different, immiscible coolant is necessary, the cooling circuit must be completely drained and cleaned with clean water repeatedly, at least 3 times. However, it is not allowed to use a coolant of a different specification than stated by the engine manufacturer.

The coolant protects the cooling system from freezing, corrosion, cavitation, overheating, etc.

It is forbidden to operate the machine without coolant even for a short time.

It is forbidden to use a coolant of a different than prescribed specification and base. The engine and the cooling system can get damaged and the warranty lost.

Always check the ratio of antifreeze cooling agent in the coolant with a refractometer before the winter season starts.

3.2.3 Coolant



The coolant specification must meet requirements of:

- SAE J1034
- SAE J814c



To fill the cooling circuit, use the coolant in the mixing ratio of 50 % / 50 % with high-quality water (thermal protection up to -37 °C).

Change the coolant every 2 years at the latest.

Water quality

Do not use hard water with a higher content of calcium and magnesium, which brings calculus formation, and with a higher content of chlorides and sulphates, which causes corrosion.

The maximum content of compounds of calcium and magnesium is 170 milligrams – hardness of water.

The maximum content of compounds of chlorine is 40 milligrams.

The maximum content of compounds of sulphur is 100 milligrams.

Note

The machines are filled with a cooling solution with the Bantleon Avia Antifreeze NG coolant, specification SAE J 1034 at the manufacturer's during the production.

It is a coolant based on monoethyleneglycol containing silicates. It does not contain phosphates, nitrates, amines and borates.

There is an Avia NG label placed at the point to fill the coolant into the machine.

Safety instructions:

- 1) Protect your hands with protective gloves.
- 2) In case of ingestion immediately seek medical treatment.
- 3) In case of contact with skin or clothing immediately wash the affected area with clean water.
- Do not mix different types of coolants. The mixture can cause a chemical reaction with formation of harmful substances.

3.2.4 Hydraulic oil



3.2.5 Gearbox oil



For use in the hydraulic system of the machine, only high-quality hydraulic oils of output class according to ISO 6743/4 HV (equal to DIN 51524 part 3 HVLP.

Standardly refill the machines with hydraulic oil of kinematic viscosity 46 mm 2 /s at the temperature of 40 °C (104 °F) ISO VG 46. This oil is the most suitable one to use in the broadest range of ambient temperatures.



At high ambient temperatures, when the oil temperature reaches continual 90 °C (194 °F), we recommend replacing the oil with one of kinetic viscosity 100 mm²/s – HV.

At temperatures below -13 °C (9 °F), replace oil with one of kinetic viscosity 32 mm²/s - viscosity class HV 32, see Operating Instructions chapt. 2.9.3.

Synthetic hydraulic oil

Hydraulic system can be filled with synthetic oil, that is completely degradable by microorganisms found in water and soil in case of leak.



When changing over from mineral oil to synthetic or when mixing oils of different brands, always consult the procedure with the oil manufacturer or dealer! Use high quality oils complying with API GL-5 or EP or MIL-L-2105 C for lubricating the drum gearbox and axle (wheels) drive gearboxes.

Viscosity SAE 80W/90 for outdoor temperature range -10 °C÷ +30 °C (14 °F \div 86 °F).

Viscosity SAE 80W/140 for outdoor temperature range +20 °C \div +45 °C (68 °F \div + 113 °F).



The operating oil temperature must not exceed 85 °C \div 90 °C (185 °F \div 194 °F).

3.2.6 Lubricating grease



3.2.8 **Air-conditioning** filling



- on to order your parts on to order your parts on Discount. Equipment. com to order your parts Plastic grease containing lithium in compliance with NLGI-2

Mixture:





Fills of	Type of fill	Quantity I (gal US)	Brand
Engine	Engine oil according to chapter 3.2.1	11,2 (2,96)	2412
Fuel tank	Diesel according to chapter 3.2.2	130 (34,3)	15 ppm \$ < 15 mg/kg \$ 3686
Hydrostatic system	Hydraulic oil according to chapter 3.2.4	53 (14)	2158
Drum gearbox	Gearbox oil according to chapter 3.2.5	1,8 (0,48)	2186
Axle gearbox	Gearbox oil according to chapter 3.2.5	2x0,8 (2x0,21)	2186
Joint bearings - joint and steering cylinder	Plastic grease according to chapter 3.2.6	as required	0787
Engine cooling system - coolant	All year round - anti-freeze liquid according to chapter 3.2.3 for temperatures down to -25 °C (-13 °F)	26 (6,9)	2152
Vibrating drum	Engine oil, see the engine	6 (1,6)	2412
Air-conditioning	Mixture according to chapter 3.2.8	-	2441
Windshield washers	Water and antifreeze - ratio according to outdoor temperature	3 (0,8)	2260
Tyres	Air or liquid see Operating Instructions chapter 2.7.10		

3.4 Lubrication and Maintenance Chart

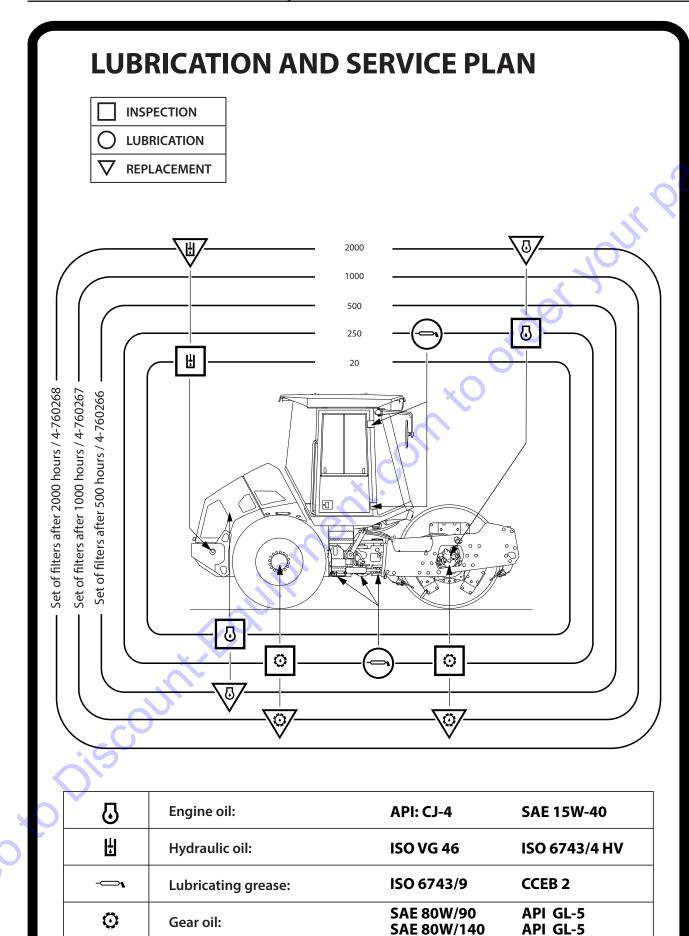
Every 20	hours of operation (daily)
3.6.1	Fuel check
3.6.2	Checking the oil in the engine
3.6.3	Engine cooling liquid level check
3.6.4	Checking the oil in the hydraulic tank
3.6.5	Fan condition check
3.6.6	Checking the dust valve of the air filter
3.6.7	Engine and exhaust pipe intake manifold check
3.6.8	Inspection of warning and checking devices
Every 50	hours of operation
3.6.9	Engine tightness check
3.6.10	Cleaning of the water separator on the fuel filter
After 50 l	nours of operation
3.6.23	Engine oil change
Every 100	0 hours of operation (weekly)
3.6.11	Tyre pressure check
After 100	hours of operation
3.6.27	Wheel bolts tightening check
3.6.34	Oil change in travel gearboxes
Every 250	0 hours of operation (3 months)
3.6.12	Check of the fan and engine belt for condition
3.6.13	Check of hose and clip fixation
3.6.14	Cooler inspection
3.6.15	Air filter cleaning
3.6.16	Machine lubrication
3.6.17	Checking the oil in the vibrator
3.6.18	Oil in the travel gearboxes check
3.6.19	Pad foot segments inspection

Every 50	0 hours of operation (6 months)
3.6.20	Fuel filter replacement
3.6.21	Electrical installation check
3.6.22	Air filter main cartridge replacement
3.6.23	Engine oil change *
3.6.24	Replacement of the cab ventilation filter and of the heating filter
3.6.25	Engine cooling liquid check
3.6.26	Air filter of the air conditioning system replacement
3.6.27	Wheel bolts tightening check **
After 50) hours of operation
3.6.37	Oil change in the vibrator
3.6.39	Hydraulic oil and filter replacement
Every 10	00 hours of operation (1 year)
3.6.28	Air filter cartridges replacement
3.6.29	Damping system check
3.6.30	Oil separator cartridge replacement
3.6.31	Fuel tank cleaning
3.6.32	Valve clearance check and adjustment
3.6.33	Battery check
3.6.34	Oil change in travel gearboxes **
3.6.35	Air conditioning compressor mounting check
Every 20	00 hours of operation (2 years)
3.6.36	Coolant change
3.6.37	Oil change in the vibrator ***
3.6.38	Cleaning and checking the air-conditioning system
3.6.39	Hydraulic oil and filter replacement ***
Every 30	00 hours of operation (3 years)
3.6.40	DPF cleaning

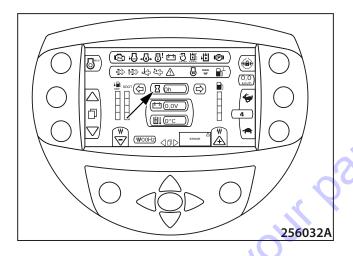
Lubrication and Maintenance Chart 3.4

3.6.41 Gas strut replacement 3.6.43 Machine cleaning 3.6.44 Fuel system venting 3.6.45 DPF (diesel particulate filter) clogging regeneration 3.6.46 Charging of the battery 3.6.47 Screw connection tightening check * First after 50 hours ** First after 100 hours *** First after 500 hours	Mainten	
3.6.43 Machine cleaning 3.6.44 Fuel system venting 3.6.45 DPF (diesel particulate filter) clogging regeneration 3.6.46 Charging of the battery 3.6.47 Screw connection tightening check * First after 50 hours *** First after 100 hours **** First after 500 hours	3.6.41	Gas strut replacement
3.6.44 Fuel system venting 3.6.45 DPF (diesel particulate filter) clogging regeneration 3.6.46 Charging of the battery 3.6.47 Screw connection tightening check * First after 50 hours ** First after 100 hours *** First after 500 hours	3.6.42	Scrapers adjustment
3.6.45 DPF (diesel particulate filter) clogging regeneration 3.6.46 Charging of the battery 3.6.47 Screw connection tightening check * First after 50 hours *** First after 100 hours **** First after 500 hours	3.6.43	Machine cleaning
3.6.46 Charging of the battery 3.6.47 Screw connection tightening check * First after 50 hours ** First after 100 hours *** First after 500 hours	3.6.44	Fuel system venting
* First after 50 hours **First after 100 hours **** First after 500 hours	3.6.45	DPF (diesel particulate filter) clogging regeneration
* First after 50 hours *** First after 500 hours **** First after 500 hours	3.6.46	Charging of the battery
*** First after 100 hours *** First after 500 hours	3.6.47	Screw connection tightening check
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Carry out lubrication and maintenance on regular basis and repeatedly in the intervals as per daily reading on the counter of hours actually worked.



This Manual states only the basic information about the engine, other data are given in the Engine Operation and Maintenance Manual which is part of the Documentation supplied with the Machine.



Follow also the instructions given in the engine operation and maintenance manual!

Tighten the removed or loosened bolts, plugs, threaded joints of the hydraulics, etc. with tightening torque according to the Chart in par. 3.6.47 unless another value is provided with the respective operation.



Carry out maintenance with the Machine placed on flat, paved surface, and secured against any self-motion, always with the engine off, and key removed from the ignition box and with the wiring cut off (unless otherwise required). If the engine must be running, enable the service switch.



If the exhaust pipe with a flexible part between the engine and the catalytic converter shows any leak or damage, the machine cannot be operated until the defect is fixed.

Following the first 50 hours of operation of the new Machine (following a major overhaul) carry out as per:

3.6.23 Engine oil change

Following the first 100 hours of operation of the new Machine (following a major overhaul) carry out as per:

3.6.27 Wheel bolts tightening check3.6.34 Oil in the travel gearboxes change

Following the first 500 hours of operation of the new Machine (following a major overhaul) carry out as per:

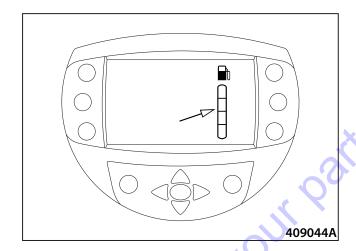
3.6.37 Oil in the vibrator change

3.6.39 Hydraulic oil and filter replacement

Every 20 hours of operation (daily)

3.6.1 Fuel check

• Check the fuel level on the dashboard and refill if necessary.



- Clean the tank filler cap (1) and the filler neck (2).
- Unlock the lock and remove the cap.
- Refill the tank up to the bottom line of the filler neck.

Note

The fuel tank volume is 130 l (34.3 gal US).





Do not smoke and do not use open fire when working! Do not refill the fuel when the engine is running.



Do not pump out the tank completely. After the tank is completely pumped out, the whole fuel system must be vented.

Use only recommended clean fuel according to the chapter 3.2.2.

Do not refill the fuel in closed spaces.



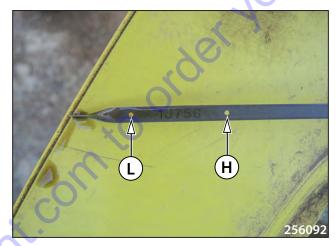
Do not spill the fuel.

3.6.2 Checking the oil in the engine

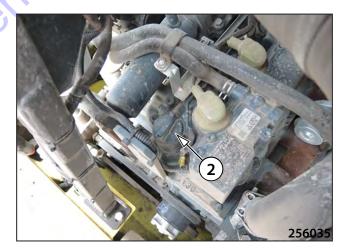
- Wait about 5 minutes until the oil runs down to the engine sump.
- Take out the oil dipstick (1), wipe it, insert fully back and take it out again to read out the oil level.



 Keep the level within the range of gauge marks pressed in the dipstick. The lower mark L (Low) marks the lowest possible oil level, the upper mark H (High) the highest one.



- After removing the filler plug (2), refill the oil through the oil filler. Wait about 1 min. until the level is stable and check again.
- Refill the identical type of oil. Use oils according to chapter 3.2.1.
- Check the engine for leaks and remove the cause.
- Check the engine for damaged and/or missing parts and for changes in appearance.

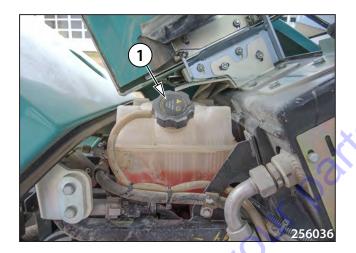




Do not use the engine if the oil level in the engine is not correct.

3.6.3 Engine cooling liquid level check

- Let cooling liquid cool down to less than 50 °C (120 °F).
- Check visually the level.
- Refill coolant through the filler (1).





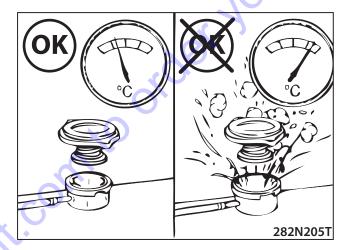
Dismantle the filling plug only when the temperature of engine cooling liquid falls to less than 50 °C (120 °F). If you open it at higher temperatures, you risk scalding by steam or by cooling liquid due to the inner overpressure.



The level must not fall below the level indicator eyesight. Add only the coolant according to Chapter 3.2.3.

Do not add additives eliminating untightness of the cooling system to the engine cooling liquid!

In case of larger losses, find the location of cooling system leaks and repair the cause.

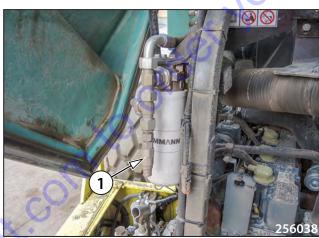


3.6.4 Checking the oil in the hydraulic tank

• Check the oil level in the oil gauge.



• Refill the oil using the filling device through the quick coupling (1), proceed according to chapter 3.6.39.





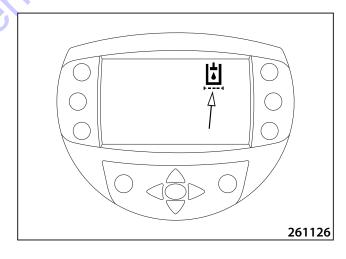
When the level is below the bottom edge of the oil gauge "MIN", the indicator lamp lights up and the engine stops.

The tank filler neck cap (2) is sealed. If this seal is damaged during the guarantee period of the machine, the guarantee will be cancelled.

Carry out this refilling method as emergency one – not recommended by the manufacturer!

The oil level must be always visible in the oil gauge! Fill with the specified oil according to chapter 3.2.4.

If large oil losses occur, find out the cause of leakage of the hydraulic system (leakage of screwed hose connections, hydraulic generators, hydraulic motors etc.) and remedy the defects.





3.6.5 Fan condition check

 Inspect the fans visually. In case of damage, (e.g. a missing part of the material, cracks, shape changes, etc.), replace the fan.



3.6.6 Checking the dust valve of the air filter

• Clean the exit slit and squeeze to remove any dust trapped.



Note

Any dust trapped in the dust valve is automatically emptied during operation of the machine.



Do not work with the machine if the dust valve is damaged.

If the dust valve of the air filter is damaged, replace it with a new valve of the same type!

Dust valve

Order number: 1-952454

3.6.7 Engine and exhaust pipe intake manifold check

 Check the tightness of the engine intake manifold. Make sure that the hoses are not damaged and that the tightening clips are not missing.





- Check the tightness of the exhaust pipe.
- · Make sure that the tightening clips are not missing.



If the exhaust pipe with a flexible part between the engine and the catalytic converter shows any leak or damage, the machine cannot be operated until the defect is fixed.

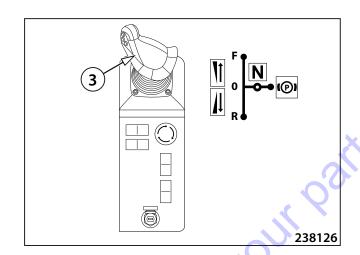




3.6.8 Inspection of warning and checking devices

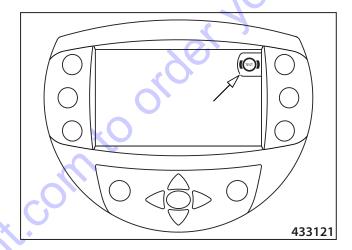
Brake test

- Always after the machine start-up (every 24 hours), the driver is asked for the brake testing.
- The machine can continue in operating even when the brake test is not performed (the test record is stored in the memory of the machine control unit); the brake test can be carried out later.

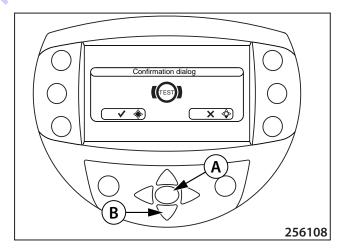


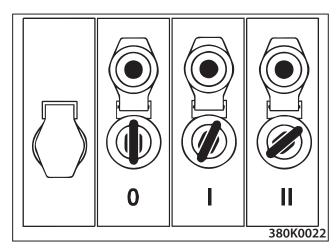
Procedure:

- Set the travel control (3) to the position P (parking brake enabled).
- Display the information screen.
- Turn on the BRAKE TEST yellow backlight of the symbol, engine speed increased.

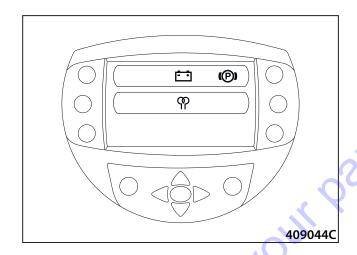


- After you press the brake test button, a confirmation dialog will appear.
- Press the middle button (A) to confirm the start of the brake test.
- Press the lower button (B) to cancel the start of the brake test.
- Change the travel control (3) through the neutral position (N) to the forward position (F).
- Successful test result = message TEST OK
- Unsuccessful test result = message TEST NOT OK Operation possible only in the emergency mode of the machine. Call the service.
- Turn the key in the ignition box to the position "I".

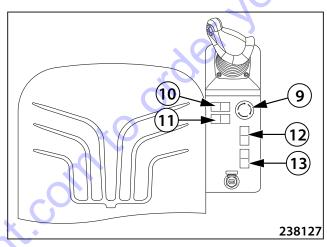


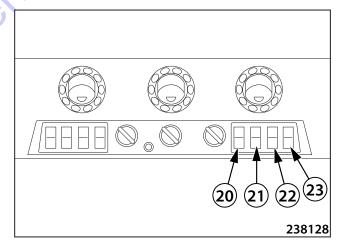


 The brake, charging, lubrication and heating indicator lamps will light up on the display.

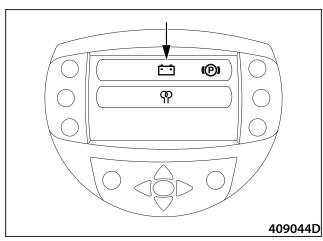


• Then test functions of the switches (9–13, 20–23).

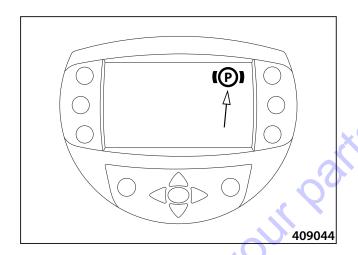




- Turn the key to position "II" to start the engine.
- The charging indicator lamp must go out after the starting is completed.

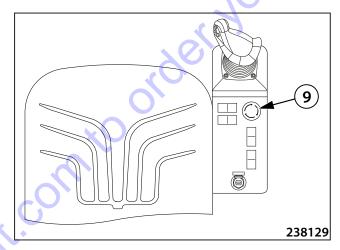


The brake indicator lamp goes off after the travel control is changed to the neutral position (N).

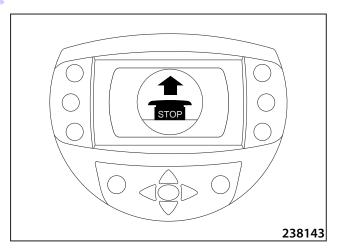


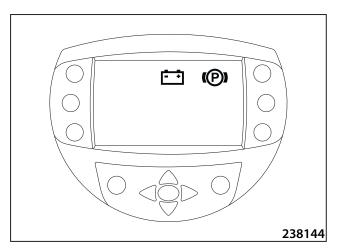
Emergency brake button function:

- Move off the machine at a low speed.
- Press the emergency brake button (9).
- The machine stops moving, the parking brake is enabled and the engine stalls.

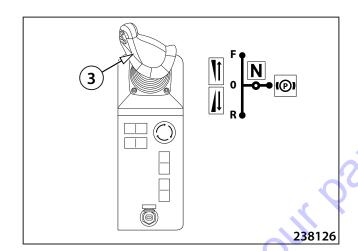


If the emergency brake, parking brake and charging indicator lamps light up on the display.





- Set the travel control (3) to the brake position (P). Switch over the key in the ignition box to the position "0".
- Now you can start the engine again.





Use the audible alarm to announce the engine start! Before starting the engine, check that the engine start does not endanger anyone!

Give the audible alarm before the machine starts moving and wait long enough so that all present persons can leave the area around the machine (space under the machine) in time!

Make sure that the area in front of and behind the machine is free and no persons are present there!



During operation, check the instruments and indicator lamps continuously.

Promptly repair any failures!

Every 50 hours of operation

3.6.9 Engine tightness check

- Visually check the engine and the engine compartment for oil leakage.
- Remove the identified defects.



3.6.10 Cleaning of the water separator on the fuel filter

- Turn off the engine.
- Prepare a sediment catch pan.
- Disconnect the electrical installation.
- Release the separator valve manually and drain the fuel until clean fuel starts to flow out.
- · Remount the valve.
- Connect the electrical installation.
- · Vent the fuel system.



Do not smoke while working! Check the water separator for leaks.



Stop the fluid soaking into the ground.



Every 100 hours of operation (weekly)

3.6.11 Tyre pressure check



Rotate tyres so that valves are at top positions.



Every 250 hours of operation (3 months)

3.6.12 Check of the fan and engine belt for condition

Fan wear check

Check the fan visually. Replace the fan if damaged (e.g. missing parts of materials, cracks, shape changes, etc.).

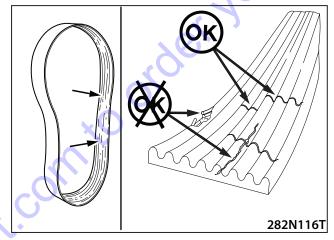
Fan

Order number: 1510573

Belt wear check

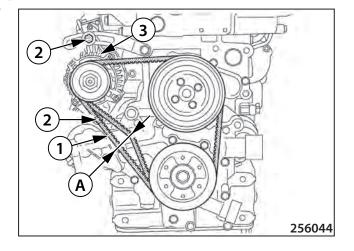
- Visually inspect the belt.
- Cracks perpendicular to the belt width are not considered to be a fault. If longitudinal cracks appear on the belt, or the belt edges are ragged, or some material parts are pulled off, then the belt must be replaced.





Belt tension check

- Press with your thumb at the spot where belt length between pulleys is the longest, using 110 N (25 lb) strength.
 The max. slack (A) is 10 12 mm (0.39 0.47 in).
- Tighten the belt (1) by loosening the screws (2) and shifting the alternator (3) if required.
- Check the belt for correct tension.



3.6.13 Check of hose and clip fixation

 Check the engine inlet piping for leakage. Check the hose for damage and missing hose clips.



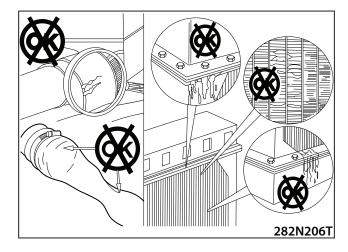
 Check the cooling circuit for leakage. Check the hoses for damage and missing hose clips. When hoses are cracked or hardened, replace them for new ones.



3.6.14 Cooler inspection

- Check tightness of the cooling circuit. Check the circuit for damaged hoses and for missing hose clips.
- Check the cooler fins for clogging. If fins are clogged, then clean them e.g. by purging the cooler with pressure air (steam or hot water).





3.6.15 Air filter cleaning

• Remove the filter cap.



• Remove the main cartridge of the air filter and clean with compressed air.



• Clean the internal area of the filter and of the contact surface to avoid contamination of the safety cartridge.





Never use compressed air to clean the filter interior.

3.6.16 Machine lubrication

- Remove the caps on the oil nipples.
- Put on the oil nipple of the high-pressure press gradually and lubricate until the old grease starts flowing out.
- Replace the oil nipple caps.

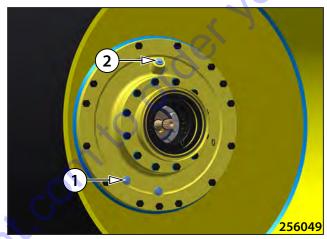
Door hinges pins

pins 4x



3.6.17 Checking the oil in the vibrator

- Stop the machine on a flat and solid surface so that the plugs of the drum on the left side are in the position according to the picture.
- Clean the area around the check plug (1).
- Unscrew the plug (1) and check the oil level. The level must reach to the inspection hole or flow out slightly.
- Unscrew the filler plug (2) and refill the oil.
- Clean the plugs and remount.





Check the oil when it is cooled down. Refill the same type of oil.



Stop the oil soaking into the ground.

3.6.18 Oil in the travel gearboxes check

Axle gearbox

- Stop the machine on a flat and solid surface so that the plugs of the gearboxes of both wheels are in the position according to the picture. (The check plug (1) is in the horizontal axis.)
- Clean the area around the check plug (1).
- Unscrew the plug (1) and check the oil level. The level must reach to the inspection hole or flow out slightly.
- Refill oil through the check plug (1) if necessary.
- Clean the plugs and remount.

Drum gearbox

- Clean the area around the check plug (1).
- Unscrew the plug (1) and check the oil level. The level must reach to the hole or the oil must flow out slightly.
- Refill oil through the filling plug (2) if necessary.
- · Clean the plugs and remount.
- · Check tightness of the gearboxes.

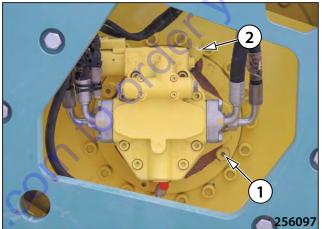


Do not touch the gearbox and adjacent parts if they are hot.



The plugs are located on the static part of the gearbox - they do not rotate during driving.





3.6.19 Pad foot segments inspection

 Before inspection is made, clean the segment surface, and mainly round bolted connections. Check overall condition of the segments (any fissures, deformations) and whether M20 8G bolts are tightened with 390 Nm (287.6 lb ft) torque.



Every 500 hours of operation (6 months)

The set of filters after 500 operating hours can be ordered under the order number 4-760266. For the list of all spare parts, see the table in the end of this publication.

3.6.20 Fuel filter replacement

Fuel filter

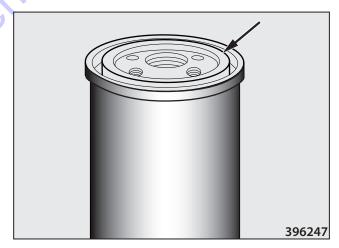
- · Clean the fuel filter head.
- · Remove the filter.



• Lubricate the seal ring of the new filter with oil.

Fuel filter

Order number: 1536168



Fuel pre-filter

- Disconnect the connector.
- · Clean the fuel filter.
- Prepare a suitable vessel.
- · Remove the filter.

Fuel filter

Order number: 1536169

- Clean the sealing surface of the filter holder.
- · Apply oil on the sealing ring.
- Mount the filter.
- Connect the sensor connector.
- Turn the ignition on. The fuel pump will vent the system automatically.



Start the engine and then check the filters for leaks Use original specified filters.

Make no over-tightening of filters, the thread and gasket may get damaged.



Observe fire precautions during replacement!

Replace in ventilated rooms with no fire hazard.

Do not smoke or use open flame when at work.



Catch the drained fuel.

Store used filters in a separate container and hand them over for disposal.



3.6.21 Electrical installation check

Check cables, connectors, protective hoses and their attachments for damage, in particular if they are near hot surfaces and moving parts of the machine including the engine. Replace damaged parts. Use only original spare parts.

3.6.22 Air filter main cartridge replacement

Remove the filter cap.



- Take out the main cartridge.
- Mount the new main cartridge of the air filter.
- Check that the cartridge is mounted correctly and is sealing.



3.6.23 Engine oil change



First carry out after 50 hours.

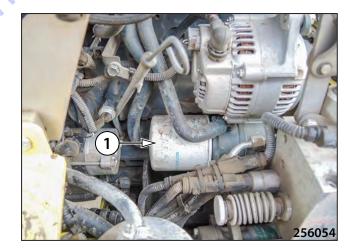


Drain the oil after the operation is finished immediately after the coolant has been cold down to 80 °C (176 °F), or warm up the engine during operation until the coolant temperature reaches 80 °C (176 °F).

- Turn off the engine.
- Prepare a suitable vessel with the volume of approximately 11.2 I (2.96 gal US).
- Remove the drain plug and let the oil drain out.
- · Remount the plug.



- Clean the surface around the head of the oil filter.
- Dismount the filter (1).
- Clean the seating surface for the filter gasket.



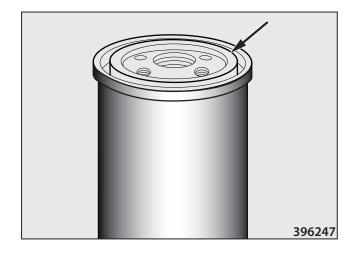
- · Lubricate the gasket with oil.
- Mount the new filter.

Oil filter

Order number: 1536674



Do not overtighten the filters to prevent damage to the thread and gasket.



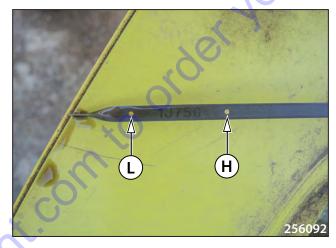
Fill the engine through the filler.



- Refill oil to the upper oil level mark (H).
- Oil charge is 11.2 l (2.96 gal US) inclusive of fill oil filter.

NOTE

- After refilling, start the engine for 2 3 min. Check tightness of drain plug and filter.
- Stop the engine, wait for approx. 5 min. until oil runs down to the engine sump. Then check the level with oil dipstick.





Beware of scalding when draining hot oil. Follow the fire safety measures!



Exchange oil after 6 months at the latest, if 500 hours of operation have not been reached by that time. Exchange oil in the interval that comes first.

Use recommended filters - see Spare parts catalogue. Use recommended oil - see chapter 3.2.1.



Collect drained oil; do not let it soak into the ground. Used oil and filters are environmentally dangerous waste - have them liquidated.

3.6.24 Replacement of the cab ventilation filter and of the heating filter

- After disassembly the cover.
- Dust the cartridge carefully.
- If the cartridge is damaged or cannot be cleaned properly, replace it with a new one.

Air filter

Order number: 1583817



Remove the cover.

Remove the filter cartridge.

Dust the cartridge carefully.

If the element is damaged or cannot be cleaned properly, replace it with the new one.

Air filter

Order number: 1542180



3.6.25 Engine cooling liquid check

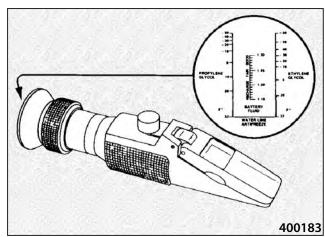
 Check the concentration of anti-freeze agent in cooling liquid using a refractometer.



Check the coolant always before winter season. If the measured concentration is not suitable for the corresponding temperature, adjust it by adding anti-freeze agent into the coolant or change the coolant.

• Add anti-freeze agent according to chapter 3.2.3.





3.6.26 Air filter of the air conditioning system replacement

- Remove the top grate.
- · Replace the filter.

Air-conditioning filter

Order number: 4-32925



3.6.27 Wheel bolts tightening check



First carry out after 100 hours.

- Check tightening bolts of wheel using a torque wrench.
- Tightening torque is 165 Nm (122 lb ft).

 Tightening torque is 165 Nm (122 lb ft).



to order your parts

Every 1000 hours of operation (1 year)

The set of filters after 1000 operating hours can be ordered under the order number 4-760267. For the list of all spare parts, see the table in the end of this publication.

3.6.28 Air filter cartridges replacement

- The proper maintenance of the air filter and of the whole inlet manifold, the rubber parts in particular, will protect the engine against dust effects significantly and extend the element lifetime and efficiency.
- The side effect of the filter clogging is the smoking exhaust pipe, higher fuel consumption, power loss and increased temperature of the engine.

Principles of correct replacement of the filter cartridge:

- Slowly pull out the clogged element as carefully as possible.
- Always clean the inner bodies of the cleaner to prevent dust from entering the interior of the inlet manifold to the engine.
- Clean the seating surfaces for the gasket in the cleaner body.
- Examine dust marks in the removed cartridge that show its leakage in the filter body.
- Push the gasket on the new cartridge to check it for flexibility.
- · Check that the gasket sits correctly.



Never use damaged elements!

Do not use different elements than required!

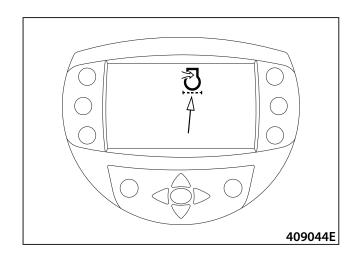
 $\label{lem:continuous} \textbf{Do not remove the cartridges only for checking purposes!}$

The filter must not be open longer than necessary!

Never operate the machine with the damaged filter body!

Air filter cartridge replacement:

- The air filter contains a main element and a safety element.
- Always replace the main and safety elements when the indicator lamp indicates that the air filter is clogged.
- Check the air cleaner and inlet manifold for fastening and integrity.



- Open the bonnet.
- Remove the filter cap.



Take out the main cartridge.

Air filter cartridge (external) Order number: 54-5970026112



• Take out the safety element.

Air filter cartridge (internal) Order number: 54-5523126150



- Clean the internal area of the filter and of the contact surface so that no dust is taken into the supply piping towards the engine.
- Check connections and the piping for leakage and the engine inlet opening on the bonnet for clogging (e.g. by leaves).



- · Insert the new safety cartridge.
- Insert the new main cartridge. Check that both cartridges are mounted correctly and are sealing.
- Remove the dust valve, clean it and remount.

Dust valve

Order number: 1-952454





Do not clean the inside of the cleaner by pressure air; dust might get into the engine inlet piping.

Use original elements only.

When washing the machine, make sure water cannot pour into the air cleaner.

In case of absorbing water, exchange main element. Dry the cleaner body.

Replace the dust valve immediately if it is damaged!

Do not operate the machine with damaged cleaner body or cover.

3.6.29 Damping system check

Check the condition of metal-rubber mountings and bonding of metal with rubber.

Drum damping system - left side;

Rubber metal

Order number: D: 4-920000003



Drum damping system - right side;

Rubber metal

Order number: 4-9200000030



Upper rubber-metals of the driver's stand (1).

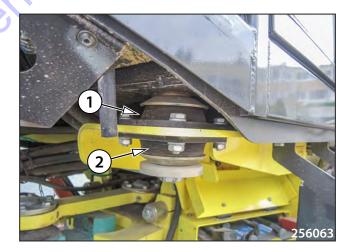
Rubber metal

Order number: 1402721

Lower rubber-metals of the driver's stand (2).

Rubber metal

Order number: 1403130



Metal-rubber mountings of the engine

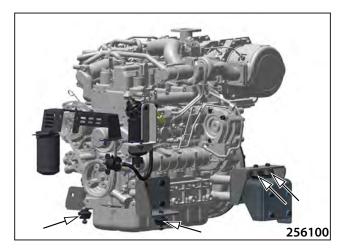
Rubber metal

Order number: 1515888



Replace damaged mountings.

Check again tightening of bolts and nuts.



3.6.30 Oil separator cartridge replacement

• Remove the cap (4).



- Replace the filter cartridge (2) and the seal ring (3).
- Clean the internal area of the filter (1).
- Insert a new filter cartridge (2) and a seal ring (3).



3.6.31 Fuel tank cleaning

- Over time, condensed water accumulates in the fuel tank. It should be drained once a year.
- Place a vessel under the drain plug.
- Remove the plug from the fuel tank.
- Drain the engine diesel fuel.
- Check and clean the interior of the tank.
- Mount the drain plug.



 Fill the fuel tank with diesel fuel up to the lower edge of the filler neck.





Do not smoke while working!



Catch the drained fuel.

3.6.32 Valve clearance check and adjustment

Contact the Kubota service for adjusting the engine valves.

3.6.33 Battery check

- Stop the engine and disconnect the electric system using the isolating master switch.
- · Clean the surface of batteries.
- Check the condition of poles and terminals and clean them.
 Slightly wipe terminals with grease.

MAINTENANCE-FREE BATTERY

 In case of a maintenance-free battery (the battery has no freely accessible plugs), only the no-load voltage on terminals is checked. The batteries cannot be replenished. If the no-load voltage is 12.6 V and more, the battery is fully charged. If the no-load voltage is below 12.4 V, the battery should be charged immediately. It is recommended to be mounted 24 hours after charging.

Note:

The no-load voltage is the voltage measured at the terminals of the battery which was at rest for at least 12 hours – was neither charged nor discharged.



Do NOT turn over the batteries, electrolyte may pour out from degassing batteries.

When there is electrolyte spillage, rinse the affected place with water, and neutralize with lime.

Hand over old batteries that do not work for their disposal.





Keep the batteries dry and clean.

Do NOT disconnect battery while the engine runs.

When handling with the battery, always follow battery Manufacturer's Manual!

Use rubber gloves and eye protection aids when handling the battery.

Use proper clothing to protect your skin against any electrolyte stain.

When there is eye contact with electrolyte immediately flush affected eye with large amounts of water for a few minutes. Get prompt medical attention.

When there is electrolyte ingestion, drink max amount of milk, water, or solution of calcined magnesia in water. Get prompt medical attention.

During skin contact with electrolyte, remove clothing, including shoes, flush affected points as soon as possible with soap water or solution of soda and water. Get prompt medical attention.

Do NOT eat, drink or smoke while at work! After work is completed, wash your hands and face thoroughly with water and soap!

Do NOT check a wire is energized by touching Machine

Disconnect the battery before its repair, or when about to handle the wires and electric devices within the wiring circuit so to avoid a short circuit.

When disconnecting the battery, please disconnect cable with (-) pole first. When connecting, you must connect (+) pole first.

Making direct conductive connection between battery's both poles you will cause a short circuit with battery explosion hazard.

3.6.34 Oil change in travel gearboxes



First carry out after 100 hours.

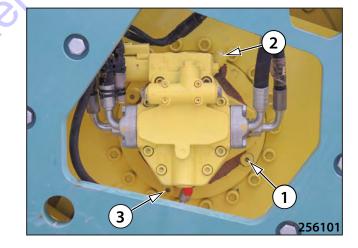
(Wheel) axle gearboxes

- Place the machine horizontally on a flat and solid surface so that the plugs of the gearboxes of the axle are in the position according to the picture.
- Clean surfaces around the plugs.
- Put a suitable pan under the drain plug (1).
- Remove both plugs and clean them, and let the oil drain out.
- After draining drive away with the roller so that the plugs turn to the position according to fig.
- Refill the oil through the upper plug (2) until the level reaches the check hole (2) or the oil starts flowing out.
- Replace both of the plugs, change the plug seals if damaged.



Drum gearbox - right side

- Place the machine onto a flat, solid surface.
- Clean surfaces around the plugs.
- Put a suitable pan under the drain plug (3).
- Unscrew all plugs (1), (2), (3) and let the oil drain out.
- Remount the drain plug (3) after the draining is completed.
- Fill the recommended oil through the filler plug (2).
- Check the oil level in the inspection hole (1). The oil must reach the lower edge of the opening or slightly flow out.
- Mount the plugs (1) and (2), replace damaged plug seals.





Do not touch the gearbox and adjacent parts if they are hot.



Collect drained oil; do not let it soak into the ground.

3.6.35 Air conditioning compressor mounting check

- Check the strength of the compressor attachment and the compressor bracket. Make sure that the belt does not spin. If necessary, tighten the screws.
- Perform the visual inspection of the belt for any damage. Cracks perpendicular to the width of the belt are not a defect. If there are longitudinal cracks on the belt or the belt edges are ragged or any parts of material are torn out, it is necessary to replace the belt.



Every 2000 hours of operation (2 years)

The set of filters after 2000 operating hours can be ordered under the order number 4-760268. For the list of all spare parts, see the table in the end of this publication.

3.6.36 Coolant change

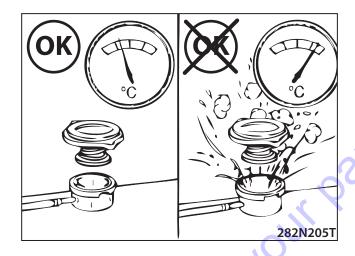
Draining the cooling circuit:



Before draining the coolant from the cooling circuit let the engine run for 5 minutes so that the liquid temperature can reach 50 °C (122 °F).

Do not open the pressure plug before the coolant temperature drops below 50 °C (122 °F). Beware of gushing of the coolant and scalding when opening the pressure plug.

- Open the cooling system by removing the overpressure plug on the expansion tank.
- · Stop the engine.
- Remove the drain plug.
- Let the fluid drain into the prepared pans.
- The drained volume is about 26 I (6.9 gal US).

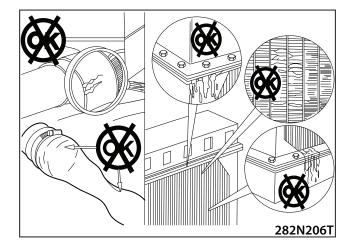






Note

Check the cooling system for defective hoses and missing hose clips. Check the cooler for damage and leakage and the cooling fins for clogging. Clean and repair it, if necessary.



Fill the cooling circuit

 Mount the drain plug and fill the cooling system with the new coolant with the minimum ratio of 50 % water + 50 % antifreeze agent.



Wear gloves to protect your hands!

Protect your eyes with safety glasses or face shield!

Fill with the coolant according to chapter 3.2.3!

When changing coolant, follow instructions of the antifreeze manufacturer!

 Refill the coolant to the maximum level. After filling, wait for about 2–3 minutes until the air escapes and the circuit is filled. The appropriate filling rate is 11 l/min [3 gal US/min]. Close the expansion tank with the overpressure plug.



Start the engine and wait until the temperature reaches 82 °C (180 °F). While waiting, check the coolant for leakage and the level on the indicator.

- Stop the engine.
- Check the level on the water gauge. If the level is low, refill the coolant to maximum.

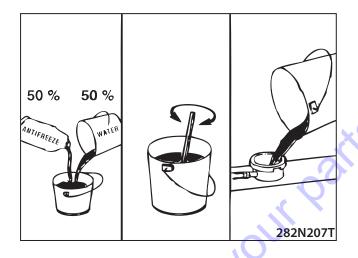


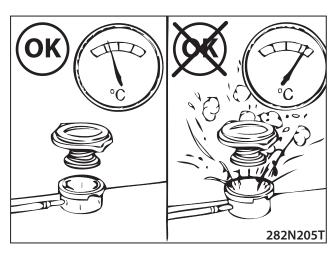


Do not open the pressure plug before the coolant temperature drops below 50 °C (122 °F). Beware of gushing of the coolant and scalding when opening the pressure plug.



Catch the used liquid and hand it over for safe disposal in accordance with regulations!





3.6.37 Oil change in the vibrator



First carry out after 500 hours.

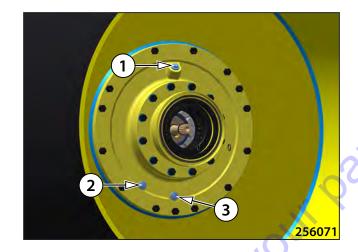
- Place the machine horizontally on a solid and flat surface so that the drain plug on the left side of the drum (3) is in the lowest position and the filler plug (1) in the highest position.
- Place a suitable pan under the drain hole.
- Unscrew all the plugs and let the oil flow out.
- Remount the drain plug after the draining is completed.
- Through the filler (1), refill the recommended oil up to the edge of the inspection hole (2).
- Mount the other plugs.



Change the oil when it is warm. Let the drained oil cool down below 50 °C (122 °F).

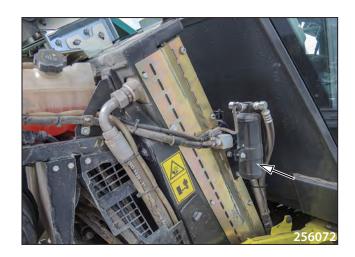


Stop the oil soaking into the ground.



3.6.38 Cleaning and checking the air-conditioning system

- Replace the filter dehydrator.
- Have the individual components and wiring checked and the air-conditioning system cleaned (moulds and bacteria removed) by an authorized company.
- When working in a very dusty environment, the check must be carried out in shorter intervals.



3.6.39 Hydraulic oil and filter replacement



First carry out after 500 hours.



Drain the oil when cooled down below 50 °C (122 °F). Follow the fire fighting measures!



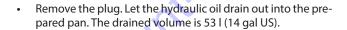
Change the oil before the season starts, or after a long shut-down of the machine. At the same time, clean the suction filter.



When disconnecting the hydraulic circuits, blind all of holes with plugs.

Catch the drained oil and do not let it soak into the ground.

The used oil is ecologically hazardous waste – hand it over for disposal.









Remove the cap.



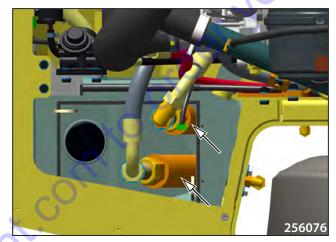
- Remove the suction baskets.
- Clean the suction baskets.
- · Remount the suction baskets.
- Inspect the interior of the tank.
- If the bottom is dirty, clean and rinse the tank carefully with the new oil.
- Mount the lid back.
- Use the new sealing tape.

Sealing strip

Order number: 4-5422250006



- Remove the ventilation filter. Mount a new ventilation filter.
- Mount the cover back.



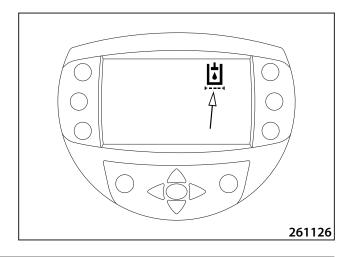


Pressure filter element replacement



Always carry out the replacement:

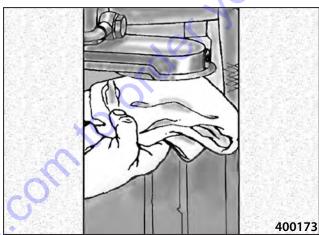
- when changing oil
- when the indicator lamp for the pressure filter lights up because the operating temperature of the oil ranges between 50 and 60 °C (122–140 °F).



• Remove the filter.



Clean the seating surface underneath.



- · Check the seal ring for condition.
- Lubricate the ring with clean oil.
- Mount the new filter.

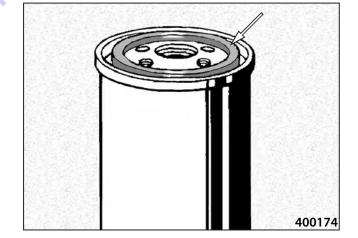
Hydraulic oil filter

Order number: 4-5358520121



Always change the oil and replace the filter when inner parts of the units (hydraulic motors, hydraulic generators) were destroyed, or after a major repair of the hydraulic system. Clean and rinse out the hydraulic tank before mounting the new unit and refill with oil. When the engine is running at a higher speed, test functions of the machine. Check for leakage.

Use only original filter elements according to the spare parts catalogue.





Used filter cartridges are ecologically hazardous waste – hand them over for disposal.

Filling the hydraulic circuit:

- Fill using the hydraulic unit.
- You can order the hydraulic unit from the machine manufacturer.

Hydraulic unit 230 V Order number: 1251998

Hydraulic unit 110 V Order number: 1255297

Note

The hydraulic unit 230 V is intended for operation in 230 Volt networks (Europe), the hydraulic unit 110 V is intended for operation in 110 Volt networks (North America).

Remove the cap of the filling end piece and put the quick-coupler of the filling device onto the quick-coupler (1). Fill
the hydraulic circuit until the clean oil starts flowing out
from the tank. Catch the oil in a clean pan.





• Let drain about 15 I (4 gal US) and mount the plug.



 Fill up the tank with the oil to the maximum level and disconnect the filling device.

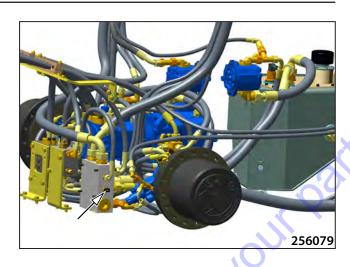
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Checking the oil thermometer sensor:

- Remove the sensor and clean the contact.
- Immerse the sensor into warm oil of a known temperature and read the temperature on the hydraulic oil thermometer; if the sensor operation is incorrect, replace the sensor with a new one.

Temperature sensor Order number: 1234999





Fill the hydraulic circuit through the filler neck only in emergency!

When filled in this way, the next change interval must be reduced to half, i.e. 1,000 hours or 1 year.

The plug of the tank filler is sealed. If this seal is broken during the guarantee period, the guarantee will expire.

Maintain cleanliness at work. Avoid contaminating the system with materials that may damage important units! Do not open the hydraulic tank uselessly! For cleaning the tank, use agents, which do not release fibres, and do not use chemical detergents. Fill with the oil according to chapter 3.2.4.

 Fill the tank with the specified type of oil through the filler neck.

Mount a new ventilation filter.

Ventilation filter

Order number: 1405919

Note:

When the tank is refilled through the neck, a large portion of the old dirty oil remains in the circuit and the life cycle of the hydraulic units will be shorter.



Every 3000 hours of operation (3 years)

3.6.40 DPF cleaning

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Maintenance as required

3.6.41 Gas strut replacement

 The gas struts are maintenance-free. They do not require any maintenance, such as e.g. lubrication. They are designed according to given requirements and work trouble-free for years. As soon as the struts stop performing their function, replace them with new ones.

Gas strut

Order number: 1520574



Before beginning to replace the gas strut, secure the engine bonnet against free fall.

There is a risk of injury!



- Use a screwdriver to pull out the clamps and release the struts.
- Pull out the gas strut away from the ball stud.

Installation

- Push the new gas strut on the ball stud.
- The clamp then needs to be safely seated.



Do not install the gas strut if it is damaged due to mechanical handling.

Use genuine parts only!



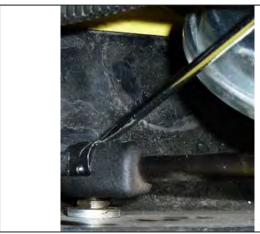
If you do not need the gas struts any more, dispose of them environmentally.







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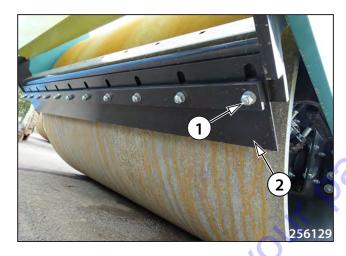


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3.6.42 Scrapers adjustment

Scrapers for the smooth drum

 Loosen bolts (1), see fig., and move scraper (2) towards the drum to the distance of 15 mm (0.6 in) between the scraper and the drum.

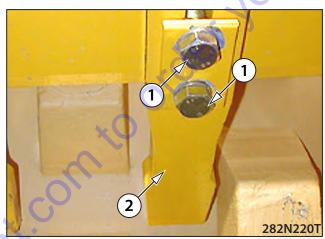


Scrapers for the taper foot drum

• Loosen bolts (1) and move individual scrapers (2) towards the drum to the distance of 25 mm (1 in).

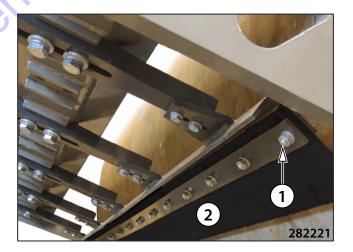


If you set too short distance between the scraper and drum, they may get into contact when cornering with the machine.



Contact scrapers made of Polytan (OPTION)

Loosen bolts (1) and move scraper (2) towards the drum.



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3.6.43 Machine cleaning

- Clean the machine from major impurities after finishing your work.
- Perform overall cleaning regularly at least once in a week.
 When working in cohesive soils, cement and lime stabilisation's, the overall cleaning must be performed daily.



Blind all openings into which the cleaning agent might penetrate (e.g. engine inlet opening) prior to pressure water washing. Remove these blinders after washing the machine.

Do not expose electric parts or insulation material to direct water or steam flow. Always cover such materials (inside of the alternator etc.).

Disconnect batteries using the isolating master switch.

Work with stopped engine.

Do not use aggressive and highly inflammable cleaning agents (e.g. petrol or highly inflammable materials).



Follow environmental standards and regulations when cleaning the machine!

Clean the machine in a site equipped with an intercepting system for cleaning agents so that the soil and water sources are not contaminated!

Do not use forbidden cleaning agents!

3.6.44 Fuel system venting

- Vent the fuel system before the first start in the following cases:
 - Unless fuel filters have been filled with fuel upon filter replacement
 - Upon fuel pump replacement
 - Following fuel system repair
 - Long-term shut-down of the machine
 - When the tank is empty



Low-pressure piping and filter venting:

- Prepare a suitable vessel.
- Set the key to position "I".
- Release the bleed screw on the fuel filter.
- Bleed the system and tighten the screw.



Do not bleed when the engine is hot, the leaking fuel can cause a fire.

Follow safety regulations!

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Do not smoke and do not use an open flame while working on the fuel system!



Stop the fuel soaking into the ground!

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3.6.45 DPF (diesel particulate filter) clogging regeneration

Diesel particulate filter (DPF)

- It absorbs solid particles contained in exhaust gases and reduces fine dust in the emissions produced by diesel engines.
- Conditions for maintaining the DPF in a fully functional state.
 - Use fuels with low sulphur content.
 - Use only the oil recommended by the engine manufacturer
 - Do not interfere with the DPF, do not tamper with it.
 - Do not interfere with the DPF if it was damaged or hit.

Diesel particulate filter regeneration

- A process in which the diesel particulate filter burns solid particles accumulated inside.
- Diesel particulate filter regeneration can be done in two ways.

A) Passive regeneration

Occurs due to the high temperature of exhaust gases without any interaction between the operator and the machine.

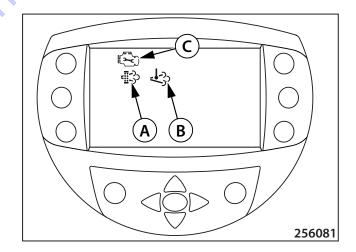
B) Active regeneration – parking

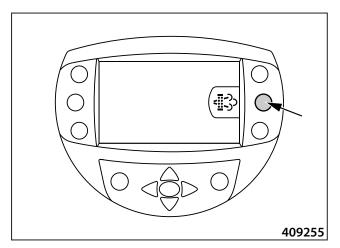
- Regeneration is required if the filter clogging exceeds a limit when it is not possible to clean the filter in the previous way.
- The regeneration requirement is indicated by the flashing indicator lamp (A).
- Before starting regeneration, follow these steps:
- Place the machine on a level and firm surface in an open and well-ventilated area.
- Warm up the machine to the operating temperature. The coolant temperature must be around 50 °C.
- Set the travel lever to the parking brake position "P".
- The fuel tank must be filled to at least ¼ of the maximum capacity.

Note:

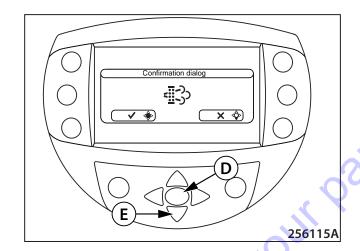
Interfering with any of the above controls during active regeneration will automatically stop the regeneration process.

To start regeneration, press the DPF regeneration button.





- After you press the regeneration button, a confirmation dialog will appear.
- Press the middle button (D) to confirm the start of the DPF regeneration.
- Press the lower button (E) to cancel the start of the DPF regeneration.

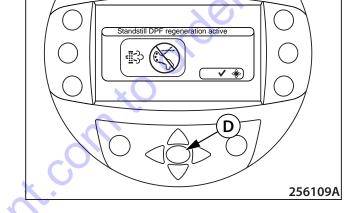


- After the start of the DPF regeneration is confirmed, the following information dialog will appear:
 - DPF regeneration enabled
 - it is forbidden to move with the travel control

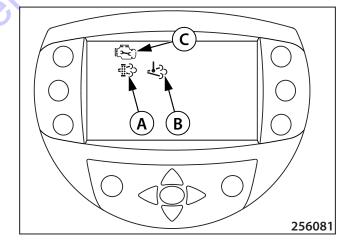
Note

The dialog will appear when the DPF regeneration is started or if the function is enabled and the operator has not pressed any button for more than 60 seconds.

The dialog can be confirmed by pressing the middle button (D).



- The running regeneration is indicated by lighting indicator (A) and (B).
- Once the DPF is cleaned, the process automatically stops.





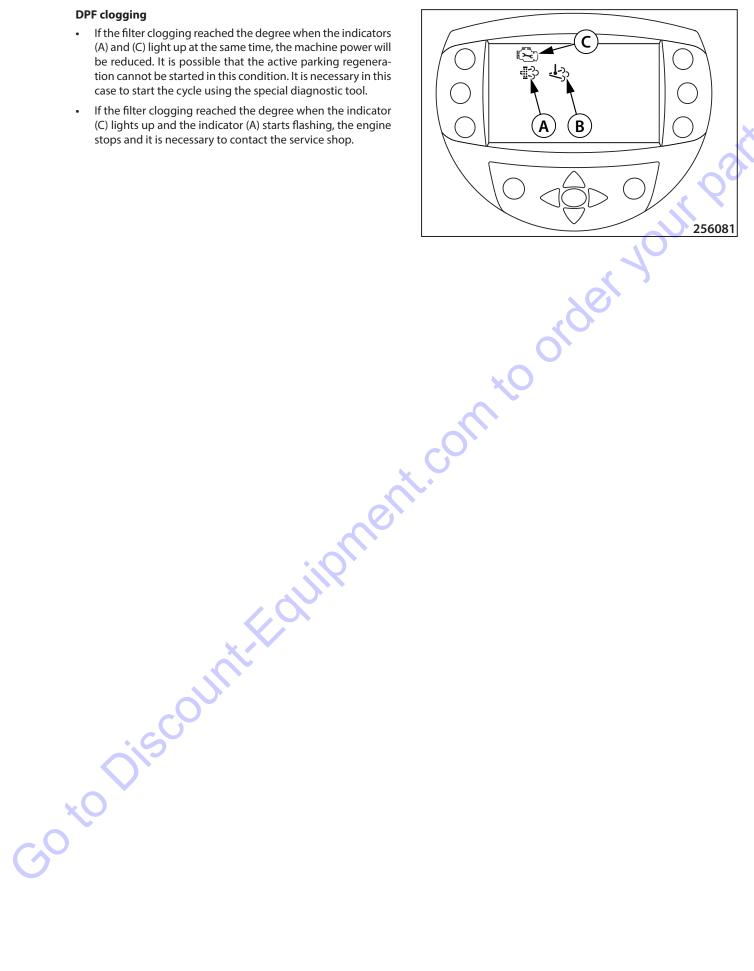
After the regeneration has been completed, let the machine for 10 min at least run at idle to remove excessive heat generated during the process from the engine compartment.

Ignoring a request of the machine for regeneration results in DPF damage.

Long-term and/or repeated suppression of regeneration results in DPF damage. If a regeneration cycle is interrupted (e.g. during parking regeneration), the whole process must be repeated.

DPF clogging

- If the filter clogging reached the degree when the indicators (A) and (C) light up at the same time, the machine power will be reduced. It is possible that the active parking regeneration cannot be started in this condition. It is necessary in this case to start the cycle using the special diagnostic tool.
- If the filter clogging reached the degree when the indicator (C) lights up and the indicator (A) starts flashing, the engine stops and it is necessary to contact the service shop.



3.6.46 Charging of the battery

- Only use chargers with an appropriate rated voltage. Check that the charger is strong enough to charge the battery not too strong to charge with excessive current.
- Read and observe the operating manual of the charger manufacturer.
- Check that the ventilation holes in the battery cover are not dirty or clogged and that gases can escape freely.
- Connect the positive terminal (+) of the battery to the positive terminal of the charger.
- Connect the negative terminal (-) of the battery to the negative terminal of the charger.
- Turn on the charger only after connecting the battery.
- Charge the battery with current corresponding to one tenth of the battery capacity.
- After charging, first turn off the charger and then disconnect the cables from the battery.
- The battery is fully charged, if:
 - electric current and voltage remain constant in the case of voltage-controlled chargers,
 - the charging voltage in the case of current-controlled chargers does not increase within two hours, the automatic charger turns off or switches to maintaining charge.

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Use rubber gloves and eye protection devices when handling the battery.

Use suitable clothing to protect your skin against contact with the electrolyte.

After eye contact with the battery electrolyte, immediately flush the affected eye thoroughly with running water for several minutes. Then seek medical advice.

After ingestion of the electrolyte drink large quantities of milk, water or suspension of magnesium hydroxide in water.

In case of skin contact with electrolyte, remove your clothing and shoes, wash the affected skin immediately with soap and water or with solution of water and soda. Then seek medical advice.

Do not eat, drink and smoke while working!

After completing the work, wash your hands and face thoroughly with water and soap!

Do not check that a wire is live by touching the machine frame.



When working with the battery always follow instructions of the battery manufacturer!

Never charge a frozen battery or battery with a temperature above 45 °C.

Stop charging if the battery is hot or leaking acid.

Check that the ventilation holes in the battery cover are not dirty or clogged and that gases can escape freely. If the ventilation holes are clogged, gases can accumulate inside the battery and irreversibly damage it.

Never make direct conductive connection between both poles of the battery to avoid a short circuit and a risk of explosion of the battery.



Do not turn the battery upside down, the electrolyte can flow out.

If the electrolyte is spilled, wash the affected area with water and neutralize with lime.

Hand over the old inoperative battery for disposal.

3.6.47 Screw connection tightening check

• Check regularly that no bolted connections have been slackened. Use torque spanners to tighten.

	Torque				Torque				
	For 8,8 B	olts (8G)	For 10,9 B	olts (10K)		For 8,8 Bolts (8G)		For 10,9 B	olts (10K)
Thread	Nm	lb ft	Nm	lb ft	Thread	Nm	lb ft	Nm	lb ft
M6	10	7.4	14	10.3	M18x1.5	220	162.2	312	230.1
M8	24	25.0	34	25.0	M20	390	287.6	550	405.6
M8x1	19	14.0	27	19.9	M20x1.5	312	230.1	440	324.5
M10	48	35.4	67	49.4	M22	530	390.9	745	549.4
M10x1.25	38	28.0	54	39.8	M22x1.5	425	313.4	590	435.1
M12	83	61.2	117	86.2	M24	675	497.8	950	700.6
M12x1.25	66	48.7	94	69.3	M24x2	540	398.2	760	560.5
M14	132	97.3	185	136.4	M27	995	733.8	1400	1032.5
M14x1.5	106	78.2	148	109.1	M27x2	795	586.3	1120	826.0
M16	200	147.5	285	210.2	M30	1350	995.7	1900	1401.3
M16x1.5	160	118.0	228	168.1	M30x2	1080	796.5	1520	1121.0
M18	275	202.8	390	287.6					

Values given in the Table are the torques at dry tread (at coefficient of friction = 0.14). Such values do NOT apply to a greased thread.

Table of torques used for cap nuts with sealing "O" ring - hoses

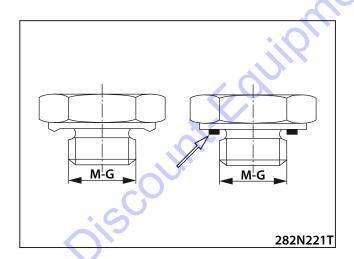
				Torqu	es for cap nut	s incl. "O" ring	- hoses	
				Nm			lb ft	
Spanner Size	Thread	Pipe	Nominal	Min	Max	Nominal	Min	Max
14	12x1.5	6	20	15	25	15	11	18
17	14x1.5	8	38	30	45	28	22	33
19	16x1.5	8	45	38	52	33	28	38
22	18x1.5	10 12	51	43	58	38	32	43
24	20x1.5	12	58	50	65	43	37	48
27	22x1.5	14 15	74	60	88	55	44	65
30	24x1.5	16	74	60	88	55	44	65
32	26x1.5	18	105	85	125	77	63	92
36	30x2	20 22	135	115	155	100	85	114
41	262	25	166	140	100	122	102	142
46	36x2	28	166	140	192	122	103	142
50	42x2	30	240	210	270	177	155	199
	45x2	35	290	255	325	214	188	240
50	52x2	38	330	280	380	243	207	280
	3272	42	330	200	300	273	207	200

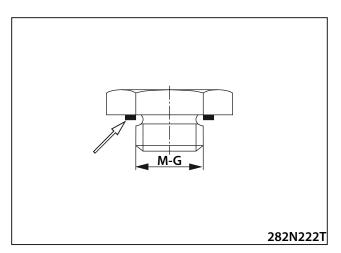
Chart for torques of necks with sealing edge or with flat gasket

Chart for torques of	f plugs with	flat gasket
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	Neck Torques		
G -M	Nm	lb ft	
G 1/8	25	18	
G 1/4	40	30	
G 3/8	95	70	
G 1/2	130	96	
G 3/4	250	184	
G 1	400	295	
G 11/4	600	443	
G 11/2	800	590	
10 x 1	25	18	
12 x 1.5	30	22	
14 x 1.5	50	37	
16 x 1.5	60	44	
18 x 1.5	60	44	
20 x 1.5	140	103	
22 x 1.5	140	103	
26 x1.5	220	162	
27 x 1.5	250	184	
33 x 1.5	400	295	
42 x 1.5	600	443	
48 x 1.5	800	590	

	Plug Torques			
G -M	Nm	lb ft		
G 1/8	15	11		
G 1/4	33	24		
G 3/8	70	52		
G 1/2	90	66		
G 3/4	150	111		
G 1	220	162		
G 11/4	600	443		
G 11/2	800	590		
		3		
10 x 1	13	10		
12 x 1.5	30	22		
14 x 1.5	40	30		
16 x 1.5	60	44		
18 x 1.5	70	52		
20 x 1.5	90	66		
22 x 1.5	100	74		
26 x1.5	120	89		
27 x 1.5	150	111		
33 x 1.5	250	184		
42 x 1.5	400	295		
48 x 1.5	500	369		







Usually, defects are caused by incorrect operation of the machine. Therefore, in case of any troubles read again properly through the instructions given in the operation and maintenance manual for the machine and engine. If you cannot identify the cause, contact a service department of an authorised dealer or the manufacturer.



Troubleshooting in hydraulic and electric systems requires knowledge of these systems; therefore a service department of an authorised dealer or the manufacturer should be called to solve these problems.

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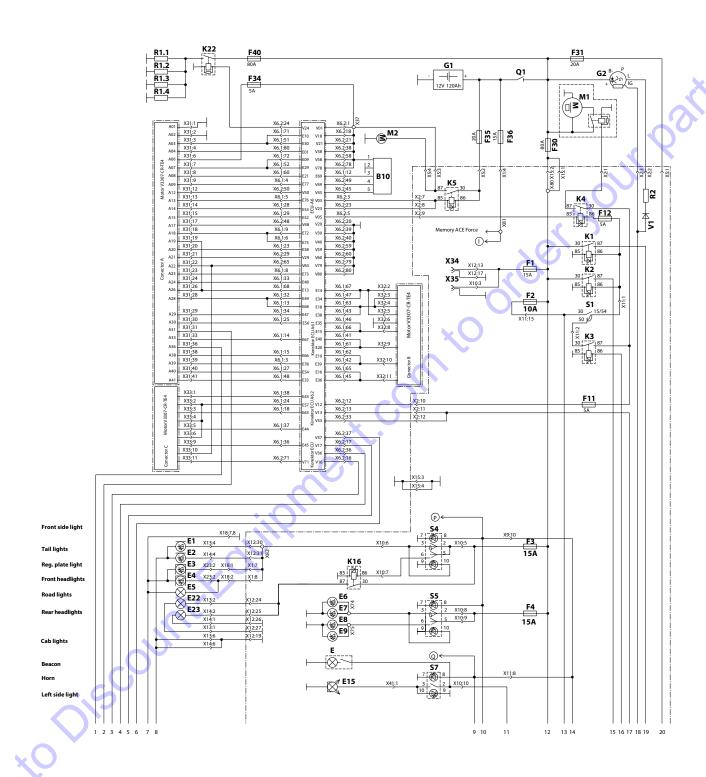
Wiring diagram

Seat switch; Motor Tier 4f; ATC module; Murphy – Power view (the diagram represents the machine with maximum number of control elements and accessories)

Legend:

A1	Direction light interrupter	G2	Alternator	S19	Vibration switch Manual/Auto-
A2	Control unit	H1	Horn		matic
A4	Gessmann lever	H2	Back signal horn	S36	Coolant level
A5	Display	K1-20	Relay	S37	Air filter
A6	Engine computer - ECU	K22	Engine heating contactor	S38	Water in fuel sensor
A7	Air-conditioning	M1	Starter	S40	Heater fan switch
A8	Time relay - rear window hea-	M2	Fuel pump	S41	Front wiper switch
	ting	M6	Front windscreen wiper	S42	Rear wiper switch
A10	Autoradio	M7	Rear windscreen wiper	S43	Windscreen washer switch
A11	Heating	M8	Front windscreen washer	S44	Rear window heating switch
A12	Front wiper intermittent	M9	Rear windscreen washer	S47	Air-condition overpressure
A13	Rear wiper intermittent	Q1	Battery disconnector	\// \// \	safety element
A20	Telematic	R1	Engine pre-heating	V1, V10-13	
A21	Tachograph	R2, R5	Resistor	X1-99	Connections
B1	Vibrator frequency sensor	R6	Rear window heating		Mounting socket
В3	Left hydraulic motor speed sensor	R8	Horn switch	X36	Engine Kubota diagnostics socket
В6	Fuel level indicator	S1	Ignition box	X64	CAN2 diagnostics socket
B10	Air weight	S4	Road lighting switch	X65	CAN1 diagnostics socket
C1	Interference suppression filter	S5	Working lighting switch	X68	Display diagnostic socket
E1, E2	Front outline lights	S7	Beacon switch	Y5	Cooling fan
E3, E4	Tail lights	S8	Horn button	Y6	RTM differential lock
E5	Number plate lighting	S9	Direction lights switch	Y8	Small vibration
E6, E7	Front working headlamps	S10	Warning lights switch	Y9	Big vibration
E8, E9	Rear working headlamps	S11	Emergency brake	Y10	Fast travel – drum
E14	Lighting in the cab	\$12	Service switch	Y11	Fast travel – left wheel
E15	Beacon	S13	Hydraulic tank float	Y12	Fast travel – right wheel
E16, E17	Left direction lights	S14	Parking brake switch	Y13	Reverse travel
E18, E19	Right direction lights	S15	Hydraulic oil temperature	Y14	Forward travel
E20, E21	Brake lights	64.6	sensor	Y15	Park brake
E22, E23	Road headlamps	S16	Hydraulic oil filter pressure switch	Y23	Coupling of the air-conditio-
F1-40	Flat safety fuses	S17	Seat switch		ning compressor
G1	Battery 120Ah	S18	Vibration switch Small/Big		

The texts are given only in the original language version or as a translation of the original into the English language version.



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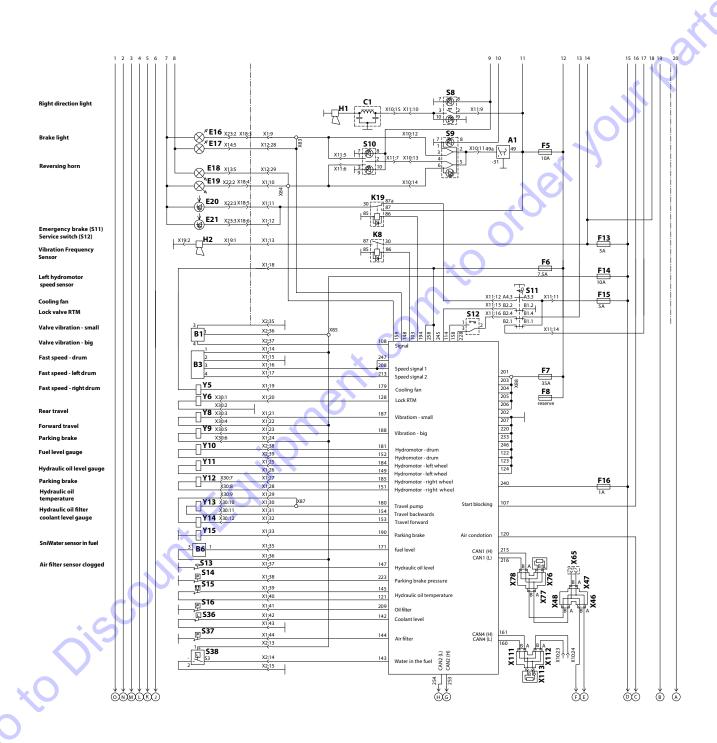
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A7	Air-conditioning	M1	Starter	S40	Heater fan switch
A8	Time relay - rear window hea-	M2	Fuel pump	S41	Front wiper switch
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A12	Front wiper intermittent	M9	Rear windscreen washer	S47	Air-condition overpressure safety element
A13	Rear wiper intermittent	Q1	Battery disconnector	V1, V10-1	
A20	Telematic	R1	Engine pre-heating	X1-99	Connections
A21	Tachograph	R2, R5	Resistor	X34, X35	
B1	Vibrator frequency sensor	R6	Rear window heating	X34, X35	•
В3	Left hydraulic motor speed sensor	R8	Horn switch	V20	Engine Kubota diagnostics socket
В6	Fuel level indicator	S1	Ignition box	X64	CAN2 diagnostics socket
B10	Air weight	S4	Road lighting switch	X65	CAN1 diagnostics socket
C1	Interference suppression filter	S5	Working lighting switch	X68	Display diagnostic socket
E1, E2	Front outline lights	S7	Beacon switch	Y5	Cooling fan
E3, E4	Tail lights	S8	Horn button	Y6	RTM differential lock
E5	Number plate lighting	S9	Direction lights switch	Y8	Small vibration
E6, E7	Front working headlamps	S10	Warning lights switch	Y9	Big vibration
E8, E9	Rear working headlamps	S11	Emergency brake	Y10	Fast travel – drum
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E15	Beacon	S13	Hydraulic tank float	Y12	Fast travel – right wheel
E16, E17	Left direction lights	S14	Parking brake switch	Y13	Reverse travel
E18, E19	Right direction lights	S15	Hydraulic oil temperature	Y14	Forward travel
E20, E21	Brake lights	C1.5	sensor	Y15	Park brake
E22, E23	Road headlamps	S16	Hydraulic oil filter pressure switch	Y23	Coupling of the air-conditio-
F1-40	Flat safety fuses	S17	Seat switch		ning compressor
G1	Battery 120Ah	S18	Vibration switch Small/Big		
.					

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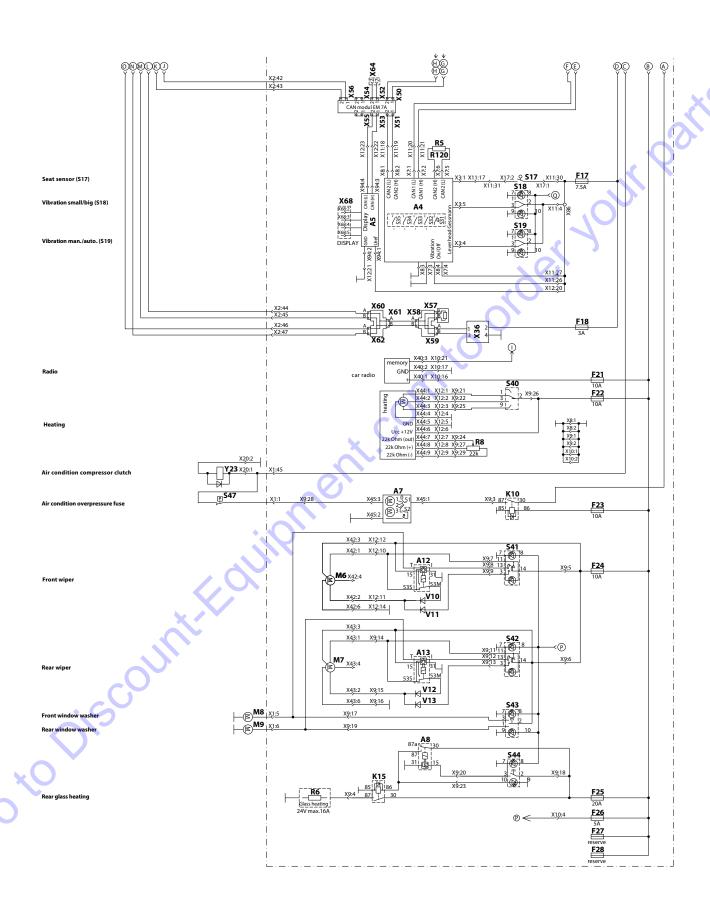
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Legend:

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	ting	M6	Front windscreen wiper	S42	Rear wiper switch
A10	Autoradio	M7	Rear windscreen wiper	S43	Windscreen washer switch
A11	Heating	M8	Front windscreen washer	S44	Rear window heating switch
A12	Front wiper intermittent	M9	Rear windscreen washer	S47	Air-condition overpressure
A13	Rear wiper intermittent	Q1	Battery disconnector	\// \// \	safety element
A20	Telematic	R1	Engine pre-heating	V1, V10-13	
A21	Tachograph	R2, R5	Resistor	X1-99	Connections
B1	Vibrator frequency sensor	R6	Rear window heating		Mounting socket
В3	Left hydraulic motor speed sensor	R8	Horn switch	X36	Engine Kubota diagnostics socket
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C1	Interference suppression filter	S5	Working lighting switch	X68	Display diagnostic socket
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E5	Number plate lighting	S9	Direction lights switch	Y8	Small vibration
E6, E7	Front working headlamps	S10	Warning lights switch	Y9	Big vibration
E8, E9	Rear working headlamps	S11	Emergency brake	Y10	Fast travel – drum
E14	Lighting in the cab	\$12	Service switch	Y11	Fast travel – left wheel
E15	Beacon	S13	Hydraulic tank float	Y12	Fast travel – right wheel
E16, E17	Left direction lights	S14	Parking brake switch	Y13	Reverse travel
E18, E19	Right direction lights	S15	Hydraulic oil temperature	Y14	Forward travel
E20, E21	Brake lights	64.6	sensor	Y15	Park brake
E22, E23	Road headlamps	S16	Hydraulic oil filter pressure switch	Y23	Coupling of the air-conditio-
F1-40	Flat safety fuses	S17	Seat switch		ning compressor
G1	Battery 120Ah	S18	Vibration switch Small/Big		

The texts are given only in the original language version or as a translation of the original into the English language version.



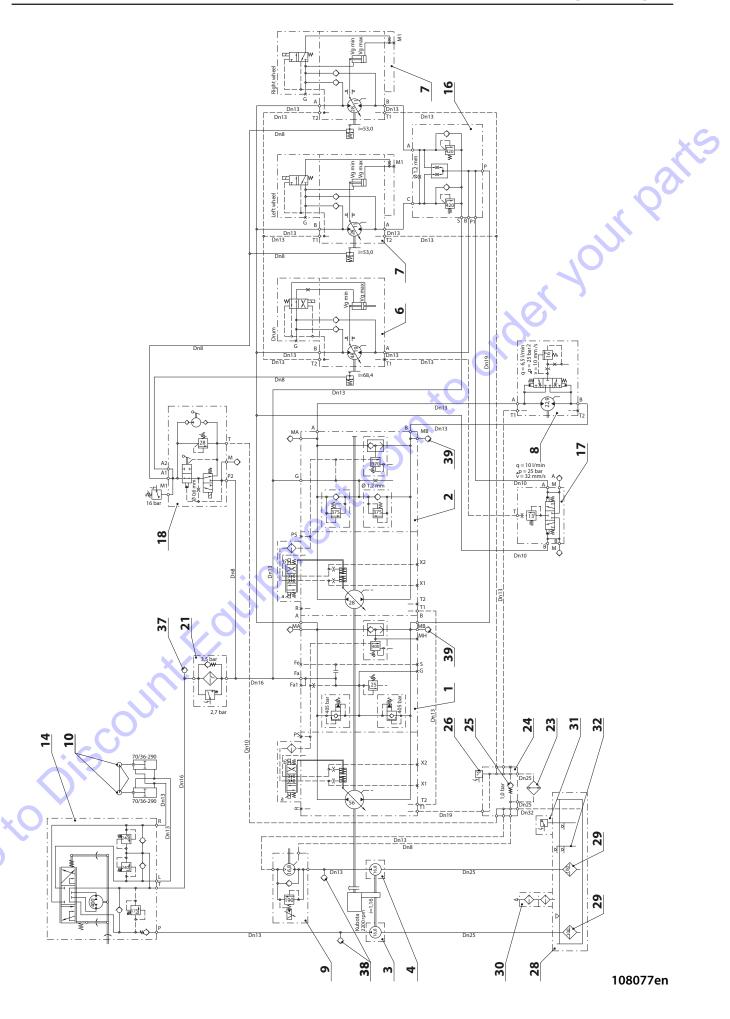
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Hydraulic diagram - wheel lock

Legend:

- Travel pump 1

- Co to Discount. Equipment. com to order your partis



Hydraulic diagram - ATC inter-axle lock

Legend:

- Travel pump 1

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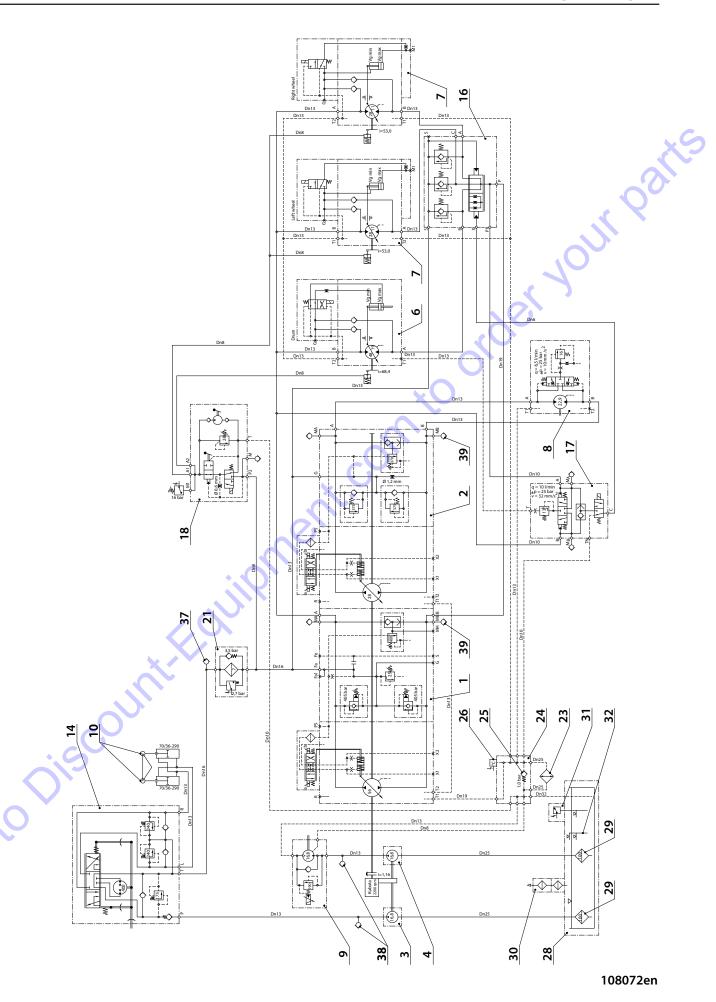


Table of spare parts

Chapter	Spare part	Order number
Every 20 hours of o	peration (daily)	
3.6.6	Dust valve	1-952454
Every 250 hours of o	operation (every 3 months)	
3.6.12	Fan	1510573
Every 500 hours of o	operation (6 months)	O)),
3.6.20	Fuel filter	1536168
3.6.20	Fuel filter	1536169
3.6.23	Oil filter	1536674
3.6.24	Air filter	1583817
3.6.24	Air filter	1542180
3.6.26	Air-conditioning filte	4-32925
Every 1000 hours of	operation (1 year)	
3.6.28	Air filter cartridge (external)	54-5970026112
3.6.28	Air filter cartridge (internal)	54-5523126150
3.6.28	Dust valve	1-952454
3.6.29	Rubber metal element	4-920000030
3.6.29	Rubber metal element	1402721
3.6.29	Rubber metal element	1403130
3.6.29	Rubber metal element	1515888
Every 2000 hours of	operation (2 years)	
3.6.39	Sealing tape	4-5422250006
3,6.39	Hydraulic oil filter	4-5358520121
3.6.39	Hydraulic unit 230 V	1251998
3.6.39	Hydraulic unit 110 V	1255297
3.6.39	Temperature sensor	1234999
3.6.39	Ventilation filter	1405919
Maintenance as req	uired	
3.6.41	Gas strut	1520574

Content of the set of filters after 500 operating hours (4-760266)

Chapter	Spare part	Number of parts	Order number
3.6.20	Fuel filter	1	1536168
3.6.20	Fuel filter	1	1536169
3.6.23	Oil filter	1	1536674
3.6.24	Air filter	1	1583817
3.6.24	Air filter	1	1542180
3.6.26	Air-conditioning filte	1	4-32925

Content of the set of filters after 1000 operating hours (4-760267)

Chapter	Spare part	Number of parts	Order number
3.6.20	Fuel filter	1	1536168
3.6.20	Fuel filter	X 1	1536169
3.6.23	Oil filter	1	1536674
3.6.24	Air filter	1	1583817
3.6.24	Air filter	1	1542180
3.6.26	Air-conditioning filte	1	4-32925
3.6.28	Air filter cartridge (external)	1	54-5970026112
3.6.28	Air filter cartridge (internal)	1	54-5523126150

Content of the set of filters after 2000 operating hours (4-760268)

Chapter	Spare part	Number of parts	Order number
3.6.20	Fuel filter	1	1536168
3.6.20	Fuel filter	1	1536169
3.6.23	Oil filter	1	1536674
3.6.24	Air filter	1	1583817
3.6.24	Air filter	1	1542180
3.6.26	Air-conditioning filte	1	4-32925
3.6.28	Air filter cartridge (external)	1	54-5970026112
3.6.28	Air filter cartridge (internal)	1	54-5523126150
3.6.39	Ventilation filter	1	1405919
3.6.39	Hydraulic oil filter	1	4-5358520121

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