

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing a Honda engine. We want to help you to get the best results from your new engine and to operate it safely. This manual contains information on how to do that; please read it carefully before operating the engine. If a problem should arise, or if you have any questions about your engine, consult Discount-equipment.

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This manual should be considered a permanent part of the engine and should remain with the engine if resold.

Review the instructions provided with the equipment powered by this engine for any additional information regarding engine startup, shutdown, operation, adjustments or any special maintenance instructions.

United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands:

We suggest you read the warranty policy to fully understand its coverage and your responsibilities of ownership. The warranty policy is a separate document that should have been given to you by Discount-equipment.

SAFETY MESSAGES

Your safety and the safety of others are very important. We have provided important safety messages in this manual and on the engine. Please read these messages carefully.

A safety message alerts you to potential hazards that could hurt you or others. Each safety message is preceded by a safety alert symbol  and one of three words, DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION.

These signal words mean:

 DANGER

You WILL be KILLED or SERIOUSLY HURT if you don't follow instructions.

 WARNING

You CAN be KILLED or SERIOUSLY HURT if you don't follow instructions.

 CAUTION

You CAN be HURT if you don't follow instructions.

Each message tells you what the hazard is, what can happen, and what you can do to avoid or reduce injury.

DAMAGE PREVENTION MESSAGES

You will also see other important messages that are preceded by the word NOTICE.

This word means:

NOTICE

Your engine or other property can be damaged if you don't follow instructions.

The purpose of these messages is to help prevent damage to your engine, other property, or the environment.

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37ZDJ800
00X37-ZDJ-8000

GXR120 (RAMMER)

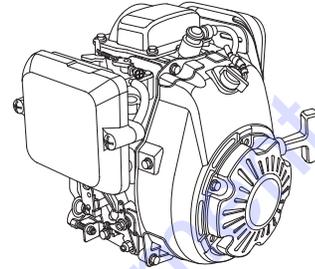
ENGLISH

HONDA

OWNER'S MANUAL MANUEL DE L'UTILISATEUR MANUAL DEL PROPIETARIO

GXR120

FOR RAMMER-TYPE COMPACTORS



WARNING:

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

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ENGLISH

FRANÇAIS

ESPAÑOL

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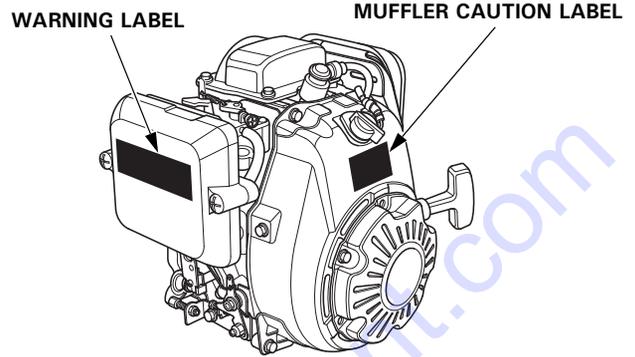
We sell worldwide for the brands: Genie, Terex, JLG, MultiQuip, Mikasa, Essick, Whiteman, Mayco, Toro Stone, Diamond Products, Generac Magnum, Airman, Haulotte, Barreto, Power Blanket, Nifty Lift, Atlas Copco, Chicago Pneumatic, Allmand, Miller Curber, Skyjack, Lull, Skytrak, Tsurumi, Husquvarna Target, Stow, Wacker, Sakai, Mi-T-M, Sullair, Basic, Dynapac, MBW, Weber, Bartell, Bennar Newman, Haulotte, Ditch Runner, Menegotti, Morrison, Contec, Buddy, Crown, Edco, Wyco, Bomag, Laymor, EZ Trench, Bil-Jax, F.S. Curtis, Gehl Pavers, Heli, Honda, ICS/PowerGrit, IHI, Partner, Imer, Clipper, MMD, Koshin, Rice, CH&E, General Equipment, Amida, Coleman, NAC, Gradall, Square Shooter, Kent, Stanley, Tamco, Toku, Hatz, Kohler, Robin, Wisconsin, Northrock, Oztec, Toker TK, Rol-Air, APT, Wylie, Ingersoll Rand / Doosan, Innovatech, Con X, Ammann, Mecalac, Makinex, Smith Surface Prep, Small Line, Wanco, Yanmar

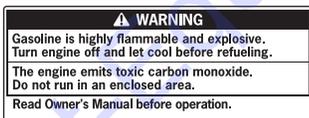
SAFETY INFORMATION

- Understand the operation of all controls and learn how to stop the engine quickly in case of emergency. Make sure the operator receives adequate instruction before operating the equipment.
- Do not allow children to operate the engine. Keep children and pets away from the area of operation.
- Your engine's exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide. Do not run the engine without adequate ventilation, and never run the engine indoors.
- The engine and exhaust become very hot during operation. Keep the engine at least 1 meter (3 feet) away from buildings and other equipment during operation. Keep flammable materials away, and do not place anything on the engine while it is running.

SAFETY LABEL LOCATION

This label warns you of potential hazards that can cause serious injury. Read it carefully. If the label comes off or becomes hard to read, contact Discount-equipment.

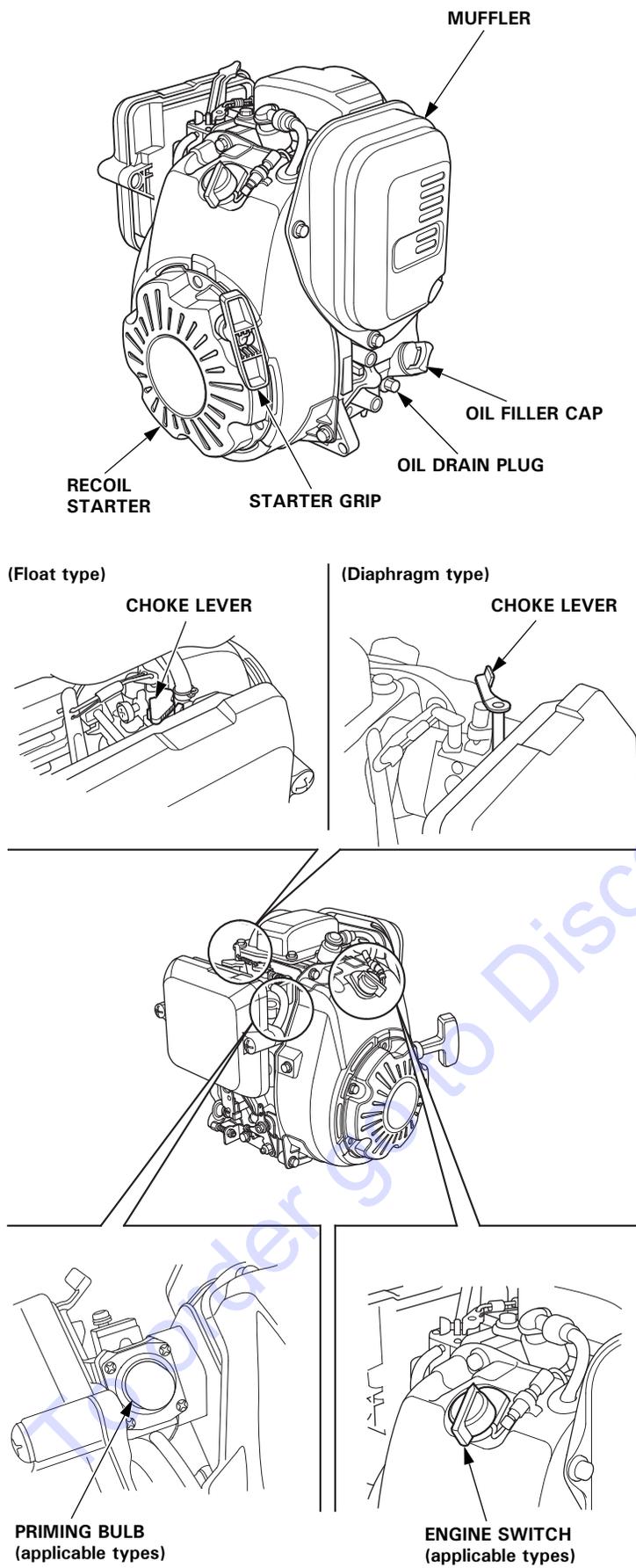


WARNING LABEL	For EU	Except EU
	attached to product	supplied with product
	supplied with product	attached to product
	supplied with product	supplied with product

MUFFLER CAUTION LABEL	For EU	Except EU
	not included	supplied with product
	supplied with product	attached to product
	supplied with product	supplied with product

-  Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. Stop the engine and let cool before refueling.
-  The engine emits toxic poisonous carbon monoxide gas. Do not run in an enclosed area.
-  Read Owner's Manual before operation.
-  Hot muffler can burn you. Stay away if engine has been running.

COMPONENT & CONTROL LOCATIONS



FEATURES

Oil Alert® System (applicable types)

“Oil Alert is a registered trademark in the United States”

The Oil Alert system is designed to prevent engine damage caused by an insufficient amount of oil in the crankcase. Before the oil level in the crankcase can fall below a safe limit, the Oil Alert system will prevent the engine from starting.

If the engine will not start, check the engine oil level (see page 7) before troubleshooting in other areas.

BEFORE OPERATION CHECKS

IS YOUR ENGINE READY TO GO?

For your safety, and to maximize the service life of your equipment, it is very important to take a few moments before you operate the engine to check its condition. Be sure to take care of any problem you find, or have your servicing dealer correct it, before you operate the engine.

⚠ WARNING

Improperly maintaining this engine, or failure to correct a problem before operation, can cause a malfunction in which you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Always perform a pre-operation inspection before each operation, and correct any problem.

Before beginning your pre-operation checks, be sure the engine is level and the engine switch is in the OFF position.

Always check the following items before you start the engine:

Check the General Condition of the Engine

1. Look around and underneath the engine for signs of oil or gasoline leaks.
2. Remove any excessive dirt or debris, especially around the muffler and recoil starter.
3. Look for signs of damage.
4. Check that all shields and covers are in place, and all nuts, bolts, and screws are tightened.

Check the Engine

1. Check the fuel level. Starting with a full tank will help to eliminate or reduce operating interruptions for refueling.
2. Check the engine oil level (see page 7). Running the engine with a low oil level can cause engine damage.
3. Check the air filter element (see page 8). A dirty air filter element will restrict air flow to the carburetor, reducing engine performance.
4. Check the equipment powered by this engine.

Review the instructions provided with the equipment powered by this engine for any precautions and procedures that should be followed before engine startup.

OPERATION

SAFE OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

Before operating the engine for the first time, please review the *SAFETY INFORMATION* section on page 2 and the *BEFORE OPERATION CHECKS* on page 3.

For your safety, do not operate the engine in an enclosed area such as a garage. Your engine's exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that can collect rapidly in an enclosed area and cause illness or death.

⚠ WARNING

Exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that can build up to dangerous levels in closed areas. Breathing carbon monoxide can cause unconsciousness or death.

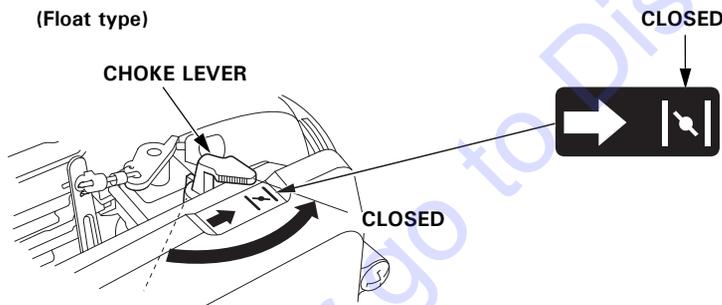
Never run the engine in a closed, or even partly closed area where people may be present.

Review the instructions provided with the equipment powered by this engine for any safety precautions that should be observed with engine startup, shutdown or operation.

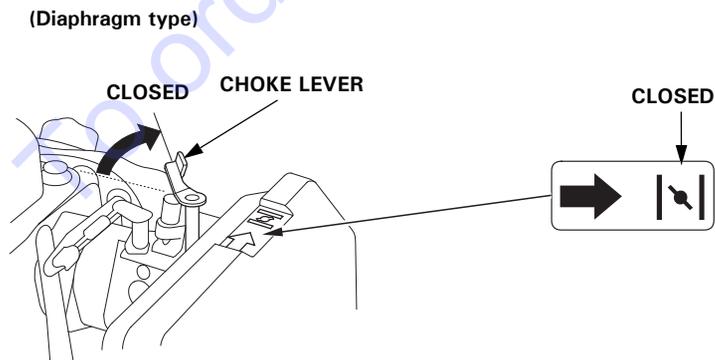
STARTING THE ENGINE

1. If the fuel tank is equipped with a valve, be sure the fuel valve and fuel filler cap vent are in the OPEN or ON position before attempting to start the engine. For specific instructions on fuel valve and fuel filler cap vent operation, refer to the instructions provided with the equipment powered by this engine.
2. To start a cold engine, move the choke lever to the CLOSED position.

(Float type)



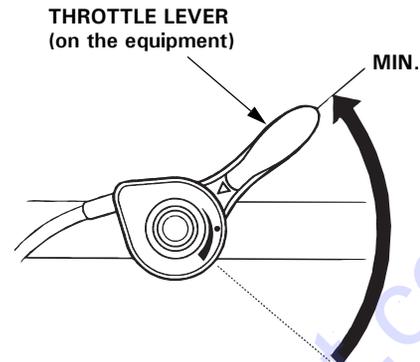
(Diaphragm type)



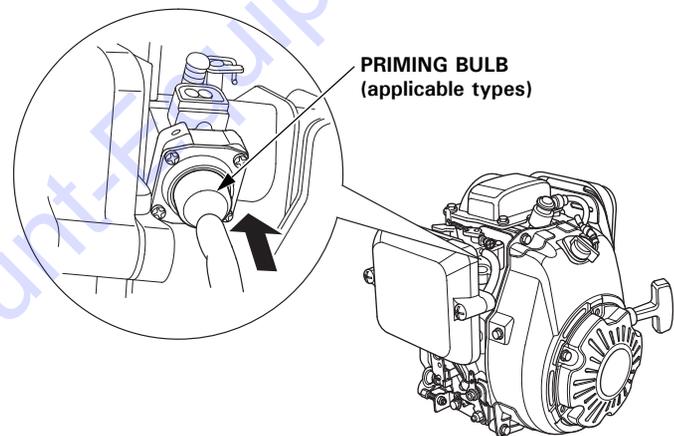
To restart a warm engine, leave the choke lever in the OPEN position.

4

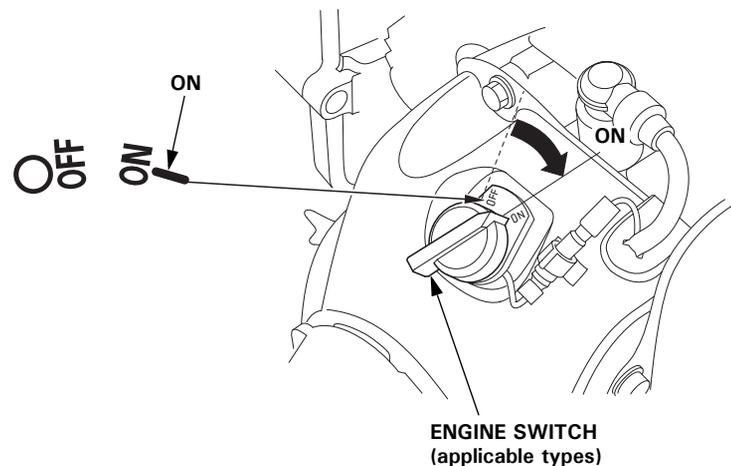
3. Move the throttle lever to the MIN. position. The throttle lever is mounted on the equipment powered by this engine. Refer to the instructions provided with that equipment for information about your specific throttle control.



4. Press the priming bulb (applicable types) repeatedly.

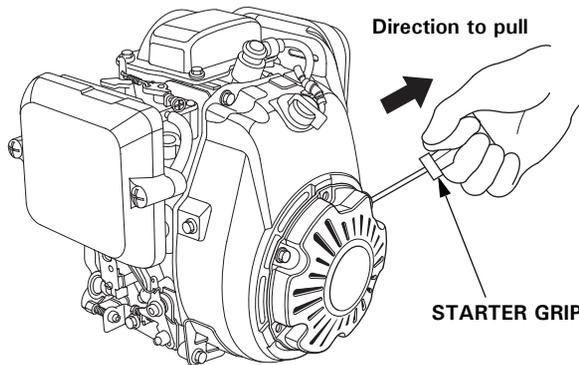


5. Turn the engine switch (applicable types) to the ON position.



ENGLISH

- Pull the starter grip lightly until you feel resistance, then pull briskly in the direction of the arrow as shown below. Return the starter grip gently.

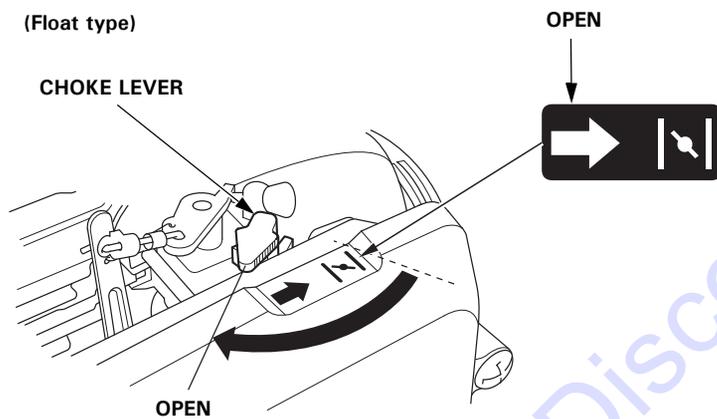


NOTICE

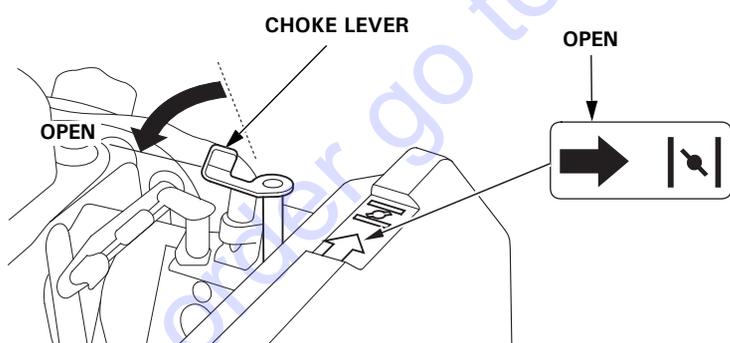
Do not allow the starter grip to snap back against the engine. Return it gently to prevent damage to the starter.

- If the choke lever was moved to the CLOSED position to start the engine, gradually move it to the OPEN position as the engine warms up.

(Float type)



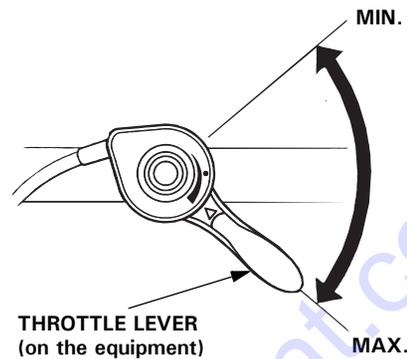
(Diaphragm type)



SETTING ENGINE SPEED

Position the throttle lever for the desired engine speed.

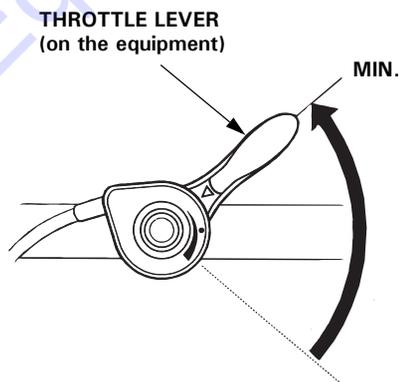
For engine speed recommendations, refer to the instructions provided with the equipment powered by this engine.



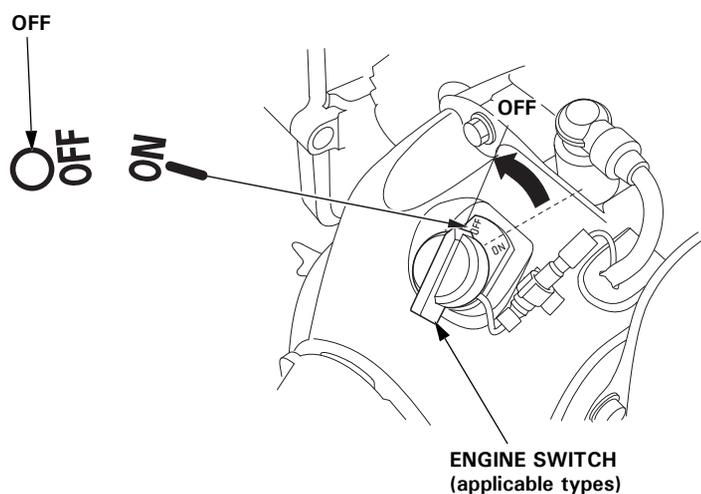
STOPPING THE ENGINE

To stop the engine in an emergency, simply turn the engine switch to the OFF position. Under normal conditions, use the following procedure. Refer to the instructions provided by the equipment manufacturer.

- Move the throttle lever to the MIN. position.



- Turn the engine switch (applicable types) to the OFF position.



- If the fuel tank is equipped with a fuel valve or a fuel filler cap with a vent, turn them to the CLOSED or OFF position.

SERVICING YOUR ENGINE

THE IMPORTANCE OF MAINTENANCE

Good maintenance is essential for safe, economical and trouble-free operation. It will also help reduce pollution.

⚠ WARNING

Improper maintenance, or failure to correct a problem before operation, can cause a malfunction in which you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Always follow the inspection and maintenance recommendations and schedules in this owner's manual.

To help you properly care for your engine, the following pages include a maintenance schedule, routine inspection procedures, and simple maintenance procedures using basic hand tools. Other service tasks that are more difficult, or require special tools, are best handled by professionals and are normally performed by a Honda technician or other qualified mechanic.

The maintenance schedule applies to normal operating conditions. If you operate your engine under severe conditions, such as sustained high-load or high-temperature operation, or use in unusually wet or dusty conditions, consult Discount-equipment for recommendations applicable to your individual needs and use. **Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any engine repair establishment or individual, using parts that are "certified" to EPA standards.**

MAINTENANCE SAFETY

Some of the most important safety precautions follow. However, we cannot warn you of every conceivable hazard that can arise in performing maintenance. Only you can decide whether or not you should perform a given task.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to properly follow maintenance instructions and precautions can cause you to be seriously hurt or killed.

Always follow the procedures and precautions in this owner's manual.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Make sure the engine is off before you begin any maintenance or repairs. To prevent accidental startup, disconnect the spark plug cap. This will eliminate several potential hazards:
 - **Carbon monoxide poisoning from engine exhaust.**
Operate outside away from open windows or doors.
 - **Burns from hot parts.**
Let the engine and exhaust system cool before touching.
 - **Injury from moving parts.**
Do not run the engine unless instructed to do so.
- Read the instructions before you begin, and make sure you have the tools and skills required.
- To reduce the possibility of fire or explosion, be careful when working around gasoline. Use only a non-flammable solvent, not gasoline, to clean parts. Keep cigarettes, sparks and flames away from all fuel related parts.

Remember that Discount-equipment knows your engine best and is fully equipped to maintain and repair it.

To ensure the best quality and reliability, use only new Honda Genuine parts or their equivalents for repair and replacement.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

REGULAR SERVICE PERIOD (1) Perform at every indicated month or operating hour interval, whichever comes first.		Each use	First month or 20 hrs.	Every 3 months or 50 hrs.	Every 6 months or 100 hrs.	Every year or 300 hrs.	Refer to page
ITEM							
Engine oil	Check level	o					7
	Change		o		o		8
Air cleaner	Check	o					8
	Clean			o (2)	o (2)		9
	Replace					o (*)	
Spark plug	Check-adjust				o		9
	Replace					o	
Idle speed	Check-adjust					o (3)	Shop manual
Valve clearance	Check-adjust					o (3)	Shop manual
Combustion chamber	Clean	After every 500 hrs. (3)					Shop manual
Fuel tube	Check	Every 2 years (Replace if necessary) (3)					Shop manual

(*) Replace paper element type only.

- (1) For commercial use, log hours of operation to determine proper maintenance intervals.
- (2) Service more frequently when used in dusty areas.
- (3) These items should be serviced by your servicing dealer, unless you have the proper tools and are mechanically proficient. Refer to the Honda shop manual for service procedures.

Failure to follow this maintenance schedule could result in non-warrantable failures.

REFUELING

Recommended Fuel

Unleaded gasoline	
U. S.	Pump octane rating 86 or higher
Except U. S.	Research octane rating 91 or higher
	Pump octane rating 86 or higher

This engine is certified to operate on unleaded gasoline with a pump octane rating of 86 or higher (a research octane rating of 91 or higher).

Refuel in a well ventilated area with the engine stopped. If the engine has been running, allow it to cool first. Never refuel the engine inside a building where gasoline fumes may reach flames or sparks.

You may use unleaded gasoline containing no more than 10% ethanol (E10) or 5% methanol by volume. In addition, methanol must contain cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors. Use of fuels with content of ethanol or methanol greater than shown above may cause starting and/or performance problems. It may also damage metal, rubber, and plastic parts of the fuel system. Engine damage or performance problems that result from using a fuel with percentages of ethanol or methanol greater than shown above are not covered under the Warranty.

If your equipment will be used on an infrequent or intermittent basis, please refer to the "Fuel" section of the *STORING YOUR ENGINE* chapter (see page 10) for additional information regarding fuel deterioration.

Never use stale or contaminated gasoline or an oil/gasoline mixture. Avoid getting dirt or water in the fuel tank.

⚠ WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive, and you can be burned or seriously injured when refueling.

- Stop the engine and keep heat, sparks, and flame away.
- Refuel only outdoors.
- Wipe up spills immediately.

NOTICE

Fuel can damage paint and some types of plastic. Be careful not to spill fuel when filling your fuel tank. Damage caused by spilled fuel is not covered under the Distributor's Limited Warranty.

Never use stale or contaminated gasoline or an oil/gasoline mixture. Avoid getting dirt or water in the fuel tank.

Refuel carefully to avoid spilling fuel.

Move at least 1 meter (3 feet) away from the fueling source and site before starting the engine.

Keep gasoline away from appliance pilot lights, barbecues, electric appliances, power tools, etc.

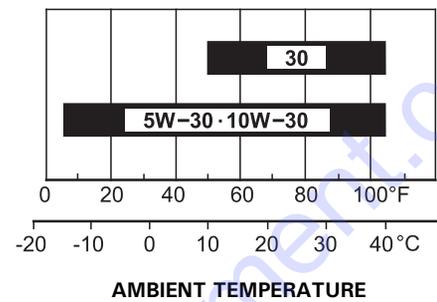
Spilled fuel is not only a fire hazard, it causes environmental damage. Wipe up spills immediately.

ENGINE OIL

Oil is a major factor affecting performance and service life. Use 4-stroke automotive detergent oil.

Recommended Oil

Use 4-stroke motor oil that meets or exceeds the requirements for API service category SJ or later (or equivalent). Always check the API service label on the oil container to be sure it includes the letters SJ or later (or equivalent).



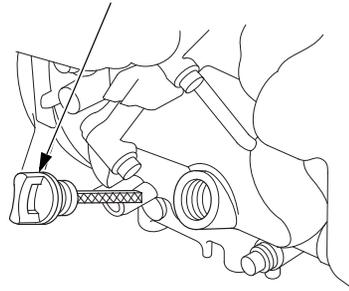
SAE 10W-30 is recommended for general use. Other viscosities shown in the chart may be used when the average temperature in your area is within the indicated range.

Oil Level Check

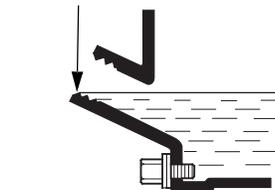
Check the engine oil level with the engine stopped and in a level position.

1. Remove the oil filler cap.
2. Check the oil level. If it is below the upper limit, fill with the recommended oil to the upper limit.
3. Reinstall the oil filler cap securely.

OIL FILLER CAP



UPPER LIMIT



NOTICE

Running the engine with a low oil level can cause engine damage. This type of damage is not covered by the Distributor's Limited Warranty.

The Oil Alert system (applicable types) will automatically stop the engine before the oil level falls below the safe limit. However, to avoid the inconvenience of an unexpected shutdown, always check the engine oil level before startup.

Oil Change

Drain the used oil when the engine is warm. Warm oil drains quickly and completely.

1. Place a suitable container below the engine to catch the used oil, then remove the oil filler cap, oil drain plug and sealing washer.
2. Allow the used oil to drain completely, then reinstall the oil drain plug and a new sealing washer, and tighten the oil drain plug securely.

NOTICE

Please dispose of used motor oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment. We suggest you take used oil in a sealed container to your local recycling center or service station for reclamation. Do not throw it in the trash, pour it on the ground, or pour it down a drain.

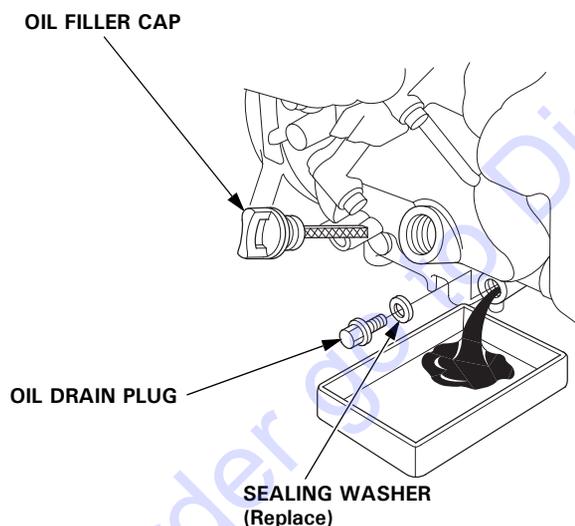
3. With the engine in a level position, fill with the recommended oil (see page 7) to the upper limit.

NOTICE

Running the engine with a low oil level can cause engine damage. This type of damage is not covered by the Distributor's Limited Warranty.

The Oil Alert system (applicable types) will automatically stop the engine before the oil level falls below the safe limit. However, to avoid the inconvenience of an unexpected shutdown, fill to the upper limit, and check the oil level regularly.

4. Screw in the oil filler cap securely.



AIR CLEANER

A dirty air cleaner will restrict air flow to the carburetor, reducing engine performance. If you operate the engine in very dusty areas, clean the air filter more often than specified in the *MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE* (see page 6).

NOTICE

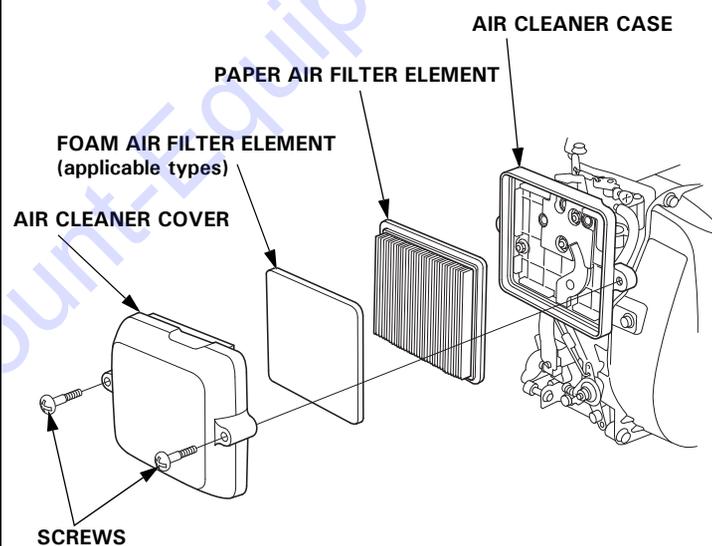
Operating the engine without an air filter element, or with a damaged air filter element, will allow dirt to enter the engine, causing rapid engine wear. This type of damage is not covered by the Distributor's Limited Warranty.

Inspection

Remove the two screws and the air cleaner cover. Inspect the air filter elements. Clean or replace dirty air filter elements. Always replace damaged air filter elements.

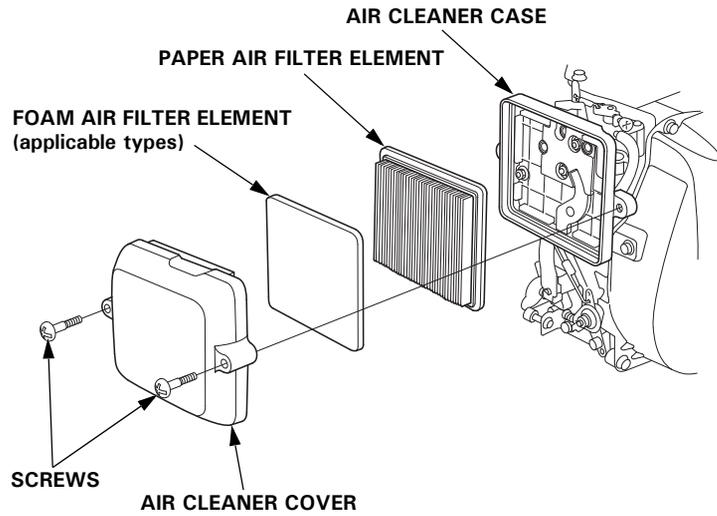
Refer to page 9 for cleaning instructions.

Reinstall the air filter elements and air cleaner cover.



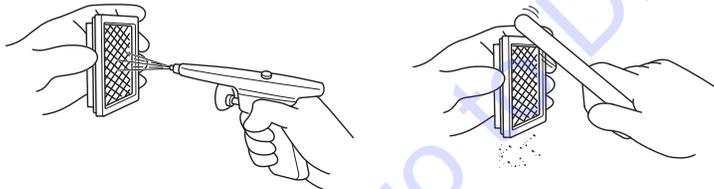
Cleaning

1. Remove two screws from the air cleaner cover, and remove the cover.
2. Remove the foam air filter element from the cover.
3. Remove the paper air filter element from the air cleaner case.

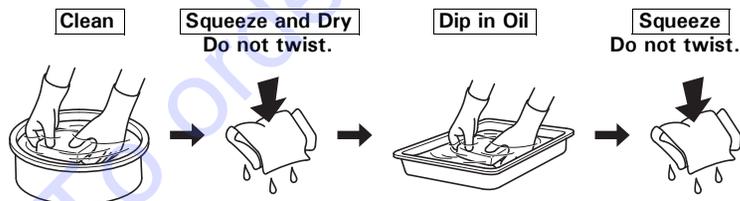


4. Inspect both air filter elements, and replace them if they are damaged. Always replace the paper air filter element at the scheduled interval (see page 6).
5. Clean the air filter elements if they are to be reused.

Paper air filter element: Tap the paper air filter element several times on a hard surface to remove dirt, or blow compressed air [not exceeding 207 kPa (2.1 kgf/cm², 30 psi)] through the filter element from the air cleaner case side. Never try to brush off dirt; brushing will force dirt into the fibers. Replace the paper air filter element if it is excessively dirty.



Foam air filter element: Clean in warm soapy water, rinse, and allow to dry thoroughly. Or clean in non-flammable solvent and allow to dry. Do not put oil on the foam air filter element.



6. Wipe dirt from the inside of the air cleaner case and cover using a moist rag. Be careful to prevent dirt from entering the air duct that leads to the carburetor.
7. Place the foam air filter element to the air cleaner cover, then reinstall the paper air filter element and cover to the air cleaner case.
8. Install the air cleaner cover, and tighten the two screws securely.

SPARK PLUG

Recommended Spark Plugs: CR5HSB (NGK)
U16FSR-UB (DENSO)

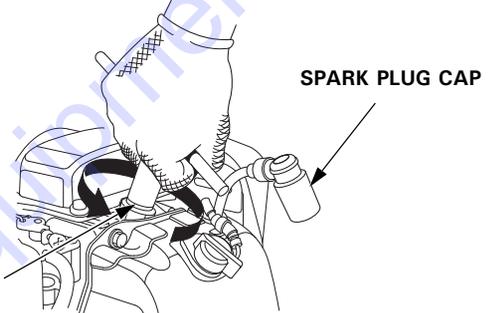
The recommended spark plug has the correct heat range for normal engine operating temperatures.

NOTICE

An incorrect spark plug can cause engine damage.

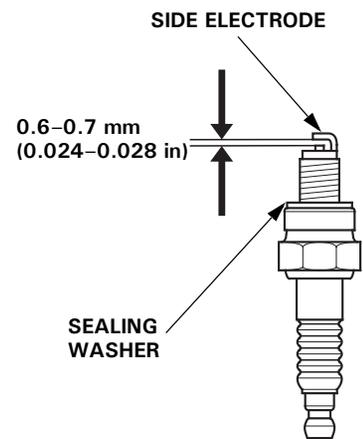
For good performance, the spark plug must be properly gapped and free of deposits.

1. Disconnect the spark plug cap, and remove any dirt from around the spark plug area.
2. Remove the spark plug with a 16 mm (5/8-inch) spark plug wrench.



3. Inspect the spark plug. Replace it if damaged or badly fouled, if the sealing washer is in poor condition, or if the electrode is worn.

4. Measure the spark plug electrode gap with a wire-type feeler gauge. Correct the gap, if necessary, by carefully bending the side electrode. The gap should be: 0.6–0.7 mm (0.024–0.028 in)



5. Install the spark plug carefully, by hand, to avoid cross-threading.
6. After the spark plug is seated, tighten with a 16 mm (5/8-inch) spark plug wrench to compress the sealing washer.
7. When installing a new spark plug, tighten 1/2 turn after the spark plug seats to compress the washer.
8. When reinstalling the original spark plug, tighten 1/8–1/4 turn after the spark plug seats to compress the washer.

NOTICE

A loose spark plug can overheat and damage the engine. Overtightening the spark plug can damage the threads in the cylinder head.

9. Attach the spark plug cap to the spark plug.

HELPFUL TIPS & SUGGESTIONS

STORING YOUR ENGINE

Storage Preparation

Proper storage preparation is essential for keeping your engine trouble-free and looking good. The following steps will help to keep rust and corrosion from impairing your engine's function and appearance, and will make the engine easier to start when you use it again.

Cleaning

If the engine has been running, allow it to cool for at least half an hour before cleaning. Clean all exterior surfaces, touch up any damaged paint, and coat other areas that may rust with a light film of oil.

NOTICE

Using a garden hose or pressure washing equipment can force water into the air cleaner or muffler opening. Water in the air cleaner will soak the air filter, and water that passes through the air filter or muffler can enter the cylinder, causing damage.

Fuel

NOTICE

Depending on the region where you operate your equipment, fuel formulations may deteriorate and oxidize rapidly. Fuel deterioration and oxidation can occur in as little as 30 days and may cause damage to the carburetor and/or fuel system. Please check with your servicing dealer for local storage recommendations.

Gasoline will oxidize and deteriorate in storage. Deteriorated gasoline will cause hard starting, and it leaves gum deposits that clog the fuel system. If the gasoline in your engine deteriorates during storage, you may need to have the carburetor and other fuel system components serviced or replaced.

The length of time that gasoline can be left in your fuel tank and carburetor without causing functional problems will vary with such factors as gasoline blend, your storage temperatures, and whether the fuel tank is partially or completely filled. The air in a partially filled fuel tank promotes fuel deterioration. Very warm storage temperatures accelerate fuel deterioration. Fuel deterioration problems may occur within a few months, or even less if the gasoline was not fresh when you filled the fuel tank.

Fuel system damage or engine performance problems resulting from neglected storage preparation are not covered under the *Distributor's Limited Warranty*.

You can extend fuel storage life by adding a gasoline stabilizer that is formulated for that purpose, or you can avoid fuel deterioration problems by draining the fuel tank and carburetor.

Adding a Gasoline Stabilizer to Extend Fuel Storage Life

When adding a gasoline stabilizer, fill the fuel tank with fresh gasoline. If only partially filled, air in the tank will promote fuel deterioration during storage. If you keep a container of gasoline for refueling, be sure that it contains only fresh gasoline.

1. Add gasoline stabilizer following the manufacturer's instructions.
2. After adding a gasoline stabilizer, run the engine outdoors for 10 minutes to be sure that treated gasoline has replaced the untreated gasoline in the carburetor.
3. Stop the engine.

Draining the Fuel Tank and Carburetor

⚠ WARNING

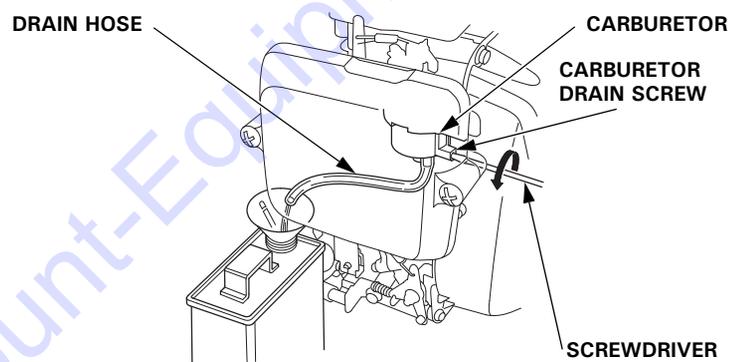
Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive, and you can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel.

- Stop the engine and keep heat, sparks, and flame away.
- Handle fuel only outdoors.
- Wipe up spills immediately.

1. Drain the fuel tank, following the instructions of the equipment manufacturer.

(Float type only)

2. Place an approved gasoline container below the carburetor, and use a funnel to avoid spilling fuel.
3. Loosen the carburetor drain screw, and drain the carburetor into an approved gasoline container. After draining is completed, tighten the carburetor drain screw.



Engine Oil

1. Change the engine oil (see page 8).
2. Remove the spark plug (see page 9).
3. Pour a teaspoon 5–10 cm³ (5–10 cc) of clean engine oil into the cylinder.
4. Pull the starter grip several times to distribute the oil in the cylinder.
5. Reinstall the spark plug.
6. Pull the starter grip slowly until resistance is felt. This will close the valves so moisture cannot enter the engine cylinder. Return the starter grip gently.

Storage Precautions

If your engine will be stored with gasoline in the fuel tank and carburetor, it is important to reduce the hazard of gasoline vapor ignition. Select a well ventilated storage area away from any appliance that operates with a flame, such as a furnace, water heater, or clothes dryer. Also avoid any area with a spark-producing electric motor, or where power tools are operated.

If possible, avoid storage areas with high humidity, because that promotes rust and corrosion.

Keep the engine level in storage. Tilting can cause fuel or oil leakage.

Unless all fuel has been drained from the fuel tank, leave the fuel valve and fuel filler cap vent in the CLOSED or OFF position to reduce the possibility of fuel leakage.

With the engine and exhaust system cool, cover the engine to keep out dust. A hot engine and exhaust system can ignite or melt some materials. Do not use sheet plastic as a dust cover. A nonporous cover will trap moisture around the engine, promoting rust and corrosion.

Removal from Storage

Check your engine as described in the *BEFORE OPERATION CHECKS* section of this manual (see page 3).

If the fuel was drained during storage preparation, fill the tank with fresh gasoline. If you keep a container of gasoline for refueling, be sure it contains only fresh gasoline. Gasoline oxidizes and deteriorates over time, causing hard starting.

If the cylinder was coated with oil during storage preparation, the engine will smoke briefly at startup. This is normal.

TRANSPORTING

If the engine has been running, allow it to cool for at least 15 minutes before storing or loading on the transport vehicle. A hot engine and muffler can burn you and can ignite some materials.

Keep the engine level when transporting to reduce the possibility of fuel leakage.

If the fuel tank is equipped with a fuel valve and/or a fuel filler cap vent valve, turn them to the CLOSED or OFF position.

TAKING CARE OF UNEXPECTED PROBLEMS**ENGINE WILL NOT START**

Possible Cause	Correction
Choke open.	Move lever to CLOSED position unless the engine is warm (p. 4).
Engine switch OFF.	Turn engine switch to ON position (p. 4).
Engine oil level low.	Fill with the recommended oil to the proper level (p. 7-8).
Out of fuel.	Refuel (p. 7).
Bad fuel; engine stored without treating or draining gasoline, or refueled with bad gasoline.	Drain fuel tank and carburetor (p. 10). Refuel with fresh gasoline (p. 7).
Spark plug faulty, fouled, or improperly gapped.	Gap or replace spark plug (p. 9).
Spark plug wet with fuel (flooded engine).	Dry and reinstall spark plug (p. 9). Start engine with throttle lever in MAX. position, with choke lever in OPEN position (p. 4-5).
Fuel filter restricted, carburetor malfunction, ignition malfunction, valves stuck, etc.	Take engine to your servicing dealer, or refer to shop manual.

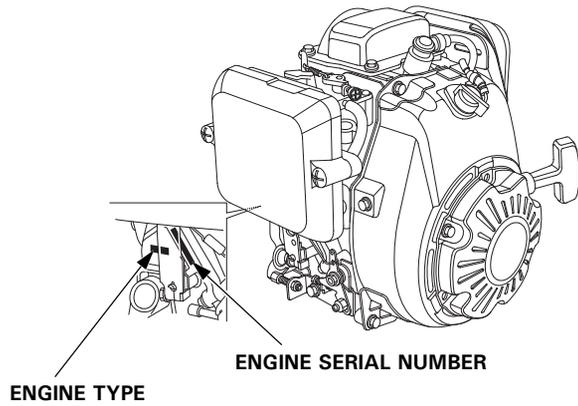
ENGINE LACKS POWER

Possible Cause	Correction
Filter element(s) restricted.	Clean or replace filter element(s) (p. 9).
Bad fuel; engine stored without treating or draining gasoline, or refueled with bad gasoline.	Drain fuel tank and carburetor (p. 10). Refuel with fresh gasoline (p. 7).
Fuel filter restricted, carburetor malfunction, ignition malfunction, valves stuck, etc.	Take engine to your servicing dealer, or refer to shop manual.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION

Record the engine serial number, type and purchase date in the spaces below. You will need this information when ordering parts and when making technical or warranty inquiries.



Engine serial number: _____ - _____

Engine type: _____

Date Purchased: ____ / ____ / ____

CARBURETOR MODIFICATIONS FOR HIGH ALTITUDE OPERATION

At high altitude, the standard carburetor air-fuel mixture will be too rich. Performance will decrease, and fuel consumption will increase. A very rich mixture will also foul the spark plug and cause hard starting. Operation at an altitude that differs from that at which this engine was certified, for extended periods of time, may increase emissions.

High altitude performance can be improved by specific modifications to the carburetor. If you always operate your engine at altitudes above 1,500 meters (5,000 feet), have your servicing dealer perform this carburetor modification. This engine, when operated at high altitude with the carburetor modifications for high altitude use, will meet each emission standard throughout its useful life.

Even with carburetor modification, engine horsepower will decrease about 3.5% for each 300 meter (1,000 foot) increase in altitude. The effect of altitude on horsepower will be greater than this if no carburetor modification is made.

NOTICE

When the carburetor has been modified for high altitude operation, the air-fuel mixture will be too lean for low altitude use. Operation at altitudes below 1,500 meters (5,000 feet) with a modified carburetor may cause the engine to overheat and result in serious engine damage. For use at low altitudes, have your servicing dealer return the carburetor to original factory specifications.

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM INFORMATION

Source of Emissions

The combustion process produces carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, and hydrocarbons. Control of hydrocarbons and oxides of nitrogen is very important because, under certain conditions, they react to form photochemical smog when subjected to sunlight. Carbon monoxide does not react in the same way, but it is toxic.

Honda utilizes appropriate air/fuel ratios and other emissions control systems to reduce the emissions of carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, and hydrocarbons.

Additionally, Honda fuel systems utilize components and control technologies to reduce evaporative emissions.

The U.S., California Clean Air Acts, and Canadian Environment Protection Act

U.S. EPA, California and Canadian regulations require all manufacturers to furnish written instructions describing the operation and maintenance of emission control systems.

The following instructions and procedures must be followed in order to keep the emissions from your Honda engine within the emission standards.

Tampering and Altering

NOTICE

Tampering is a violation of Federal and California law.

Tampering with or altering the emission control system may increase emissions beyond the legal limit. Among those acts that constitute tampering are:

- Removal or alteration of any part of the intake, fuel, or exhaust systems.
- Altering or defeating the governor linkage or speed-adjusting mechanism to cause the engine to operate outside its design parameters.

Problems That May Affect Emissions

If you are aware of any of the following symptoms, have your engine inspected and repaired by your servicing dealer.

- Hard starting or stalling after starting.
- Rough idle.
- Misfiring or backfiring under load.
- Afterburning (backfiring).
- Black exhaust smoke or high fuel consumption.

Replacement Parts

The emission control systems on your new Honda engine were designed, built, and certified to conform with U.S. EPA and Canadian emission regulations. We recommend the use of genuine Honda parts whenever you have maintenance done. These original-design replacement parts are manufactured to the same standards as the original parts, so you can be confident of their performance. The use of replacement parts that are not of the original design and quality may impair the effectiveness of your emission control system.

A manufacturer of an aftermarket part assumes the responsibility that the part will not adversely affect emission performance. The manufacturer or rebuilder of the part must certify that use of the part will not result in a failure of the engine to comply with emission regulations.

Maintenance

Follow the maintenance schedule on page 6. Remember that this schedule is based on the assumption that your machine will be used for its designed purpose. Sustained high-load or high-temperature operation, or use in unusually wet or dusty conditions, will require more frequent service.

SPECIFICATIONS

KRGA-type (basic type)

Length × Width × Height	259 × 294 × 290 mm (10.2 × 11.6 × 11.4 in)
Dry mass [weight]	10.4 kg (22.9 lbs)
Engine type	4-stroke, overhead camshaft, single cylinder
Displacement [Bore × Stroke]	121 cm ³ (7.38 cu-in) [60.0 × 43.0 mm (2.4 × 1.7 in)]
Net power (in accordance with SAE J1349*)	2.7 kW (3.7 PS, 3.6 bhp) at 3,600 rpm
Max. Net torque (in accordance with SAE J1349*)	7.5 N·m (0.76 kgf·m, 5.5 lbf·ft) at 2,500 rpm
Engine oil capacity*1	0.28 L (0.30 US qt, 0.25 Imp qt)
Cooling system	Forced air
Ignition system	Transistor magneto
PTO shaft rotation	Counterclockwise

* 1: When mount for rammer angle is 15°.

* The power rating of the engine indicated in this document is the net power output tested on a production engine for the engine model and measured in accordance with SAE J1349 at 3,600 rpm (Net Power) and at 2,500 rpm (Max. Net Torque). Mass production engines may vary from this value.

Actual power output for the engine installed in the final machine will vary depending on numerous factors, including the operating speed of the engine in application, environmental conditions, maintenance, and other variables.

TUNEUP SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	MAINTENANCE
Spark plug gap	0.6–0.7 mm (0.024–0.028 in)	Refer to page 9
Idle speed	1,850 ± 150 rpm	Refer to shop manual
Valve clearance (cold)	IN: 0.15 ± 0.04 mm EX: 0.20 ± 0.04 mm	See your dealer
Other specifications	No other adjustments needed.	

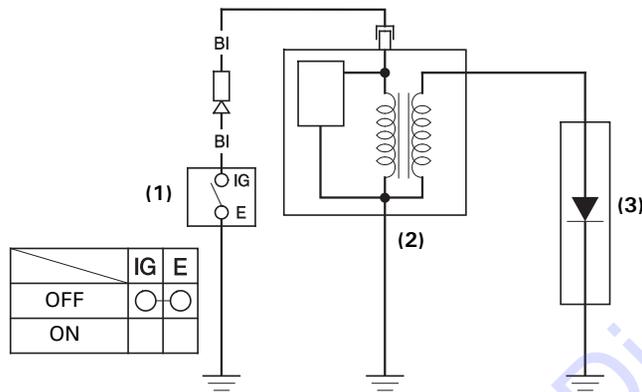
QUICK REFERENCE INFORMATION

Fuel	Unleaded gasoline (Refer to page 7)	
	U.S.	Pump octane rating 86 or higher
	Except U.S.	Research octane rating 91 or higher Pump octane rating 86 or higher
Engine oil	SAE 10W-30, API SJ or later, for general use. Refer to page 7.	
Spark plug	CR5HSB (NGK) U16FSR-UB (DENSO) (Refer to page 9)	
Maintenance	Before each use:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check engine oil level. Refer to page 7. • Check air filter. Refer to page 8. 	
	First 20 hours: Change engine oil. Refer to page 8.	
	Subsequent: Refer to the <i>MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE</i> on page 6.	

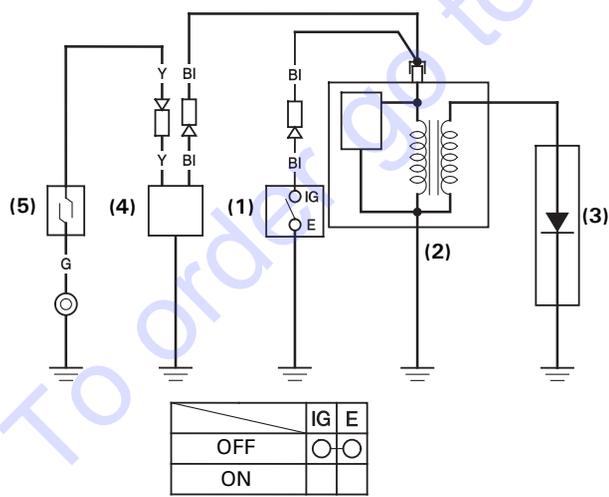
WIRING DIAGRAM

Wiring diagram may vary according to the type.

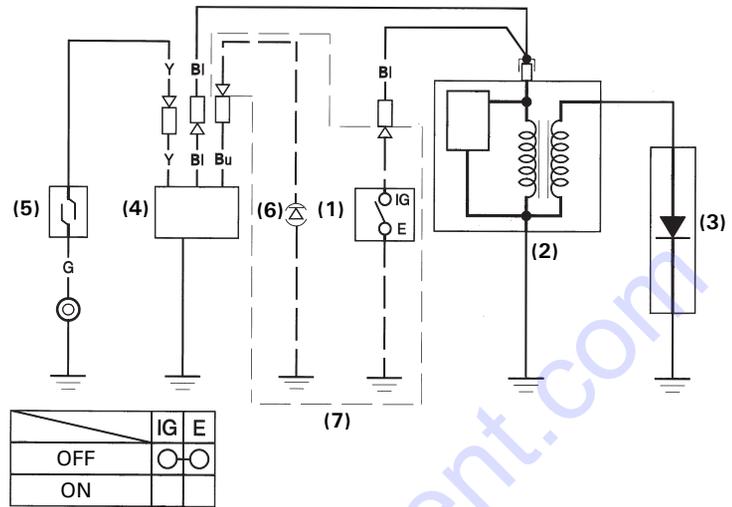
Without Oil Alert



With Oil Alert



With Oil Alert and LED



- (1) ENGINE SWITCH
- (2) IGNITION COIL
- (3) SPARK PLUG
- (4) OIL ALERT UNIT
- (5) OIL LEVEL SWITCH
- (6) LED
- (7) OEM PARTS

Bl	Black	Br	Brown
Y	Yellow	O	Orange
Bu	Blue	Lb	Light blue
G	Green	Lg	Light green
R	Red	P	Pink
W	White	Gr	Gray

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