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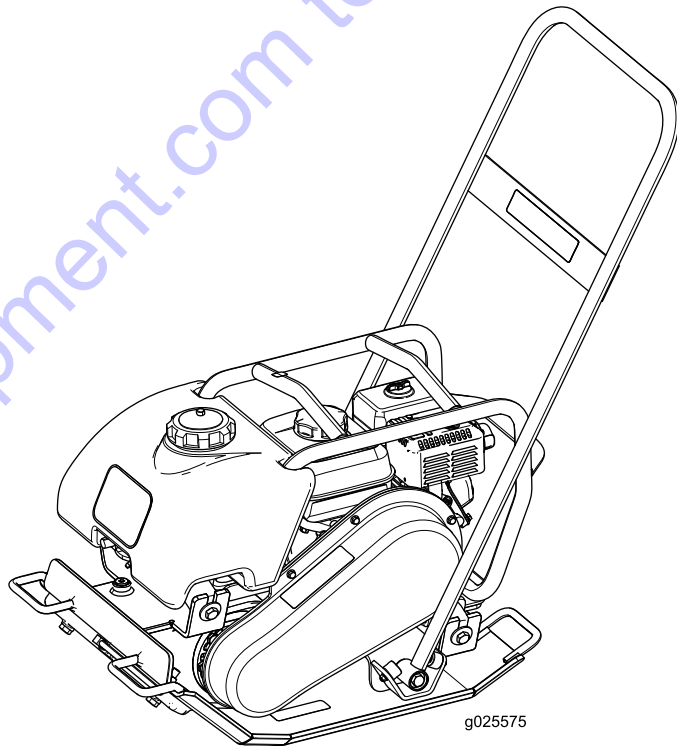
Operator's Manual

FP-Series Forward Plate Compactor

Model No. 68025—Serial No. 314000001 and Up

Model No. 68026—Serial No. 314000001 and Up

Model No. 68027—Serial No. 314000001 and Up



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⚠ WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

This product contains a chemical or chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm.

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

This spark ignition system complies with Canadian ICES-002.

Important: This engine is not equipped with a spark arrester muffler. It is a violation of California Public Resource Code Section 4442 to use or operate the engine on any forest-covered, brush-covered, or grass-covered land. Other states or federal areas may have similar laws.

Introduction

Read this information carefully to learn how to operate and maintain your product properly and to avoid injury and product damage. You are responsible for operating the product properly and safely.

Whenever you need service, genuine Toro parts, or additional information, contact an Authorized Service Dealer or Toro Customer Service and have the model and serial numbers of your product ready. Figure 1 illustrates the location of the model and serial numbers on the product. Write the numbers in the space provided.

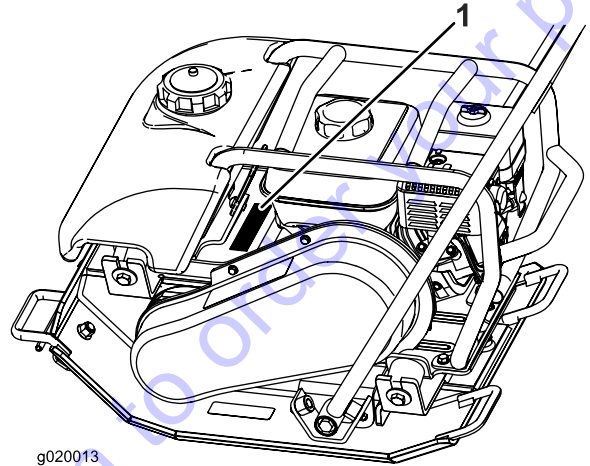
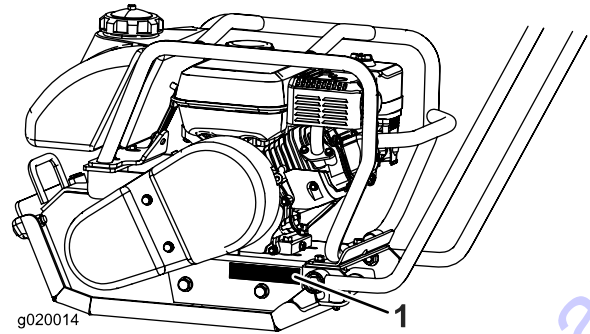


Figure 1

2200—Top; 3000/4000—Bottom

Model No. _____
Serial No. _____

This manual identifies potential hazards and has safety messages identified by the safety alert symbol (Figure 2), which signals a hazard that may cause serious injury or death if you do not follow the recommended precautions.



Figure 2

1. Safety alert symbol

This manual uses 2 words to highlight information.

Important calls attention to special mechanical information and **Note** emphasizes general information worthy of special attention.

Contents

Safety	3
Safe Operating Practices	3
Safety and Instructional Decals	5
Setup	6
Installing the Handle.....	6
Checking the Engine-oil Level.....	6
Checking the Eccentric-oil Level	6
Product Overview	7
Operation	7
Checking the Engine-oil Level.....	7
Cleaning Debris from the Machine.....	8
Adding Fuel.....	8
Compacting Asphalt	9
Starting and Stopping the Engine.....	10
Operating the Compactor.....	11
Transporting the Machine.....	11
Maintenance	12
Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)	12
Disconnecting the Spark-plug Wire.....	12
Engine Maintenance	12
Belt Maintenance.....	16
Storage	18
Troubleshooting	19

Safety

Improper use or maintenance by the operator or owner can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety alert symbol, which means *Caution, Warning, or Danger*—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with the instruction may result in personal injury or death.

Safe Operating Practices

This product is capable of crushing or amputating hands and feet. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious injury or death.

⚠ WARNING

Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, and odorless, deadly poison that can kill you

Do not run the engine indoors or in an enclosed area.

Training

- Read the *Operator's Manual* and other training material. If the operator(s) or mechanic(s) cannot read English, it is the owner's responsibility to explain this material to them.
- Become familiar with the safe operation of the equipment, operator controls, and safety signs.
- All operators and mechanics should be trained. The owner is responsible for training the users.
- Never let children or untrained people operate or service the equipment. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator.
- The owner/user can prevent and is responsible for accidents or injuries occurring to himself or herself, other people or property.

Preparation

- Evaluate the terrain to determine the proper and safe actions to perform the job. Only use accessories and attachments approved by the manufacturer.
- Wear appropriate clothing including hard hat, safety glasses, long pants, safety shoes, and hearing protection. Long hair, loose clothing or jewelry may get tangled in moving parts.
- Inspect the area where the equipment is to be used and remove all objects such as tools, building materials, and personal items which can be damaged by the machine.
- Use extra care when handling fuels. They are flammable and vapors are explosive.
 - Use only an approved container
 - Never remove the fuel cap or add fuel with the engine running. Allow the engine to cool before refueling. Do not smoke.

- Never refuel or drain the machine indoors.

- Ensure that the shields are attached and functioning properly.

Operation

- Never run an engine in an enclosed area.
- Only operate in good light, keeping away from holes and hidden hazards.
- Do not operate in standing water.
- Slow down and use caution when making turns.
- Stop on level ground, set the throttle to slow, and shut off the engine before leaving the operator's position for any reason.
- Ensure that the area is clear of other people before operating the machine. Stop the machine if anyone enters the area.
- Keep pets and bystanders away.
- Keep feet clear of the plate compactor.
- Ear protection is required when operating this equipment.
- Do not operate the machine under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- For foot protection, wear steel toe shoes or toe pads.
- Never operate with the guards not securely in place.
- Do not change the engine governor setting or overspeed the engine.
- Use care when loading or unloading the machine into a trailer or truck.
- Never leave the machine running unattended. Always set the throttle to slow, stop the engine, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving.
- Do not touch parts which may be hot from operation. Allow them to cool before attempting to maintain, adjust, or service.
- Before compacting soil, have the area marked for underground utilities.
- Lightning can cause severe injury or death. If lightning is seen or thunder is heard in the area, do not operate the machine; seek shelter.

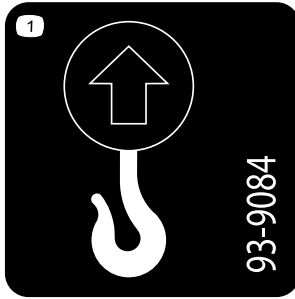
Maintenance and Storage

- Park the machine on a level surface, set the throttle to slow, and stop the engine. Wait for all movement to stop before adjusting, cleaning, or repairing.
- Clean debris from the drives, mufflers, and engine to help prevent fires. Clean up fuel and oil spillage.
- Let the engine cool before storing and do not store near flame.
- Do not store fuel near flames or drain indoors.
- Park the machine on level ground. Never allow untrained personnel to service the machine.
- Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.
- Disconnect the spark plug before making any repairs.
- Keep hands and feet away from moving parts. If possible, do not make adjustments with the engine running.
- Keep all parts in good working condition and all hardware tightened. Replace all worn or damaged decals.
- Keep nuts and bolts tight. Keep equipment in good condition.
- Keep the machine free from the build-up of mud, rocks, or other debris. Clean up oil or fuel spillage. Allow the machine to cool before storing.
- Use extra care when handling fuels. They are flammable and vapors are explosive.
 - Use only an approved container.
 - Never remove the fuel cap or add fuel when the engine is running. Allow the engine to cool before refueling. Do not smoke.
 - Never refuel the machine indoors.
 - Never store the machine or fuel container inside where there is an open flame, such as near a water heater or furnace.
 - Never fill a fuel container while it is inside a vehicle, trunk, pick-up bed, or any surface other than the ground.
 - Keep container nozzle in contact with the tank during filling.
- Stop and inspect the equipment if you strike an object. Make any necessary repairs before restarting.
- Use only genuine Toro replacement parts to ensure that original standards are maintained.

Safety and Instructional Decals



Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or lost.

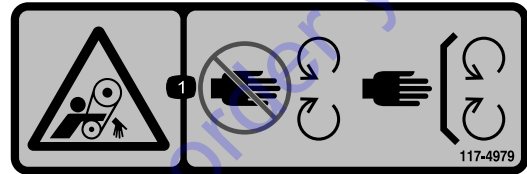


93-9084

1. Lift point

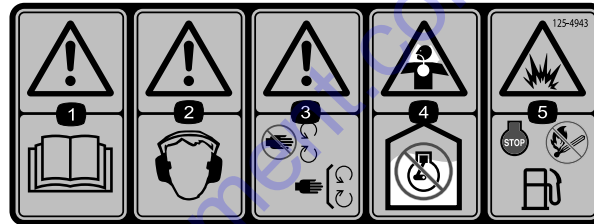
CALIFORNIA SPARK ARRESTER WARNING
Operation of this equipment may create sparks that can start fires around dry vegetation. A spark arrester may be required. The operator should contact local fire agencies for laws or regulations relating to fire prevention requirements. 117-2718

117-2718



117-4979

1. Entanglement hazard, belt—keep away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place



125-4943

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*.
2. Warning—wear hearing protection.
3. Warning—keep away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.
4. Choking hazard—do not operate the machine indoors.
5. Explosion hazard—stop the engine and extinguish all flames before refueling the machine.

Setup

Installing the Handle

Secure each side of the handle to the plate compactor frame using a bolt, flat washer, spacer, bearing, and nut (Figure 3 or Figure 4).

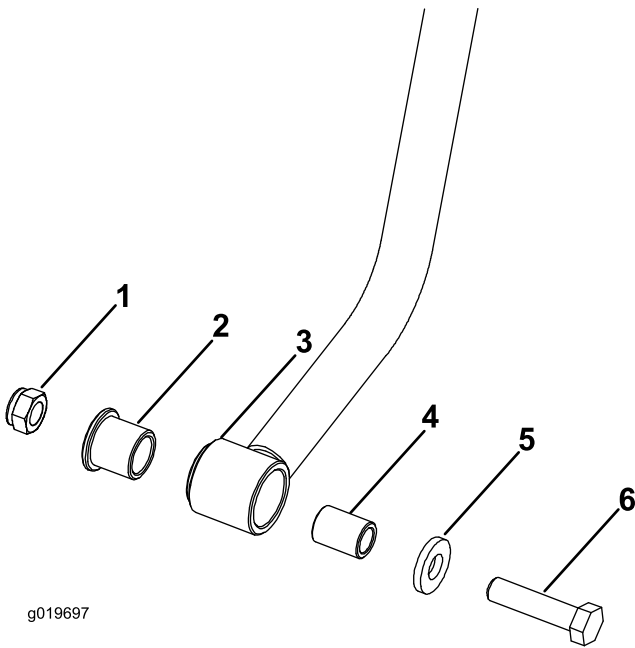
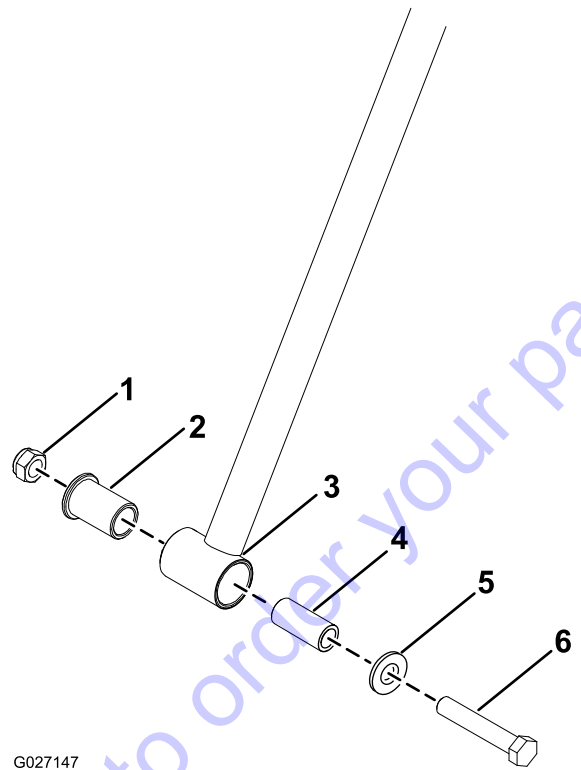


Figure 3
Model 2200

- | | |
|------------|----------------|
| 1. Nut | 4. Spacer |
| 2. Bearing | 5. Flat washer |
| 3. Handle | 6. Bolt |



G027147

Figure 4
Model 3000/4000

- | | |
|------------|----------------|
| 1. Nut | 4. Spacer |
| 2. Bearing | 5. Flat washer |
| 3. Handle | 6. Bolt |

Checking the Engine-oil Level

The machine comes from the factory with oil in the engine crankcase; however, it may be necessary to add oil; refer to Checking the Engine-oil Level (page 7). Add only enough oil to raise the level to the Full mark on the dipstick.

Checking the Eccentric-oil Level

The machine comes from the factory with eccentric oil in the eccentric housing; however, it may be necessary to add oil; refer to Servicing the Eccentric Oil (page 15). Add only enough oil so that the oil level is flush with the oil plug on the side of the eccentric housing.

Product Overview

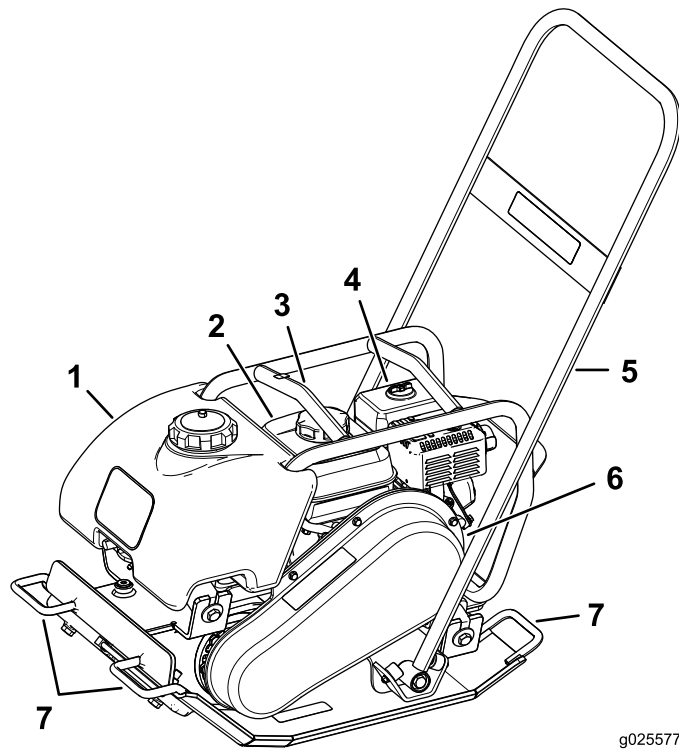


Figure 5

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Water tank | 5. Handle |
| 2. Engine | 6. Belt cover |
| 3. Rollcage lifeye | 7. Lift handles |
| 4. Air filter | |

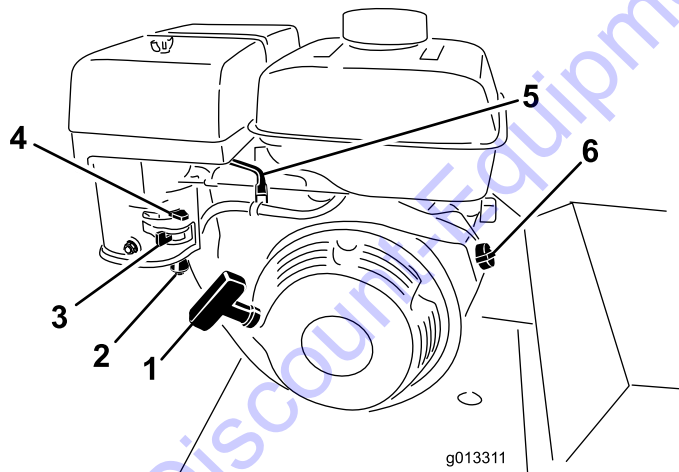


Figure 6

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Recoil starter | 4. Choke lever |
| 2. Sediment cup | 5. Throttle lever |
| 3. Fuel-shutoff valve | 6. Engine On/Off switch |

Operation

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Checking the Engine-oil Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Oil crankcase capacity:

- 0.56 L (0.59 US qt) for Model **68025**
- 0.58 L (0.61 US qt) for Models **68026** and **68027**

1. Stop the machine on a level surface.
2. Set the throttle to slow, turn off the engine switch, and wait for all moving parts to stop.
3. Clean around the dipstick, so that dirt cannot fall into the filler hole and damage the engine (Figure 7).

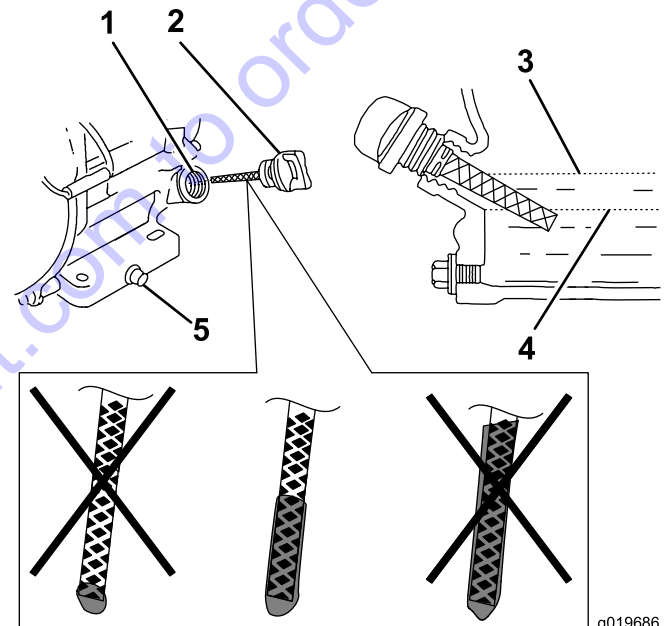


Figure 7

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. Filler tube | 4. Lower limit |
| 2. Dipstick | 5. Oil-drain bolt |
| 3. Upper limit | |

4. Remove the dipstick and wipe the end clean.
5. Slide the dipstick fully into the dipstick tube without threading it into the filler neck.
6. Pull the dipstick out and look at the end.

Note: The oil should be level with the upper-limit mark (Figure 7).

Important: Running the engine with a low oil level can cause engine damage. This type of damage is not covered by warranty.

The engine is equipped with an oil alert system that will automatically stop the engine before the oil level falls below the safe limit.

7. If the oil level is low, slowly pour only enough oil into the crankcase to raise the level to the upper limit.

Important: Do not overfill the crankcase with oil, because the engine may be damaged.

8. Install and secure the dipstick.

Cleaning Debris from the Machine

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

1. Set the throttle to slow, stop the engine, and wait for all moving parts to stop.

⚠ WARNING

Contact with hot parts on the machine can cause severe burns.

Wait for all parts to cool before touching the machine.

2. Brush dirt and debris away from the air cleaner and engine openings.
3. Check the sprinkler manifold (Figure 10) and remove any dirt or debris.

Adding Fuel

- For best results, use only clean, fresh (less than 30 days old), unleaded gasoline with an octane rating of 87 or higher ((R+M)/2 rating method).
- **Ethanol:** Gasoline with up to 10% ethanol (gasohol) or 15% MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether) by volume is acceptable. Ethanol and MTBE are not the same. Gasoline with 15% ethanol (E15) by volume is not approved for use. **Never use gasoline that contains more than 10% ethanol by volume**, such as E15 (contains 15% ethanol), E20 (contains 20% ethanol), or E85 (contains up to 85% ethanol). Using unapproved gasoline may cause performance problems and/or engine damage which may not be covered under warranty.
- **Do not** use gasoline containing methanol.
- **Do not** store fuel either in the fuel tank or fuel containers over the winter unless a fuel stabilizer is used.
- **Do not** add oil to gasoline.

⚠ DANGER

In certain conditions, gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive. A fire or explosion from gasoline can burn you and others and can damage property.

- Fill the fuel tank outdoors, in an open area, when the engine is cold. Wipe up any gasoline that spills.
- Never fill the fuel tank inside an enclosed trailer.
- Do not fill the fuel tank completely full. Add gasoline to the fuel tank until the level is 6 to 13 mm (1/4 to 1/2 inch) below the bottom of the filler neck. This empty space in the tank allows gasoline to expand.
- Never smoke when handling gasoline, and stay away from an open flame or where gasoline fumes may be ignited by a spark.
- Store gasoline in an approved container and keep it out of the reach of children. Never buy more than a 30-day supply of gasoline.
- Do not operate without entire exhaust system in place and in proper working condition.

⚠ DANGER

In certain conditions during fueling, static electricity can be released causing a spark which can ignite the gasoline vapors. A fire or explosion from gasoline can burn you and others and can damage property.

- Always place gasoline containers on the ground away from your vehicle before filling.
- Do not fill gasoline containers inside a vehicle or on a truck or trailer bed because interior carpets or plastic truck bed liners may insulate the container and slow the loss of any static charge.
- When practical, remove gas-powered equipment from the truck or trailer and refuel the equipment with its wheels on the ground.
- If this is not possible, then refuel such equipment on a truck or trailer from a portable container, rather than from a gasoline dispenser nozzle.
- If a gasoline dispenser nozzle must be used, keep the nozzle in contact with the rim of the fuel tank or container opening at all times until fueling is complete.

⚠ WARNING

Gasoline is harmful or fatal if swallowed. Long-term exposure to vapors can cause serious injury and illness.

- Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors.
- Keep face away from nozzle and gas tank or conditioner bottle opening.
- Avoid contact with skin; wash off spillage with soap and water.

Using Stabilizer/Conditioner

Use a fuel stabilizer/conditioner in the machine to provide the following benefits:

- Keeps gasoline fresh during storage of 90 days or less. For longer storage it is recommended that the fuel tank be drained.
- Cleans the engine while it runs
- Eliminates gum-like varnish buildup in the fuel system, which causes hard starting

Important: Do not use fuel additives containing methanol or ethanol.

Add the correct amount of gas stabilizer/conditioner to the gas.

Note: A fuel stabilizer/conditioner is most effective when mixed with fresh gasoline. To minimize the chance of varnish deposits in the fuel system, use fuel stabilizer at all times.

Filling the Fuel Tank

1. Set the throttle to slow, turn off the engine switch, and wait for all moving parts to stop.
2. Allow the engine to cool.
3. Clean around the fuel tank cap and remove it (Figure 8).

Note: The cap is tethered to the fuel tank.

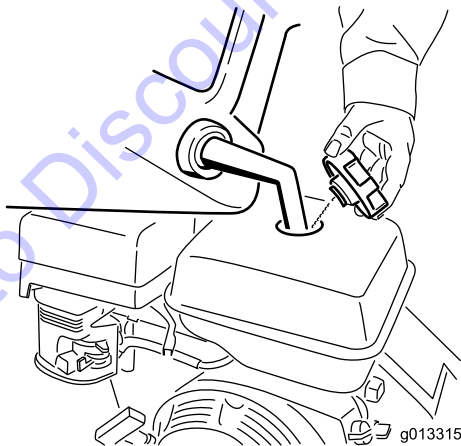


Figure 8

4. Add unleaded gasoline to the fuel tank, until the level is just inside the mesh filter basket.

Important: This space in the tank allows gasoline to expand. Do not fill the fuel tank completely full.

5. Install the fuel tank cap securely.
6. Wipe up any gasoline that may have spilled.

Compacting Asphalt

When using the machine on asphalt, the water system is used to wet the surface of the compactor to prevent the asphalt from sticking to the compactor.

Adding Water with the Tank Installed

1. Remove the cap from the water tank (Figure 9).

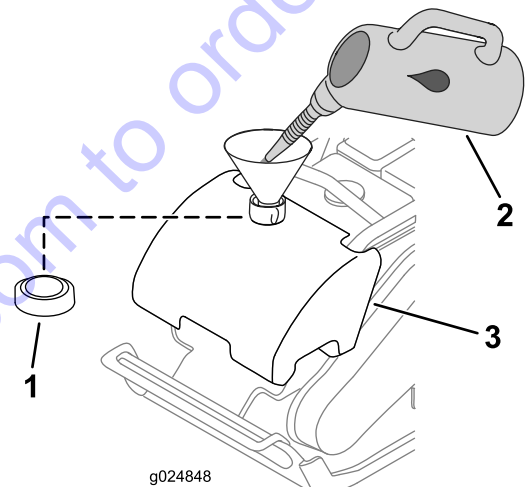


Figure 9

1. Water-tank cap
2. Water
3. Water tank

2. Fill the tank with water (Figure 9).
3. Install the cap onto the water tank (Figure 9).

Adding Water with the Tank Removed

1. Detach the valve coupler (Figure 10).

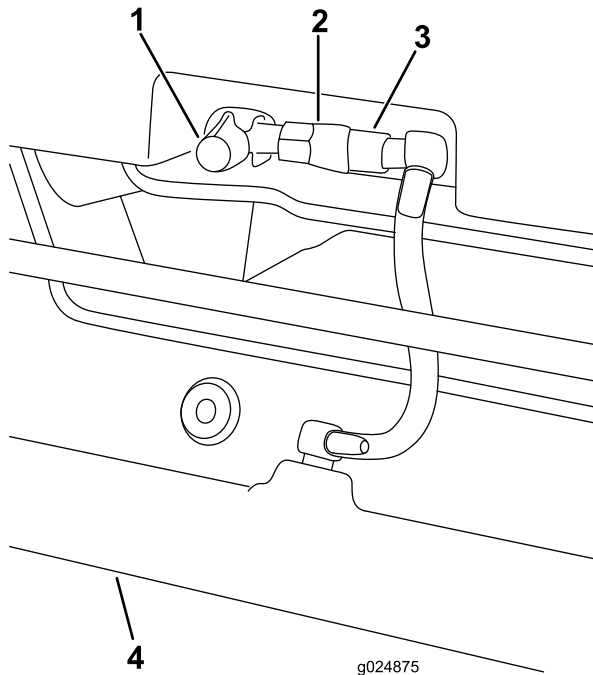


Figure 10

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Shutoff valve | 3. Male coupler |
| 2. Female coupler | 4. Sprinkler manifold |

2. Remove the water tank from the frame by pulling up on the elastic tank latch (Figure 11).

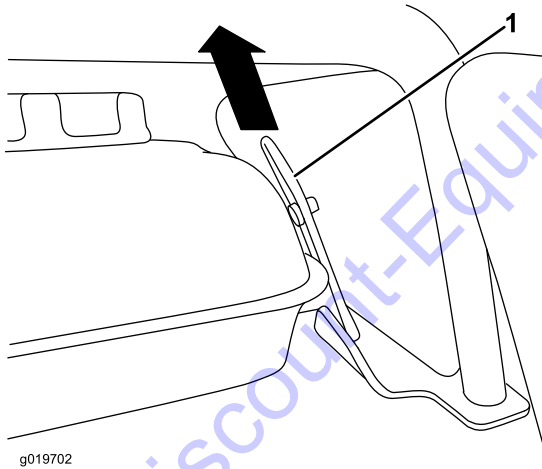


Figure 11

1. Elastic tank latch

3. Fill the tank with water, assemble it to the frame, and attach the coupler.

Starting and Stopping the Engine

Starting the Engine

1. Move the engine switch to the On position (Figure 12).

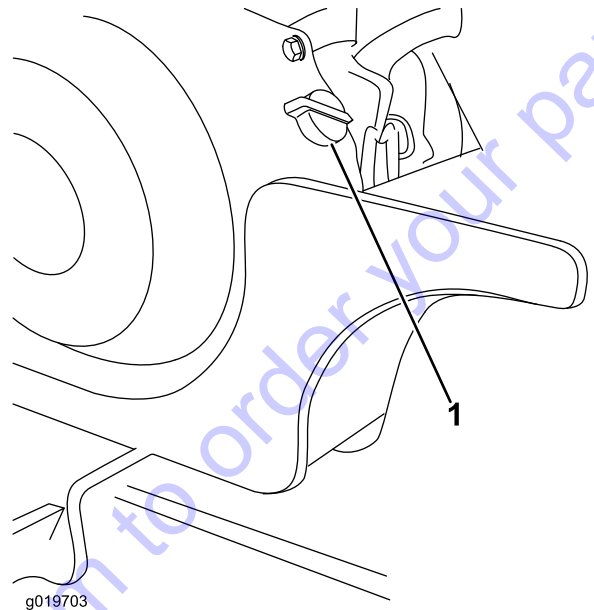


Figure 12

1. Engine switch

2. Move the fuel valve to the On position (Figure 13).

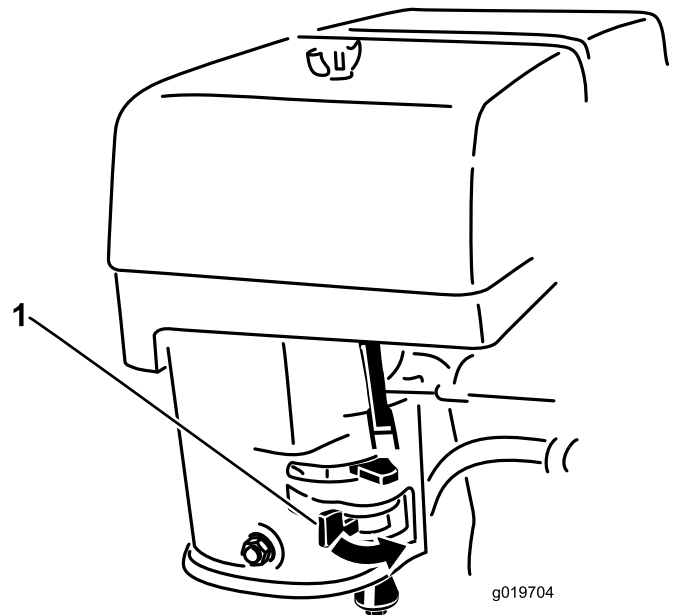


Figure 13

1. Fuel valve

3. Move the choke lever to the left if you are starting a cold engine (Figure 14).

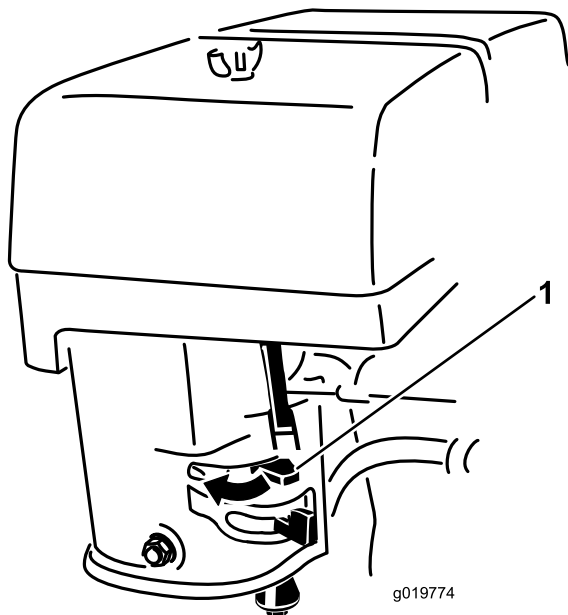


Figure 14

1. Choke

4. Move the throttle lever midway between slow (turtle) and fast (rabbit) positions (Figure 15).

Note: A warm or hot engine may not require choking.

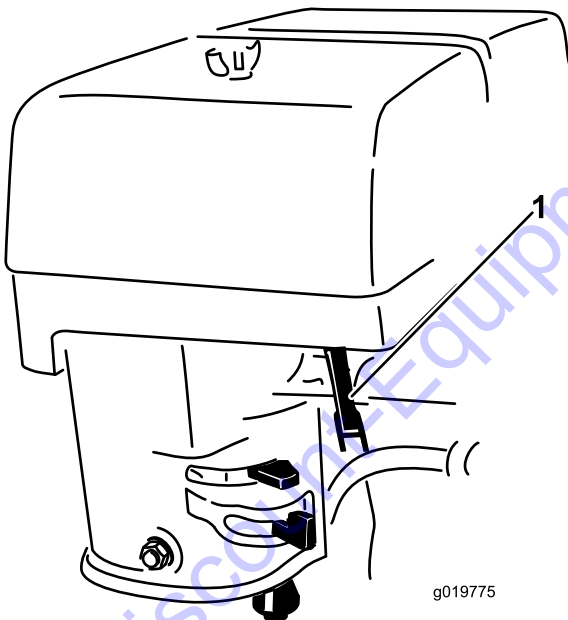


Figure 15

1. Throttle

5. Pull the recoil handle sharply to start the engine.
6. After the engine starts, gradually move the choke to the right. If the engine stalls or hesitates, move the choke left again until the engine warms up.
7. Move the throttle lever to maximum throttle.

Stopping the Engine

1. Move the throttle lever to the slow (turtle) position.
2. Turn the engine switch and fuel valve off.

Operating the Compactor

With the engine at full throttle, the compactor will move forward while vibrating.

Grasp the handle lightly with both hands and allow the compactor to move forward on its own. Use the handle to guide the direction of travel to avoid obstructions.

Transporting the Machine

Model **68025** weighs 64 kg (140 lb)

Model **68026** weighs 93 kg (205 lb)

Model **68027** weighs 98 kg (215 lb)

The rollcage lifteye can be used to lift and transport the machine with straps or a crane (Figure 16).

Alternatively, 2 people can transport the machine by lifting the compactor using the front and rear lift handles (Figure 16).

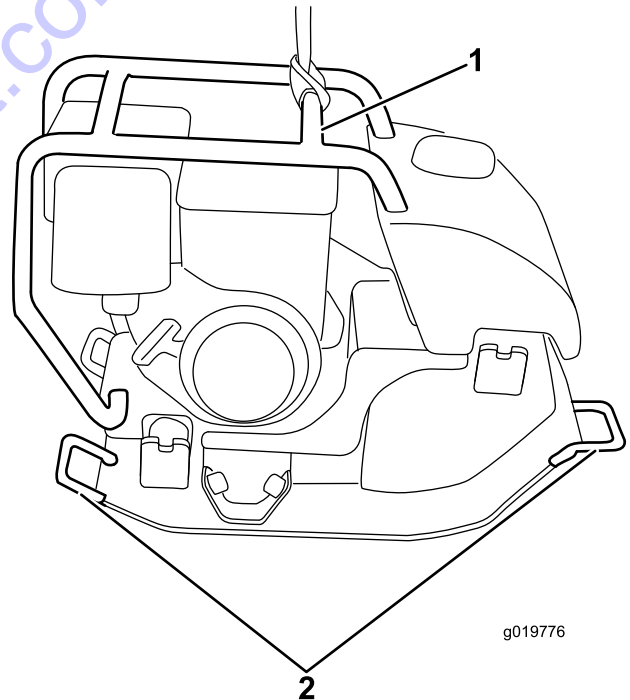


Figure 16

1. Rollcage lifteye
2. Lift handles

Maintenance

Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure
After the first 25 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change the engine oil.
Before each use or daily	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check the engine-oil level.• Clean debris from the air cleaner.• Inspect the air-cleaner elements.
Every 50 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clean the air-filter elements. Clean them more frequently in dusty operating conditions.
Every 100 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inspect, clean, and adjust the spark plug; replace it if necessary.• Clean the sediment cup.• Change the engine oil.• Check the belt tension. Adjust the belt tension if necessary.
Every 200 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Replace the spark plug.
Every 300 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Replace the paper air-cleaner element. Replace it more frequently in dusty operating conditions.• Change the eccentric oil.
Monthly	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check the eccentric-oil level.

Disconnecting the Spark-plug Wire

Before performing any maintenance on the engine, disconnect the spark-plug wire from the spark plug (Figure 17).

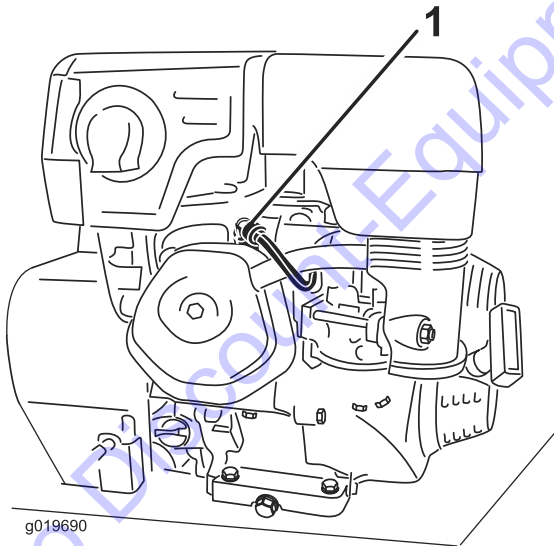


Figure 17

1. Spark-plug wire

Engine Maintenance

Servicing the Spark Plug

Service Interval: Every 100 hours—Inspect, clean, and adjust the spark plug; replace it if necessary.

Every 200 hours—Replace the spark plug.

Use an **NGK BPR6ES** spark plug or equivalent.

1. Stop the engine and wait for all moving parts to stop.
2. Disconnect the wire from the spark plug.
3. Clean around the spark plug.
4. Remove the spark plug from the cylinder head.

Important: Replace a cracked, fouled, or dirty spark plug. Do not clean the electrodes because grit entering the cylinder can damage the engine.

5. Set the gap on the plug to 0.76 mm (0.03 inch) as shown in Figure 18.

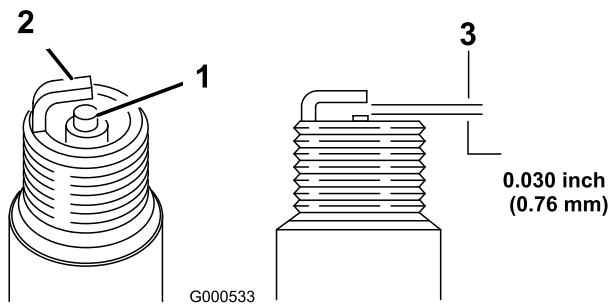


Figure 18

1. Center electrode insulator
2. Side electrode
3. Air gap (not to scale)

6. Carefully install the spark plug by hand (to avoid cross threading) until it is hand tight.
7. Tighten the spark plug an additional 1/2 turn if it is new; otherwise, tighten it an additional 1/8 to 1/4 turn.

Important: A loose spark plug can become very hot and can damage the engine; overtightening a spark plug may damage the threads in the cylinder head.

8. Connect the wire to the spark plug.

Servicing the Air Cleaner

Service Interval: Before each use or daily—Inspect the air-cleaner elements.

Every 50 hours—Clean the air-filter elements. Clean them more frequently in dusty operating conditions.

Every 300 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)—Replace the paper air-cleaner element. Replace it more frequently in dusty operating conditions.

Removing the Air Filter

Important: Do not operate the engine without the air filter assembly; extreme engine damage will occur.

1. Set the throttle to slow, stop the engine, and wait for all moving parts to stop.
2. Disconnect the spark-plug wire from the spark plug.
3. Wipe clean the air filter cover (Figure 19).

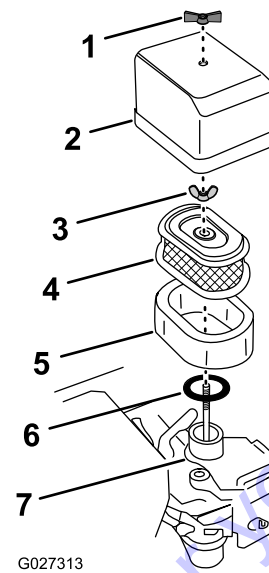


Figure 19

1. Wing nut (cover)
2. Air-filter cover
3. Wing nut (filter)
4. Paper filter element
5. Foam filter element
6. Seal (rubber)
7. Carburetor base

4. Remove the wing nut that secures the air-filter cover to the carburetor and remove the cover (Figure 19).

Note: Be careful to prevent dirt and debris from falling into the base.

5. Remove the foam filter element from the paper filter element (Figure 19).
6. Inspect the foam element for damage.

Note: If the foam filter element if it are damaged, replace it. If the foam element is dirty, clean it; refer to Cleaning the Foam Filter (page 13).

7. Remove wing nut that secures the paper filter element to the carburetor (Figure 19).
8. Remove the paper element and inspect the paper filter element for damage and excessive amounts of dirt in the element.

Note: Replace the paper filter element if it is damaged or excessively dirty.

Note: Never try to clean the paper element; only replace it.

Cleaning the Foam Filter

1. Clean the foam filter element in warm soapy water and rinse the element the element in clean water, or clean the foam filter element in a **nonflammable** solvent.

Note: Do not use gasoline to clean the foam element because it could create a risk of fire or explosion.

2. Allow the foam filter element to completely dry.
3. Dip the foam element in clean engine oil, then squeeze out the excess oil.

Note: If too much oil is left in the foam element when the engine is started, the engine will smoke. Excess oil in the foam element may also restrict the air flow through the element and may reach the paper filter and clog it.

4. Assemble the foam element onto the paper filter element (Figure 19).

Installing the Air Filter

1. Wipe clean the dirt from the carburetor base and the inside of the cover with a moist rag (Figure 19).

Note: Do not allow dirt and debris to enter the air duct leading into the carburetor.

2. Ensure that the rubber gasket is aligned and seated onto the mounting base of the carburetor (Figure 19).

Note: The rubber gasket might stick to the bottom of the old paper filter element. Remove it from the old paper element and install it onto the carburetor.

3. Align the paper filter element with the carburetor and ensure that the hold-down rod of the carburetor passes through the top plate of the filter (Figure 19).
4. Securely the filter to the carburetor with the filter wing nut and tighten it finger tight (Figure 19).
5. Align the air-filter cover over the air filter elements with the with the hold-down rod of the carburetor passing through the top cover (Figure 19).
6. Secure the cover to the engine with the cover wing nut and tighten it finger tight (Figure 19).

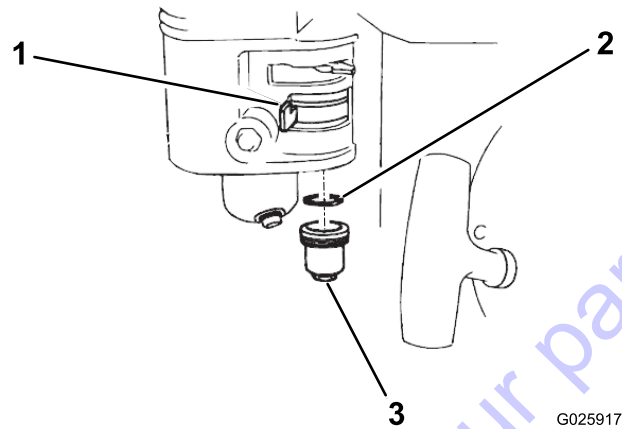


Figure 20

G025917

1. Fuel-shutoff valve (Off position shown)
2. O-ring
3. Sediment cup

5. Wash the sediment cup in a nonflammable solvent and dry it thoroughly.
6. Place the O-ring in the fuel valve and install the sediment cup, tightening it securely.
7. Move the fuel-shutoff lever to the On position.

Note: If any fuel leaks, repeat this procedure and replace the O-ring.

Cleaning the Sediment Cup

Service Interval: Every 100 hours/Every 6 months
(whichever comes first)

▲ DANGER

In certain conditions, gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive. A fire or explosion from gasoline can burn you and others and can damage property.

- Set the throttle to slow, stop the engine and keep heat, sparks, and flame away.
 - Handle fuel only outdoors.
 - Wipe up spills immediately.
 - Do not smoke while handling fuel.
1. Stop the engine and wait for all moving parts to stop.
 2. Disconnect the wire from the spark plug.
 3. Move the fuel-shutoff valve to the Off position.
 4. Remove the sediment cup and O-ring (Figure 6).

Servicing the Engine Oil

Oil Type: Detergent oil (API service SJ or higher)

Oil crankcase capacity:

- 0.56 L (0.59 US qt) for Model **68025**
- 0.58 L (0.61 US qt) for Models **68026 and 68027**

Viscosity: See table below

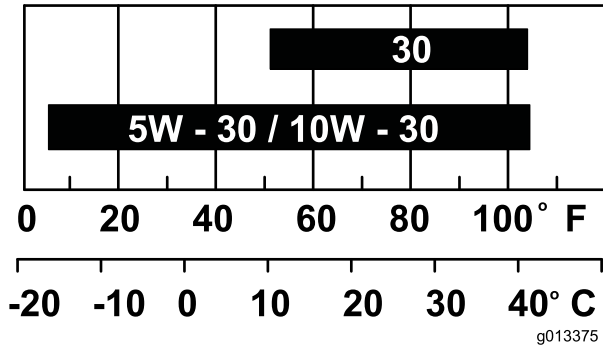


Figure 21

Note: You may have to tip the compactor backwards to drain the oil.

4. When the oil has drained completely, replace the plug.

Note: Dispose of the used oil at a certified recycling center.

5. Remove the dipstick (Figure 7) and slowly pour oil into the filler hole until the oil pours out of the filler hole.
6. Replace and secure the dipstick.
7. Wipe up any spilled oil.

Servicing the Eccentric Oil

Oil type: 10W30 (API service SJ or higher)

Oil capacity:

- 1.3 L (1.4 US qt) for Model **68025**
- 3.3 L (3.5 US qt) for Model **68026**
- 3.5 L (3.7 US qt) for Model **68027**

Changing the Engine Oil

Service Interval: After the first 25 hours

Every 100 hours

⚠ WARNING

Oil may be hot after the engine has been run, and contact with hot oil can cause severe personal injury.

Avoid contacting the hot engine oil when you drain it.

1. Stop the engine and wait for all moving parts to stop.
2. Disconnect the wire from the spark plug.
3. Remove the drain plug (Figure 22).

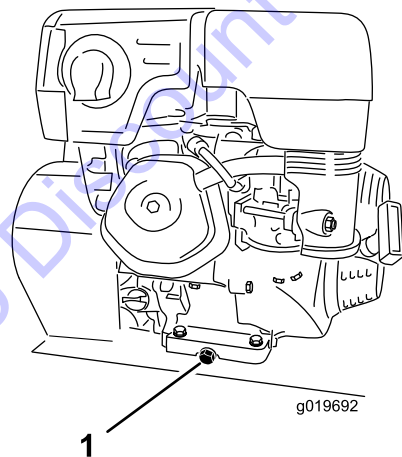


Figure 22

1. Drain plug

Checking the Eccentric-oil Level

Service Interval: Monthly

1. Set the throttle to slow, stop the engine, and wait for all moving parts to stop.
2. Place a drain pan under the oil plug and remove the oil plug screw on the side of the eccentric housing (Figure 23).

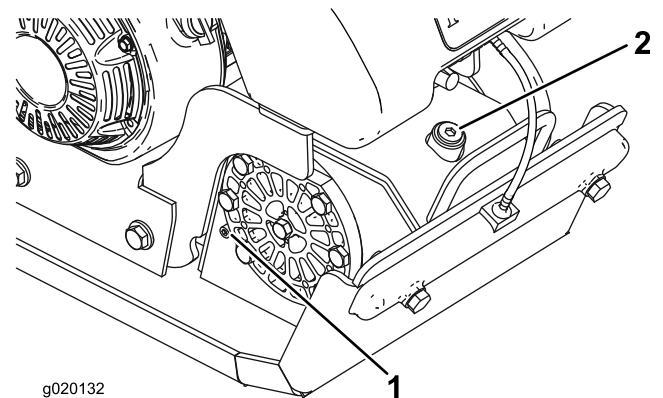


Figure 23

1. Oil plug
2. Eccentric-oil-filler hole

3. Verify that the eccentric oil is level with the bolt hole.

Note: If adding oil is required, refer to Changing the Eccentric Oil (page 16).

4. Wipe up any spilled oil.
5. Replace the oil plug screw.

Changing the Eccentric Oil

Service Interval: Every 300 hours

1. Set the throttle to slow, stop the engine, and wait for all moving parts to stop.
2. Place an oil drain pan under the oil plug and remove the fill plug and the oil plug screw (Figure 23).
3. Tip the plate compactor forward slightly and use a suction gun to remove the oil through the filler hole (Figure 23).
4. Slowly pour oil into the filler hole until the oil comes out the oil plug (Figure 23).
5. Wipe up any spilled oil.
6. Replace the fill plug and the oil plug screw.

Belt Maintenance

Removing the Belt Cover

1. Remove the flanged-head bolts that secure the belt cover to the engine (Figure 24 or Figure 25).

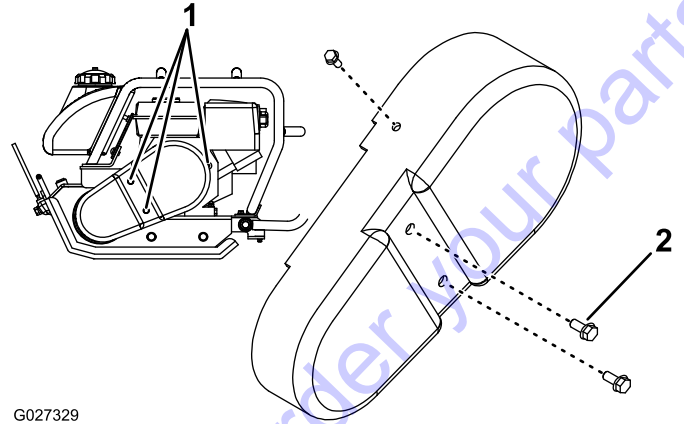


Figure 24
Model 2200

1. Bolt locations

2. Flanged-head bolt

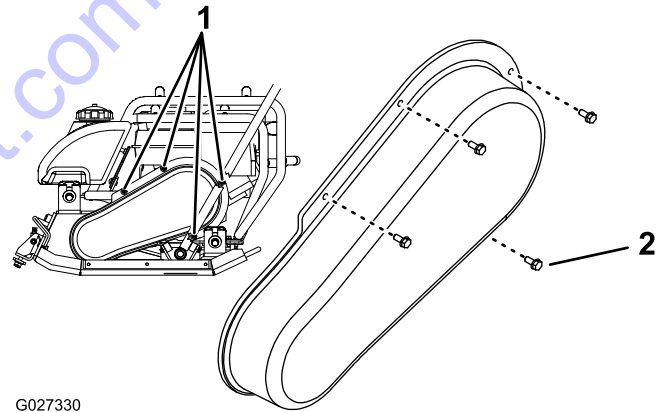


Figure 25
Model 3000/4000

1. Bolt locations

2. Flanged-head bolt

2. Remove the belt cover.

Checking the Belt Tension

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

Important: The best belt tension for the machine is the lowest tension at which the belts will not slip under full power.

1. Lay a straight edge on the belt and across the pulleys (Figure 26).

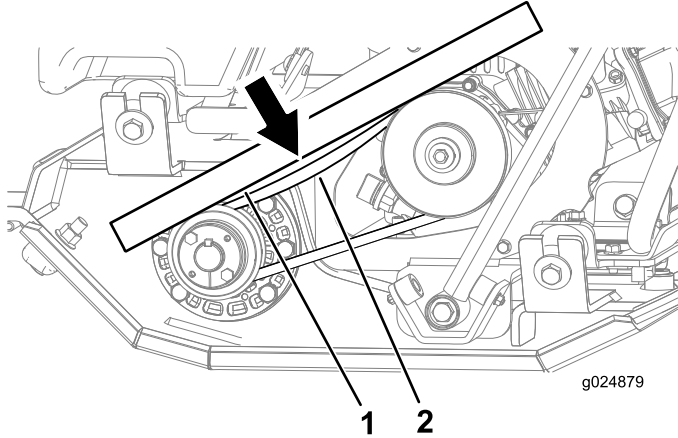


Figure 26

1. Straight edge
2. Belt deflected 7.6 mm (0.3 inch) at 1.4 to 2.3 kg (3 to 5 lb) of force

2. With a force gauge, push down on the belt, midway between the pulleys (Figure 26).

Note: The belt should deflect 7.6 mm (0.3 inch) from the straight edge when pushing down on the belt with 1.4 to 2.3 kg (3 to 5 lb) of force (Figure 26).

Note: If the belt tension is too low or too high, adjust the belt tension; refer to Adjusting the Belt Tension (page 17).

Adjusting the Belt Tension

1. Remove the water tank; refer to Adding Water with the Tank Removed (page 10).
2. Loosen the 2 hex-socket bolts (5/16-24 x 1.75 inches) that secure the front of the engine (Figure 27).

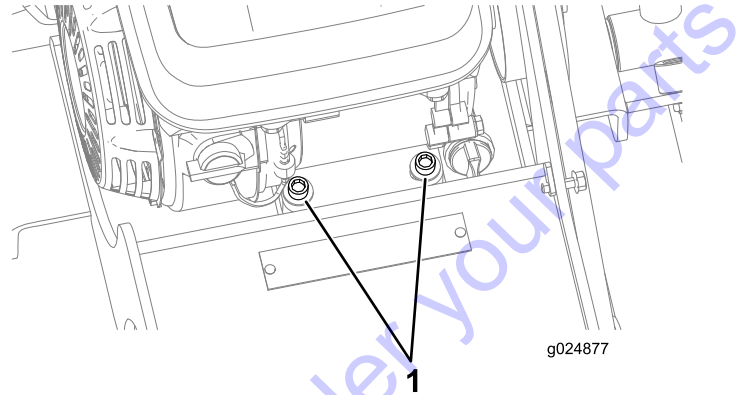


Figure 27

1. Hex-socket bolts (5/16-24 x 1.75 inches)

3. Loosen the 2 flange nuts (8 mm) that secure the back of the engine (Figure 28).

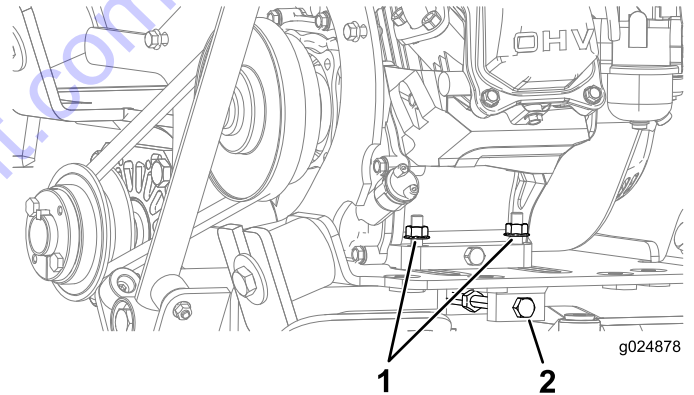


Figure 28

1. Flange nuts (8 mm)
2. Belt-tensioning bolt

4. Loosen the jam nut, and rotate the belt-tensioning bolt clockwise to tension the belt, or rotate the belt-tensioning bolt counterclockwise to loosen the tension on the belt (Figure 28).
5. Check the belt tension; refer to Checking the Belt Tension (page 17).
6. When the correct tension is reached, tighten the jam nut on the belt-tensioning bolt.
7. Tighten the 2 hex-socket bolts (5/16-24 x 1.75 inches) that secure the front of the engine to 12.5 to 16.4 N-m (9.2 to 12.1 ft-lb) as shown in Figure 27.
8. Tighten the 2 flange nuts (8 mm) that secure the back of the engine to 23 to 29 N-m (17 to 21 ft-lb) as shown in Figure 28.

9. Apply medium-grade thread-locking compound to the threads of the flanged-head bolts that you removed in step 1 of Removing the Belt Cover (page 16).
10. Align the belt cover to the machine and secure the cover with the flanged-head bolts that you removed in step 1 of Removing the Belt Cover (page 16).
11. Torque the bolts to 972 to 1198 N-cm (86 to 106 in-lb).

Storage

1. Stop the engine, and disconnect the spark-plug wire.
2. Remove dirt and grime from the entire machine.

Important: You can wash the machine with mild detergent and water. Do not pressure wash the machine. Avoid excessive use of water, especially near the engine.

3. Service the air cleaner; refer to Servicing the Air Cleaner (page 13).
4. Change the engine oil; refer to Changing the Engine Oil (page 15).
5. For storage over 30 days, prepare the unit as follows:
 - A. Add a petroleum-based fuel stabilizer/conditioner to fuel in the tank. Follow mixing instructions from stabilizer manufacturer (1 oz per gallon). **Do not use an alcohol based stabilizer (ethanol or methanol).**
 - Note:** A fuel stabilizer/conditioner is most effective when mixed with fresh gasoline and used at all times.
 - B. Run the engine until it stops from running out of fuel.
 - C. Choke the engine.
 - D. Start and run the engine until it will not start again.
 - E. Dispose of fuel properly. Recycle as per local codes.

Important: Do not store stabilizer/conditioned gasoline over 90 days.

6. Check and tighten all bolts, nuts, and screws. Repair or replace any part that is damaged.
7. Paint all scratched or bare metal surfaces. Paint is available from your Authorized Service Dealer.
8. Store the machine in a clean, dry garage or storage area.
9. Cover the machine to protect it and keep it clean.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
The engine will not start, starts hard, or fails to keep running.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The fuel tank is empty. 2. The spark plug is pitted, fouled, or the gap is incorrect. 3. The air cleaner is dirty. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fill the fuel tank with gasoline. 2. Install a new, correctly gapped spark plug. 3. Clean or replace the air cleaner elements.
The plate does not vibrate at full speed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The oil level in the eccentric housing is too high. 2. The belt is loose. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the oil level and drain as necessary. 2. Adjust the belt tension.
The clutch is extremely hot.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A foreign object is lodged against the eccentric sheave. 2. The oil level in the eccentric housing is too high. 3. The clutch has slipped. 4. Engine RPM is not reaching full RPM. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove the obstruction. 2. Check the oil level and drain as necessary. 3. Adjust the carburetor. 4. Adjust the throttle so the engine runs at 3,400 RPM.
The plate does not vibrate when the engine is running.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The belt is broken. 2. The clutch is broken or worn out. 3. The eccentric has seized. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace the belt. 2. Replace the clutch. 3. Ensure the eccentric is free turning.
There is insufficient water flow.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The water tank is empty. 2. The sprinkler is closed. 3. The sprinkler manifold is clogged. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fill the water tank. 2. Open the sprinkler valve. 3. Remove and clean the manifold.



Concrete,
Masonry, and
Compaction
Equipment

The Toro Warranty

A limited warranty (see warranty periods below)

Conditions and Products Covered

The Toro Company and its affiliate, Toro Warranty Company, pursuant to an agreement between them, jointly warrant your Toro Concrete, Masonry, and Compaction Equipment Products listed below to be free from defects in materials or workmanship.

This warranty covers the cost of parts and labor, but you must pay transportation costs.

The following time periods apply from the date of purchase:

Products	Warranty Period
Concrete Mixers	1 year
• Spindle Bearings	Lifetime* (original owner only)
Mortar Mixers	1 year
• Drum Bearings and Seals	Lifetime* (original owner only)
Forward Plate Compactors	2 years
Reversible Plates	1 year
Rammer Compactors	2 years
Mud Buggy	1 year
Vibrating Trench Roller	2 years
Concrete Saws	1 year
Masonry Saws	1 year
Power Trowels	1 year
Screeds	1 year
Concrete Vibrators	1 year

Where a warrantable condition exists, we will repair the Product at no cost to you including diagnosis, labor, and parts.

*Lifetime Warranty - If the bearing(s) or seal(s) on your mixer fail, it will be replaced under warranty, at no cost for parts or labor.

Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service

If you think that your Toro Product contains a defect in materials or workmanship, follow this procedure**:

1. Contact any Authorized Servicing Outlet to arrange service at their dealership. To locate one convenient to you, access our website at www.Toro.com. Select "Where to Buy" and select "Contractor" under product type. You may also call our toll free number below.
2. Bring the product and your proof of purchase (sales receipt) to them.
3. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with the Service Outlet's analysis or with the assistance provided, contact us at:

SWS Customer Care Department
Toro Warranty Company
8111 Lyndale Avenue South
Bloomington, MN 55420-1196
Toll Free: 800-888-9926

**Toro Authorized Rental Customers who have purchased products directly from Toro and have signed the Toro Rental Customer Agreement have the ability to perform their own warranty work. Please visit Toro's Rental Portal for electronic warranty claim filing procedures or call the toll free number above.

Owner Responsibilities

You must maintain your Toro Product by following the maintenance procedures described in the *Operator's Manual*. Such routine maintenance, whether performed by a dealer or by you, is at your expense. Parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance ("Maintenance Parts"), are warranted for the period of time up to the scheduled replacement time

Countries Other than the United States or Canada

Customers who have purchased Toro products outside the United States or Canada should contact their Toro Distributor (Dealer) to obtain guarantee policies for your country, province, or state. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with your Distributor's service or have difficulty obtaining guarantee information, contact the Toro importer. If all other remedies fail, you may contact us at Toro Warranty Company.

Australian Consumer Law: Australian customers will find details relating to the Australian Consumer Law either inside the box or at your local Toro Dealer.

for that part. Failure to perform required maintenance and adjustments can be grounds for disallowing a warranty claim.

Items and Conditions Not Covered

Not all product failures or malfunctions that occur during the warranty period are defects in materials or workmanship. This express warranty does not cover the following:

- Product failures which result from the use of non-Toro replacement parts, or from installation and use of add-on, modified, or unapproved accessories
- Product failures which result from failure to perform required maintenance and/or adjustments
- Product failures which result from operating the Product in an abusive, negligent or reckless manner
- Parts subject to consumption through use unless found to be defective. Examples of parts which are consumed, or used up, during normal product operation include, but are not limited to, belts, wipers, spark plugs, tires, filters, gaskets, wear plates, seals, O-rings, drive chains, clutches.
- Failures caused by outside influence. Items considered to be outside influence include, but are not limited to, weather, storage practices, contamination, use of unapproved coolants, lubricants, additives, or chemicals, etc.
- Normal "wear and tear" items. Normal "wear and tear" includes, but is not limited to, worn painted surfaces, scratched decals, etc.
- Repairs necessary due to failure to follow recommended fuel procedure (consult *Operator's Manual* for more details)
 - Removing contaminants from the fuel system is not covered
 - Use of old fuel (more than one month old) or fuel which contains more than 10% ethanol or more than 15% MTBE
 - Failure to drain the fuel system prior to any period of non-use over one month
- Any component covered by a separate manufacturer's warranty
- Pickup and delivery charges

General Conditions

Repair by an Authorized Servicing Outlet or Self-Service as an Authorized Rental Customer is your sole remedy under the warranty.

Neither The Toro Company nor Toro Warranty Company is liable for indirect, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the use of the Toro Products covered by this warranty, including any cost or expense of providing substitute equipment or service during reasonable periods of malfunction or non-use pending completion of repairs under this warranty. All implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for use are limited to the duration of this express warranty. Some states do not allow exclusions of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above exclusions and limitations may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Except for the engine warranty coverage and the Emissions warranty referenced below, if applicable, there is no other express warranty. The Emissions Control System on your Product may be covered by a separate warranty meeting requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the California Air Resources Board (CARB). Refer to the California Emission Control Warranty Statement supplied with your Product or contained in the engine manufacturer's documentation for details.

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